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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT SEATTLE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,  
  
Plaintiff,  
  
v.  
  
ISAAH THOMAS WILLOUGHBY,  
  
Defendant.

NO. MJ20-425  
  
COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS  
  
18 U.S.C. § 844(f)  
18 U.S.C. § 844(i)

BEFORE, Brian A. Tsuchida, United States Magistrate Judge, Seattle, Washington.

The undersigned complainant being duly sworn states:

**COUNT 1**  
*(Arson)*

On or about June 12, 2020, at Seattle, in the Western District of Washington,  
ISAAH THOMAS WILLOUGHBY did maliciously damage and destroy, and attempt to  
damage and destroy, by means of fire, a building, namely, the Seattle Police Department  
East Precinct, located at 1519 12<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Seattle, that was used by the Seattle Police  
Department in interstate and foreign commerce and in an activity affecting interstate and  
foreign commerce, and that was in whole or in part owned and possessed by the Seattle  
Police Department, an institution and organization receiving Federal financial assistance.

1 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 844(f)(1) and 844(i).

2 This complaint is to be presented by reliable electronic means pursuant to Federal  
3 Rules of Criminal Procedure 4.1 and 41(d)(3).

4 The undersigned complainant, Lexie Widmer, being duly sworn, further deposes  
5 and states as follows:

6 **INTRODUCTION**

7 I, Lexie Widmer, am a special agent (SA) duly sworn and employed by the U.S.  
8 Department of Justice, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF). I  
9 am currently assigned to the Seattle V ATF Field Office, located within the Seattle,  
10 Washington, Field Division. I have been employed as a special agent since July 2017.

11 I am a graduate of Western Oregon University in Monmouth, Oregon, where I  
12 received a Bachelor of Science in Computer Science and a Bachelor of Science in  
13 Criminal Justice. I completed a twelve-week Criminal Investigator Training Program  
14 (CITP) and a fifteen-week Special Agent Basic Training (SABT) at the ATF National  
15 Academy/Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC) in Glynco, Georgia.

16 I am responsible for investigations involving specified unlawful activities, to  
17 include violent crimes involving firearms that occur in the Western District of  
18 Washington. I am also responsible for enforcing federal firearms, arson, and explosives  
19 laws and related statutes in the Western District of Washington. I received training on  
20 the proper investigative techniques for these violations, including the identification of  
21 firearms and location of the firearms' manufacture. I have actively participated in  
22 investigations of criminal activity, including but not limited to: crimes against property,  
23 narcotics-related crimes, and crimes involving the possession, use, theft, or transfer of  
24 firearms. During these investigations, I have also participated in the execution of search  
25 warrants and the seizure of evidence indicating the commission of criminal violations.

26 The facts set forth in this Affidavit are based on my own personal knowledge;  
27 information obtained from other individuals during my participation in this investigation,  
28 including other law enforcement officers; review of documents and records related to this

1 investigation; communications with others who have personal knowledge of the events  
 2 and circumstances described herein; and information gained through my training and  
 3 experience. Because this Affidavit is submitted for the limited purpose of establishing  
 4 probable cause in support of a criminal complaint, it does not set forth each and every  
 5 fact that I, or others, have learned during the course of this investigation.

### 6 SUMMARY OF PROBABLE CAUSE

#### 7 **A. The Seattle Police Department and the East Precinct Building.**

8 The Seattle Police Department (“SPD”) is involved in interstate and foreign  
 9 commerce and in activities affecting interstate and foreign commerce.<sup>1</sup> The Seattle  
 10 Police Department also is an institution and organization that receives Federal financial  
 11 assistance. I have received information from SPD’s Chief Administration Officer, who  
 12 oversees the SPD Grants and Contracts Unit, regarding the numerous federally funded  
 13 grants SPD is currently receiving. In summary, SPD is presently receiving funding from  
 14 a variety of federal agencies, including the Department of Justice, the Department of  
 15 Homeland Security, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).  
 16 Collectively, these grants total millions of dollars of federal funding provided to SPD in  
 17 support of a variety of SPD’s core duties and missions, including, but not limited to:

- 18 • Enhancing the safety of the community in the event of terrorist threats,  
 19 active shooter threats, natural disasters, and the gathering of information  
 20 helpful to law enforcement and the community regarding these sorts of  
 21 serious threats;

