CITY COUNCIL CITY OF NEW YORK -----Х TRANSCRIPT OF THE MINUTES Of the COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES ----- Х March 9, 2017 Start: 10:12 a.m. Recess: 2:54 p.m. HELD AT: Council Chambers - City Hall B E F O R E: Elizabeth S. Crowley Chairperson COUNCIL MEMBERS: Mathieu Eugene Fernando Cabrera Rory I. Lancman Paul A. Vallone Vanessa Gibson World Wide Dictation 545 Saw Mill River Road – Suite 2C, Ardsley, NY 10502 Phone: 914-964-8500 * 800-442-5993 * Fax: 914-964-8470 www.WorldWideDictation.com

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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 6 |
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| 2 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Good morning. My |
| 3 | name is Elizabeth Crowley, and I am the Chair of the |
| 4 | Fire and Criminal Justice Services Committee. Today, |
| 5 | the Committee will conduct a hearing on the Fiscal |
| 6 | Year 2018 Preliminary Budget and Fiscal Year 2017 |
| 7 | Preliminary Mayor's Management Report for the Fire |
| 8 | Department, the Department of Probation, Department |
| 9 | of Correction, the Board of Correction, and New York |
| 10 | City Office of Emergency Management. After we hear |
| 11 | testimony from the agencies in the order I just |
| 12 | mentioned, the committee will hear testimony from the |
| 13 | public. If you would like to speak before the |
| 14 | committee, please make sure you fill out the |
| 15 | attendance card and hand it in to the Sergeant at |
| 16 | Arms. I'd like to recognize my colleagues who have |
| 17 | joined me here today, Council Member Paul Vallone. |
| 18 | The committee would like to hear the Department's |
| 19 | plan to handle the continued increase in emergency |
| 20 | medical calls, its plan to further reduce response |
| 21 | times. In Calendar Year 2016, EMS responded to 1.7 |
| 22 | million ambulance calls. That's 35,580 more than |
| 23 | Calendar Year 2015. It is apparent that the |
| 24 | Department's resources are stretched thin and are in |
| 25 | need of more resources to support and meet the |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 7 2 increasing demands. The committee would also like to 3 be updated on the following matters: plans to reduce 4 overtime spending, the status of the recruitment 5 campaign for the upcoming filing, period for firefighter exam, if there is any assessment underway 6 7 to examine the need for additional firehouses in 8 neighborhoods that have experienced significant 9 population increases in recent years, and any other updates on budgetary or management items that the 10 11 Department would like to address. I welcome the 12 Commissioner, Commissioner Nigro, here and his staff to the Council Chambers, and I'm going to ask that 13 the Commissioner and anyone from his team who is 14 15 going to testify take the oath that we give here at 16 the Council. And if you're going to answer any 17 questions and testify, if you could raise your right 18 hand? Do you affirm to tell the truth, the whole 19 truth and nothing but the truth in your testimony 20 before this committee and to respond honestly to Council Members' questions? 21 2.2 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I do. 23 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you. Commissioner, you can begin once you're ready. 24 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 8 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Thank you, and good |
| 3 | morning, Chairwoman Crowley and other Council Members |
| 4 | present. Thank you for this opportunity to speak |
| 5 | with you today about the Preliminary Budget for |
| 6 | Fiscal Year 2018 for the Fire Department. I'm joined |
| 7 | this morning by First Deputy Commissioner Robert |
| 8 | Turner, Chief of Department, James Leonard, Assistant |
| 9 | Chief of EMS, Michael Fitton, Deputy Commissioner for |
| 10 | Government Affairs and Special Programs, Laura |
| 11 | Kavanagh, Deputy Commissioner and Chief Diversity and |
| 12 | Inclusion Officer, Cecilia Loving, and Assistant |
| 13 | Commissioner for Budget and Finance, Stephen Rush. A |
| 14 | year ago, I sat at this table and told you that the |
| 15 | number of fire deaths over the previous 12 months |
| 16 | represented the second lowest number since we began |
| 17 | keeping records in 1916. Today, I am pleased to |
| 18 | report that in 2016 the City experienced the lowest |
| 19 | number of fire deaths in recorded history with 48. |
| 20 | Even a single death is one too many, but to put that |
| 21 | in some context, when I first joined the Department, |
| 22 | my first full year 1970, 310 people dies in fires. |
| 23 | Last year we also saw a nine percent decline in |
| 24 | serious fires, the largest such decrease since 2008. |
| 25 | We attribute this remarkable success to the hard work |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 9 |
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| 2 | of our members, diligent efforts to educate the |
| 3 | public on fire safety, and consistent investments in |
| 4 | improving the performance of the Department. We |
| 5 | experienced these gains despite receiving calls for |
| 6 | over 1.7 million total incidents. In keeping with |
| 7 | recent trends, this represents the largest number of |
| 8 | total calls ever received. The busiest year in the |
| 9 | Department's history was also our safest. 2016 was a |
| 10 | positive year for the Department in a number of ways. |
| 11 | In March we launched @fdnyalerts on Twitter to |
| 12 | provide real-time updates on active FDNY operations. |
| 13 | In July, we broke ground on a new firehouse for |
| 14 | rescue Company Two. The City was subject to a |
| 15 | harrowing incident last September when a terrorist |
| 16 | detonated a bomb in Chelsea, and our members swiftly |
| 17 | responded drawing on critical counter-terrorism |
| 18 | training. In October, we dispatched members via |
| 19 | Taskforce One to the Carolinas to provide aid during |
| 20 | Hurricane Matthew. The Taskforce rescued more than |
| 21 | 500 people from flooded areas, including stranded |
| 22 | motorists and people trapped in their homes. Later |
| 23 | that same month, the members of Rescue One and |
| 24 | Ladders 13 and 43 participated in a life-saving roof |
| 25 | rope rescue as firefighter Jim Lee descended from a |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 10 2 rooftop over the side of a building to reach an 3 imperiled resident during a six alarm fire on East 93rd Street. Though this type of rescue is rare, 4 members of Ladder 176 and 120 in Brooklyn performed 5 this same type of rescue just this past weekend when 6 7 firefighter Andrew Sharf [sp?] rescued a man from a third floor window. Of course, the nature of work 8 9 means that not every day can be a good day. In particular, we lost a rising star in the Department 10 11 when Deputy Chief Michael Fahy died from injuries 12 sustained at an explosion in the Kingsbridge section 13 of the Bronx. His supreme sacrifice reminds us of 14 the extraordinary commitment to service our members 15 make each and every time they begin a shift. One key 16 factor that has contributed to the decrease in fire 17 deaths has been the intense focus that the Department 18 has placed on fire safety education and outreach. 19 Last year we educated nearly 700,000 New Yorkers at 20 more than 8,000 fire safety events. Our educators 21 visit neighborhoods in the wake of harmful fires. However, we have also transformed the nature of our 2.2 23 outreach to become more proactive and more robust in our approach to community engagement. We are now 24 able to provide safety materials in more than 90 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 11 2 languages, and we have boosted the number of our dual 3 language instructors, hiring 50 already with another 4 50 on the way this summer. We have increased the size of our Community Affairs Unit, and they work 5 hand-in-hand with our Fire Safety Education Unit, 6 7 partnering with Community Boards, organizations, 8 schools, and elected officials to provide instruction 9 and education. A disproportionate number of recent fire deaths have involved seniors. So we have 10 11 intensified our fire and life safety education 12 programs for that portion of the population. We have 13 taken an analytical approach using data analysis to 14 understand trends and develop priorities so that our 15 outreach is as effective as it can be. Another key 16 factor in the reduction of fire deaths is the 17 proliferation of smoke alarms. In 30 of the 48 fire 18 deaths last year no working smoke alarm was present. 19 A working alarm dramatically increases a person's 20 chance to escape and survive. Through our Get 21 Alarmed NYC program which was funded with the help of 2.2 the de Blasio Administration and the City Council 23 through the FDNY Foundation, we have distributed or installed more than 130,000 smoke alarms in homes and 24 apartments throughout the city. We plan to install 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 12 2 another 20,000 this year. This coming weekend is the 3 start of Daylight Savings Time, and we remind all New 4 Yorkers to use this time to change the batteries in their smoke alarms. At this very moment we have Fire 5 Safety Education teams in route to make presentations 6 7 on this topic in Brooklyn. Over the next two days they'll be doing similar presentations at 17 8 9 locations across the five boroughs. In December I announced the completion of a more than 47 million 10 11 dollar project to install separate women's bathrooms 12 in firehouses across the city. We are currently at 58 female firefighters and officers. This number is 13 14 of course far too low, but it is an improvement and 15 the highest-ever number of female firefighters. We 16 have seven additional female candidates currently 17 enrolled in the Academy and they're training there 18 now. With the filing period for the exam approaching 19 we are in the final stages of a massive recruitment 20 campaign. Over the last year we very effectively executed more than 10 million dollar effort targeted 21 to produce the most diverse group ever to take the 2.2 23 firefighter exam. We have developed aggressive goals for black, Latino, Asian, and female candidates. 24 We have also undertaken initiatives aimed at LGBTQ 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 13 |
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| 2 | candidates and military veterans. Filing for the |
| 3 | upcoming exam will take place over a period of weeks |
| 4 | in April and May. We have already conducted more than |
| 5 | 6,400 recruitment events. With several weeks to go, |
| 6 | we are already well ahead of the 5,000 total events |
| 7 | that we held during the last campaign. However, we |
| 8 | don't simply wait until the filing period to see if |
| 9 | our efforts have paid off. Rather, we measure our |
| 10 | goals in terms of actively collecting expression of |
| 11 | interest forms. We are encouraged with the results so |
| 12 | far. As of March 1 st , we have collected |
| 13 | approximately 190,000 expression of interest forms |
| 14 | from candidates of color, including 98,000 from black |
| 15 | candidates and 80,000 from Latino candidates. We've |
| 16 | collected 66,000 EOI's from female candidates. At |
| 17 | this point, we are achieving a daily collection rates |
| 18 | of more than four times the rate of the most recent |
| 19 | recruitment campaign. We have accomplished this |
| 20 | progress through an unprecedented strategic effort. |
| 21 | In designing the campaign, FDNY recruiters and senior |
| 22 | staff worked with FDNY fraternal organizations, the |
| 23 | US Army, domestic and international fire departments, |
| 24 | and a variety of other subject matter experts to make |
| 25 | a series of important improvements to our recruiting |
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COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 1 14 2 unit and the tools it utilizes. This included hiring a professional marketing firm that worked with us to 3 4 develop a communication strategy. The strategy involved social media ads, modern marketing 5 materials, focus group testing of messages with our 6 target audience, advertising in subway stations, bus 7 8 stops, billboards, firehouses, as well as the Join 9 FDNY website, which is populated with candidatespecific content designed to solicit and retain the 10 11 interest of potential recruits. We currently have 12 over 60 recruiters in the field each and every day. 13 We designed a program in which our recruitment team 14 worked in tandem with our Community Affairs Unit, 15 broadening the reach of our recruitment efforts and 16 strengthening existing relationships with Community 17 Boards and groups such as CUNY, Black Male 18 Initiative, Non-traditional Employment for Women, and 19 dozens of other groups with shared missions. We 20 actively recruited at block parties, open houses, 21 elected official events, job fairs, and FDNY Mobile 2.2 Academy events. We implemented significant changes 23 to our use of technology and data analytics, making this recruitment campaign more efficient, effective 24 and data-driven than any previous campaign. 25 Taken

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 15 2 together, this massive effort is yielding very 3 positive results. To maintain and improve our 4 diversity in EMS, in 2016 we launched a recruitment 5 and retention unit dedicated solely to EMS recruitment. We also recently re-launched an EMT 6 7 training program which will provide an entry-level opportunity for New York City residents interested in 8 9 pursuing careers in Emergency Medical Service. Trainees will participate in a 16-week program 10 11 designed to prepare them to pass the New York State EMT Exam and become FDNY EMTs. The civil service 12 13 filing for this program occurred last month. Roughly 14 a third of filers were African-American and more than 15 a third were female. One special 2016 highlight for the Recruitment and Retention Unit occurred when 16 17 Jackie-Michelle Martinez, the Department's first Women's Outreach Coordinator was nominated for New 18 19 Yorker of the Year by the New York Times. We take 20 pride in her success. 2016 was also a year of 21 accomplish for our Office of Diversity and Inclusion. Along with Mayor de Blasio, I issued a new Equal 2.2 23 Employment Opportunity Policy in order to reaffirm and strengthen FDNY's commitment to the principles of 24 equal opportunity, diversity and inclusion throughout 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 16 |
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| 2 | the Department. We have appointed Deputy |
| 3 | Commissioner Cecilia Loving as Chief Diversity and |
| 4 | Inclusion Officer, and she is working closely with |
| 5 | Don Nguyen, our Assistant Commissioner for EEO. We |
| 6 | have developed a new EEO Council's program, a new |
| 7 | Diversity and Inclusion Training Unit, and we |
| 8 | appointed Lieutenant David O'Beci [sp?], the |
| 9 | Department's new Diversity Advocate. We launched an |
| 10 | LGBTQ training module. Begun publication of a |
| 11 | quarterly diversity and inclusion newsletter and |
| 12 | hired new staff devoted to establishing best |
| 13 | practices for diversity and inclusion. We instructed |
| 14 | over 13,000 members of the Department in EEO and |
| 15 | unconscious biased training, and we added Deputy |
| 16 | Chiefs dedicated to diversity and inclusion for both |
| 17 | Fire and EMS. Diversity and Inclusion are core |
| 18 | values of the Department, and we have taken and will |
| 19 | continue to take concrete steps to make sure that |
| 20 | everyone has an equal opportunity to contribute to |
| 21 | our success. We know that these values enhance our |
| 22 | strength and fortitude as an institution. Another |
| 23 | area in which we've seen a great deal of meaningful |
| 24 | progress is in our pursuit of innovation in the area |
| 25 | of Emergency Medical Service. Since 2014, the |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 17 2 Department has worked closely with the Mayor's Office of Operations to reduce response times and improve 3 4 our ability to care for patients in potentially life-5 threatening emergencies. Historically, the Department has addressed increasing call volume by 6 7 simply adding ambulances. We've done that, including 8 incorporating 50 new tours funded in Fiscal Year 9 2017. However, we've chosen to also think strategically and make improvements across the entire 10 11 spectrum of our emergency response. This includes examining call processing, dispatching, travel time 12 13 and ambulance availability, and finding ways to 14 address each. We've received great support in this 15 area from the de Blasio Administration, and we've 16 been able to roll out several cutting-edge 17 improvements. We are beginning to see the fruits of 18 these efforts. For instance, we've added 150 19 dispatchers since we began this process, and we've 20 streamlined dispatching procedures for medical 21 emergencies. We've also conducted data analysis that led to altering the start times for eight-hour 2.2 23 ambulance tours to increase efficiency, and we've begun a pilot to move a small number of EMS teams to 24 12-hour tours, which would eliminate one of the three 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 18 2 daily tour changes. We've also instituted Direct 3 Dispatch which cuts down on delays during the 4 dispatching process. I'm also pleased to update you on the Fly Car pilot program that we have been 5 running in the Bronx. Under this pilot we send an 6 7 advanced life support, ALS Fly Car, and a basic life 8 support, BLS Ambulance, to each potentially life-9 threatening emergency rather than simply sending an ALS Ambulance. Whichever unit responds first is able 10 11 to immediately begin providing care. The lieutenant 12 and paramedic in the Fly Car provide an ALS 13 assessment, and the BLS unit transport the patient to 14 the hospital. The lieutenant and paramedic only 15 accompany the patient to the hospital if the patient needs ALS-level care which happens on less than half 16 17 of all responses. That frees up the ALS crew faster, 18 allowing them to respond to the next call. We also 19 implemented a new program called Tactical Response 20 Groups. During the two busiest shifts of the day we 21 deploy five or seven ambulances, roving BLS Tactical 2.2 Response Group, to provide locations which we 23 determine using data that is updated by the hour. Initially rolled out in the Bronx, we now have two 24 25 similar Tactical Response Groups in Queens as well.

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 19 |
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| 2 | This allows us to strategically and dynamically |
| 3 | deploy ambulance resources. In an effort to improve |
| 4 | response times at Rikers Island, in the Borough of |
| 5 | Queens, we located an EMS station on the island |
| 6 | itself, serving inmates and prison personnel. This |
| 7 | has improved our service to the needs of the |
| 8 | Department of Correction and at the same time |
| 9 | eliminated the need to pull ambulances away from |
| 10 | Western Queens neighborhoods to respond to calls at |
| 11 | Rikers. The Department's innovations are having |
| 12 | positive effects. Between Calendar Year 2015 and |
| 13 | Calendar Year 2016, the citywide response time to |
| 14 | life-threatening emergencies decreased by 21 seconds. |
| 15 | This included improvements in every borough of the |
| 16 | city. Fly Cars have an average cycle time of 44 |
| 17 | minutes, which is 25 minutes shorter than regular ALS |
| 18 | ambulances. This allows the Fly Cars to respond to |
| 19 | 33 percent more assignments. When an ALS Fly Car and |
| 20 | a BLS unit are dispatched to a potentially life- |
| 21 | threatening incident, the response is more than a |
| 22 | full minute faster than when simply an ALS unit is |
| 23 | dispatched. The use of Tactical Response groups in |
| 24 | the Bronx has reduced the number of held calls there |
| 25 | by 76 percent. Since we instituted direct dispatch |
| I | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 20 2 in January this year, we've seen an 11-second 3 decrease in dispatching time citywide. Since 4 stationing units on Rikers Island, the average 5 response time to all incidents on the island has decreased by five minutes and 29 seconds. 6 There has 7 been a significant resulting effect on Northwestern 8 Queens where response times to life-threatening 9 emergencies have decreased by 50 seconds, and response time to all medical incidents is down one 10 11 minute and 33 seconds. This has also had a positive effect on Elmhurst Hospital where the number of 12 13 transports from Rikers has decreased by 18 percent. 14 We continued to make improvements at every step of 15 the process. We know that it is simply not enough to 16 continue operating as we always have. Across all 17 bureaus we have embraced strategies to create a 18 smarter, more effective fire department. We continue 19 to look forward and evolve because we know it 20 ultimately allows us to save more lives and create a 21 safer city. A remark I recently made to a group of 2.2 newly promoted officers is also appropriate when 23 considering the nature of a modern fire department and the ways in which we are constantly evolving to 24 25 meet new challenges. Your role changes, your

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 21 |
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| 2 | responsibility grows, but the mission remains the |
| 3 | same. We embrace our mission to provide exceptional |
| 4 | service to all New Yorkers in every area of the City |
| 5 | as well as to the millions of visitors who come to |
| 6 | the area every year. We thank the committee and the |
| 7 | entire City Council for its ongoing support of this |
| 8 | mission. My colleagues and I would be happy to |
| 9 | answer your questions at this time. |
| 10 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you for your |
| 11 | testimony, Commissioner. I want to congratulate you |
| 12 | on a lot of the improvements the Department has made, |
| 13 | certainly your recruitment efforts and the number of |
| 14 | fire fatalities being at an all-time low. That is |

1 14 fire fatalities being at an all-time low. That is 15 all good. I'm concerned still with the EMS services, and I'm going to start my questions first asking 16 17 about the Fly Car you mentioned. Now, when you respond -- when you have response times to critical 18 19 emergencies end-to-end, are you considering the end 20 time when the Fly Car gets there or when the 21 ambulance that can transport the patient to the 2.2 hospital gets there?

COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Sure. Well, in the Fly Car pilot we dispatch both a Fly Car and a BLS ambulance. So the times that I mentioned were for