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 23 <sup>1</sup> See *United States v. Odom*, 252 F.3d 1289, 1294 (11th Cir. 2001) (“The legislative history of § 844(i) reveals that  
 24 the statute was crafted specifically to include some non-business property such as police stations and churches.”)  
 25 (citing *Russell v. United States*, 471 U.S. 858, 860 (1985)); *United States v. Laton*, 352 F.3d 286, 300 (6th Cir. 2003)  
 26 (“When it crafted § 844(i) to encompass the arson of police stations, Congress recognized that the provision of  
 27 emergency services by municipalities can affect interstate commerce in the active sense of the phrase.”) (citing  
 28 *Jones v. United States*, 529 U.S. 848, 853 n.5 (2000); *Russell*, 471 U.S. at 860–61); *Belflower v. United States*, 129  
 F.3d 1459, 1462 (11th Cir.1997) (holding that § 844(i) covered the bombing of a police vehicle which a local  
 sheriff’s deputy used in his law enforcement responsibilities and that destruction of a police car had “a significant  
 impact on interstate commerce” because the deputy patrolled traffic and made arrests on an interstate highway,  
 issued citations to out-of-state drivers, participated in interstate narcotic investigations, assisted out-of-state  
 authorities in apprehending suspects, recovered stolen property from other states, and attended law enforcement  
 training sessions in other states).

- 1 • Providing crime prevention strategies and essential services to elderly, non-  
2 English speaking residents, refugees, deaf, blind and developmentally  
3 disabled residents of Seattle and working with communities to decrease  
4 crime by developing, implementing and coordinating crime prevention  
5 programs;
- 6 • Bolstering security measures related to the protection of the Port of Seattle;
- 7 • Funding the investigations of offenses involving acts of terrorism, chemical,  
8 radiological, or biological attacks, crimes against children, and human  
9 trafficking; and
- 10 • COVID Emergency Stimulus Funding used to pay for things such as  
11 personal protective equipment for officers; funding to backfill for officers  
12 testing positive for COVID or in quarantine; and the cost of providing  
13 protection for lives and property in the event of protests against statewide  
14 shelter-in-place orders or re-opening guidelines.

15 The East Precinct building is one of the SPD’s primary bases of operation in the  
16 City of Seattle. Among other things, the East Precinct provides 24/7 proactive patrol and  
17 911 emergency response to East Seattle, and other services including bike patrol, Anti-  
18 Crime Teams, Burglary/Theft investigation, Community Police Teams and Crime  
19 Prevention.

20 **B. The Arson at the SPD East Precinct.**

21 On June 12, 2020, at about 3:00 a.m., a subject, later identified as Isaiah Thomas  
22 Willoughby, started a fire on the exterior of the SPD East Precinct, located at 1519 12th  
23 Avenue, Seattle. A video camera located across the street captured the following  
24 sequence of events:

- 25 • The suspect enters the camera view walking northbound on the west  
26 sidewalk of 12th Avenue in front of an entrance to the East Precinct. He is  
27 carrying a red container that looks like the type of container typically used  
28 for the storage and transportation of small amounts of gasoline.
- The suspect spreads liquid from the red container onto piled debris lying  
along the fence next to and against the East Precinct. The debris consists of  
combustible materials, including wood and paper.

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- The suspect empties the liquid contents of the red container on the debris and then sets the container down near the debris pile.
- The suspect puts a white object down on the sidewalk and then seems to be searching for something in his pockets for a while. The suspect then stops checking his pockets, picks up the same white object, and walks away southbound, weaving down the sidewalk.
- The suspect walks out of the camera’s view.
- Approximately 23 seconds later, the suspect reenters the camera’s view walking northbound on the same sidewalk of 12th Avenue. The suspect stops in front of the debris pile upon which he previously spread the fluid from the red container.
- The suspect lights something in his hand. The suspect then throws the lit item on the ground and it quickly starts a fire that spreads rapidly through the immediate area. This sequence of events is consistent with throwing a match on a flammable liquid.
- The suspect walks away from the fire as soon as it ignites. At no time did the suspect attempt to put out the fire he started. The suspect crosses 12<sup>th</sup> Avenue eastbound and walks out of camera view.
- Numerous bystanders rush to the scene of the fire and extinguish it by scattering the burning debris and using handheld fire extinguishers.