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 22 one of those units arriving at the patient, which is 2 3 considerably better than it was without the Fly Car 4 pilot. 5 It might be better, CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: but if I'm the patient, I want to be on my way as 6 quickly as possible to the hospital, because I want 7 8 to make sure that, you know, I have the doctors 9 looking at my case. 10 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, the faster we 11 get there, the faster you'll be on your way to the 12 hospital. 13 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Right, right. Ι 14 just want to--15 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: [interposing] I think 16 that number is down also. 17 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: make sure that the 18 numbers are genuine in terms of response times, 19 because one wants an ambulance to get to the 20 hospital, and while I think that the Fly Car are 21 definitely a step in the right direction, I just don't think that you could say they are bringing down 2.2 23 response times, because it's really the ambulance that we depend on for the response. 24 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 23 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I think the response |
| 3 | time is the time a trained unit, ALS or BLS, arrives |
| 4 | at the location of the patient, and that response |
| 5 | time is considerably better, and the time it takes |
| 6 | for us to then package, so to speak, the patient and |
| 7 | take them to the hospital has not increased either. |
| 8 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I just I just |
| 9 | don't agree with that philosophy, because if my |
| 10 | situation is life-threatening, then I want to get to |
| 11 | the hospital as quickly as possible, and if I'm |
| 12 | living in a borough, I want to know what my average |
| 13 | response time is. |
| 14 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, I think the |
| 15 | our philosophy on EMS is if your situation is life- |
| 16 | threatening you need people on the scene to treat you |
| 17 | immediately. The getting to the hospital is |
| 18 | important, but it's secondary to the immediate |
| 19 | emergency response of medical care that this agency |
| 20 | provides. So, what you want to get is quick response |
| 21 | by trained personnel, which is what the Fly Car |
| 22 | assists us in doing. |
| 23 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Okay. Now, in my |
| 24 | borough, Queens, I notice that the response times are |
| 25 | significantly higher compared to the city average of |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 24 |
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| 2 | last year or the citywide average altogether. So, |
| 3 | what we have in Queens is response times to Segment |
| 4 | One Medical Emergency Ambulance Units. Citywide it's |
| 5 | over seven minutes, but in Queens it's seven minutes, |
| 6 | 38 seconds. So that's nearly half a minute longer. |
| 7 | And the percentage of times when it takes more than |
| 8 | 10 minutes happens more frequently than not. So that |
| 9 | happens over 50 percent of the time. Why is it that |
| 10 | if you live in Queens that your service is not as |
| 11 | good as other boroughs? |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, I would say |
| 13 | there is a variation one borough to the next. We |
| 14 | have been addressing, as you heard, by adding we |
| 15 | did add two tactical units to Queens, and we have |
| 16 | been bringing down response times in Queens. I |
| 17 | notice that the end-to-end time in Queens for |
| 18 | ambulances is slightly larger than the citywide |
| 19 | average, and the Department is working very hard to |
| 20 | bring that down. We did see a significant |
| 21 | improvement when we've added those units to Rikers as |
| 22 | I mentioned those numbers. That was very helpful in |
| 23 | Queens, and I do believe that with the addition now |
| 24 | of these two tactical groups to Queens, Queens will |
| 25 | see what the Bronx saw last year, a significant |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 25 2 improvement. We do endeavor to treat every neighborhood in this city equally, and we will see 3 that come down. 4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I don't think having 5 to wait 10 minutes is right for the people who are in 6 7 life-threatening situations. I think it's too long, 8 and the Department needs more resources. What is the 9 average response time that somebody should have to wait for an ambulance if you're having a heart attack 10 11 or if you've been struck by a vehicle and you, you 12 know, have serious trauma to your body? 13 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, the-- what 14 should the response time be? CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Yeah, what is? 15 Ι 16 mean, in a city like New York where we have the 17 ability to provide EMS in such a sophisticated way, 18 why can't the response times be under six minutes? Ι 19 mean, that's the time that you really have when 20 you're in cardiac arrest before you start to have 21 brain damage. 2.2 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I'm not sure any 23 municipality can truthfully say that they are providing end-to-end response time in six minutes or 24 less in this country or in any other country, but I 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 26 |
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| 2 | believe we have been successfully bringing response |
| 3 | time down each and every year since this |
| 4 | Administration started. We have added 134 ambulance |
| 5 | tours since I started. We've added 750 people to EMS |
| 6 | since I began, and we've put 36 million dollars into |
| 7 | the system. We continue to do that, and we continue |
| 8 | to ad ambulances to the system. We continue to bring |
| 9 | response time down. Six minutes is a great goal. |
| 10 | Will we ever reach that? Let's see. Someone would |
| 11 | have to show me where they did and how they did it |
| 12 | and provide us with the funding to do that, which may |
| 13 | be double what we spend right now, maybe triple. |
| 14 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Your firefighting |
| 15 | units are able to get to emergencies in under five |
| 16 | minutes. |
| 17 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Our firefighting |
| 18 | units are able are responding to much fewer calls; |
| 19 | 1.4 million medical calls a year were responded to |
| 20 | last year, 1.7 million total calls to the Department. |
| 21 | So you can see the variation and what it would take. |
| 22 | If the Fire Department if our fire units were |
| 23 | responding to 1.4 million fire calls, their response |
| 24 | time would not be what it is today. |
| 25 | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 27 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Since you've been 3 the Commissioner, you've mentioned that you put on 700 and some odd more tours, but is that -- how much 4 5 of that is taking over from private ambulance services? 6 7 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Almost all of that is new, because many of the tours when Transcare went 8 9 out of business were taken over by others, but most of these tours, these 134, are additional tours that 10 11 were added to the system. 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And those tours, 13 what does that amount to on a regular day? How many more ambulance are serving at any given time in one 14 15 borough? 16 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, a tour is an 17 eight or a 12-hour shift. So, if we do the math, it 18 would be -- ambulances would be 50, but we count by 19 tours because not all ambulances run 24 hours a day. 20 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, approximately 10 more ambulance in each borough. You have about 15 21 2.2 more ambulance. 23 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Okay. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Is that -- I'm just-24 - I'm trying to figure it out. 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 28 2 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: That would be about 3 right, 10 more vehicles. 4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: When your EMT's take on the job you provide them with a bullet-proof vest, 5 is that right? 6 7 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: They do have bulletproof vests, correct. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Are they new or they handed down from one EMT to the next? 10 11 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Excuse me? The new 12 employees get new vests. Employees that have been 13 with us have vests that they received a number of 14 years ago. 15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And at what point 16 do these vests no longer serve the purpose or are 17 protected? Is there a life span on a vest? 18 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Anybody? I believe 19 the manufacturer says five to 10 years. 20 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Okay. So, do you 21 know how many EMTs are wearing ineffective vests? 2.2 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I don't think many 23 EMTs are wearing vests at all. I think you'd be hard-pressed to go out today and find one. They may 24 have vests that are older than that period. They're 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 29 2 not required to wear them, nor do the vast majority 3 ever wear them. 4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: But this is something that's important to the union, which 5 represents the membership. Why would they think that 6 7 they should get new vests if it's not important to 8 the membership? 9 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I have not heard them stress that on many occasions to me that it's very 10 11 important for them to get new vests. 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Have you--13 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: [interposing] 14 Certainly--15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] But 16 it's something the Department provides a new EMT. 17 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: It's something we 18 provide. 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And then they're 20 expected to buy their own after five years. 21 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: No, they're not. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: But if it's only 23 effective for five years, I'm just trying to figure out why they're not replaced if you give them when 24 they become an EMT. 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 30 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: It's voluntary that |
| 3 | they can purchase one. They're not required to wear |
| 4 | them. It's not a required piece of equipment to wear |
| 5 | by the EMTs. I think what the Department has pivoted |
| 6 | to is our Counter Terrorism Taskforces made up of |
| 7 | firefighters and EMTS, I believe it's about a |
| 8 | thousand people now who are trained who receive much |
| 9 | more effective ballistic gear, helmets and ballistic |
| 10 | vests that they can use at times when that's |
| 11 | necessary. |
| 12 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So you've not made |
| 13 | any funding requests to OMB about replacement vests? |
| 14 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: We have not. |
| 15 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And so for some |
| 16 | reason every EMT gets it, a vest, when they start the |
| 17 | job, but if it only lasts for five years then it |
| 18 | becomes ineffective, but they don't get a |
| 19 | replacement. I just I'm confused by that. And |
| 20 | because I wouldn't bring it up if the membership |
| 21 | didn't think that it was important that they get |
| 22 | replacement vests. So it's something I encourage you |
| 23 | and your department to speak to the rank and file and |
| 24 | really see if it is an issue, because I'm |
| 25 | understanding that it is. I get calls from EMTs as |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 31 |
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| 2 | well, and I've been recently getting calls from EMTs |
| 3 | about opportunities for promotion. In the past, you |
| 4 | used to be able to become a lieutenant as an EMT, but |
| 5 | it's not the case anymore. When did that change? |
| 6 | Are there lieutenants out there that were never |
| 7 | paramedics that went from EMT to lieutenants, and why |
| 8 | was it okay then if it's not okay now? |
| 9 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: At some point the |
| 10 | Department had decided that because officers are |
| 11 | supervising paramedics who are not paramedics |
| 12 | themselves, that a better plan, a more efficient plan |
| 13 | would be that all officers should be paramedics. |
| 14 | There are still EMT lieutenants in the field who were |
| 15 | promoted prior to the rule change, and they're |
| 16 | operating as lieutenants. They cannot operate on the |
| 17 | Fly Cars. This took place in 2008, the change. So |
| 18 | it's nine years right now. The opportunities right |
| 19 | now for promotion for EMTs is they can become |
| 20 | paramedics; they can become firefighters, and that's |
| 21 | the opportunity we have right now. We have no plans |
| 22 | to change that. We thought about it. We've |
| 23 | discussed it, and for now we're going to stick to |
| 24 | the |
| 25 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Now |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 32 2 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: one must be a 3 paramedic to be promoted to lieutenant. 4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Why is it a considered a promotion to become a firefighter from 5 being an EMT? Isn't it a total different job? 6 7 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I think because you can make about twice as much money. We don't-- it's 8 9 a word that's-- I know some bristle at, but generally a promotion involves a raise, and that's why it's 10 11 considered a promotion exam. 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: The Department has 13 put together a Retention Unit for EMTs, why is that? COMMISSIONER NIGRO: A Retention Unit for 14 15 EMTs? CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I read that. You 16 stated that in your testimony. 17 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I think it's a 18 19 Recruitment and Retention Unit. What we're--20 previously, we had not spent much time recruiting EMTs and now we will. So--21 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] But 2.2 23 what is--COMMISSIONER NIGRO: [interposing] 24 Retention goes hand-in-hand with recruitment. 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 33 |
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| 2 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: What is the |
| 3 | retention rate of an EMT? |
| 4 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Do you know? Steve? |
| 5 | ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RUSH: Since the |
| 6 | merger with EMS and Fire Department in 1996, at the |
| 7 | beginning of the merger we were so extraordinary high |
| 8 | attrition rates. Since that time, the attrition rates |
| 9 | have actually come down greatly. I mean, I think even |
| 10 | in your own reports I think it's in the range of like |
| 11 | six percent. Obviously, when you have a promotional |
| 12 | exam it increases, promotional exam to firefighter it |
| 13 | increases, but generally speaking the attrition and |
| 14 | the retention rates for EMS have improved greatly, |
| 15 | and we have statistics that back that up. |
| 16 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I understand from |
| 17 | the union that they're like less than 60 percent, |
| 18 | that you have a turnover rate that when compare your |
| 19 | firefighters to your EMTs, EMTs do not put in the 22 |
| 20 | years and collect full pension as you have with |
| 21 | firefighters, because for a number of reasons they |
| 22 | feel that they're not treated the same as |
| 23 | firefighters. Certainly, as you mentioned earlier, |
| 24 | the pay could be one reason, but more and more this |
| 25 | Emergency Medical Service is becoming the role of the |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 34 |
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| 2 | Fire Department more so than responding to your fire |
| 3 | emergencies, and I feel that the EMTs are not getting |
| 4 | the same type of opportunities. Certainly, when you |
| 5 | look at firefighters they have more tests and more |
| 6 | promotional opportunities after lieutenant. You |
| 7 | don't have that with EMTs, and earlier at one of the |
| 8 | hearing that we had a few months ago, you mentioned |
| 9 | that you do give opportunities for them to become |
| 10 | paramedics, but there's only like 80 slots. Have you |
| 11 | done anything to expand the paramedic program? |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: We are in the |
| 13 | process of doing that, and I would say that our EMTs |
| 14 | and paramedics are certainly treated the same as |
| 15 | people on the fire side of the department. They're |
| 16 | not paid the same, you're correct, but they're |
| 17 | certainly treated the same. And as far as |
| 18 | opportunities, they do have opportunities to become |
| 19 | paramedic. As I said, we'd like to expand that, |
| 20 | increase that opportunity. They do we had well |
| 21 | over 1,000 people take the promotion exam to move to |
| 22 | the fire side if they so choose, and they're welcome |
| 23 | to do that, and that's the opportunity for |
| 24 | advancement. Lieutenants can then become captains in |
| 25 | EMS. Captains can become chiefs in EMS. |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 35 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: But that's not 3 become -- that's not by taking a test like you have 4 with the firefighters. COMMISSIONER NIGRO: No, it is not. 5 It's another process. It's an interview process. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Is it -- would that be something you would support as Commissioner? 8 9 Would you support more promotional exams with a civil service title that is protected like you do in the 10 11 firefighting part of the fire department? Would you 12 support that for EMS? 13 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I think the process we use now has -- and it has been adjusted -- works 14 15 very well. 16 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I disagree. I**′**m 17 going to recognize Council Member Vallone for 18 questions. 19 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Thank you, Madam 20 Chair. Good morning, Commissioner. Thank you for 21 your decades of ongoing service. We appreciate it. 2.2 Very enthusiastic about the new outreach program and 23 the new numbers that you gave us this morning. Do you have some idea on what the class is going to look 24 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 36 |
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| 2 | like, the incoming class on a numbers and how many |
| 3 | taking exam? |
| 4 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Our future exam, |
| 5 | well, we I think we can give you some numbers on |
| 6 | that. |
| 7 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: Based on |
| 8 | our goals, it would be about 50 percent non-white. |
| 9 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: No, not just |
| 10 | in total numbers. |
| 11 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: Oh, just |
| 12 | how many people are going to turn out? |
| 13 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Yeah. |
| 14 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: About |
| 15 | 50,000 turned out for the last exam. We expect it to |
| 16 | be roughly the same this time around. |
| 17 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: And could you |
| 18 | give just some of us who aren't familiar with the |
| 19 | parameters of when an exam is given and how often |
| 20 | that opportunity comes up? |
| 21 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: Sure. |
| 22 | It's given every four years. This year, the filing, |
| 23 | you have to file to take the test. The filing will |
| 24 | open on April 5^{th} , and will be open either for one |
| 25 | month or two, that's because we have an opportunity |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 37 to extend it which we probably will, so it'll be open 2 3 to the end of April or to the end of May if we extend 4 it, and then the test will be given in September for those who filed. 5 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: With those 6 numbers, how many in the past have gone through and 7 been added to the Department, if you have--8 9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: [interposing] We would generally hire about 2,000 10 11 people off of the--COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: [interposing] How 12 13 many? 14 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: Two 15 thousand. 16 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Two thousand. 17 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: Yeah, so 18 it's about four percent that file that move on to 19 become firefighters. It's very competitive. 20 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: With that 2,000, 21 will that get us a number that we are at today? Will it be more with retirement and attrition? 2.2 23 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: I think Steve could probably fill us in further, but I 24 25 believe we are approaching headcount very soon.

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 38 |
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| 2 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: And what's that |
| 3 | number that we're striving to achieve? |
| 4 | ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RUSH: Firefighter |
| 5 | headcount, the budget calls for 8,335 positions, and |
| 6 | we're probably about at 8,187 with the current class |
| 7 | in the Academy. Of course, the class is 18 weeks. |
| 8 | So when the class graduates we'll have more |
| 9 | attrition. We expect to be at full headcount by the |
| 10 | second half of FY 18. |
| 11 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Is there any |
| 12 | thought of increasing the exam from four years to two |
| 13 | years, or? |
| 14 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: So, we've |
| 15 | looked at that. It won't affect the rate at which we |
| 16 | hire, so it's not clear whether or not we'd really be |
| 17 | giving any advantage to candidates, because they'd |
| 18 | probably have to wait just as long to come onto the |
| 19 | job, although they'd be able to take the test more |
| 20 | frequently. We are looking at it. NYPD did that |
| 21 | recently and actually just stopped doing that. So, |
| 22 | we've been looking to sit down with them. They just |
| 23 | had their most recent filing and exam. We're looking |
| 24 | to sit down with them afterwards and hear why they |
| 25 | made those changes, either why they moved to doing it |
| l | I |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 39 2 more frequently or why they then moved away from it, 3 and we'll look at whether or not that's something we 4 want to do for the next exam. 5 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: And once you've got that two or three thousand, how is it determined 6 7 where they're assigned and which firehouses? 8 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KAVANAGH: I'll pass 9 that over to Chief Leonard. CHIEF JAMES LEONARD: We have, based on 10 11 needs where they are. They also have -- new 12 probationary firefighters have a choice through the 13 courts of one of two divisions or they put in for two 14 divisions. There are nine divisions throughout the 15 city, and we're obligating. We meet first choice 16 about 98 percent of the time. So it's based on the 17 needs of the Department where people want to work and that's who we assign them. 18 19 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Okay, last year, 20 and I guess this year too, we started some new 21 programs. The Commissioner and I spoke about 2.2 sometimes there would be a need to pull some whether 23 it was EMS or EMS services to create or fill a need. Last year it happened at Fort Totten and then it got 24 25 replaced later on in the year. Is there a gap that

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 40 2 needs to be filled with the creation of any of these 3 new services that we can make sure that we don't have 4 any missing units at this point?

COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I think what we were 5 discussing, right, there was a unit taken out of Fort 6 I think that was just an error of planning. 7 Totten. 8 I think what we're looking at now with a model we're trying to deploy more often are these taskforces 9 where units are deployed more to a borough in groups 10 11 and as we look at the call volume on a live time 12 basis, they can be moved to where the volume is 13 greatest so that if one part of Queens is suddenly inundated with calls, units can be shifted in order 14 15 to ensure that people aren't waiting an inordinate amount of time, and if another part of Queens-- as 16 17 the volume changes, these units can be more flexible 18 in their movement rather than statically being in a place which might not be getting a large volume of 19 20 calls. So we're trying that right now in Queens with 21 these two taskforce groups. We hope that it -- it has 2.2 already seemed to improve greatly response time in 23 Queens, and we think we can bring it down much further. 24

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 41 |
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| 2 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Is there hope |
| 3 | that those might become permanent? |
| 4 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Yes, we think the |
| 5 | units are permit. Whether they'll be permanent as |
| 6 | taskforces, as we look at the data, we think that |
| 7 | will be the model for them. So you'll have a certain |
| 8 | number of static units in a borough, and some number |
| 9 | of units that are in a taskforce format. |
| 10 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Does that include |
| 11 | the Fly Car pilot program, or is that |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: It's really a |
| 13 | separate issue. The Fly Car program is 10 Fly Cars |
| 14 | backed up by 10 BLS ambulances and also the first |
| 15 | taskforce was put in place in the Bronx. The second |
| 16 | group went to Queens. |
| 17 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: And what |
| 18 | constitutes the vehicles? Sound like something out |
| 19 | of the Jetsons. |
| 20 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: They're just |
| 21 | they're the same ambulances that you see, BLS |
| 22 | ambulances, EMT staffing, basic life support, the |
| 23 | same vehicles, but they're not assigned to a specific |
| 24 | street corner. They're assigned as a group and they |
| 25 | |
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COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 42
can be moved by dispatch as volume in the borough
changes.

4 COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: And I think the last thing I just want to close on was we had 5 discussed opening up the FDNY to become part of the 6 7 councilmatic [sic]. Our own individual budgets 8 getting involved with participatory budgeting, 9 getting involved with additional structural repairs that we could assist with and I was happy to say the 10 11 facilities director made it on up, and we are going 12 to partner with replacing firehouse doors in the district, because it was something that we talked 13 14 about, and I think that's something that each of the 15 Council Members could easily adopt and go forward 16 with to start making some of those changes that we 17 can assist you with. So, I still think there's room 18 for growth in the participatory budgeting world for 19 the Council Members who actively participate. Ι 20 think the communities would love to rally around 21 their firehouses. I think for next year I think we 2.2 can even do more of that.

COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, I thank you for that, and I thank the council for everything they've done for us in these-- in this regard in

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 43 |
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| 2 | assisting us in getting things done and funding some |
| 3 | of these projects for us. So, thank you very much. |
| 4 | COUNCIL MEMBER VALLONE: Thank you, |
| 5 | Commissioner. Thank you, Chair. |
| 6 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: We've been joined by |
| 7 | Council Member Cabrera and Council Member Lancman. |
| 8 | Council Member Cabrera has questions. |
| 9 | COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you so |
| 10 | much, Madam Chair. Commissioner, welcome, and to all |
| 11 | your staff. I just have a couple of out-of-the-box |
| 12 | questions. Number one, the fire trucks, do they |
| 13 | are they equipped with cameras? |
| 14 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Not all of them. |
| 15 | No, they're not. |
| 16 | COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: They're not. |
| 17 | Have you considered equipping them with cameras? |
| 18 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Can you be more |
| 19 | specific? What type of cameras, like a dashboard |
| 20 | camera that you see on some |
| 21 | COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Yeah, dashboard. |
| 22 | Let me just be open as where I'm going with this. |
| 23 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Sure. |
| 24 | COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: The question was |
| 25 | asked earlier from the Chair regarding delay time. |
| I | I |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 44 2 I'm wondering has there ever been like a random study 3 as to what is really causing delay. We have more 4 traffic than ever before in New York City. We have, perhaps, it's lack of proximity to where fire is or 5 incidents are taking place. So, it will be -- I think 6 it would be profitable from that end to perhaps 7 8 randomly pick certain trucks and to see what is 9 really causing delay, what's the norm. And the second is in case of situations where it could be 10 11 used for training where you have a fire incident 12 taking place and to come out with better practices 13 with best practices.

14 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: We have a policy now where we do send a team out with cameras to major 15 fires, and they do film it, and we do record all of 16 17 our audios at those fires also for the purposes of 18 training. As far as studies for what causes response 19 time, so to speak, we do many. It's certainly not a 20 lack of effort by the units, and response time grows 21 when volume grows. If units were-- and that has happened in this Administration. If we removed units 2.2 23 from the system, response time would grow, and of course traffic affects response time. We all saw 24 that the average mile-per-hour of Manhattan traffic 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 45 |
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| 2 | is now down to 8.1 miles an hour. It's a great |
| 3 | challenge to our units. You might have seen this |
| 4 | week also that we have cameras on our drone. We have |
| 5 | two tethered drones that can film the site, and at a |
| 6 | fourth alarm in the Bronx it was used for the first |
| 7 | time to film the operation, and we think this will be |
| 8 | very helpful to our chiefs for training in the |
| 9 | future. |
| 10 | COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: I appreciate |
| 11 | that response, Commissioner, and if you could take in |
| 12 | consideration put in the cameras. They're not that |
| 13 | expensive, those go-go cameras or any type of I |
| 14 | don't want to mention a particular |
| 15 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: [interposing] |
| 16 | Certainly worth |
| 17 | COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: but, you know, |
| 18 | which cameras I'm referring to. In talking and track |
| 19 | [sic] your [sic] and speaking to you about |
| 20 | technology, is there any new technology that we see |
| 21 | on the horizon that you would love to have part of |
| 22 | the department, the Fire Department to be included? |
| 23 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, certainly |
| 24 | technology is a great assist. We've used it in the |
| 25 | past. One thing that departments all over the |
| l | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 46 2 country all over the world have been trying to-- and 3 the military-- to perfect is locating members in a--4 not just on a horizontal plane, but a horizontal and 5 vertical plane. So where someone is in the building, how do you identify them? That is a very-- would be 6 7 a very valuable tool to our department, every 8 department in the world and the military. Perhaps 9 it's we're getting closer to solution, but no one has one yet. We do have a very strong technology 10 11 department and we're working right now with some 12 large companies looking at our technology and asking 13 for their assistance and how we can be better. The 14 Fire Department, especially the -- well, both sides, 15 fire and EMS demand a lot of hands-on activity and 16 cannot be replaced. Much of what we do both as 17 firefighters, EMTs and medics can't be replaced by 18 technology, but can certainly be enhanced by 19 technology. 20 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Indeed. I've 21 seen a couple of incidents in television where I know 2.2 your last response, possible action is to bring 23 somebody down by rope. I'm just curious about this rope. Is this like a fire-proof rope, or do we have-24 it's just regular rope? Is there new technology? 25

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 47
You know, there's always that ever-present danger of
that rope going on fire.

4 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I think on the incidents you're referring to on the Upper East Side 5 after that firefighter and the person he rescued 6 7 reached the ground the rope did burn. There are no fire-proof ropes that we're aware of. We are looking 8 9 at a different rope from the one that was used there that we think may be an improvement. Certainly these 10 11 ropes, once they're used like that they're put out of service and never used again for life-saving 12 13 purposes. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Interesting. 15 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: But we will test 16 whatever ropes are out there and try to find the best 17 possible product. We think--18 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: [interposing] 19 That will be--20 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: we have a new one 21 that will be even better [sic]. 2.2 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: That would be a 23 good startup. And my last question, as you know, we had the unfortunate incident near Broadway in the 24 Bronx where we lost Chief Fahy. We was stationed in 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 48 2 my district, and we're going to be naming a street 3 after him in honoring him. I was just curious, is 4 there a technology or not technology, a form of protection where the Chief could be protected by some 5 kind of structure that if-- and I know that was a 6 7 very unusual event, but as I recall, he had even 8 instructed a couple of police officers to move out of 9 the way. He really saved a couple of lives. But that would have protected him, at the very least have 10 11 allow him to survive. COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I think one of the 12 13 most dangerous things our members respond to are gas 14 emergencies, gas leaks, because they never know when

15 that gas will be at the percentages as it was in the Bronx to result in an explosion, and our members 16 17 respond to thousands of these a year. Much of it is 18 depended upon the devices we carry to measure the 19 presence of gas, and in that case there, it was a 20 very serious loss for this department. Chief Fahy 21 was probably someone who would be sitting where the Chief or I are sitting in the future had he not been 2.2 23 killed, but we continue to look for ways to respond to these and to protect the public and public safety 24

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 49 2 at the many thousands of odors of gas we respond to 3 every year. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER CABRERA: Thank you so much, Commissioner. Madam, thank you so much. 5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you, Council 6 7 Member Cabrera. The Police Commissioner submitted a 8 request to the Federal Government for reimbursement 9 of cost associated with protecting Trump Tower. Does the FDNY incur any costs associated with security at 10 11 Trump Tower?

12 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Oh, we absolutely 13 do, and our request was submitted along with 14 Commissioner O'Neill's to be reimbursed.

15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How much was that 16 request?

17 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Steve? 18 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RUSH: From 19 Election Day to Inauguration our estimates were fully loaded with fringes, obviously, which is the true 20 21 cost, is 1.7 million dollars for both Fire and EMS. 2.2 Going forward we have two dedicated teams at Trump 23 Towers, and we project that cost 24 hours a day, seven days a week, is 4.5 million. 24 25 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, if that--

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 50 2 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RUSH: 3 [interposing] Those costs, by the way, will increase as the President is in town, and we--4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Right. 5 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RUSH: up the 6 7 number of resources. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So that's just when 8 the President isn't even in town? 9 ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER RUSH: That's 10 11 correct. 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: It's to protect the building and his family and/or does it have something 13 14 to do with protests? 15 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, it's to 16 protect the family, and when the President's in town 17 the size of our numbers of people grow. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, you have like--18 19 you have an EMS unit outside just in case something 20 happens with the family? 21 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: There is an EMS unit 2.2 there 24 hours a day. 23 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: It seems excessive. COMMISSIONER NIGRO: They're also there to 24 provide safety for the police officers, the many, 25

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 51
many police officers there to protect the building,
which is a potential target.

CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, I have some 4 5 other questions. I'm going to try to get through them quickly, because we want to stay on calendar. 6 I′m 7 going to ask about the Quarter Master. So you have 8 funding request for bunker gear, breathing apparatus 9 and other essential equipment. How did you decide that you needed the replacement now for this type of 10 11 gear in this budget, and the rank and file has said that they want a second pair of boots that's not 12 13 included in this quarter master budget which would include essential equipment? So I understand the 14 15 boots are essential. And if you can go into that question, please? 16

17 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Sure, the-- well, bunker gear of course has a life expectancy. It 18 19 wears out. We replace a certain amount every year. 20 So these replacement costs get in the budget. The 21 same is true with air cylinders and the air packs 2.2 that the members wear. As far as the second pair of 23 boots, the members have-- that was not stopped. The members had never gotten with their gear two pairs of 24 25 boots to go along with the rest of the equipment. Ι

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 52 do understand that they feel this is necessary, it's 2 3 important. I don't disagree that it may be 4 important, and it's something I'm certainly willing to talk about with them and see if this is something 5 that needs to be done. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How much would a second pair of boots cost? 8 9 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I believe it would cost five million dollars. Four million? I way over-10 estimated. It's four million dollars. 11 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Four million. 13 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: For a second pair of 14 boots for everyone. 15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, the department 16 believes that this could be a necessary? 17 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I'm willing to talk 18 about it. I certainly see their logic behind that. 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I'd like to talk 20 about capital expenses. Recently I wrote a letter 21 about Rescue Company One after I visited it, and they are in need of a larger space. Is this something 2.2 23 that the department is looking into, building a more adequate space for Rescue One, and is it in the best 24 25 locations since it's serving the whole borough?

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 53 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Certainly we agree |
| 3 | with you that today's world, Rescue One's quarters is |
| | |
| 4 | much too small for them, and we have been actively |
| 5 | looking in the area, making our look expand for a |
| 6 | spot we could build or use. So far, we have not |
| 7 | found that spot, but we have not stopped looking, and |
| 8 | it is very important to us to find quarters that will |
| 9 | be similar to res what's going up for Rescue Two |
| 10 | and what already exists for Rescue Three spaces that |
| 11 | befit the equipment of a rescue company. Rescue Five |
| 12 | also has a plan in on Staten Island to build right |
| 13 | across the street. |
| 14 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: The Department is |
| 15 | looking for new space for Rescue One, which is good. |
| 16 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Absolutely. |
| 17 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Now, about |
| 18 | firehouse renovations, are there major renovations |
| 19 | that you're looking for throughout the City? Are |
| 20 | there you're complete with your bathroom |
| 21 | renovations? |
| 22 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: We are. |
| 23 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And so how about |
| 24 | new firehouses in Queens, Long Island City and |
| 25 | Jamaica and Flushing are building faster than |
| | |

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 54
planners could have imagined. Do those communities
get services? In fact, Long Island City, I believe,
was an area that saw closures back maybe I think when
Bloomberg was there, that one of their houses closed.
So are you looking at the response times individually
in neighborhoods or Community Boards?

8 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: We are looking very 9 closely just the way you stated, Community Board by Community Board, as to what the future needs. 10 So the 11 department has operated for years on the strategic 12 plans that lasted two or three years. Our new 13 strategic plan will look 20 to 25 years out for the 14 needs of the city, and in areas such as Long Island 15 City where growth has been so rapid, we will 16 determine what the needs are. We have to be prepared 17 much like the Army does to defend the country; we're 18 defending this city, and we need to be prepared in 19 the future. So, I-- this study is ongoing. This 20 study is very detailed as to where we think we are 21 lacking resources and where new resources will be 2.2 needed.

CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Yeah, I would offer the Council's help in the study. We would love to look at the numbers if you could share your response COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 55
times as they relate to Community Boards. I mean,
especially with Jamaica developing so close to the
airport, JFK, our international airport.

5 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I think we can 6 certainly do that.

7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I have a bill that 8 actually asks for the department to report broken 9 down, so I would like to continue that conversation and just, you know, as we look to push that bill 10 11 through the city, that we could just get it to be 12 policy that each year those numbers are reported. So I'm looking at vital statistics now. 13 That's 14 something that the department doesn't really mention. 15 You didn't mention in-- you mentioned one vital 16 statistic that people understand, which is easy to 17 understand, number of fatalities that happened due to 18 fire causes each year. But there's a vital statistic 19 that your department keeps track of which is called 20 EMS Pre-hospital Saves and Engine Pre-hospital Saves, 21 and when looking at those vital statistics, there are 2.2 more lives being lost today compared to two years 23 ago, and this I believe is something we need to look closer at when we're evaluating our EMS and fire 24 25 services. For example, what I see is in 2014 Engine

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 56 |
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| 2 | Pre-hospital Saves were 412 lives, whereas in 2016 |
| 3 | Engine Pre-hospital saves went down to 305. That's a |
| 4 | decrease of 25 percent. I don't think it's just by |
| 5 | chance. I do believe it has something to do with |
| 6 | response times as well as EMS Pre-hospital Saves. In |
| 7 | 2014 it was 623, whereas in 2016 it was only 475. |
| 8 | That too went down approximately 25 percent. Why do |
| 9 | you think these numbers are going down? |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, certainly if it |
| 11 | was a result of response time, it would mean that the |
| 12 | faster we get there the fewer people we save. So, |
| 13 | because we are getting there quicker than we were, so |
| 14 | it would actually be reverse logic. But some of the |
| 15 | figures we have found |
| 16 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] I'm |
| 17 | sorry, I didn't understand that. Can you explain |
| 18 | that one more time? |
| 19 | COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Well, if we are |
| 20 | getting, which we are, if we're getting to the scene |
| 21 | faster than we were, and we're saving fewer people, |
| 22 | then one would extrapolate that getting there faster |
| 23 | saves fewer lives, and we all know that's |
| 24 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Or the |
| 25 | way you're tracking them. |
| ļ | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 57 2 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: We all know that's 3 not true. Excuse me? 4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Or the way you're tracking faster. Your EMS numbers are not faster in 5 every borough, and it's not faster that an ambulance-6 7 8 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: [interposing] Oh, I 9 think they are. 10 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: is getting there. 11 So, I don't think that -- and even with the fire--12 even with the fire responses, they've gone up. The 13 response time is not decreasing. 14 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: The response times 15 have not increased. 16 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Not by the 17 statistics that I have. 18 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: You know, I have not 19 looked at that number that you're using, so I really have a little difficulty commenting on it. I think 20 much of what it is, we depend on getting data from 21 the hospitals as to the outcomes of calls. 2.2 23 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Right. 24 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: And we had a period where we were getting incomplete data, so we could 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 58 2 not report on it, and we have found the numbers may not be what they seem. So, unless I look at it 3 further--4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] I 5 encourage the department to. 6 7 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: I doubt the 8 accuracy. 9 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: To look at it further, because this is an important statistic, and 10 11 we need to have better statistics like this, more 12 transparency. The hospitals need to be getting the 13 information over to the City so that we could analyze this in a way where we could accurately say whether 14 15 New Yorkers are any safer today than they were two years ago. Because my numbers that I'm looking at, 16 17 the numbers I have are saying a different story. 18 [off mic comments] 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I think we covered 20 everything. So, I appreciate the Department. first 21 of all, I appreciate everything your members do in their life-saving, heroic efforts each and every day 2.2 23 to protect New Yorkers, and I look forward to continue our conversation on both the boots and the 24 vests, and also looking much closer at response times 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 59 and services, and working to make sure that New 2 3 Yorkers are safer especially when it relates to 4 Emergency Medical Services. 5 COMMISSIONER NIGRO: Absolutely. Thank you very much. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you. The committee would like to call up George Farinacci who 8 9 is the UFOA Local 854 representative. George, when you're ready, please begin your testimony. 10 11 GEORGE FARINACCI: Okay. 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Yeah, might as well. Sorry for the commotion. 13 14 GEORGE FARINACCI: No worries. Alright, 15 thanks for having me. Thank you very much to the Criminal--16 17 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] We 18 also skipped protocol. 19 GEORGE FARINACCI: We did. 20 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Public was supposed 21 to go on later today. GEORGE FARINACCI: I thank you very much 2.2 23 for that as well. I can make my meeting. Thank you all and thank you to the Chair. So, just a couple of 24 points about having a second set of boots. Our 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 60 2 members are pretty pragmatic. They're not looking 3 for the new fall fashions or spring fashions, they're 4 looking for a second set of boots to operate with at 5 a fire. You know, obviously, a dangerous condition. A wet set of boots which is encountered in the winter 6 7 months or in the summer months from sweat or just 8 operationally in any type of water leak or any fire 9 for that matter, which obviously we use water to put out the fires. When the boots are wet, they have a 10 11 thermal barrier and a liner made up of multiple 12 layers inside the boot. It's constructed in such a 13 way that it's a separate entity from the boot. It's 14 a bootie that's used-- that's placed in the boot with 15 an adhesive. When the boot is wet it becomes very 16 difficult to get your foot in and out of the boot. 17 In that process that adhesive sometimes will break 18 down. The inside bootie will turn inside out, and you can't get your foot in and out of the boot in any 19 20 kind of great speed, which we often need to get into 21 our gear and out of our gear. The wet boots will 2.2 take often times up to two weeks to dry. Wet boots 23 lead to wet socks, lead to a cold fireman, and lead to also a much heavier piece of gear that we have to 24 25 work with. When you have an extra couple of pounds

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 61 2 on your feet you begin to feel it. Our members are 3 often asked to work to exhaustion at fires, and every little bit of effort to be saved for that critical 4 time when God forbid there's somebody to grab onto, 5 we could use that extra energy. So, we went over the 6 7 cost. You know, every number is a big number in the way of the budget, I understand that, but the members 8 9 have been asking this for guite a while to get a separate set of boots just to be able to operate a 10 11 little bit more efficiently, and you know, also avoid 12 such things like rashes and bacteria builds up in the 13 boots which come from wet boots. We have a much larger incidence of that happening in Probie [sic] 14 15 school where they wear them wet pretty regularly in 16 training because they're there five days a week. So 17 we can take a look at that and see that it's a-- it's 18 been an ongoing problem. And I would just -- those 19 So I would appreciate any would be the key points. consideration in finding some budget in there to. 20 21 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: When asked about 2.2 the boots, the Commissioner seemed to think they were 23 essential, so we'll work together over the next couple of months to get -- to hopefully get them in 24 25 the budget.

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 62
GEORGE FARINACCI: Very much appreciated.
CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you for
testifying today.

5 GEORGE FARINACCI: Thank you. Thank you 6 very much.

7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: We will move into 8 the second part of the hearing, the Department of 9 Probation. I would ask Commissioner Bermudez and her team to please -- [off mic comments] So, I would thank 10 11 Commissioner Bermudez for being here today, for the work that she does on behalf of the City. The 12 Department's Fiscal 2018 Preliminary Budget totals 13 14 1.6 million dollars, a decrease of less than one 15 percent compared to the Fiscal Year 2017 Adopted 16 Budget. The Department budget focuses on headcount 17 of approximately 1,051 personnel. The budget 18 includes the Department's efforts to reduce 19 recidivism through initiatives such as mentoring and 20 the Next Steps Program. The Committee looks forward to learning more about the Department's new 21 initiatives, the Department's ongoing efforts to 2.2 23 create programs that reduce recidivism and the budget priorities for 2018. In addition, the committee 24 looks forward to receiving an update on the Council's 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 63 2 anti-qun violence initiative. Before we hear from 3 you, Commissioner, and anybody else on your team, we 4 must swear you in. If you could raise your right hand? Do you affirm to tell the truth and nothing 5 but the truth in answering the committee with the 6 7 questions that you're posted and also in your 8 testimony? Thank you.

9 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Good morning. Good morning, Chair Crowley and members of the Fire 10 11 and Criminal Justice Services Committee. I am Ana 12 Bermudez, Commissioner for the Department of 13 Probation. I'm joined by my cabinet, Deputy 14 Commissioners Michael Forte, Gineen Gray, and Sharun 15 Goodwin, and General Counsel Wayne McKenzie. Thank 16 you for the opportunity to testify about the critical 17 work of the Department of Probation and its 18 Preliminary Fiscal Year 2018 Budget. Our department 19 occupies a unique position in the Criminal and 20 Juvenile Justice systems as we help to reduce crime 21 through a carefully calibrated balance of structure 2.2 and support. This balanced approach allows those on 23 probation to create what we refer to as their "new now" while developing deeper community connections 24 and engagement in their neighborhoods. New York City 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 64 2 continues to see a decline in overall crime and a 3 decrease in arrest for minor offenses which helps reduce the number of people entering the justice 4 This allows law enforcement agencies 5 system. including ours to better and more strategically focus 6 7 resources on those that pose a greater risk to public 8 safety. Last year the Department provided intake 9 investigation and supervision services in more than 57,000 cases and directly supervised 27,000 adults 10 11 and 2,600 juveniles. On any given day, the 12 Department supervises 22,000 people, which is more 13 than double the city's current jail population. For 14 Fiscal Year 2018 the Department has a Preliminary 15 Budget of 100.6 million dollars as compared to our 16 Fiscal Year 2017 Adopted Budget of 100.7 million 17 dollars. Notable changes in the Preliminary Budget 18 include an expansion of mentoring programming, a 19 reduction in Center for Economic Opportunity funding, 20 and recognition of State Juvenile Prevention funding. When compared to our current budget of 100.6 million 21 dollars, the Fiscal Year 18 Preliminary Budget of 2.2 23 100.6 million is four million or nearly four percent less, which is primarily attributable to intercity 24 funding that historically has added to our budget 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 65 |
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| 2 | post-adoption. Of the 100.6 million allocated to our |
| 3 | Preliminary Budget, 73 percent or 73.8 million is |
| 4 | allocated personnel services, and 27 percent or 26.8 |
| 5 | million is allocated to other than personnel |
| 6 | services; 79.4 million are city tax levy funds; 14.8 |
| 7 | million are state funds; 6.3 million are inner-city |
| 8 | funds, and 74,000 are federal grant funds. State |
| 9 | funding, which previously reimbursed nearly 50 |
| 10 | percent of local probation costs now provides only 14 |
| 11 | percent of our operating costs and is expected to |
| 12 | remain flat the 2011 funding level. Our budget |
| 13 | priorities reflect critical investment in sustaining |
| 14 | and expanding our continuum of structured |
| 15 | accountability, opportunity and support services, and |
| 16 | our community-focused model of working to meet the |
| 17 | unique needs of those on probation. In other words, |
| 18 | we're striving for a one-size-fits-one model. In |
| 19 | terms of expanding structure and accountability, our |
| 20 | Department continues to be a key partner in the Cease |
| 21 | Fire initiative with the NYPD, District Attorneys and |
| 22 | other key stakeholders dedicated to reducing violent |
| 23 | crime. Last October, Cease Fire expanded to the |
| 24 | Bronx with the first call-in yielding 100 percent |
| 25 | participation from those identified. We have also |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 66 expanded the role of our Intelligence Unit which in 2 3 Fiscal Year 16 completed 956 Field Enforcement 4 Actions, an increase of 48 percent. Those include NYPD Domestic Incident Report Notice follow-ups, 5 gang-related investigations, bench warrant 6 7 enforcement, failure to report home visits, and 8 transporting individuals to and from other 9 jurisdictions. We're also in the process of overhauling and revamping our case planning process, 10 11 known as the Individual Action Plan, or IAP. The IAP 12 serves as a behavior change guide to successfully 13 complete one's probation sentence, as it is the 14 agenda for each probation meeting between the 15 probation officer and the person on probation, but it 16 also ensures accountability within the agency as it 17 allows the chain of command to evaluate whether or 18 not we're effectively guiding the people we supervise 19 toward that change. One of my goals as commissioner 20 is to ensure that all probation offices are well-21 versed and skilled in utilizing the IAP, as the positive effects of addressing each client's specific 2.2 23 criminogenic needs will last throughout future probation practice. At the beginning of last year 24 25 with support from a US Department of Justice grant,

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 67 2 we launched Anyone Can Excel, or ACE, a new 3 supervision model for our young people age 16 to 24. 4 ACE officers completed an unprecedented six months of training on new and additional tools to effectively 5 engage young adults on the issues of violence, peer 6 7 relations and decision-making. I'm pleased to share 8 with you preliminary data. Over the past year, 23 9 percent fewer young adults in ACE were re-arrested as compared to a similar group of non-ACE 16 to 24 year 10 11 olds. Cease Fire Intel, the IAP and ACE are all 12 examples of expanded accountability at the agency or 13 system levels, but frankly the individual level is 14 often most compelling. So, I want to share with you 15 a success story of someone who recently completed a three-year probation sentence. Sally was arrested on 16 17 a felony DUI and supervised at our Queens' Office by 18 Probation Officer Sang [sp?] and Supervising 19 Probation Officer Perez [sp?]. She told us about how 20 much of a struggle it was as it was her first offense 21 of any sort and one that nearly broke her. In her 2.2 own words, "I was guilty of neglect of the love of my 23 life, my then 12-year-old son whom I could have killed or severely hurt had I not been arrested. 24 Ι also lost my job, which I loved, all savings, my 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 68 |
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| 2 | home, and honestly my will to live at times. I was |
| 3 | skeptical I would ever recover, but Officers Perez |
| 4 | and Sang pulled me through. I will forever be |
| 5 | grateful as I know my now 16-year-old son, four |
| 6 | siblings, 87-year-old parents, and friends are." |
| 7 | Though initially not in the best frame of mind, Sally |
| 8 | attributes her success on probation to being treated |
| 9 | with respect and understanding even when as she says |
| 10 | they were delivering answers we all knew I did not |
| 11 | want to hear. "I believe it is because of their kind |
| 12 | humanity and strict procedure that I was able to |
| 13 | successfully complete probation, maintain sobriety |
| 14 | and serve as the ultimate example to a vast number of |
| 15 | people to never commit the offense that I did." |
| 16 | People like Sally also need opportunities to thrive. |
| 17 | So we've also been working hard to expand |
| 18 | opportunities for people on probation. In |
| 19 | partnership with the Center for Employment |
| 20 | Opportunities, we were awarded a grant from the New |
| 21 | York State's Division of Criminal Justice Services to |
| 22 | launch a transitional employment program that |
| 23 | combines education and training on life skills, |
| 24 | short-term paid transitional employment, full-time |
| 25 | job placement and post-placement services for high- |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 69 2 need young adults on probation. We're also seeing 3 success around employability from our Young Adult 4 Success Corps, which I've mentioned here before. Launched in partnership with the New York City 5 Service, the Young Adult Success Corps matches young 6 7 adults on probation with stipend intern positions at 8 service locations selected by community stakeholders. 9 To date, we have had 73 corps members and they have really transformed through their participation in 10 this program. Last fall, the young people were 11 interviewed by staff from the US Senate 12 13 Appropriations Committee, and the Committee was so 14 impressed that they wanted to explore scaling the 15 model nationwide. One corps member said, "Most of my 16 friends just have dreams and hopes, but they don't do 17 anything about them. In this program I've been 18 getting to learn the skills and make the connections 19 that I can use to make my dreams actually happen, and 20 that's cool and lets me take pride in my work." 21 This program creates a sense of agency within our 2.2 young people through a unique transformational 23 experience involving teamwork, leadership and responsibility. Out of school time is another key 24 area we're addressing. Not surprisingly, youth are 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 70 2 more likely to be involved in problematic situations when they have idle time on their hands. 3 To address 4 this, our new Brooklyn and South Bronx PEAK Centers begin operation later this month in partnership with 5 the Center for Alternative Sentencing and Employment 6 7 Services. PEAK stands for Pathway to Excellence, 8 Achievement and Knowledge, and provides and 9 afterschool or evening safe haven for Family Court involved youth age 18 and under with a focus on a 10 11 variety of things: educational, skill building, 12 employability, community engagement, peer support, 13 artistic expression, and recreation. Young people 14 and their families will also have access to case 15 assist wrap around services including state license, 16 mental health treatment, monthly family forums, 17 weekly outings, and a daily hot meal. As you just 18 heard, we cannot and do not do this work in a vacuum. 19 Cross-agency partnerships such as co-chairing our 20 working group on the New York City Taskforce on 21 Domestic Violence and expanded work in behavioral 2.2 health are critical to our success. In conjunction 23 with ThriveNYC, the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, the Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice, and 24 NYC Health & Hospitals, we're working to ensure to 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 71 2 those on probation are receiving proper behavioral We're also providing ongoing Naloxone or 3 healthcare. 4 Narcan training for probation officers, and given the high usage of opioids in the borough of Staten 5 Island, we partnered to conduct a joint training with 6 7 Richmond County District Attorney Michael McMahon. As we continue to address these issues, the use of 8 9 Adolescent Portable Therapy or APT, a flexible inhome family substance abuse and mental health therapy 10 11 model for at-risk youth and their families is even 12 more critical to our department. To that end, we are 13 hopeful that Council funding for this program can be 14 revisited. In our work, it is not only the services 15 and resources that we offer, but how they're offered 16 and by whom that makes the most difference. The life 17 experiences of credible messengers make them 18 particularly competent in connecting with people and 19 families involved in the justice system. Often from 20 similar backgrounds, Credible Messengers seek to 21 reduce justice system involvement and recidivism by 2.2 improving one's ability to make better, less 23 impulsive decisions and develop safer means of resolving conflicts, thereby enhancing public safety 24 and strengthening communities. Our Arches 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 72 |
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| 2 | Transformative Mentoring Program which relies on |
| 3 | credible messenger mentors is now a proven success. |
| 4 | A forthcoming impact evaluation of Arches and its use |
| 5 | of Credible Messengers conducted by the Urban |
| 6 | Institute looked at felony reconvictions for Arches |
| 7 | participants versus non-Arches participants. |
| 8 | Evaluation found a significantly lower level of |
| 9 | felony reconvictions for those involved in Arches. |
| 10 | The program model is already being replicated in |
| 11 | targeted NYCHA developments in the form of next steps |
| 12 | as well as in other jurisdictions across the country. |
| 13 | We also work with Credible Messengers as parent |
| 14 | coaches in our Family Court Parent Support Program. |
| 15 | Parent coaches whose own children have been justice- |
| 16 | involved provide individual support to parents, |
| 17 | guardians and families in navigating the juvenile |
| 18 | justice system and in taking an active role in their |
| 19 | children's cases. Since it began in 2014, over 830 |
| 20 | families across New York City have participated, and |
| 21 | as a result we have seen both increased parental |
| 22 | involvement and understanding of the system. Most |
| 23 | importantly, we have seen a reduction in violations |
| 24 | of probation based on parental report of non- |
| 25 | compliance as parents have developed outlets for |
| l | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 73 2 their own needs and means of supporting and managing their children. Having seen the profound impact that 3 4 Credible Messengers have on the work that we do, I am pleased to share with you the establishment of the 5 New York City center for Credible Messengering. 6 7 Across disciplinary collaboration between DOP, Community Connection for Youth and the Silverman 8 9 School of Social Work at Hunter College, the Center will serve as the coordinating hub for Probation's 10 11 existing and future Credible Messenger Mentoring and 12 Peer Support programs. Other city agencies and 13 jurisdictions across the country regularly reach out 14 to us to learn from and replicate the credible 15 messenger mentoring approach. This center will serve 16 as a clearing house of Credible Messenger best 17 practices, and it'll enable development and 18 enhancement for other Transformative Mentoring and 19 Credible Messenger initiatives. Finally, what would 20 my testimony be without mentioning our NEONS, our 21 Neighborhood Opportunity Networks, as they continue 2.2 to break new ground in community corrections, leading 23 the way nationally and providing critical services throughout our city. NEONS provide those on 24 probation with necessary structure. They are first 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 74 2 and foremost local probation supervision sites, but 3 they're also a place of support where we provide 4 resources and services to both those on probation and other members of their community. This includes not 5 only the issuance of IDNYC, enrollment in health 6 7 institution, HSC [sic] classes and more, but also our signature initiatives, the NEON Nutrition Kitchens, 8 9 NEON Clothing Closets, NEON Arts, and NEON Sports. The NEON model of working with and within a community 10 11 is truly transformative for both those on probation 12 and others. Late last year, our Probation Officer 13 Rodney Smith who co-chairs our South Bronx NEON 14 Stakeholder Group received a letter from a community 15 resident about a young man who we will call Pablo. 16 Let me tell you a little bit more about Pablo to set 17 the stage. Pablo entered the school system as a non-18 English-speaking student, extremely shy, withdrawn, 19 and he hardly ever spoke. His family of seven has 20 moved several times in search of affordable housing, 21 and all they can ever afford is a one-bedroom 2.2 apartment such as the one they live in today. Each 23 time they moved, Pablo is forced to change schools. Pablo's mother in turn is so depressed that she is 24 25 regularly hospitalized and requires a home attendant.