Due to the “CHOP” protest surrounding the East Precinct at the time of the arson, SPD officers were unable to respond to the crime scene. On June 20, 2020, SPD Detective Kawahara, who is assigned to the SPD Arson and Bomb Squad, went into the “CHOP” wearing plain clothes in order to take photographs of the area where the fire was started. The fire scene area behind the chain link fence remained unaltered since the time of the fire; there was no access to the area from the outside and nobody had exited into that area from inside the East Precinct. Detective Kawahara could clearly see markings and outlines on the ground that were consistent with a flammable liquid after it had been burned. He also observed and photographed scorch marks on a piece of plywood at the

1 base of a window that had been put up to protect the glass of the East Precinct building,  
2 as well as scorch marks on the frame of the East Precinct door immediately to the right of  
3 the scorched plywood.

4 **C. The Identification of Willoughby as the Arsonist.**

5 Shortly after the arson at the East Precinct, a witness posted on Twitter  
6 photographs she took of the suspect who started the fire:



22 In the photographs, the arson suspect is wearing a yellow hooded sweatshirt that  
23 has a unique, stylized pattern on the back.

24 On June 13, 2020, Detective Kawahara created a Criminal Informational Bulletin  
25 using images from the Twitter photographs. The bulletin was disseminated throughout  
26 SPD asking officers to identify the suspect. SPD also released the photographs to the  
27 media, encouraging members of the public to call Crime Stoppers or law enforcement  
28 with any information about the suspect.

1 On June 15, 2020, an anonymous caller contacted Crime Stoppers and reported  
2 that Isaiah Willoughby was the arsonist. The caller claimed to have known Willoughby  
3 for several years and to be a follower of Willoughby's Facebook page. The caller said  
4 Willoughby had initially posted on Facebook that he had burned the East Precinct, but  
5 subsequently took the post down after the recent media coverage of the incident. The  
6 caller further stated that the unique design on the arsonist's sweatshirt was associated  
7 with a clothing line that Willoughby represents.

8 On June 15, 2020, a second anonymous caller contacted the SPD Homicide tip  
9 line and reported that Willoughby was the arson suspect.

10 On June 18, 2020, at 9:10 a.m., Detective Kawahara was at his office and  
11 answered an incoming phone call to the SPD Arson and Bomb Squad office. The female  
12 caller, later identified as Willoughby's aunt, asked to speak to the investigator assigned to  
13 the East Precinct arson investigation. Detective Kawahara stated that he was the  
14 investigator. Willoughby's aunt immediately replied: "The person who started the fire is  
15 my nephew. Come and get him."

16 Later that day, Detective Kawahara conducted a recorded interview with  
17 Willoughby's aunt and uncle.<sup>2</sup> They explained that Willoughby lives with them in  
18 Tacoma, Washington, and that he had been in Seattle to participate in the protests from  
19 June 11-12, 2020, returning home on the morning of June 13, 2020. On June 13, the aunt  
20 and uncle observed Willoughby's brother meeting with Willoughby at the house; they  
21 later learned that the brother had been helping Willoughby delete posts from his social  
22 media accounts on Facebook and Instagram. Thereafter, on June 13, Willoughby's father  
23 told the aunt that Willoughby had "set the Seattle East Precinct on fire."

24 After learning this, both the aunt and uncle confronted Willoughby separately  
25 about the arson. According to both the aunt and uncle, Willoughby acknowledged to  
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28 <sup>2</sup> At the conclusion of the interview, the aunt and uncle both swore under the penalty of perjury that the information they had provided was true and correct to the best of their knowledge.

1 each of them that he had set the fire. The aunt specifically asked Willoughby why he set  
2 the fire, and Willoughby replied that it was because he was angry about the way he had  
3 been treated by officers at the East Precinct during a prior arrest. Willoughby also stated  
4 that he had a “lawsuit” about his mistreatment by SPD East Precinct officers.

5 Det. Kawahara asked the aunt and uncle whether they saw the photographs of the  
6 arsonist that were released to the public, and they both confirmed they had seen the  
7 images. The aunt stated that she has seen Willoughby wearing the same yellow hooded  
8 sweatshirt. Both the aunt and uncle stated that the unique design on the back of the  
9 arsonist’s yellow hooded sweatshirt was associated with the clothing brand Sneaker  
10 Warz. They further stated that Willoughby is a representative of the Sneaker Warz  
11 clothing line and that he wears Sneaker Warz clothing most of the time.

12 The aunt and uncle further explained that they run a transitional house located in  
13 Tacoma, and that Willoughby resided in Room 9 of the house. On June 14, 2020, the  
14 aunt and uncle told Willoughby that he needed vacate the house, so as not to bring  
15 trouble with law enforcement to the house. Willoughby ignored their directives. On  
16 June 17, 2020, the aunt and uncle told Willoughby that if he did not leave the house, they  
17 were going to call the police. Willoughby replied: “Do what you have to do.”  
18 Willoughby also told the aunt and uncle that he was planning to travel to Las Vegas for a  
19 month or so.

20 On June 18, 2020, SPD officers and ATF agents executed a state search warrant at  
21 Willoughby’s residence in Tacoma. During the search of Willoughby’s bedroom, SPD  
22 detectives located Willoughby’s laptop computer, a rental agreement signed by  
23 Willoughby related to the search location, and a blue/gray Sneaker Warz hooded  
24 sweatshirt.

25 SPD officers arrested Willoughby at the time of the search. During a search of  
26 Willoughby’s person, SPD officers located Willoughby’s smartphone and smartwatch.  
27 Willoughby was wearing several items of Sneaker Warz brand clothing, including a red  
28 undershirt with “Art Is Life” in a graffiti style lettering, a hat, jacket, and button-down



1 shirt. The officers recognized the distinctive lettering style and brand from the Criminal  
2 Information Bulletin disseminated within SPD in an effort to identify the arson suspect.

3 In conducting online open source research after Willoughby's arrest, investigators  
4 located a Facebook page in the name of "Z-zae Willoughby." Based on the publically  
5 viewable postings on this Facebook page, I believe that Willoughby is the user of this  
6 Facebook page. For example, the "Z-zae Willoughby" Facebook page has multiple  
7 images of Willoughby and extensive photos and posts about the Sneaker Warz clothing  
8 brand. Moreover, Willoughby's aunt confirmed during the interview on June 18, 2020,  
9 that the "Z-zae Willoughby" Facebook page was Willoughby's Facebook page.

10 At the top of the "Z-zae Willoughby" Facebook page is a section entitled, "About  
11 Z-zae Willoughby," which includes following information:



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19 The blue text reading "Z-zae Entertainment" is a link to a second Facebook page  
20 associated with Willoughby. This "Z-zae Entertainment" page contains a post made on  
21 June 9, 2020 (approximately two days prior to the arson), which reads:

22 This why Iam [sic] on the front lines of this Regime change in America if  
23 you support my parties then we need you on this ***Iam burn it down.***  
24 (emphasis added).

25 Immediately under this message is a video of a black male's hands holding and  
26 leafing through paperwork, including identifiable SPD reports and King County Superior  
27 Court documents relating to a June 2018 arrest and prosecution of Willoughby for  
28 Robbery charges. During the video, which plays for two minutes and 52 seconds, the

1 speaker states: "I beat this shit at trial . . . I beat it at trial. I went to trial . . . This is a  
 2 Class B felony. If I lost this trial, this was the end of my freedom." The speaker further  
 3 states: "No assault and no weapon was found . . . So, when they arrested me they knew  
 4 that I didn't even commit a robbery. . . This is like the Rodney King beating, same exact  
 5 shit. Blatant, fucking, blatant." One of the papers that is viewable in the video is a  
 6 Statement of Probable Cause filed in King County Superior Court, signed and submitted  
 7 by a SPD officer.

8 The next publically viewable post over the "Z-zae Entertainment" Facebook page  
 9 was made on July 12, 2020. The post consists of the following text:

10 #CapitalHillAutonomousZone #chop #sneakerwarz #blacklivesmatter

11 Immediately under this text is a photograph of a black male, who appears to be  
 12 Willoughby, wearing dark sunglasses and a red bandana over his nose and mouth area.

### 13 CONCLUSION

14 Based on the foregoing, I respectfully submit that there is probable cause to  
 15 believe that ISAIAH THOMAS WILLOUGHBY committed the above-referenced  
 16 offense.

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 20 LEXIE WIDMER  
 21 Special Agent, ATF

22 The above agent provided a sworn statement attesting to the truth of the contents  
 23 of the foregoing affidavit on the 14 day of July, 2020. Based on the Complaint and  
 24 the sworn statement, the Court hereby finds that there is probable cause to believe the  
 25 Defendant committed the offense set forth in the Complaint.

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 BRIAN A. TSUCHIDA  
 United States Magistrate Judge