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 75 2 His father works 24/7 in a pizza shop in order to 3 make ends meet. So, as you can imagine, Pablo 4 suffered from constant bullying and harassment by 5 peers, developed no friendships with classmates, and repeatedly came home in tears. Although he rarely 6 7 said more than two or three words, he's actually 8 quite bright. When he failed two classes and was 9 sent to evening high school for an additional semester, he had no trouble completing them in 10 11 February of last year. However, he then had seven 12 months to wait in an attempt to enter college, but he 13 was expressing no ambition, no motivation, no goals, 14 and no dreams. The letter talks about how college wasn't even on Pablo's radar until Probation Officer 15 16 Smith stepped in and connected him to NEON Arts. То 17 quote from the letter directly now, "All I can say is 18 that your program lifted Pablo out of his malaise and 19 depression, gave him hope and a voice. During the 20 NEON Arts presentation Pablo stood with a group of 21 peers, spoke to an audience and answered questions. 2.2 He spoke more words on that day than in the 14 years 23 I've known him. During his entire life Pablo literally hid underneath a mop of thick curly hair 24 with bangs so long he had to tilt his head slightly 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 76 2 backward to see. NEON Arts was the start of something big, permitting a butterfly to emerge from 3 4 a cocoon where he appeared to be trapped. He is now enrolled in Bronx Community College majoring in 5 mathematics and has cut that mop of hair that enabled 6 7 all of us as well as himself to see him in more ways than one. Most of all, NEON, which I have dubbed the 8 9 Miracle Program, enabled Pablo to find his voice which has emerged loud and clear and it continues to 10 11 strengthen with each passing day. For that, I thank you, as well as Pablo's father who exclaimed, 'They 12 13 saved my son. Look at the change." I thank you for 14 the opportunity to testify about the critical work 15 and very significant accomplishments of this 16 department. As always there's more to be done. At 17 the beginning of this year, in fact, you and your 18 City Council colleagues received funding request in 19 regards to expanding NEON Arts and sports so that 20 more New Yorkers like Pablo have access to arts and 21 culture, health and fitness, and stronger community connections in their neighborhoods. As you've heard, 2.2 23 probation is singular in its role of providing community-based accountability and support for those 24 who would otherwise be incarcerated. As host of this 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 77 summer's American Probation and Parole Association 2 3 Conference, New York City Probation is a leading 4 voice on the role of community supervision in strengthening communities and changing lives. 5 Thank you again for your time and we're pleased to answer 6 7 any questions you may have. 8 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you, 9 Commissioner. Thank you for the work that you do in your agency, all the team at Probation, and for 10 11 sharing the story about Pablo. My first question is 12 how many of the young adults or teens that you serve 13 have yet to get involved in criminal justice system? 14 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Well, we don't--15 well, through NEON Arts is the only time that we-the only program that we have that directly engages 16 17 with young people who are not in the justice system. 18 Although, justice scholars-- I mean, justice 19 community and the Justice Plus, which you fund, the 20 Council funds, also work with young people who are 21 not on probation. Next Steps, which is an adaptation 2.2 of our Arches program, also works with people not on 23 probation. So, we have not because of -- you know, we don't necessarily track those outcomes, because 24 they're not, you know, within our database system, 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 78 but they all have ongoing evaluations at that time. 2 3 So we will be seeing some of those results. 4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Do you know how many New Yorkers are served? 5 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: So, in NEON Arts, 6 about 50 percent of the people who participate are 7 not on probation, and that's not counting-- that's 8 9 participation in the direct program, but then there's the audiences. Every NEON Arts cycle ends in a 10 11 community presentation. We've had more than 7,000 12 people attend and participate. 13 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Oh, wow, that's a 14 lot. 15 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: And at least half 16 of those are not on probation. So, our reach is 17 quite deep. 18 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Question about your 19 How many work actually within the Department staff. 20 of Probation? How many are contracted out, and how many work with other city agencies, like the Mayor's 21 Office of Criminal Justice? 2.2 23 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Well, all our employees are -- the thousand as you cited are -- you 24 know, work directly with us, and then we have some 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 79 2 subcontracts that we have through the -- oh, yeah. So 3 we have 14 staff at MOCJ, at the Mayor's Office of 4 Criminal Justice, sorry about that, and we have --5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Sorry, 6 can you repeat that? How many? 7 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Fourteen. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Fourteen. 8 9 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Positions at the Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice. Due to the 10 11 partnership that we have and the overlap of the work 12 that we do, we fund those positions, but they're 13 physically housed at the Mayor's Office. 14 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Your testimony you 15 mentioned that 75 percent of your budget is PS and 25 16 is OTPS. The OTPS is not contracted out, right? 17 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: The OTP-- some of 18 it is. 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, it is actually 20 paying for people to do work? 21 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Yes, it's for the 2.2 CBO's that run-- so the Arches program is an RFP. 23 So, that -- so Arches, Justice Plus and all those programs are--24 25 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] So--

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 80 2 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: part of that. 3 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, the budget 4 technically is more than 75 percent personnel services. 5 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Yes. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: When you break down 8 the--9 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: [interposing] Yes. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: the contracts. 10 11 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Ultimately, yes. 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And you can provide that for the Executive Budget? 13 14 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Absolutely. 15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How many people are 16 working and--17 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: [interposing] 18 Sure. 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: various different 20 contracted out offices. I did see an increase in 21 number of violations of probationers for adults and 2.2 also for juveniles. Do you see these same increases 23 in rates, first four months of Fiscal 17 compared to first four months of 16? 24 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 81 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: So, yes. So we |
| 3 | are always watching those, those numbers. When the |
| 4 | violations violation rates fluctuate because it |
| 5 | depends on the population of people that we have |
| 6 | etcetera, and we have however, reduced the number of |
| 7 | technical violations quite a bit so that when we're |
| 8 | filing violations those violations are for public |
| 9 | safety issues, right? So, in and when you look |
| 10 | back at calendar years, which is what we tend to look |
| 11 | at on a consistent basis, the Calendar Year 15 rate |
| 12 | for example was three percent, and we are you know, |
| 13 | we just constantly watch those numbers to make sure |
| 14 | that we're using the violation process correctly. |
| 15 | Sometimes it's a wake-up call for people, right? And |
| 16 | so that's why we always do case reviews, because a |
| 17 | violation of probation does not always mean a failure |
| 18 | of either the person or us and the work that we're |
| 19 | doing. |
| 20 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Could it be the |
| 21 | population you're working with is changing, even if |
| 22 | you have fewer probationers you're watching? They |
| 23 | could be more likely to revisit the system. |
| 24 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Some, yeah. Some |
| 25 | is accounted for that, absolutely, and that's like |

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 82 |
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| 2 | I said, we're always evaluating that internally |
| 3 | because we have to know what the trends are, right, |
| 4 | and why the violations are being filed. So, it's an |
| 5 | important tool of our practice, and you know, we try |
| 6 | to learn from each time we have to file one. |
| 7 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I'm going to |
| 8 | recognize Council Member Gibson for questions. |
| 9 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Thank you, Chair |
| 10 | Crowley. Good morning, Commissioner |
| 11 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: [interposing] Good |
| 12 | morning. |
| 13 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: to you and your |
| 14 | team. Good to see you once again. Always want to |
| 15 | give credit and acknowledge the amazing work you do |
| 16 | with a multitude of programs in the Bronx. I'm |
| 17 | excited. Had an opportunity recently to meet with |
| 18 | both Osborne Association and Carnegie Hall, and I |
| 19 | didn't know the work that Carnegie Hall was doing |
| 20 | with the South Bronx NEON program, but now I do. |
| 21 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Yeah. |
| 22 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: And it's |
| 23 | impressive. I wanted to ask a couple of questions on |
| 24 | some of the specific programs. So, I'm aware that |
| 25 | Cease Fire has now began in the 4-0, 4-2, 4-4, I |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 83 2 believe, and maybe PSA Seven, I believe. What is the 3 role that probation plays in Cease Fire? Can you 4 help me understand in terms of the partnership? COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Oh, absolutely. 5 Yes. This is an important partnership that we have as 6 7 we've been very successful in Brooklyn. How Cease Fire works is that the NYPD identifies the various 8 9 crews that are operating in the borough or in those areas that you mentioned, the precincts, and they 10 11 first target the ones that have been most active in 12 engagement and in violent behavior, right? There is 13 a call-in to representatives of those groups. When there's-- so then our partnership is that any member 14 15 of those groups who is on probation gets a letter 16 from me saying you're being requested -- of course, 17 it's not really voluntary -- to attend this meeting, 18 right, this call-in meeting, and you know, they're 19 told where to go, etcetera. Our officers then work 20 with those people to make sure that they attend, and 21 then Cease Fire, the way it works is that there's a law enforcement voice, a moral authority of the 2.2 23 community voice, and that's a very important piece to get right, you know, because we in Brooklyn at first 24 we didn't have the right person and that made a 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 84 |
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| 2 | difference. So, who the moral authority of the |
| 3 | community is to be saying violence has to stop. We |
| 4 | cannot live like this. This is we don't believe |
| 5 | you want to live like this either, right? And then |
| 6 | there's community-based organizations present saying, |
| 7 | "And if you want to get out of that, we're here." |
| 8 | Right? You can engage with us. We have all these |
| 9 | opportunities, right? And so what happens is that we |
| 10 | are conduits to the message. We then work with the |
| 11 | people who are called in to make sure that they're |
| 12 | abiding by their commitments and promises, and if |
| 13 | they don't, then there's enhanced, you know, |
| 14 | consequences within probation, right? And we have |
| 15 | been very successful in containing behavior that way. |
| 16 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. So in terms |
| 17 | of the ongoing and the consistent contact, many of |
| 18 | the clients that are engaged in, you know, the crew |
| 19 | operations, we have attempted and responded in such a |
| 20 | way where, you know, there are more youth jobs. |
| 21 | There's more opportunities. So how do we deal with |
| 22 | many of the societal factors? The community-based |
| 23 | organizations that are a part of this network, I |
| 24 | imagine not knowing everyone that's at the table, but |
| 25 | each of the organizations should be able to provide |
| l | |

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 85 |
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| 2 | some level of services to address maybe an |
| 3 | immigration issue that could potentially be a DV |
| 4 | issues. Some of the other factors that we're dealing |
| 5 | with that we know are prevalent and obviously can |
| 6 | play a role in young people's ability to either not |
| 7 | enter the criminal justice system or have an |
| 8 | alternative of a positive interaction. |
| 9 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Right. So |
| 10 | there's planning meetings in the Cease Fire groups. |
| 11 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: And I think those |
| 13 | are the important things to bring into those meetings |
| 14 | is what are the needs holding people back, you know, |
| 15 | from making the choice not to engage in violence, |
| 16 | right, aside from what we already know of either, you |
| 17 | know, employment programs or education, etcetera, but |
| 18 | the particular communities are, you know have |
| 19 | immigration issues, as you raised, or housing or |
| 20 | whatnot, and what are the connectors. We part of |
| 21 | our role is that connective tissue, right, of |
| 22 | connection the people on probation do those things, |
| 23 | but you're right that the people who are not on |
| 24 | probation need that as well, and how Cease Fire can |
| 25 | |
| | |

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 86
try to make that happen would be an important
component in the Bronx.

4 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. I'm looking 5 forward to having a discussion about it. The Public 6 Safety hearing is on Tuesday, so Commissioner O'Neill 7 will come before us, and what I also know that with a 8 lot of the roll-outs, I think about JRIP [sic], a 9 program that Chair Crowley is very passionate about 10 that looks at robbery--

11 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: [interposing] Yes. COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: intervention 12 13 services for individuals that may be accused of 14 robberies, and it focuses on some of the similar 15 factors that Cease Fire seeks to do, but we are 16 looking obviously at crime in that particular 17 precinct. Is crime being reduced? But I also look 18 at other factors. Like for me, a performance 19 measurement is how likely are young people able to 20 stay in school to graduate to go to college to get a 21 job? I mean, that to me is a performance indicator 2.2 that to me measures success as well. I think we can 23 do it simultaneous. We can keep crime down and also make sure that some of the positive interactions are 24 25 also proving successful as well.

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 87 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Yes, absolutely. |
| 3 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. I wanted to |
| 4 | a little further understand so you talked about |
| 5 | some of these NEON programs, I'm not familiar with |
| 6 | all of them. I know about the Nutrition Kitchen. I |
| 7 | had a chance to visit the kitchen at the south NEON |
| 8 | office. Clothing closets, I don't know about that. |
| 9 | NEON Arts, I think that is that the program with |
| 10 | Carnegie Hall? |
| 11 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: The Carnegie |
| 12 | Hall, yes. |
| 13 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. And NEON |
| 14 | Sports? |
| 15 | COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: So, let me tell |
| 16 | so part of what's happening with the NEONS is that we |
| 17 | believe that we have a very unique structure that |
| 18 | allows an ability to channel opportunities to people |
| 19 | at the most core level of a community or a |
| 20 | neighborhood, right? So each NEON has a stakeholder |
| 21 | group, right? And so the stakeholder groups decide |
| 22 | which NEON Arts, for example, providers which |
| 23 | providers are going to give the NEON Arts |
| 24 | programming. So, the same so we thought, okay, so |
| 25 | we got the arts, what other things do people need, |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 88 2 right? And so we decided that, you know, as we looked at our data and saw that the unstructured use, 3 4 the unstructured leisure time that the young people have is terrible for them, and sports is a natural 5 connector to young people that we would start NEON 6 7 Sports. So what we have is that we've piloted a 8 little bit right now with some funds that we were 9 able to repurpose to then give that money to the NEON stakeholder groups and say, okay, you guys decide 10 11 what kind of sporting opportunities are needed and leisure time activity opportunities are needed in 12 13 your community? So, each-- I think we've had, what, 14 two cycles? Two cycles so far. We've got everything 15 from what, Sharun, fencing to-- DC Goodwin can address that a little bit. 16 17 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: You're microphone 18 not's on. 19 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Turn on your mic. 20 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER GOODWIN: So, under 21 NEON Sports they've done fencing, swimming. They've 2.2 done of course basketball. So we're looking to 23 really expand. A lot of them love the basketball, so that's like really major in a lot of different 24 boroughs, but we've been, you know, experimenting 25

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 89
with other sports like lacrosse and trying to get
more people in the room to introduce our community to
different kind of sports, but right now they're
grasping on. They love the fencing. They loved, of
course, basketball and swimming, which is unique.

7 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: So, then the 8 Clothing Closet happened similar, in a way similar to 9 the NEON Kitchens, the Nutrition Kitchens, which was that our probation officers were essentially feeding 10 11 our clients, probation clients, as they came in and 12 were hungry, which was fairly prevalent. Same thing 13 with clothing. People, you know, people either who 14 had spent time in Rikers and came out and were put on 15 probation and their clothing was not great, or people 16 who were now trying to get jobs and didn't have 17 business attire.

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Right. COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: So, it covers-each Clothing Closet has a different flavor, if you will, but basically it's so that people can actually get clothing help if they need it to improve their lives. And so having it as a hub we already have a track record of having community members come in for

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 90 2 the food pantry on, you know, one day is always 3 community day. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Right. 5 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: And so that's-we've been expanding. What else? NEON Health, NEON-6 7 - whatever it is that we can just bring to the actual 8 community directly. 9 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Right. Thank you. So I know we have other committees, I'm sorry, 10 11 other agencies coming after us. So, I thank you for 12 your time. Thank you, Chair Crowley, and I certainly 13 want to recognize Deputy Commissioner Goodwin for the 14 long relationship we've had, and Kate Spalding who 15 does amazing work. I call her all the time day and 16 night and she always answers, because I get very 17 unique cases that I just can't handle. So, thank 18 you, Kate, and thank you, Commissioner, to you and 19 your team. I appreciate it. 20 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Thank you. 21 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I have no further 2.2 questions. Thank you, Commissioner, for being here 23 today to testify and for the work that you and your agency does. 24 25 COMMISSIONER BERMUDEZ: Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 91
CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: We're going to take
a two-minute break before we hear from Department of
Correction.

[break]

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CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Good afternoon. 6 7 Welcome, Commissioner. I am going to read my opening statement, and then we're going to hear testimony 8 9 from you and your staff. We will review Fiscal Year 2018 Preliminary Budget and Fiscal Year 2017 10 11 Preliminary Mayor's Management Report. The Department's Fiscal 2018 Preliminary Budget totals 12 1.4 billion, a 48 million increase from last year 13 14 which will support the increasing number of 15 correction offices hired. In addition, the Department of Corrections Capital Budget includes 2.1 16 17 billion dollars for Fiscal Year 2017 through 2020, 18 including major capital projects such as adolescent 19 facility and a new jail in Rikers Island which has 20 been in the budget since the last Administration. The Department's headcount increased by 74 positions 21 for Fiscal Year 2018 and its current class size of 2.2 23 929, the largest class size to date. Although the expense budget includes funding to support personnel, 24 I am concerned that the capital budget still does not 25

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 1 92 2 support a new training facility that is so 3 desperately needed. During Fiscal Year 2017 4 Preliminary Budget hearing I addressed the issue for a new training facility. This has not trained. 5 The current training facility is substandard and pales in 6 7 comparison to other uniformed agencies like the FDNY 8 and the NYPD. It cannot provide the level of 9 professionalism that is expected of our correction officers and new recruits. In the reform agenda the 10 11 Administration identified improved training as a core tenant in changing the culture of violence on Rikers 12 13 Island. I am concerned that proper training facility needs have not been addressed, even with the 14 15 expensive consulting contract of the McKinsey Group. I am under is also-- it is also understood the 16 17 department awarded the McKinsey Group and other 18 contracts to help with the implementation of the 14-19 point Violence Plan Reduction. The Committee would 20 like to know more information as to the scope of 21 services that McKinsey is to provide under this 2.2 contract. The committee would like to know why 23 violent inmate-on-inmate incidents and injuries continue to increase on Rikers Island despite the 24 Department of Corrections ever-growing budget and 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 93 |
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| 2 | what the Department plans to do to address these |
| 3 | issues. I welcome the Commissioner and his staff |
| 4 | here, and I would ask you to take the oath before you |
| 5 | start your testimony. If you, Commissioner, and |
| 6 | anyone on your team expects to answer questions that |
| 7 | are posed by the committee or testify in any way, if |
| 8 | you could raise your right hand? Do you affirm to |
| 9 | tell the truth and nothing but the truth in answering |
| 10 | questions this committee poses and in your testimony? |
| 11 | Thank you. Commissioner, please begin your |
| 12 | testimony. |
| 13 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: Well, good morning, |
| 14 | Chair Crowley and members of the Fire and Criminal |
| 15 | Justice Services Committee. I am Joseph Ponte, |
| 16 | Commissioner of the New York City Department of |
| 17 | Corrections, and thank you for the opportunity to |
| 18 | testify today. As you are all well aware, I have |
| 19 | dedicated my time here in NYC to transforming the |
| 20 | Department of Corrections and how it operates. Early |
| 21 | on in my tenure, we concluded thorough assessment of |
| 22 | the Department's strengths, shortcomings, and needs. |
| 23 | From this assessment, we created that 14-Point plan, |
| 24 | Anti-Violence Agenda, which is holistic It's the |
| 25 | first holistic approach to reducing violence, |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 94 2 encompassing everything from improving search 3 procedures, reducing overtime, improving supply 4 distribution, providing meaningful programming, and reforming our behavior management model. I am proud 5 to inform the Council that we are seeing real impacts 6 7 of our reforms. We have substantially driven down critical violence indicators, even while reducing the 8 9 use of punitive segregation by approximately 90 percent and eliminating punitive segregation 10 11 altogether for individuals 21 and younger. We have 12 also been successfully implementing new and better 13 models of housing, programming, and healthcare for our inmates, while managing to reduce staff overtime. 14 15 The Mayor's Management Report indicates that several 16 critical violent indicators went down in FY 16 17 compared to FY 15. These violent reductions -- these 18 violence reductions were even more significant 19 through December. When we compare calendar year 15 20 to 16, use of force with serious injury decreased by 21 35 percent. Use of force with minor injury decreased by 18 percent. The total number of use of force 2.2 23 decreased by three percent. Serious injury to inmates stemming from fights or assaults decreased by 24 eight percent. Assaults on staff with serious injury 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 95 2 decreased by 31 percent. Assaults on staff with minor injury decreased by 19 percent. Total number 3 4 of assaults on staff decreased by 11 percent. These reductions are significant and demonstrate that our 5 reforms are having real impact on violence. However, 6 7 we still have a long ways to go. Most importantly, 8 stabbings and slashings increased again in 2016. One 9 factor contributing to this uptick is the prevalence of weapons that we cannot consistently recover. 10 We 11 found 37 percent more weapons in 2016 than in 2015, 12 but found 20 percent fewer scalpel blades, which are 13 a common weapon used in slashing incidents. As the Council is aware, we are currently unable to use the 14 15 ionizing body scanners that are the most effective 16 tool to find these types of weapons. We continue to 17 pursue a change in legislation to obtain the use of 18 these scanners, and I thank the Council for their 19 continued-- to continue to support us in that 20 endeavor. While we are seeing a reduction in most 21 violence, we still have too many incidents of violence, particularly incidents of violence against 2.2 23 staff. We are working closely with the Bronx District Attorney to combat violence on Rikers Island 24 by ensuring that those who hurt someone, staff, 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 96 |
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| 2 | visitor, or inmate, while in custody are prosecuted |
| 3 | for that assault. Recently, we've had two |
| 4 | convictions by the Bronx District Attorney that added |
| 5 | consecutive time to inmate sentences based on |
| 6 | assaults committed on staff. The impact of reforms |
| 7 | is perhaps most seem most amongst our seriously |
| 8 | mentally ill inmates. The programs that we and |
| 9 | Health + Hospitals have established to treat these |
| 10 | inmates have brought about remarkable change in |
| 11 | behavior and reductions in violence. Overall we are |
| 12 | seeing trends that suggest that there has been a |
| 13 | decrease in inmate involvement in serious use of |
| 14 | force by 67 percent in CAPS Unit and 74 percent in |
| 15 | our PACE Unit. Most importantly, once placed in CAPS |
| 16 | and PACE, inmates showed less aggression towards our |
| 17 | officers. They commit fewer assaults on staff, |
| 18 | physically resist staff less, and make fewer threats |
| 19 | against staff. In PACE and CAPS, health and |
| 20 | correctional staff work hand-in-hand to address |
| 21 | inmates' mental health needs in a clinical |
| 22 | environment. To date, these units have served over |
| 23 | 1,000 inmates, most of whom had previously been very |
| 24 | difficult to manage. In 2016, we opened our fifth |
| 25 | PACE Unit and will be diligently working to create |
| I | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 97 2 more of them, including a unit dedicated to young 3 adults, so that these individuals in custody can receive the treatment they need. Our focus on 4 treatment of mentally ill inmates is not limited to 5 those in the PACE Units. All uniformed staff receive 6 7 training in Mental Health, First Aid, Basic Crisis 8 Management, Conflict Resolution, and Crisis 9 Intervention in the academy as part of the regular in-service training. Recruits receive training in 10 11 mental illness, drug identification, interpersonal communication, suicide prevention, safe crisis 12 13 management, and crisis intervention. Those are all 14 new in our Academy classes. Many members of DOC and 15 H+H staff also receive Crisis Intervention Team 16 training. Crisis Intervention Teams have been 17 successful throughout the facilities in responding to 18 incidents and deescalating situations without using 19 force. CIT training is provided twice each month. 20 Health and correctional staff attend training 21 together to develop, in partnership, the skills 2.2 needed to assist patients in crisis. Expanding on 23 these initiatives, the Department has received a federal grant, along with H+H and the Vera Institute 24 of Justice, to create support teams in our clinics 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 98 2 and intake areas to assist inmates with mental health needs and to support officers. As stated, when the 3 4 grant was announced, the team-- when the grant was announced, the teams, which consist of mental health 5 staff and correction officers, will offer support to 6 7 correctional staff by providing skill refreshers and reinforcement of Mental Health First Aid training and 8 9 techniques. Through their emphasis on mental health first aid and de-escalation, the support teams will 10 11 strengthen the efforts of the agency's 14-Point Anti-12 Violence Agenda, aiming to reduce uses of force in 13 these historically volatile areas. The support teams will be present during times when uses of force in 14 15 the intake areas tend to peak, such as mornings and 16 during such as evenings and morning court production. 17 We believe that the presence of these targeted teams 18 to support our staff during these times will reduce 19 the uses of force in these areas. In addition, as 20 part of the ThriveNYC program, we are providing Mental Health First Aid training to many of our 21 2.2 inmates in custody, so that when they return to our 23 communities they will be equipped to help friends, family members, and other members of the community to 24 25 help and stay safe. The Department has emphasized

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 1 99 2 managing different populations with distinct 3 different approaches. Our programming housing have 4 been directed in that regard. We treat adolescent 5 inmates as adolescents. We set up separate systems for young adults, provide unique programs and 6 7 services to women, and, as mentioned before, provide 8 specialized services for the seriously mentally ill. 9 Our reforms are seeing impacts. Due to our adolescent reforms that started in 2014, there were 10 11 had fewer uses of force in RNDC. In January and 12 February of this year, they've seen the lowest level 13 of uses of force in that facility for the past three That goes back to January of 2014. 14 years. This same 15 philosophy of targeted management strategy applies to managing inmates who are persistently violent. 16 Hiqh 17 custody inmates comprise 25 percent of our 18 population, but are involved in 75 percent of our 19 incidents. Inmates in Security Risk Groups comprise 20 less than 13 percent of our population, but are 21 involved in 70 percent of our incidents. Management 2.2 and programming must be tailored to this population 23 in a different way than we do to low custody, nonviolent inmates. To target the most problematic 24 25 inmates, we created Enhanced Supervision Housing in

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 100 |
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| 2 | 2015. This replaces long-term punitive segregation |
| 3 | to manage persistently violent inmates. Having units |
| 4 | dedicated to the safe management of problemed [sic] |
| 5 | inmates is one reason we have been able to reduce our |
| 6 | daily punitive seg by nearly 90 percent. Unlike |
| 7 | punitive seg, ESH is designed to change behavior by |
| 8 | offering meaningful programming and incentivizing |
| 9 | positive behavior. In 2016, we improved on the ESH |
| 10 | model by implementing a level system. Now, the |
| 11 | inmates in ESH can progress through a level system, |
| 12 | earning more out-of-cell time and additional |
| 13 | incentives by maintaining good behavior and |
| 14 | participating in programming. The programming |
| 15 | provided in this unit is designed to prepare these |
| 16 | problematic inmates to safely return to general |
| 17 | population housing, and to be better prepared and |
| 18 | to better prepare them to eventually return to our |
| 19 | communities. So far, we have seen great success in |
| 20 | these units. The Department continues to roll out |
| 21 | reforms facility-by-facility, creating model |
| 22 | facilities within the agency. GRVC became the first |
| 23 | model facility in September 2015. In late April |
| 24 | 2016, AMKC became the second model facility, and OBCC |
| 25 | was recently announced as our third. Model facility |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 101 2 transformations include infrastructure upgrades, reclassification of inmates using a Housing Unit 3 4 Builder, introduction of unit programming, and implementation of Incident Command System response. 5 Critically, staff are steadied and increased where 6 7 necessary. The effect of the reforms in these areas 8 has already been notable, as the number of incidents 9 are significantly lower than expected, compared to historical baselines in housing areas of similar 10 11 classified housing. In GRVC, AMKC, and GMDC, which 12 is the young adult facility, and also restart units overall. Use of force in our restart units have 69 13 percent lower than expected use of force, 76 percent 14 15 lower assaults on staff, and stabbing and slashing 16 have been lowered by 69 percent in these areas. Some 17 aspects of the model facility are being expanded 18 Department-wide, including staff training, camera 19 installation, and expanded programming. We are 20 working to offer five hours of programming to each 21 inmate each day in our facilities. These significant reductions in violence have been achieved while we 2.2 23 reducing our reliance on punitive seq. Today, we often have fewer than 100 people in a punitive 24 segregation unit, which is more than a 90 percent 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 102 |
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| 2 | decrease from a few years ago. The Department |
| 3 | reached a monumental milestone in 2016 when we |
| 4 | eliminated punitive segregation for all inmates under |
| 5 | the age of 21. No state in the country has done |
| 6 | this. We began working toward this goal in 2014, |
| 7 | when we removed all adolescents from punitive |
| 8 | segregation. Throughout 2015 and 2016 we developed |
| 9 | and refined therapeutic-based alternatives to |
| 10 | punitive segregation to address problematic behavior |
| 11 | in young people. Eighteen-year-olds were removed |
| 12 | from punitive segregation in June 2016 and 19, 20, |
| 13 | and 21 year olds were removed in October of the same |
| 14 | year. We are also working to modernize the |
| 15 | Department by introducing new tools and technology. |
| 16 | We have installed more than 10,000 cameras to date. |
| 17 | All of our housing areas on Rikers Island are now |
| 18 | camera covered. While we pursue state legislation to |
| 19 | renew use of ionizing body scanners, we are in the |
| 20 | process of procuring another TSA-style scanner that |
| 21 | will be critical in help us finding contraband. New |
| 22 | search tools have already increased the amount of |
| 23 | contraband we have found on visitors. Visit drug |
| 24 | contraband finds are up by 45 percent in Calendar |
| 25 | Year 16. Visit weapon contraband finds are up 538 |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 103 2 percent, and those scanners, some of which will be 3 installed in visit areas, will help us further in our effort to reduce the introduction of contraband. 4 Starting in 2016, staff in our Emergency Services 5 Unit have been trained in the use in carrying of 6 7 Tasers are important tools and that are used tasers. in correctional settings around the country. As part 8 9 of the 14-Point Anti-Violence Reform Agenda, the Department has adopted a comprehensive plan and 10 11 response protocol called Incident Command System. 12 This system is based on the National Incident Command 13 System that's built by the Federal Government. This 14 system utilized in most jail systems in the country 15 is a way for staff to respond to violent incidents by 16 empowering staff to make decisions on the response 17 both by number and the amount of officers necessary 18 to respond to a particular incident. The deployment 19 of tasers is critical to the implementation of our 20 ICS framework. The DOC has developed a strategic 21 deployment plan that incorporates appropriate safeguards, protocols, and training, which is founded 2.2 23 on an international escalation-based response approach to ensure proper usage. Furthermore, the 24 authorized users of tasers has been trained in the 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 104 2 new use of force policy and received 16 hours of taser training, double the training duration 3 4 recommended by the manufacturer. To date, there have been no taser used in our facilities, but the mere 5 presence of tasers as in several occasions reduced 6 7 any force necessary. The Department is also piloting 8 the use RFID technology tracking system to manage inmate movement, will be put in place at RNDC this 9 year in order to better document inmate movement in 10 11 facility and programming. Staff are the most 12 important component of our model facilities and our 13 operation and are critical to the success of all of 14 our efforts. We continue to hire at a record pace, 15 adding more than 1,500 uniformed officers and staff 16 since 2015, and another 900 more entered the academy 17 in December. These new recruits help us to reduce 18 overtime, which is critical to maintaining a healthy, 19 capable workforce and a safe environment for our 20 jails. Furthermore, they receive the most up-to-date 21 training tools in the academy, including new mental health training, the use of force -- new use of force 2.2 23 policy, and these new officers contribute to the Department's cultural change. As I have detailed in 24 previous hearings, our new recruitment emphasis does 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 105 2 not simply emphasize numbers. We have completely 3 revamped our Applicant Investigation Unit, raised our 4 hiring standards. We have a capable, diverse workforce, which now is better equipped to do the job 5 due to new training and hiring tools that we put in 6 7 place. We are proud of the significant progress that we have made to reduce assaults on staff and uses of 8 9 force, address overtime reform, -- address overtime reform, our use of punitive segregation, and 10 11 transform our management philosophy. We recognize 12 that we still face significant challenges. We need 13 new, modern facilities. We need a new academy. We 14 need to look at other options in managing problematic 15 inmates. But we believe the changes we have implemented to-date create a strong foundation on 16 17 which to continue to build our reforms. Thank you 18 for your time today, and we'll be available to answer 19 Frank Doka [sp?] will then talk about the questions. 20 budget for FY 18. Thank you. 21 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you for your

testimony, Commissioner. On the first page of your testimony you show violence reduction numbers that do not correlate with the numbers that we have. This is an exercise that we go into year after year. Today's

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 106 |
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| 2 | hearing is going over the 2017 Mayor's Management |
| 3 | Report, and that's where I get my numbers from. And |
| 4 | when it comes to serious injury on inmates as a |
| 5 | result of inmate-on-inmate incidents, your rates are |
| 6 | not decreasing, and in fact, they're up significantly |
| 7 | since 2014. So, do you believe inmates are any safer |
| 8 | today due to these numbers increasing and staying |
| 9 | very high? |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, yes, I believe |
| 11 | many of the reforms we have in place have reduced the |
| 12 | safety risk of inmates, that's correct. |
| 13 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: But why if they're |
| 14 | getting seriously injured at a higher rate? How |
| 15 | could they be safer if your chances of getting |
| 16 | seriously injured are higher? |
| 17 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, our data does |
| 18 | not agree with what you have there. |
| 19 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: This is the data, |
| 20 | it's right here. It's the Mayor's Management Report. |
| 21 | We have plenty of copies. |
| 22 | JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: Yes, and I think |
| 23 | what we're trying to provide is up-to-date data, and |
| 24 | the trends show in the up-to-date data |
| 25 | |
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COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 107
CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] You
say this every year, but this is up-to-date. This is
what we're reviewing today.
JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: We have not
actually--

7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] 8 Violent inmate-on-inmate incidents, the monthly 9 report Fiscal Year 2014, 32; Fiscal Year 2015, 37; Fiscal Year 2016, up to 47. That's a significant 10 11 increase, a nearly 25 percent. Your stabbings and 12 slashings, they're up as well from 135 to 155. And 13 so it's hard for me to believe what you're saying in most of your testimony. When it comes to scanners, 14 15 I've heard your testimony over and over again. We're 16 trying to procure new scanners, TSA-style ones. Why, 17 if it's good enough for the airports to use those 18 scanners, why is not good enough for the jails? 19 COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, the airport 20 scanners we can use. It's a procurement process that 21 we need to go through in order to get those scanners. 2.2 The ionizing scanners is a law change that has to 23 occur. We have said that. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Yeah, but your Chief 24

25 of Staff testified a few months ago that you were in

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 108 2 a procurement process, that you were purchasing 3 state-of-the-art technology that was going to detect 4 contraband. 5 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Correct. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: But where are you in 6 7 the process? I asked for the, you know, records of 8 what you were doing back then. It's never been 9 produced to the Committee or the Council. JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: So, as I think I 10 11 stated to make sure that I said it, that we were in the process--12 13 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Can 14 you just state your name for the record? 15 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: of working with GSA, with--16 17 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Please 18 state your name for the record. 19 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: Sorry, Jeff 20 Thamkittikasem, Chief of Staff. I did state and am 21 still stating that we are working with the GSA 2.2 schedule, because we have to procure it off of 23 federal schedule that is not a city contract. We have to procure it off of the federal contract, and 24 25 we are in the process of doing so. We can show--

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 109 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] What's 3 the timeline? JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: We hope that with 4 one Vendex review, that things can happen within 5 April and May for the purchasing of the equipment, 6 7 and then another federal schedule is required for the 8 training. 9 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And what was the schedule a few months ago when you testified to this 10 committee? 11 12 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: we were told that 13 the company that was providing the equipment had been 14 bought, and so therefore at a federal level need to 15 change the contract. 16 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So you thought back 17 then you would have them already? 18 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: We did not know 19 that the company was being bought, that's right. 20 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Yes, I thought we'd 21 get them sooner than what we did. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: The frustration 2.2 23 comes from a number of announcements by either the Department of Investigation or the Mayor's Office 24 about progress, and saying that these types of 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 110 2 machines were going to be implemented right away back 3 then, going back to 2014, and each year you see your 4 indicators going up. More people are getting stabbed and slashed, and violence is out of control. 5 It's not getting better despite what you've testified. 6 7 Our numbers don't lie. So, Commissioner, I want to 8 talk to you specifically about the McKinsey contract. 9 Now, our records show this contract is over 25 million dollars. This Administration, our Mayor, was 10 11 very critical of the previous Administration and the 12 contracting out that they did. This seems like high-13 priced consultants, and I want to know what they're 14 doing for you day-to-day at the cost of 25 million 15 dollars.

16 COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, this contract 17 has been in place for probably two and a half years 18 now, there about. So, there's a lot that's been done 19 in that two and a half year period. I'd be more than 20 happy to give you a detailed outline of what's been 21 done for the duration of the contract. 22 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Yet again, this is

23 something that the committee has asked for. Do you 24 reports, evaluations? What kind of findings should I

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 111 expect to see that this consulting agency has done 2 3 for the Department of Corrections? 4 COMMISSIONER PONTE: It's a whole host of 5 things. Again, we can lay that stuff out for you. It's two and a half years' worth of work that's been 6 7 accomplished. 8 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Commissioner, we 9 have routinely asked for information about this contract. We've asked, you know, for what type of 10 11 evaluations they've been giving you and what type of work, and each time the Finance Division of the City 12 13 Council asks we don't get it. 14 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: We believe that we 15 have provided kind of the scope of the work several 16 times. We have described in our testimony several 17 times also the work that McKinsey has done starting from their assessment overall on the violence that 18 19 was prevalent before the Commissioner officially 20 started, moving towards implementing several pieces of the Violence Reform agenda, particularly in 21 building kind of the housing, helping us to construct 2.2 23 the housing and classification unit, and also helping us to kind of manage through the creation of our 24 model facilities through which we have shown several 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 112 successes in each of the unit that have been stood 2 3 up. So, that progression of McKinsey's efforts--4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] We 5 need to see those successes, because your total numbers--6 7 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: [interposing] Again-8 9 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: are not showing 10 any--JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: we have asked the 11 Council to come to it. We've shown some of the -- in 12 the Commissioner's testimony we've read through the 13 violence indicators specifically related to those 14 15 restart and model facilities. If I can refer to the documentation, the testimony the Commissioner 16 provided, in those units specifically we've reduced 17 18 use of force by 69 percent over the expected. 19 Assaults on staff were down 76--20 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] But those don't-- those numbers don't show me that an 21 inmate is any safer today. The numbers that we look 2.2 23 at, your violence indicators show that inmates are more at-risk of violence today than ever before. 24 What your numbers are telling me is that correction 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 113 2 officers are taking on more of a hands-off approach, 3 and that may be good or may be bad in certain 4 situations. When you have the rates of fights increasing and the number of serious injuries 5 increasing, then you don't have success in reducing 6 7 violence. No matter which way you'd like to dress it up. So we want to see more information about those 8 9 contracts, and I think that this is an exorbitant amount of money for the Department, especially an 10 11 Administration that has been very critical of prior Administration's contracting out. Now I'm going to 12 13 move to questions about your capital budget. Which first, there's a 500 million dollar expense that has 14 15 also been within your capital budget for a number of years. It hasn't moved, and this is for a new jail, 16 17 is that correct? 18 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: Yes, that is 19 correct. 20 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, is it just 21 sitting in the budget, or do you actually have a plan 2.2 to build a new jail on Rikers Island? 23 COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, there are plans. You know, still some site work being done. You know, 24 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 114 |
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| 2 | I think we're proceeding under the belief that we |
| 3 | will build a new jail on Rikers Island at some point. |
| 4 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Given the fact that |
| 5 | this council has consistently pushed for the closure |
| 6 | of Rikers Island, why is the DOC moving forward with |
| 7 | this plan to build a new jail? Right now we have a |
| 8 | commission studying the closure and putting together |
| 9 | a plan to close Rikers Island. |
| 10 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: Right. So the work |
| 11 | that's being done is site work. Some of the |
| 12 | demolition of old buildings had to get done. So |
| 13 | that's the work that's being done at this point. |
| 14 | Most of that work was done well before the Council |
| 15 | moved the committee forward on closing Rikers Island. |
| 16 | So, a lot of that stuff was started |
| 17 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] But |
| 18 | that work is ongoing. People are doing some type of |
| 19 | construction. |
| 20 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: Not construction, |
| 21 | site work. |
| 22 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Site work, what is |
| 23 | site work? |
| 24 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: Just the piping, |
| 25 | tearing stuff down, leveling the ground. It's a |
| I | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 115 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] 3 Demolition. COMMISSIONER PONTE: There's no-- right. 4 There's no building of anything. 5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: In the capital 6 7 budget you have a plan for a new adolescent facility? 8 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: Yes, that's 9 correct. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Can you speak to 10 11 that, please? Is it on the island or is it somewhere 12 else? COMMISSIONER PONTE: It's not. 13 14 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So is it right to 15 have it in your budget? Will it be a DOC facility or 16 will it be an ACS--17 COMMISSIONER PONTE: [interposing] If the 18 law does not change, which you know, to raise the age 19 which is in state legislation, if that does not 20 change it will be a DOC facility off-island. 21 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, there's the 170 2.2 million dollars in the budget, but when can we, you 23 know, cut the ribbon on a new facility and finally get 16 and 17-year-olds off the island? 24 25 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: So--

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 116 2 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Go ahead. 3 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: So, DDC is taking the lead on this, and I believe the last 4 5 estimate we have is that the population will be moved out within the next six years. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Can you say that again? 8 9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: Next six 10 years. 11 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Six years? The Department of Justice clearly stated that you should 12 13 remove your 16 and 17-year-olds off the island in its 14 investigation and lawsuit back in 2014. 15 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Yes. 16 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Didn't it-- it 17 recommended you do that back then. 18 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Yes. 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And so since 2014, 20 nearly three years ago, you have a plan somewhat in 21 place that might take six years from now? 2.2 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: So if I 23 may--CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Please 24 25 identify yourself.

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 117 |
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| 2 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: Winette |
| 3 | Saunders, Deputy Commissioner for Youthful Offender |
| 4 | Programming. So, if I may, Chair, I just wanted to |
| 5 | share with you some of the work that has been done |
| 6 | over this timeframe to really prepare and work in |
| 7 | collaboration with the city agencies to develop a |
| 8 | plan for movement of young people off Rikers Island, |
| 9 | specifically 16 and 17 year olds. Over for more than |
| 10 | a year now, DOC, the Mayor's Office of Criminal |
| 11 | Justice, the Administration for Children Services, as |
| 12 | well as the Department for Design and Construction |
| 13 | and consultants have been developing a feasibility |
| 14 | study. We have traveled across the country to take a |
| 15 | look at different state-of-the-art facilities, and we |
| 16 | have worked together very closely to figure out what |
| 17 | the new facility for this target population would |
| 18 | look like. We have developed a feasibility study, |
| 19 | and with that being said, there are a number of steps |
| 20 | that need to be taken to really make sure that it |
| 21 | meets the needs of both DOC and ACS |
| 22 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] |
| 23 | Understood, but do you have a timeline. |
| 24 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: Yes. |
| 25 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: When can we expect |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 118 |
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| 2 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: |
| 3 | [interposing] The timeline |
| 4 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: the building to be |
| 5 | actually under construction and complete? |
| 6 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: The |
| 7 | timeline is exactly what DC Doka mentioned to you. |
| 8 | However |
| 9 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] You |
| 10 | said 2000 he said six years. Six years until it |
| 11 | starts or six years until it's completed? |
| 12 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: Right now |
| 13 | at this we think it's completion, but right now |
| 14 | because it's a feasibility study you have to wait |
| 15 | until the results of those studies are done. |
| 16 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Do you have a copy |
| 17 | of the feasibility study with you today? |
| 18 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: Oh, no, it |
| 19 | is an expansive document. I think we should discuss |
| 20 | on how to share that with you moving forward. |
| 21 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I think that would |
| 22 | be good. We would like to see it. Committee would |
| 23 | like a copy of the feasibility study. So, until that |
| 24 | building is constructed there's no plans to move |
| 25 | adolescents off Rikers Island? |
| | I |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 119 2 COMMISSIONER PONTE: That's correct. 3 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Commissioner, is 4 there any capital in the plan for a new training 5 facility? MARTIN MURPHY: Yes, there is, ma'am. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: There is? 8 MARTIN MURPHY: We're--9 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Sorry, Chief, you're going to just have to identify 10 11 yourself. 12 MARTIN MURPHY: Martin Murphy, Chief of 13 Department. So, the City has committed to working with--14 15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Can you speak into the microphone, please? 16 17 MARTIN MURPHY: So, the City has committed 18 to working with the Department, and we are currently 19 right now in the capital project scope development 20 looking at a site for a new academy. 21 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, at the rate you 2.2 complete projects to get that your juvenile facility, 23 after its feasibility study, will take six years. You think maybe what 10 years? 24 25 MARTIN MURPHY: I couldn't say.

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 120 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Probably not. It's 3 not in the budget. How could we realistically 4 believe you in a realistic way that there's a plan to put a training facility together if it's not in the 5 6 budget? 7 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: I think, as most of the budgets, we've got to go through the feasibility 8 9 studies and then to design and then to build. So, I think these are the processes that all of the 10 11 buildings go through. 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, what is the 13 timeline for that building to take shape? 14 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: Unfortunately, I 15 can't answer until they're done with the feasibility 16 study, so--17 COMMISSIONER PONTE: [interposing] That's 18 correct. 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Commissioner, in 20 your testimony you spoke to uniform overtime and the 21 hiring of new staff has allowed you to reduce 2.2 overtime, but isn't it true overtime is increasing 23 continuously every year? COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, we've made great 24 strides with this last class that graduated. So our 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 121 |
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| 2 | overtime numbers since November have reduced |
| 3 | dramatically. |
| 4 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Is your overtime |
| 5 | going up or is it decreasing? |
| 6 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER BRANN: Good |
| 7 | afternoon. Cynthia Brann, Acting First Deputy |
| 8 | Commissioner. Our overtime, our daily use of overtime |
| 9 | has decreased from the pre-recruit average of almost |
| 10 | 12,000 hours to a daily average of approximately |
| 11 | 8,000 hours, 1,500 hours better than our anticipated |
| 12 | savings with the class of 700 hitting the facilities |
| 13 | in November. |
| 14 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How much DOC expect |
| 15 | to spend in overtime in Fiscal Year 2017, the year |
| 16 | we're in right now? |
| 17 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: This fiscal |
| 18 | year, approximately 255 million. |
| 19 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How much did you |
| 20 | spend last year? |
| 21 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: Two-hundred |
| 22 | and 75 million. |
| 23 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, you're think |
| 24 | you're going to lower that number? |
| 25 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: By 20 million. |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 122 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: You're confident? 3 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: Oh, yeah, 4 we're--COMMISSIONER PONTE: [interposing] We're 5 confident. 6 7 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: Yes. 8 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And then next year 9 you're planning on lowering that even more? COMMISSIONER PONTE: Correct. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, Commissioner, I'm going to go through some other statistics. Non-12 natural deaths of inmates in custody. According to 13 14 the Mayor's Management Report, in Fiscal 16 there 15 were zero. Do you categorize it as a non-natural 16 death when somebody is in need of medical attention 17 and even though they are asking for a doctor and 18 medical and they don't get it, and then they die, you 19 consider that a natural death? 20 COMMISSIONER PONTE: I'm not sure how 21 that's classified. Doctor Adams, you? 2.2 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: Good 23 afternoon, Doctor Adams, Deputy Commissioner of Health Affairs. So, if someone is requesting medical 24 attention and requests it and still passes away, it 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 123 2 really depends on what was the cause that generated 3 the medical request. 4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, the numbers are 5 not accurate. DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: What numbers 6 7 are you speaking to? CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I'm speaking to non-8 9 natural deaths of inmates in custody. If somebody is asking for medical attention and it's being reported 10 11 and they don't receive the medical attention and then they die, you're considering that a natural death? 12 13 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: It really just depends on the cause. We have--14 15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Or 16 maybe you need to have another column there for--17 MARTIN MURPHY: [interposing] Chair--18 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] people 19 who--20 MARTIN MURPHY: I could just-- so the 21 Department, any death in custody, we rely on the medical examiner to make a determination on the cause 2.2 23 of death, and that's how we report our statistics. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Well, that's 24 disingenuous, because someone could die of natural 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 124 2 causes, but you could have saved their life before 3 they died if they had medical attention. 4 COMMISSIONER PONTE: There's also an 5 investigation. Any death investigation is done by the State Department, --6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Right, but then do you change your numbers to reflect that 8 or you just go by the non-natural deaths that you 9 keep track of? 10 11 COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, those 12 investigations are reported through the state. We're 13 required to respond to their investigation, and 14 either some cases will validate what they're telling 15 us, show improvement or whatever the course of action should be. In some cases they recommend discipline 16 17 on staff. Some cases they'll recommend change in 18 protocols and procedures. So that's all part of the 19 process. 20 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Are you familiar 21 with Eugene Castelli [sp?], 27, Staten Island man who wound up on Rikers Island November 2nd. Six days 2.2 23 later he was dead. Other inmates report that he asked for medical attention a number of times and he 24 25 was not given that attention. It was a story in the

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 125 2 Daily News about this case. Are you familiar with 3 is? 4 COMMISSIONER PONTE: I'm not. 5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: Yes, the case was investigated, yes. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And was it found to be a natural death? 8 9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: I'm not sure how the medical examiner determined it, but at the 10 11 time he was requesting attention, attention was 12 given. I understand that that might not be consistent 13 with what you saw in the Daily News report. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Did he die on 14 15 Rikers Island or did he die in a hospital? DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: He died on 16 17 Rikers Island. 18 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Commissioner, one 19 of your statistics shows a number of uses of force 20 that isn't violent, right? So you use a chemical 21 agent usually in those types of situations, right, when if a fight breaks out and correction officers 2.2 23 want to diffuse the fight, they use chemical agents. COMMISSIONER PONTE: That's a use of 24 25 force.

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 126 |
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| 2 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Do you calculate |
| 3 | the use differently? Like, I don't see in the |
| 4 | Mayor's Management Report a different column for the |
| 5 | use of chemical agents. |
| 6 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: It's not counted |
| 7 | separately. Chemical agents is a use of force. We |
| 8 | did nothing but apply a chemical. That would be |
| 9 | counted as a use of force. |
| 10 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: But I understand |
| 11 | that the use of these chemicals has increased. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: Has increased. |
| 13 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Has increased. |
| 14 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: Yes. |
| 15 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Yes. |
| 16 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: That's correct. |
| 17 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And do your |
| 18 | correction officers have some type of gas mask when |
| 19 | they use these chemicals? |
| 20 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, in a high- |
| 21 | volatile, high-problematic housing areas, the |
| 22 | officers are issued chemical agent masks, yes. |
| 23 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: But you could have |
| 24 | situations where you have correction officers using |
| 25 | this chemical agent without protection. |
| l | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 127 2 COMMISSIONER PONTE: That's correct. 3 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And wouldn't that be an OSHA violation? 4 COMMISSIONER PONTE: I'm not aware of that 5 being an OSHA violation. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Well I mean, it's 8 dangerous chemical exposure, and you know, if you're 9 not properly covered it could have some effects. I understand that most people should shower after being 10 11 exposed to these chemicals and clean themselves well. 12 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Correct. 13 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So does a 14 correction officer then leave? Like, at what point 15 do they after administering this chemical agent then 16 clean the chemicals off their body? 17 MARTIN MURPHY: So, anytime that we have 18 a deployment of chemical agent and staff is affected, 19 they are removed from the area. They go to the 20 locker room. They can decontaminate and change their 21 clothing and then seek medical attention. 2.2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Is it possible that 23 you could provide gas masks to every correction officer? Do you think it would be needed? 24 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 128 |
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| 2 | MARTIN MURPHY: So, we actually I've |
| 3 | sked if we can look into that feasibility as a cost, |
| 4 | as a capital cost to the agency to provide chemical |
| 5 | agent masks to each individual, and also the |
| 6 | individual would have to be fit-tested and pass the |
| 7 | fit test to actually be issued the chemical agent |
| 8 | mask. |
| 9 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: But the mask would |
| 10 | protect the correction officers. |
| 11 | MARTIN MURPHY: That's correct. |
| 12 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How about the |
| 13 | inmates, do they shower after they get exposed to |
| 14 | this? |
| 15 | MARTIN MURPHY: Yes, every inmate is |
| 16 | taken to the intake or the shower area and they're |
| 17 | decontaminated prior to being produced to medical |
| 18 | attention. |
| 19 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, you don't know |
| 20 | how much it would cost to outfit every correction |
| 21 | officer with a mask. |
| 22 | MARTIN MURPHY: I believe they're 350 |
| 23 | dollars apiece. I think I'm on the low end. So, you |
| 24 | need a couple million dollars. |
| 25 | |
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COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 129
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER DOKA: Yeah, a couple
million dollars, yeah.

4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How are you using 5 smart technology in the jails? Are you using iPhones 6 or tablets? Do some correction officers have this? 7 Do wardens, captains? In calculating incidents of 8 force or any of the type of vital statistics that you 9 captured. Is it all done manually or do you go to a 10 computer to utilize this?

MARTIN MURPHY: So, the data collection for our violence indicators or just our indicators in general, it's paper-based and then put into a database of central collection.

15 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: And at the same time we are trying to expand smart technology moving 16 17 towards providing RFID technology in certain 18 facilities for inmate tracking. As well, we have started to provide tablets for both training as well 19 20 as for inmates for programming. We're looking to 21 expand several of those efforts, but yes, I mean, as the Chief said, obviously with the infrastructure we 2.2 23 do also rely a lot on paper-based catalogue book entries. 24

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 130 2 COMMISSIONER PONTE: We've also added 3 work stations in the dining area for staff. So it was actually a work location where there's computers 4 that staff can log onto. 5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Have there been 6 7 recoveries of contraband from correction officers in recent months? 8 9 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Yes. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How frequently has 10 11 that happened? 12 MARTIN MURPHY: It's not frequent. As the Commissioner said, we have had contraband 13 14 recoveries on staff. 15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Do you know how many arrests? 16 17 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: I'd have to get that 18 number for you. I don't have it on-hand. 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Okay, I have no--20 oh, you have the answer? 21 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KUCZINSKI: Gregory Kuczinski, Deputy Commissioner of Investigations. I 2.2 23 don't know how many the total number, but we just had a recovery two weeks ago with canine at the front 24 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 131 2 gate at AMKC. That ws reported in the news recently, 3 but there have been several. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: What type of 4 5 contraband was that? DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KUCZINSKI: 6 It was 7 tobacco and marijuana. 8 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Okay. I see that 9 the average daily number of inmates in vocational skills has increased substantially. 10 11 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: Yes, they 12 Thus far, I'm happy to announce, that since have. 13 September 2016 we have -- young people have earned over 1,000 certifications in industry-recognized 14 15 credentials and have participated in 20-hour introductory courses in culinary arts, basic 16 17 electric, plumbing, carpentry, things of that nature. 18 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Good. So, just to wrap up today's Department of Correction part of the 19 20 hearing, Commissioner, I am looking forward to 21 finally seeing the McKinsey analyses and understanding better why 25 million dollars has been 2.2 23 allocated. And also trying-- obviously it seems that the Department needs help, more help, in trying to 24 25 get your equipment, new technology, your scanners

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 132 |
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| 2 | because it's been far too long and too much of a |
| 3 | delay, so I am committed to helping you with that, |
| 4 | but I need to better understand what you're going |
| 5 | through, and if you're saying you're going to get |
| 6 | these machines months ago and you didn't get them, |
| 7 | that's not acceptable. I'm going to recognize |
| 8 | Council Member Gibson for questions. |
| 9 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Thank you very |
| 10 | much, Chair Crowley. Good afternoon, Commissioner, |
| 11 | to you and your team. And keeping in line with Chair |
| 12 | Crowley's remarks about the technology and the TSA- |
| 13 | style scanners, I recognize that you know, we have to |
| 14 | work with our counterparts in Albany, but it's been |
| 15 | too long that we have not passed this legislation and |
| 16 | gotten real tangible support from Albany. So, it's |
| 17 | shameful and I think we need to do better. If we're |
| 18 | looking at keeping the island and everyone that works |
| 19 | there, uniform, civil, clinical staff, detainees, and |
| 20 | everyone safe, as well as visitors, we have to do |
| 21 | better, and I know that in your testimony you talked |
| 22 | a little bit about other TSA-style equipment that |
| 23 | you're able to get. Is this allowable? Are we able |
| 24 | to use this style of equipment, or do we still need |
| 25 | to go to Albany to get that done as well? |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 133 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: So, the type of |
| 3 | equipment that you and I would go through in an |
| 4 | airport is the type of equipment we believe we can |
| 5 | get and put in place on island and legally operate. |
| 6 | It is not as good as the body scanners that we have |
| 7 | already on site. It will not detect the smaller |
| 8 | sharp-edged weapons that we need to detect with the |
| 9 | old scans. So it's going to be helpful on contraband |
| 10 | introduction, but not on the smaller type weapons |
| 11 | that we need to detect. |
| 12 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, so I |
| 13 | certainly encourage and suggest that we try to be |
| 14 | obviously a little bit more creative. Year after |
| 15 | year we've had this conversation. The relationships |
| 16 | we have in Albany are crucial. We certainly if we're |
| 17 | not already talking to the Governor and his team, |
| 18 | Speaker Hasty and every leader in Albany, we |
| 19 | definitely should be having this conversation. I |
| 20 | think, you know, we keep having the same conversation |
| 21 | over and over again. So, understand my frustration |
| 22 | when I hear from, you know, DA Clark and she |
| 23 | outlines, you know, some of the measure that |
| 24 | individuals are using to get these, you know, these |
| 25 | razors into the island is very scary for everyone. |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 134 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: Absolutely. |
| 3 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: I wanted to ask |
| 4 | about the crisis intervention training and how that |
| 5 | relates to the support teams in the clinics and the |
| 6 | intakes that you talked a little bit about. So, the |
| 7 | NYPD has a crisis intervention training that they |
| 8 | have embarked on, and I know there is a lot of |
| 9 | similarity as I understand with crisis intervention |
| 10 | that CO's are receiving as well. How does that |
| 11 | complement and relate to the support teams? Like, |
| 12 | what does that support team look like in terms of |
| 13 | staff? Can you elaborate a little bit on that? |
| 14 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: So, the |
| 15 | Crisis Intervention Teams is a training that really |
| 16 | focuses on how do you support individuals that are |
| 17 | mentally ill in a time of crisis. It's worked on, |
| 18 | it's developed for two or three individuals to come, |
| 19 | a clinician and an officer team that respond if |
| 20 | someone's in crisis to use mental health skills to |
| 21 | help de-escalate that person through talking and |
| 22 | empathy. Since we've started crisis intervention |
| 23 | training we've trained over 400 individuals. Every |
| 24 | location where we have PACE and CAPS, those officers |
| 25 | that are steady on those units have all received the |
| | |

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 1 135 Crisis Intervention training and we're looking to 2 3 expand the training model because it is effective. 4 We actually have two trainings every month, and the training is a week-long. 5 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. So, outside 6 7 of the two units, PACE, and what's the other unit? 8 COMMISSIONER PONTE: CAPS. 9 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: PACE and CAPS, but there's several PACE and CAPS units. 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Right. 12 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: It's not 13 just the two. 14 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: So, how do you 15 determine the next phase of officers that are a part 16 of this training? I'm assuming everyone ultimately 17 wants implemented every officer existing in the 18 Department as well as within the academy, those that 19 are graduating, will all be well-versed in this 20 particular training? 21 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: Yes, so we recognize the need for that very detailed mental 2.2 23 health training that everyone receives. It's something we've already incorporated into our 24 academy. We have a general mental health training 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 136 |
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| 2 | curriculum that is a mandatory part of training in |
| 3 | the academy right now. We also enhance and |
| 4 | supplement that with mental health first aid, but how |
| 5 | we determine like where we go next, our goal is to be |
| 6 | everywhere. It's just the training is a week-long. |
| 7 | It's very labor intensive. So, we tend to target the |
| 8 | trainings where we know that we're going to open the |
| 9 | next PACE unit or CAPS unit and also where we have |
| 10 | the higher concentration of individuals that are |
| 11 | mentally ill. |
| 12 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. And now |
| 13 | with the new healthcare provider with H&H on the |
| 14 | island and when you talked about the support teams |
| 15 | that go out and respond to a crisis, what's the ratio |
| 16 | again for every officer? How many clinicians go out? |
| 17 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: There's |
| 18 | al there's a clinician a part of every single team |
| 19 | that responds. |
| 20 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. And the |
| 21 | crisis intervention training that the officers are |
| 22 | receiving, how does that parallel with what the |
| 23 | medical staff is also receiving as well in terms of |
| 24 | training? |
| 25 | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 137 2 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Succinct, they go 3 together. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: So, it goes 5 together hand-in-hand? COMMISSIONER PONTE: Yes. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. 8 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Actually go to the 9 training together. So they're trained as a team together, the officer and the clinicians. 10 11 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. I think Chair Crowley talked a little bit about the ESU-style 12 13 equipment, mobilizing in the event of, you know, some 14 sort of an emergency assistance that happens. When I 15 visited the island a couple of months ago I think I 16 saw like a room that had a number of different 17 equipment, jackets and things of that nature. Are 18 there any changes underway with the type of equipment 19 that officers have in the event of like a serious 20 emergency? 21 COMMISSIONER PONTE: Well, we have changed it some, Chief. We went to new vests a year ago. 2.2 23 Some of the equipment is new. COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. 24 25

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 138
COMMISSIONER PONTE: The general pro-team
[sic] response is about the same. That has not
changed.

5 MARTIN MURPHY: And so that room that you had saw, ma'am, was the -- that's the facility base 6 7 response. So every facility has the equipment that 8 you saw in that room. It would be protective vests, 9 a helmet and a baton that they would respond with. Anything beyond that we would call for the Emergency 10 11 Service Unit with any specialized tools that they would bring into the facility. 12

COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. With regard 13 14 to H&H and the medical services, some of the feedback 15 that I've received from detainees, from some of the civil legal service providers, Commissioner, you 16 17 talked a little bit about a paper-style industry, so 18 to speak, environment. Some of the detainees that 19 are represented by like Legal Aid and others have 20 been outlining some of the concerns about not 21 necessarily getting to medical appointments on time or at all, and so as I understand there's some sort 2.2 23 of a log book where the CO is made aware of a particular detainees' medical appointment. How does 24 25 all of that work and what are we doing to make the

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 139 2 system more efficient so that detainees can get to 3 their medical appointments on time and get there at 4 all?

5 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: So, that's one of the things that we have also are greatly 6 concerned about, making sure people get access to 7 8 care in a way that's timely and comprehensive. So, 9 one of the things we've already instituted is a daily communication meeting between corrections staff and 10 11 Health & Hospitals. At the beginning of every tour in the clinic itself where the medical provider 12 13 discusses with the clinic captain who are the 14 individuals that we need to see who are prioritized 15 for medical treatment and for which services. So, at 16 that point right at the beginning of the tour, they 17 have a comprehensive list of who needs to be seen 18 that's given to correctional staff by the medical 19 providers, who needs to be seen, who's here, who's 20 been discharged, who's been transferred, where are 21 there, are they available to be seen, and we're able 2.2 to expedite bringing them to the clinic to get the 23 services that they need.

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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 140 |
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| 2 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. But it's |
| 3 | still driven by paper, right? It's not an electronic |
| 4 | system. |
| 5 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ADAMS: That's |
| 6 | correct. They give us a list of individuals they'd |
| 7 | like us to bring down to the clinic. |
| 8 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. Do you see |
| 9 | any changes that may happen with that as you have |
| 10 | daily, you know, meetings, anything that you are |
| 11 | already looking at to make the system a little bit |
| 12 | more efficient? I mean, daily meetings sounds great |
| 13 | so that everyone understands and is on the same page, |
| 14 | but taking it a step further, are there any |
| 15 | technological advancements that you think would allow |
| 16 | the system to work even better? |
| 17 | JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: Yes, Council |
| 18 | Member. I think what we're trying to do and we've |
| 19 | started at one facility, and we're trying to expand |
| 20 | it, is to have RFID technology for each inmate which |
| 21 | would then allow us to kind of match up with Health $\&$ |
| 22 | Hospitals kind of systems as well so they can track |
| 23 | where they move from the Housing Unit to the clinic, |
| 24 | where they are along the way, when they're expected |
| 25 | |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 141 2 to arrive. So we should try to move that towards the 3 rest of the Department. 4 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, is that --5 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: [interposing] We only have that in one facility. 6 7 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: the arm band? JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: Yes. 8 9 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, and what--JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: [interposing] 10 Wristband. 11 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: did you call it? 12 The wristband? 13 14 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: It's RFID 15 technology. COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, RFID 16 17 technology. 18 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: It happens to be in 19 the wristband. 20 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. You guys 21 have your own language, okay. Yeah, I know it as an armband, okay. And what facilities did you start 2.2 23 with, did you roll out with, which one? JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: The RNDC, which is 24 our juvenile facility. 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 142 |
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| 2 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Oh, okay. Okay. |
| 3 | JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: The adolescent. |
| 4 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. And I |
| 5 | wanted to ask a question. In my capacity as Chair of |
| 6 | Public Safety working with each of the District |
| 7 | Attorney, specifically DA Clark, came before us along |
| 8 | with the Commissioner on a previous hearing talking |
| 9 | about prosecuting cases. One of the things that came |
| 10 | out of that hearing that I know your team is working |
| 11 | on is the DA's office has instituted some level of |
| 12 | training of NYPD investigators and detectives as it |
| 13 | relates to collecting data, protecting, obviously if |
| 14 | needed, a crime scene, evidence gathering, and has |
| 15 | suggested the same type of model of training for DOC |
| 16 | investigators. So, can you give me an update of |
| 17 | where we are in that conversation, and do you find |
| 18 | that that could be beneficial for your offices if |
| 19 | there is an incident to make sure that we collect as |
| 20 | much as possible so that we could obviously have an |
| 21 | effective and efficient investigation? |
| 22 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: I'll let Greg |
| 23 | Kuczinski answer, but we've been very pleased with |
| 24 | the DA being on island and they're very helpful. At |
| 25 | the beginning event they're right there. They're |
| | |

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 143
helpful. They give us feedback. The communication
now with us on any event has gotten much better.

4 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KUCZINSKI: Hi, Greg 5 Kuczinski again. We have not only been working with the DA's office in improving and increasing training 6 7 for the CIB offices who currently handle re-arrests 8 and things like that. We have expanded our evidence 9 collection division which we are literally one program away from a full certification, which would 10 11 be a first. So, the whole process is getting better, and we talk with them all the time about increasing 12 13 that even more, like 3D scanner [sic] cameras and things like that which we are working on. 14

15 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. Yeah, I 16 know, you talked in the testimony about a thousand 17 new cameras that are on the facility, but in addition 18 to that, other technology that can help collect 19 evidence? 20 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KUCZINSKI: Yeah, the

21 cameras I'm referring to is not like a Genetec that 22 covers like a cell area. These are portable cameras 23 that within a cell area say when you have an incident 24 it does 3D picture for you--

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 144 |
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| 2 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: [interposing] |
| 3 | Okay, I see. |
| 4 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KUCZINSKI: to |
| 5 | preserve the whole scene, and it's actually very |
| 6 | helpful. We're working on getting a couple of those. |
| 7 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, and we won't |
| 8 | need state approval for that, right? |
| 9 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER KUCZINSKI: No. |
| 10 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay. Making |
| 11 | sure. I guess my final question before I turn it |
| 12 | back to Chair Crowley is the education and the level |
| 13 | of services that we are providing. The ultimate |
| 14 | goal, obviously in my personal opinion, is to do as |
| 15 | much as I can in my community so young people don't |
| 16 | have to go to Rikers or any city jail in the first |
| 17 | place, but recognizing that while they're there the |
| 18 | goal is to make them better than the way we got them, |
| 19 | right? And I know to the best of our ability, and |
| 20 | I've met with your team multiple times, and I see the |
| 21 | effort and I see the work, but I would love to know |
| 22 | are we seeing the results like the millions of |
| 23 | dollars we've investing in education, horticulture, |
| 24 | environmental, I mean, an assortment of programs? |
| 25 | Are we finding that it is successful? Is there any |
| I | |

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 145 |
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| 2 | way that we get some sort of an assessment or |
| 3 | evaluation from detainees as they leave the facility |
| 4 | to say what did you think about the program? Any, |
| 5 | you know, best practices? Anything that we could |
| 6 | learn. Like, we always talk stakeholders, but we |
| 7 | never hear from the voices of those that are on the |
| 8 | island, right? And it's a very powerful voice, but |
| 9 | have we received any feedback on the investments that |
| 10 | we're making to date, and where do you see any areas |
| 11 | where we can improve? |
| 12 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: Yeah, so |
| 13 | as you know we are very committed with providing |
| 14 | programing and raising the bar as it relates to |
| 15 | making sure that when young people leave or even |
| 16 | arrive on Rikers they have access to programming that |
| 17 | can support them being productive citizens upon |
| 18 | return. So, one of the things that we were diligent |
| 19 | in doing is when we created our Youth Re-entry |
| 20 | Network which was the historic launch of re-entry |
| 21 | services for 16 and 17 year olds, we added an |
| 22 | evaluation component. So at the third year of the |
| 23 | component, the third year of the project we're |
| 24 | actually going to have an evaluation done to |
| 25 | determine what is the evaluation in terms of outcome |
| l | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 146 2 evaluation, but also process evaluation. In addition to that, because we are committed to learning the 3 4 lessons based on all the resources that Mayor de Blasio has provided us with as well as the Council, 5 we also partnered with Vera through a NIJ fund so 6 7 that they can do an evaluation on our young adult 8 strategy. So, it's too early to get the -- you know, 9 to find out the exact impact, but we do see some promising-- I have anecdotal, you know, responses and 10 11 promising outcomes, especially as it relates to some 12 of our restarts, but also with the fact-- I'll just 13 say we added one of our programs and as a result 14 there has been nine young people who showed up in the 15 community and has connected with that provider to 16 receive additional programming. So, there's those 17 small anecdotal outcomes that I have now, but the 18 evaluations will tell us more. 19 COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Okay, great. 20 Well, I certainly commit to working with you guys. 21 We have to keep doing better. I know, you know, 2.2 while we're having conversations about the numbers, I 23 always think about and know the people and the families that are behind those numbers. So, as best 24 25 I can as a Council Member from the Bronx, too many of

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 147 |
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| 2 | my kids are on Rikers Island right now and it's just |
| 3 | not acceptable. So, I am committed during this |
| 4 | budget process to do what I can to focus on |
| 5 | alternatives and prevention and not necessarily |
| 6 | reactive, right, and detention programs, but I |
| 7 | appreciate the work that, you know, you and the |
| 8 | Commissioner and the entire team are doing and look |
| 9 | forward to more conversations ahead. |
| 10 | DEPUTY COMMISSIONER SAUNDERS: Thank you. |
| 11 | COUNCIL MEMBER GIBSON: Thank you, Chair. |
| 12 | COMMISSIONER PONTE: Thank you. |
| 13 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you, Council |
| 14 | Member Gibson. We're going to wrap up the hearing. |
| 15 | I just want to point something out today that we |
| 16 | discussed, the McKinsey and Company report and back |
| 17 | in December when we were analyzing our November plan, |
| 18 | OMB said that there was going to be no more funds |
| 19 | requested, and then less than a month later in |
| 20 | January you requested another extension and nearly |
| 21 | doubled, more than doubled, the amount of money |
| 22 | expended on the contracts. So, the contract was |
| 23 | originally for 13.6 million and now you anticipate |
| 24 | spending 13.9 more million to finish the work, is |
| 25 | that correct? |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 148 2 COMMISSIONER PONTE: That's correct, 13.9, 3 yes. 4 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And will that be 5 it? COMMISSIONER PONTE: That's it. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And you will produce to this committee the results that show that 8 9 this contracting out is beneficial? COMMISSIONER PONTE: I believe we can, 10 11 yes. 12 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I hope so. And you will break that down by facility, whatever model 13 14 facilities you--15 COMMISSIONER PONTE: [interposing] Some of 16 them were across facilities. Some of them were 17 specific to facilities, but yes, we can break it down 18 in a great deal of detail, yeah. 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Because it's 20 disingenuous your numbers. I mean, we're all sworn 21 to tell the truth, and also OMB seems to have a total different number. We're going to have the Board of 2.2 Correction in a few minutes who said that stabbings 23 and slashings have increased significantly. 24 25 According to OMB and your testimony, you believe it's

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 149 2 declined. So, I want to kwon whether you're looking 3 at one facility--4 COMMISSIONER PONTE: [interposing] Not stabbings and slashings. They have increased [sic]. 5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: No. Well, right 6 7 here we have a letter from Dean Fuleihan saying stabbings and slashings have declined 69 percent. 8 9 JEFF THAMKITTIKASEM: In the restarted units where we actually -- it is not department-wide 10 11 [sic]. Oh, sorry. In the restarted units that is 12 true. 13 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Right. So we want to see what units, --14 15 COMMISSIONER PONTE: [interposing] Yes. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: where you're finding 16 17 these numbers and where you're seeing the success. COMMISSIONER PONTE: Absolutely. 18 19 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And this completes 20 the Department of Correction portion of today's hearing. We'll take a two minute break before we ask 21 2.2 the Department of -- the Board of Correction to 23 testify. [break] 24 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 150 |
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| 2 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Good afternoon. |
| 3 | Good afternoon. For the first time the Board of |
| 4 | Correction will be testifying in the Preliminary |
| 5 | Budget hearing. BOC is a nine-person, non-judicial |
| 6 | oversight board that regulates, monitors and inspects |
| 7 | the correctional facilities of the City. The Board |
| 8 | establishes and ensures compliance with minimum |
| 9 | standards, regulating conditions of confinement and |
| 10 | correction health and mental health care in all |
| 11 | correctional facilities. The Board's Fiscal 2018 |
| 12 | Preliminary Budget totals 2.9 million, a decrease of |
| 13 | 64,000 compared to Fiscal Year 2014 Adopted Budget. |
| 14 | The Board supports a budget headcount of 38 percent. |
| 15 | I'm going to ask the representatives from the Board |
| 16 | of Correction to be sworn in before you testify, and |
| 17 | if you could raise your right hand and affirm whether |
| 18 | you will tell the truth. Do you affirm you will tell |
| 19 | the truth in answering the questions put forth by |
| 20 | this committee and in your testimony? |
| 21 | MARTHA KING: Yes, I affirm so. |
| 22 | STANLEY RICHARDS: Yes. |
| 23 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Please begin your |
| 24 | testimony. |
| 25 | |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 151 |
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| 2 | MARTHA KING: Good afternoon Chair |
| 3 | Crowley and Members of the Committee on Fire and |
| 4 | Criminal Justice Services. My name is Martha King, |
| 5 | and I am the Executive Director of the Board of |
| 6 | Correction. Today, I am joined by one of our Board |
| 7 | members who was appointed by the City Council, |
| 8 | Stanley Richards. This afternoon I'd like to explain |
| 9 | how the Board of Correction is using much needed new |
| 10 | resources to strengthen the Board's effectiveness and |
| 11 | independence and position the Board as a national |
| 12 | model for prison and jail oversight and as one of the |
| 13 | City's important levers in creating smaller, safer, |
| 14 | fairer, and more humane jails. We have mapped out |
| 15 | and are executing comprehensive plans to re-establish |
| 16 | the Board as a major partner in the critical work to |
| 17 | build a justice system that reflects the City's |
| 18 | values, brings dignity and respect to people held |
| 19 | within, working in, or connected to the system, and |
| 20 | brings these same people to the system's policy- |
| 21 | making table. Since it became independent in 1977, |
| 22 | the Board has played a leading role in major reforms |
| 23 | to the City's jails. These include, in 1985, making |
| 24 | New York City the first jurisdiction to voluntarily |
| 25 | require appropriate mental health staffing in its |
| I | I |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 152 2 jails, and, in 2015, making New York City the first 3 major prison or jail system to prohibit punitive 4 segregation for adolescents and young adults. The City Charter outlines the Board's central functions: 5 To establish and ensure compliance with minimum 6 7 standards for the care, custody, correction, 8 treatment, supervision and discipline of all persons 9 held or confined under the jurisdiction of the Department; to investigate any matter within the 10 11 jurisdiction of the Department to establish 12 procedures for hearing inmate and staff grievances; 13 to evaluate the performance of the Department, and to 14 make recommendations on areas of key correctional 15 planning. The Board established its Minimum 16 Standards on conditions in 1978, on mental health 17 care in 1985, on health care in 1991, and on the elimination of sexual abuse and harassment in 2016. 18 19 When I arrived at the Board at the end of June 2015, 20 there were 16 staff and a budget of 1.6 million. It 21 had been operating for six months without any 2.2 management team. The Board currently has 22 staff 23 spread across its lower Manhattan and Rikers Island offices. With the increased support of the City 24 Council and the Administration, a Fiscal Year 17 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 153 2 budget of approximately three million will allow our staff to grow to 35. We've restructured and hired a 3 4 complete management team and a total of nine staff, growing each of our three divisions: legal, research, 5 We currently have open postings for 6 and monitoring. 7 a total of seven positions: an additional four 8 Monitors for the jails, a Project Director for our 9 new regulations on sexual abuse, a Deputy General Counsel, and a Program Associate for Research. 10 Todav 11 I would like to update you on progress and plans in 12 three areas of our work: updated, tailored, and 13 expanded regulations; more research, analysis, and 14 public reporting; and strengthened and structured 15 monitoring. In November 2016, the Board adopted a final rule designed to detect, prevent, and respond 16 17 to sexual abuse and harassment of people incarcerated 18 in the City's jails. New York City Public Advocate 19 James petitioned the Board to adopt rules consistent 20 with the federal Prison Rape Elimination Act 21 standards and subsequently this led to the first new 2.2 chapter of the Minimum Standards in 25 years. 23 Incorporating the ideas and expertise of the U.S. Department of Justice, the Public Advocate, City 24 Council members, DOC and Health and Hospitals, and 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 154 2 many community stakeholders, the Board's new rules 3 are a significant contribution toward safer and more 4 humane jails. The new Standards go beyond federal standards, require more reporting and monitoring, and 5 include provisions requiring that Health & Hospitals 6 7 will design and operate new rape crisis counseling 8 services that will serve incarcerated people who 9 report sexual abuse; that DOC must complete all investigations of sexual abuse and harassment 10 11 allegations no later than 90 days from the date the 12 allegation is reported to DOC; that DOC will install, 13 on a pilot basis, security cameras on buses used to 14 transport inmates; and that DOC and Health & 15 Hospitals will implement new training for staff 16 working with inmates who are transgender or intersex, 17 designed to heighten awareness of their psychosocial 18 and safety needs and ensure communication and custody 19 that is respectful of gender identity. The Board is 20 currently working on new standards related to 21 restrictive housing and improving the Board's 2.2 variance procedures. We expect to consult with you 23 and your staffs throughout this process and intend to complete rulemaking in these areas in 2017. We have 24 25 created a stronger research department led by a new

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 155 2 Deputy Executive Director solely dedicated to 3 analytics, evaluation, and research. This commitment 4 to evaluating and analyzing operations and outcomes in the jails, increasing transparency, and sharing 5 data is crucial to maintaining compliance with Board 6 7 Standards and other regulations. For instance, over 8 the past year we have issued quarterly reports on 9 punitive segregation reforms, monthly reports on jail visits, and completed assessments of enhanced 10 11 supervision housing and the inmate grievance program. 12 Monthly reports on medical and mental health care access have now led to action. DOC and H&H are 13 creating a plan with remedies, timelines, and metrics 14 15 to evaluate progress toward increased 16 access. Collaboratively we will work together to 17 issue this plan in May. Data remains a challenge for 18 DOC, which relies heavily on paper logs to monitor 19 occurrences in the jails. While understanding of 20 these challenges, we continue to move toward a Key Performance Indicator Dashboard to monitor compliance 21 2.2 with 12 Minimum Standards in the adolescent and young 23 adult housing areas. This will be an unparalleled tool for transparency and understanding and improving 24 25 compliance over time. We have also requested

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 156 2 unprecedented access to individual-level data about 3 everyone in custody in the jails. Traditionally, the 4 BOC has not had this type of data and, with it, we can conduct, robust evaluations of Standards 5 compliance and the implementation of policies and 6 programs, such as evaluating the impact of punitive 7 8 segregation reform or enhanced supervision. We 9 continue to grow our monitoring staff in the jails and are poised to add five staff this year. These 10 11 staff conduct site visits, resolve and refer inmate 12 and staff complaints, monitor compliance with the 13 Minimum Standards and other regulations, investigate 14 and intervene on deviations from regulations, and 15 help to smooth the delivery of basic services and 16 calm tensions in the facilities. Increased funding 17 has allowed for several new initiatives that reflect 18 strengthened and structured monitoring. We are 19 embarking on unannounced weekend tours of each 20 facility in 2017, and we expanded our inspections at 21 the hospital prison wards and court pens to every 2.2 other week. BOC staff at the court pens regularly 23 check and gather data on production, appearances, and court clothing issues, including a focus on the 24 implementation of the Council's recent legislation. 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 157 2 Over the next three years, BOC staff will visit each 3 of the approximately 330 open housing areas to 4 conduct randomized, structured compliance checks on key Minimum Standards, such as lock-out time, 5 recreation, law library, laundry, and sick 6 7 This new strategy will actualize our mandate call. of unannounced visits and will significantly broaden 8 9 our reach in the jails, making sure no unit goes unchecked. We are working to improve the inmate 10 11 complaint system. In completing an audit in 2016 of 12 the inmate grievance program, we saw a need for an 13 annual audit and a biannual interagency team of BOC, DOC, and H+H to review inmate complaint data and 14 15 identify policies and practices that must be jointly This team will focus on 16 monitored or changed. 17 increasing the procedural justice and fairness of the 18 existing complaint system and making sure patterns of individual complaints feed systemic change where 19 20 necessary. We have expanded and improved our visit 21 restriction appeal process and will re-start 2.2 accepting appeals in seven other areas, including the 23 exercise of religious beliefs, law library access, and telephone rights. We responded to 209 visit 24 appeals in 2016, more than double the number of 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 158 |
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| 2 | appeals that we received five years ago. We denied |
| 3 | 54 percent and granted or modified 33 percent. The |
| 4 | importance of independent oversight of such |
| 5 | individual restrictions and Minimum Standard policy |
| 6 | areas cannot be overstated. The appeal process allows |
| 7 | us to also work closely with DOC on improving |
| 8 | practices to make sure restrictions are appropriate |
| 9 | and fair. In the Board's 60th anniversary year, we |
| 10 | are thankful that this Administration and City |
| 11 | Council have shown increased commitment to a strong, |
| 12 | active, and effective Board of Correction. The Board |
| 13 | is now better poised to play an important role in |
| 14 | reform, and we look forward to collaborating with the |
| 15 | City Council and its many members who are engaged on |
| 16 | these issues. Thank you again to Chair Crowley and |
| 17 | the Committee for the opportunity to testify today. |
| 18 | I'm happy to take any questions. |
| 19 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Did the Board spend |
| 20 | its Fiscal 2017 allocation, in line to spend it all? |
| 21 | MARTHA KING: Have we spent everything |
| 22 | from Fiscal Year 17? |
| 23 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Are you planning on |
| 24 | meeting your budget allocation? |
| 25 | |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 159 2 MARTHA KING: Yes, we are. We are 3 currently at 22 staff, and we are currently hiring 4 seven people. 5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: When were those seven people funded [sic]? 6 7 MARTHA KING: Seventeen, for the 17 budget. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Oh, so have you had difficulty finding qualified personnel? 10 11 MARTHA KING: No. We were initially 12 delayed on hiring monitors in the jails because we needed approval from the New York State Civil Service 13 14 Commission. We got that in November and then have 15 proceeded to hire in those roles. We also had some 16 attrition losing three staff in the past year, and so 17 at such a small agency to keep up when we lose staff 18 is a challenge. But we're up for it, and we think we 19 can find qualified candidates for all of these rules. 20 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Do you think--21 earlier you mentioned the paper logs. So, I imagine 2.2 the Board believes that the logs should be made in an 23 electronic way so that they cannot be altered, or they're submitted quickly, efficiently. 24 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 160 2 MARTHA KING: Yes. I mean, electronic 3 data collection in the jails would significantly help 4 the Department and the Board certainly in monitoring compliance. 5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And have you felt 6 7 like the Department of Corrections has agreed with 8 you on that? Do they have any plan that you're 9 familiar with? MARTHA KING: I believe the Department 10 11 does agree with that point, and I know that they are 12 working to design a new inmate management system. I'm not sure of the current status of that. I know 13 that the Board would like to work very closely with 14 15 the Department on the development of that system. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Are you hearing 16 17 from inmates that they're not getting medical 18 attention when they need it, when they ask or request 19 it? 20 MARTHA KING: That's a good question. 21 So, we do get a lot of complaints from inmates about 2.2 access to healthcare, quality of healthcare, and we 23 follow up on many of those complaints, and we also

refer a lot of those complaints to Correctional 25 Health Services to manage. We, in addition to

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 161 |
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| 2 | dealing with individual complaints, have tried to get |
| 3 | DOC and H&H over the past 10 months to focus on if |
| 4 | there are larger compliance issues than individual |
| 5 | complaints. And so with these monthly reports and |
| 6 | discussions that we've had about healthcare access in |
| 7 | our meetings, now DOC and H&H are coming up with a |
| 8 | proactive action plan to make sure that access is |
| 9 | increased. I will also just add that the issues are |
| 10 | very different in different facilities. So, some |
| 11 | facilities seem to be much better at getting people |
| 12 | to their healthcare and mental healthcare |
| 13 | appointments than others. |
| 14 | STANLEY RICHARDS: And I'd like to add, |
| 15 | we've seen with the monthly data collection we've |
| 16 | seen the numbers. So we're watching the numbers and |
| 17 | we're monitoring numbers. Now we want to start |
| 18 | seeing the numbers go up in terms of the percentage |
| 19 | of people who get access, who actually go and see a |
| 20 | doctor be it on island or specialty off-island. |
| 21 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Do you think the |
| 22 | jails are safer today than they were three years ago? |
| 23 | STANLEY RICHARDS: Measurement of safety, |
| 24 | I'm not no, I don't think jails are safe. I think |
| 25 | jails are places where really tough and dangerous |
| I | I |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 162 2 things happen, both in terms of peoples' ability to 3 survive in those environments. So, I don't think the 4 environment itself is conducive to safety.

5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Yeah, but it could 6 be safe, safer or more dangerous today than it was a 7 few years ago?

STANLEY RICHARDS: Well, here's what I 8 9 would say. I would say we have more programs. We have more oversight than we've had in years past, and 10 11 those are good things, but I wouldn't define a jail 12 right now as being safe. I would say as a formerly 13 incarcerated person, jails are much different than when I was in there. I think it was probably less 14 15 violence when I was in there than it is now.

16 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Now, a report I 17 referred to earlier, the Mayor's Management Report, 18 had zero unnatural deaths reported, and then there was the article I referred to in the Daily News of 19 20 how an inmate was only there for six days and, you 21 know, other witnesses said that this inmate asked for 2.2 help but never got the help. So, do you think that 23 we're recording un-natural deaths efficiently? MARTHA KING: So, you're talking about--24 let me step back and say the Board does conduct death 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 163 investigations, and we have an independent review 2 panel that brings together DOC and H&H with Board to 3 4 review each death. I'm not exactly sure which case 5 you're talking about. I'm very happy to go back to the data and look through DOC's reports and our 6 7 reports as to un-natural causes of deaths over the 8 past few years, and maybe we can look at that data 9 together.

CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: That would be good. 10 11 My last question has to do with diffusing violence. 12 Now that we're training more and more and retraining 13 officers, is there a way that we could accurately evaluate why the violence is happening to diffuse it 14 15 or to stop it from happening again? Is there that 16 type of looking back that ever happens as to why and 17 how to avoid a situation like that in the future?

18 MARTHA KING: I think that's a great 19 The Board and the Department have question. 20 different roles, obviously, to play in that in reviewing why violence is occurring and then what to 21 2.2 do about it. Obviously, the Board's work focuses on 23 the variances and the rules changes that we allow such as enhanced supervision housing which is 24 intended to address violence and safety, the use of 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 164 2 restraint desks or other things that the Board gives 3 permission to DOC to use in response to some of these 4 issues. Separately, I will say that the Board in its 5 request for this data that I've been discussing which is individual-level data, that is really the exact 6 7 data that we at the Board and at the Department need 8 to review to understands the answer to that kind of 9 question that you're asking. There are other types of reports and surveys that I think the Board could 10 11 be very helpful in gathering, both in terms of 12 talking to staff and talking to inmates about the 13 violence that is occurring and retroactively looking back at why some of the patterns exist in the 14 15 violence. 16 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: I would appreciate

17 We'll stay in touch on that. I want to thank that. 18 you both for the work that you do and for being here 19 to testify. We're going to conclude this portion of 20 the Board of Correction testimony, and next up we're going to have the Office of Emergency Management. Do 21 2.2 we have the Commissioner or someone from that office 23 Okay, thank you. here? 24 MARTHA KING: Thank you. 25 STANLEY RICHARDS: Thank you.

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 165
CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Is either Jennifer
Petersen or Tracie Gardner here? Okay, Tanya, please
begin your testimony.

Thank 5 TANYA KRUPAT: Okay, thank you. you for the opportunity to speak with you today. My 6 7 name is Tanya Krupat. I'm the Director of the Center 8 for Justice Policy and Practice at the Osborne 9 Association. I'm here first to speak with you about two exciting and important Osborne initiatives that 10 11 we seek City Council support for, and then as a proud 12 member of the New York City ATI Reentry Coalition, and you'll hear from Tracie Gardner more about the 13 14 Coalition later this afternoon. Osborne's Fulton 15 Reentry Center will provide desperately needed transitional housing and our Elder Reentry Initiative 16 17 addresses the pressing and growing crisis of those 18 aging in prison and the compelling needs of seniors 19 returning home to New York City. In 2015, as you may 20 know, Osborne acquired the former New York State 21 Fulton Correctional Facility in the Bronx, the first 2.2 time in the country that a prison has been 23 transferred to a community-based organization to transform it into a reentry and economic development 24 center. We are currently in the architectural phase 25

COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 1 166 2 of the project and are seeking 95,000 in an expense 3 request from the City Council as well as 75,000 for a 4 vehicle. We have submitted a three million dollar capital request to the New York State Legislature. 5 Our aim is to open the center in 2019 with 135 6 7 supportive transitional housing beds as well as wraparound reentry services for residents, others 8 9 returning to New York City from jails and prisons and members of the surrounding community, including some 10 11 set-aside housing options for the elderly, a fast 12 growing and historically unseen segment of our prison population. Each year, some 1,500 men and women over 13 14 the age of 60 leave state prison and return to New 15 York City. These formerly incarcerated senior citizens are at very low risk of recidivism but are 16 17 at very high risk of falling through the cracks in 18 our social safety net. Our Elder Reentry Initiative 19 addresses this urgent challenge. We're seeking City 20 Council support in the amount of 150,000 dollars to 21 support the community component of this initiative. 2.2 Just this morning one of our staff helped to navigate 23 a 61-year-old's release from Rikers. with no family to return to and decades of battling addiction as 24 well as surviving childhood violence, Mr. Sampson 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 167 2 faces many barriers and also has high hopes of being able to live a productive life far away from Rikers. 3 4 Currently, there are no specialized services to meet 5 the geriatric needs of people like Mr. Sampson who also face employment discrimination, trauma, stigma 6 7 and isolation of a unique nature and magnitude. With 8 Council support New York City can lead in addressing 9 the growing needs of returning elders and the need for transitional housing. Finally, as a proud member 10 11 of the New York City ATI Reentry Coalition, Osborne 12 would like to thank you, Committee Chair Crowley, the 13 Speaker and all the Council Members for prioritizing 14 reforms to the Criminal Justice System as well as for 15 bringing to the forefront discussion of the feasibility of closing Rikers. We're grateful for 16 17 the Council's continued support and look forward to 18 continuing to work closely together to ensure that 19 communities have access to these critical programs. 20 Thank you. 21 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So your capital 2.2 request is to the Council? 23 TANYA KRUPAT: It's to the state. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: It's to the state. 24 25 TANYA KRUPAT: Yeah.

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 168 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So it's just an 3 expense request that you have this year? 4 TANYA KRUPAT: Yes. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And that's for a 5 vehicle. That could be capital. 6 7 TANYA KRUPAT: There's-- well, we have a 95,000 dollar expense request in to support the three 8 million dollar capital request and then 75,000 for 9 the vehicle. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Oh, okay. 12 TANYA KRUPAT: So we've-- yeah. 13 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So that could be 14 capital. 15 TANYA KRUPAT: The veteran can? Should 16 we--17 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Pretty sure. Let's double-check. 18 19 TANYA KRUPAT: Okay. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Okay, thank you for 20 21 your testimony. 2.2 TANYA KRUPAT: Thank you. 23 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And for what you do. Good afternoon. We're now moving into the final 24 phase of the Fire and Criminal Justices Services 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 169 |
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| 2 | Committee hearing, and we will soon hear from New |
| 3 | York City Emergency Management Fiscal 2018 |
| 4 | Preliminary Budget and the Fiscal 2017 Mayor's |
| 5 | Preliminary Management Report. The agency's Fiscal |
| 6 | 2018 budget totals 24 million 24.1 million and |
| 7 | supports a headcount of 58 positions. The budget |
| 8 | includes funding to support further developing, the |
| 9 | notify NYC application in order to disseminate timely |
| 10 | information to city residents as well as funding that |
| 11 | reflects the agency's goal of better preparing the |
| 12 | City for emergencies. The agency's budget is |
| 13 | supported by city funds, but also relies on federal |
| 14 | grants that are accounted for on a year-by-year |
| 15 | basis. Today we hope to learn more about how the New |
| 16 | York City Emergency Management how the agency |
| 17 | communicates, coordinates, plans, and prepares with |
| 18 | other city agencies for emergency situations as well |
| 19 | as other programs and initiatives the agency engages |
| 20 | in in order to inform and prepare the public. I want |
| 21 | to thank Commissioner Esposito and his staff for |
| 22 | being here today, and before you begin your |
| 23 | testimony, I will need to swear you in. If |
| 24 | Commissioner, yourself, and anyone else who is |
| 25 | prepared to testify or answer any questions could |
| ļ | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 170 raise your right hand? And do you affirm to tell the 2 3 whole truth in your testimony and in answering 4 questions honestly today? COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: 5 We do. 6 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you. You may 7 begin. 8 COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Alright, thank 9 you very much. Good afternoon Chairperson Crowley and members of the Committee on Fire and Criminal 10 11 Justice. I'm Joe Esposito, the Commissioner of New 12 York City Emergency Management. I'm here to talk about our Fiscal Year 2018 Budget. We've had a busy 13 14 year. In 2016 our Emergency Operations Center was 15 activated eight times for a total of 26 days. That 16 included two winter weather events, one heat 17 emergency, one heavy rain and wind emergency, 18 monitoring and preparation for Tropical Storm Hermine 19 and Matthew, the Chelsea bombing event, and the 20 Presidential Election. During the tropical storm and winter weather events we held citywide calls for 21 elected officials and continuously sent out 2.2 23 notifications for incidents in specific districts. In 2016 we monitored 3,190 incidents and sent our 24 citywide coordinators to 988 events. Notify NYC sent 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 171 |
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| 2 | out more than 1,500 messages with a turnaround time |
| 3 | of six minutes, and we're proud to announce that we |
| 4 | have just passed the half a million mark in |
| 5 | subscribers. We held 40 interagency exercises with |
| 6 | our partner agencies to make sure plans are |
| 7 | understood and necessary protocols of plans are ready |
| 8 | to be implemented as needed. Our community outreach |
| 9 | and engagement activities have increased. Hopefully, |
| 10 | you have likely seen us out there in your |
| 11 | neighborhoods at meetings, at town halls, fairs, |
| 12 | mobile office hours, and other community events. In |
| 13 | total, we've attended 325 Community Board District |
| 14 | Service Cabinet meetings throughout the year. We |
| 15 | participated in almost 800 Ready New York events with |
| 16 | more than 91,000 people attending, and we distributed |
| 17 | close to one million emergency planning guides. We |
| 18 | graduated eight new classes from our CERT Volunteer |
| 19 | Program, taking our total to over 1,500 members |
| 20 | throughout the City. We also hosted the Mayor's |
| 21 | Clergy Council at our headquarters to discuss |
| 22 | partnering with communities and emergency planning |
| 23 | with over 100 members attending. We continue to look |
| 24 | ahead to find new ways to prepare the city and our |
| 25 | citizens for the next emergency. With that, let me |
| | |

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 172 2 now provide a snapshot of our budget for next year. 3 Our projected total Fiscal Year 2018 City Tax Levy 4 Expense Budget is 23.1 million dollars. We rely on our City Tax Levy Expense Budget to support the 5 majority of the agency's administrative, technology 6 7 and operational cost. The projected Fiscal Year 2018 8 personnel services budget is 5.1 million dollars 9 which supports the 51 personnel lines paid directly through our tax levy funds. This includes 1.4 10 11 million dollars in funding for 18 staff members dedicated to working on increasing communications and 12 13 services to people with access and functional needs. 14 Our other staffing is supported through grant funds 15 and personnel on assignment for a number of city 16 agencies. Our projected Fiscal 2018 Other Than 17 Personnel Services Budget is 17.9 million dollars 18 which covers all agency operating and administrative 19 There is virtually no discretionary funding costs. 20 in our budget. These funds are designated to cover 21 our warehouse lease, utilities, telecommunication 2.2 costs, including the maintenance and operations of 23 our Emergency Operations Center and our back-up facilities. Emergency operation -- I'm sorry. This 24 25 money also supports our fleet and all additional

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 173 2 equipment, supplies and materials needed to run the 3 agency. The agency receives grant funding in order 4 to support many of our core programs. In the past year, we secured 25 million dollars in federal 5 funding, primarily through the Urban Area Security 6 7 Initiatives Grant. This funding is vital to our 8 ability to run many of our finest initiatives, 9 including our Ready New York Public Education program, our Community Emergency Response Team 10 11 program, our Continuity of Operations program, our 12 GIS, our Geographic Information Systems, our training 13 exercises, and our watch command and response in 14 addition to our citywide incident management systems 15 planning. We work with City Hall, OMB, the City's 16 Congressional Delegation, and our partner agencies to 17 push for full Homeland Security funding in future 18 years. This money supports critical operations 19 within our agency and several other city agencies. 20 Thank you for the opportunity to testify here today. I look forward to continuing working with the Council 21 2.2 on issues pertaining to emergency preparedness and 23 response, and now I'll answer any question you may have regarding the budget. Thank you. 24

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 174 |
|----|---|
| 2 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you, |
| 3 | Commissioner. Thank you for your testimony. In your |
| 4 | November Plan, the Mayor and your agency asked for an |
| 5 | additional a million dollars to help with your |
| 6 | warehouse operating expenses. Can you share with the |
| 7 | committee how expanding the operating space will help |
| 8 | the Department's functions and meet its goals? |
| 9 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Sure. You know, |
| 10 | after Sandy we really learned a lot of lessons on how |
| 11 | to do things a little better, and one of it was |
| 12 | space, and we were very much in a terrific crunch for |
| 13 | space during the Sandy and after Sandy, the recovery |
| 14 | from Sandy, and one of the things we needed was more |
| 15 | space for our taskforces. City Hall came and worked |
| 16 | out of Emergency Management for a time, and there was |
| 17 | a lot of necessity for more space. So, this |
| 18 | warehouse now which is 100,000 square feet, we've |
| 19 | just taken over the half of the warehouse to make it |
| 20 | 300,000 square feet. |
| 21 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: What do you keep in |
| 22 | the warehouse? |
| 23 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: The one we're |
| 24 | talking about now is in Bushwick section of Brooklyn. |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 175 |
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| 2 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And what do you |
| 3 | keep in it? |
| 4 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: What do we keep |
| 5 | in it? What's in there is all the USAR equipment, |
| 6 | the Urban Search and Rescue. We manage that team. |
| 7 | So all their equipment is there. When they deploy to |
| 8 | the south |
| 9 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] Like |
| 10 | vehicles? |
| 11 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Yeah, sure, 18- |
| 12 | wheelers, boats, all their equipment that they're |
| 13 | going to take. They're self-contained, the USAR, |
| 14 | Urban Search and Rescue team. We have New York |
| 15 | Taskforce One. When they deploy they'll come to our |
| 16 | warehouse, get in those tractor trailers, and they're |
| 17 | 18-wheelers. We've got a number of 18-wheelers that |
| 18 | have all their equipment on there. They can go out |
| 19 | there and be self-contained for whatever period they |
| 20 | have to be out there. Most recently they went down |
| 21 | south during the hurricane. They went down there. |
| 22 | So all of their equipment is in there, but in |
| 23 | addition to that we have a lot of our stuff. We have |
| 24 | generators. We have trucks. We have snow plows. We |
| 25 | have |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 176 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [interposing] So, is that equipment the Federal Government owns? 3 4 COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: I'm sorry? 5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Does the City own that equipment, or is it owned by--6 7 COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: [interposing] That's our equipment. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So it's OEM's. COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Yeah. It's all 10 11 our equipment. A lot of it is funded by the Federal 12 Government. 13 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: What happens when you loan your equipment and you use it in other 14 15 states? Do they reimburse or it just--COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: [interposing] We 16 17 have an agreement with the Federal Government, the 18 taskforce. Those-- that USAR teams, the federal 19 teams, there are 20 something around the country. 20 They're funded by these grants and all of that 21 equipment is purchased through grants. So, yes, if it's used it's re-supplied through the grant. 2.2 23 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: So, do you anticipate any cuts with the new Administration, 24 talking about cutting cities like ours? 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 177 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Well, I think the |
| 3 | Federal Government have a tough time cutting some of |
| 4 | the funding that we get. We're the number one target |
| 5 | in the nation, let's face it. So, to cut federal |
| 6 | funding for preparedness and recovery I think will be |
| 7 | tough. So, I don't think it'll come to that, but if |
| 8 | it does come to that we'll talk to OMB and the |
| 9 | Administration to see how we would overcome that. |
| 10 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: How do you |
| 11 | determine where to put emergency shelters in the city |
| 12 | when you're preparing to need shelter space? |
| 13 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Well, shelters |
| 14 | naturally are out of the flood zones, evacuation |
| 15 | zones, and we put them around the city in all five |
| 16 | boroughs to as close to the flood zones as |
| 17 | possible. We have six flood zones, as you know, six |
| 18 | evacuation zones, as you know. So those centers will |
| 19 | be right outside of zone six as much as possible, and |
| 20 | centrally located that we can get to it as quick as |
| 21 | possible. |
| 22 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Are you visiting |
| 23 | this shelter space annually, or just there's some |
| 24 | report gathered to make sure that you can maintain |
| 25 | the utilization of that and the need of emergency? |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 178 |
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| 2 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Sure. We go out |
| 3 | to those centers on a regular basis. We check |
| 4 | especially the ones that have to be set up for the |
| 5 | people with disabilities, access needs. So we make |
| 6 | sure that they're we have people that are out there |
| 7 | who are actually doing inspections of these locations |
| 8 | to make sure that they're up to the standard to house |
| 9 | people with the disabilities. |
| 10 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Did you ask any |
| 11 | resources for new budget needs from the OMB and were |
| 12 | told no? |
| 13 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Not that I can |
| 14 | recall. No. No. |
| 15 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And then that would |
| 16 | complete my questions for you today. |
| 17 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Great. Thank you |
| 18 | very much. |
| 19 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Thank you for what |
| 20 | the agency does. |
| 21 | COMMISSIONER ESPOSITO: Happy to be here. |
| 22 | Thank you. |
| 23 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Okay. Hopefully, |
| 24 | it's a quiet year. |
| 25 | [gavel] |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 179 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Sorry, that was a 3 premature gavel. Do we have anyone here from the 4 public to testify? [off mic comments] 5 [break] CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: When you're ready 6 7 to begin your testimony, please do. 8 JENNIFER PETERSEN: Good afternoon, Chair 9 Crowley and members of the Committee. My name is Jennifer Petersen and I am the Deputy Director of 10 11 Bronx Community Solutions, a project of the Center for Court Innovation. Thank you for the opportunity 12 13 to speak today. I'm here to urge the Council to 14 support continued funding for the Center for Court 15 Innovation and its groundbreaking efforts to improve 16 public safety, promote and expand the use of 17 community-based alternatives to incarceration, and 18 increase equal access to justice for vulnerable New 19 Yorkers. The Center for Court Innovation is seeking 20 700,000 dollars in City Council support which includes 500,000 to support ongoing court operations 21 in communities across the city and an enhancement of 2.2 23 200,000 to expand alternatives to incarceration in several key neighborhoods. The Center for Court 24 Innovation works to create a more effective and 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 180 |
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| 2 | humane justice system in New York City. Beginning |
| 3 | with the Midtown Community Court, the Center has |
| 4 | created 28 neighborhood-based projects in five |
| 5 | boroughs. Independent evaluators have documented the |
| 6 | success of our work in decreasing violence, improving |
| 7 | public safety, aiding victims, reducing the use of |
| 8 | jail, and transforming neighborhoods. Through |
| 9 | projects such as Bronx Community Solutions, Red Hook |
| 10 | Community Justice Center, Queens Youth Justice |
| 11 | Center, Brownsville Community Justice Center, and the |
| 12 | Crown Heights Community Mediation Center we have |
| 13 | worked to improve the lives of New Yorkers in need |
| 14 | including immigrants, the poor, women, the LGBTQ |
| 15 | community, communities of color, and young people. |
| 16 | Our programs serve more than 6,000 youth each year |
| 17 | providing them with opportunities to avoid Rikers |
| 18 | Island, and in many cases, a trip to court. Our |
| 19 | adolescent the Center's Adolescent and Young Adult |
| 20 | program serve misdemeanor defendants ages 16 to 24 |
| 21 | across Brooklyn, Manhattan and the Bronx with the aim |
| 22 | of reducing the use of jail and preventing future |
| 23 | justice system involvement. These programs offer a |
| 24 | broad range of alternative sentencing options |
| 25 | including onsite services excuse me, including on |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 181 | | | | | | | | |
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| 2 | site services, referrals to community-based programs | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | that offer mental health counseling, drug treatment, | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | education, and employment. Our Brownsville | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Leadership Project and Youth Courts offer | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | participants pathways away from the justice system | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | and toward academic, social and vocational success. | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | In addition to helping divert New Yorkers out of the | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | system, we are working to help people transition back | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | to community life after spending time behind bars. | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | The Harlem Community Justice together with its faith- | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | based community partners encourages both adult | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | parolees and juveniles returning from state placement | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | to become productive law-abiding citizens. Parolees | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | are linked to drug treatment and jobs and receive | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | help reconnecting with their families. Young people | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | and their parents are linked to intensive services. | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | The Brownsville Community Center is working to | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | connect men and women between the ages of 16 and 29 | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | who have been in contact with the criminal justice | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | system to resources such as GED and college | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | assistance, internships and professional training. | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | Participants complete community benefit projects, | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | including several large scale mural projects and | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | assisting with the construction of a community | | | | | | | | |
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| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 182 | | | | | | | | |
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| 2 | teaching garden. The City Council support has been | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | invaluable to the success of the center for Court | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Innovation, helping us maintain core operation, and | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | expanding our demonstration projects throughout New | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | York City. We look forward to continuing to work | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | with the New York City Council to improve public | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | safety and to create new alternatives to | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | incarceration that result in a fair more accessible | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | justice system for all New Yorkers. We respectfully | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | urge you to continue to support our work, and thank | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | you again for the opportunity to speak. I would be | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | happy to answer any questions you may have. Thank | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | you. | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: You have programs | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | in each borough. | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | JENNIFER PETERSEN: Yes, that's correct. | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And what type of | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | programs do you have in Staten Island? | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | JENNIFER PETERSEN: We have a supervised | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | release program which is about a year old now that is | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | bail reform program, and we also have community-based | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | youth programming, and I'm sure I can get you more | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | information because there's several programs that run | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | out of that office. | | | | | | | | |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 183 2 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And what about in 3 Oueens? 4 JENNIFER PETERSEN: In Queens we have a Youth Justice Center, I believe, but I can also get 5 you more details. 6 7 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Yeah, I visited your Youth Justice Center. It's a very good program. 8 9 JENNIFER PETERSEN: Thank you. CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And you receive 10 11 funding from the Mayor's office. 12 JENNIFER PETERSEN: That's correct. 13 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And you're asking 14 for funding from the City Council? 15 JENNIFER PETERSEN: Yes. 16 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Are you asking for 17 an increase? 18 JENNIFER PETERSEN: Yes, increase of 19 200,000. 20 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: And would that just be divided evenly through what you do in each borough 21 in your various programs? 2.2 23 JENNIFER PETERSEN: I believe it would-part of that would go to the core operations, because 24 we have a main central office that works with all the 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 184 28 project sites, and then to the expansion of 2 3 alternative to incarceration programming, which would 4 be throughout different project sites. 5 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Do you track the participation -- the participants' recidivism rate? 6 7 JENNIFER PETERSEN: I know we do at some sites, and at Bronx Community Solutions where I work 8 9 we are currently undergoing an evaluation of our last 10 years of work to look at recidivism rates. 10 11 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Oh, okay, that'd be 12 great if you could share that --13 JENNIFER PETERSEN: [interposing] Yep, 14 definitely. 15 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: with the Council. I 16 have no further questions. Thank you for what you do 17 and for the Center for Court Innovation for doing what they do. 18 19 JENNIFER PETERSEN: Thank you, Chair 20 Crowley. 21 CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Okay. [off mic comments] 2.2 23 TRACIE GARDNER: Good afternoon. Good afternoon. Okay. My name is Tracie Gardner, and I'm 24 Associate Director at Legal Action Center, and thank 25

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 185 |
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| 2 | you very much for the opportunity to testify today on |
| 3 | behalf of the New York ATI and Reentry Coalition. |
| 4 | It's made up of the 10 organizations that you see |
| 5 | listed. I know you know them well, and I'd also like |
| 6 | to introduce my associate, Legal Action Center's |
| 7 | Senior Policy Director, New York State Policy |
| 8 | Director Sebastian Solomon. I will relieve you of |
| 9 | having to hear me read the entire testimony even |
| 10 | though it's nice and short. But we are especially |
| 11 | appreciative to the Council for the support of our |
| 12 | work through the ATI initiative, which in Fiscal Year |
| 13 | 17 allocated five million 5.3 million dollars to |
| 14 | the 10 current members of the New York ATI Coalition. |
| 15 | The City Council has been a key partner throughout |
| 16 | the Coalition's 20-year history. I know I look five, |
| 17 | but I'm not. I've actually been around since Gifford |
| 18 | Miller [sp?] was part of helping to establish support |
| 19 | for the ATI Coalition, and the Council funding is |
| 20 | especially crucial because of the flexibility that it |
| 21 | allows many of these organizations who are the |
| 22 | leaders or the cutting edge who've been around since, |
| 23 | you know, prior to Mario Cuomo. So, this goes to the |
| 24 | ability to be responsive to the City's evolving |
| 25 | criminal justice landscape, and the Coalition |
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1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 186 2 anticipates that the Council funding will be more 3 critical this year. We applaud the Committee Chair, the Speaker and all Council Members for prioritizing 4 reforms to the criminal justice system as well as 5 brining to the forefront discussions of the 6 7 feasibility of closing Rikers Island. A number of 8 Coalition members have been engaged in ongoing 9 discussion surrounding these efforts, and we believe or organizations are well-positioned to support many 10 11 of the recommendations that we anticipate will be 12 coming forward. The need for ATI and Reentry 13 Coalition's existing services and program is 14 anticipated to be greater than ever. Obviously, the 15 cost and the demand have increased, but it certainly 16 goes without saying that this current federal 17 environment certainly and some of the positions and 18 statements that are coming forth would suggest a more 19 regressive look at criminal justice reforms instead 20 of progressive. And so New York enjoys a singular 21 position in having low crime, relatively low numbers 2.2 in its jails and prisons, and that we think is due in 23 part to the fact that we have an ATI and re-entry network that is robust. It's older. It has existed 24 longer than most jurisdictions. So, for 2018 we're 25

1 COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 187 2 hoping for a one million dollar increase in funding 3 from the City Council for the ATI initiative which 4 would be divided equally among the 10 members of the Coalition. So, it's 100,000 per organization. 5 We have always played well together. We have always 6 7 cooperated and coordinated our services together, so 8 it's really a big bang for the buck, because we make 9 it go far. So that would bring up the total request to 6.35 million-- 357 million, and it will assist the 10 11 Coalition in its work to partner with the City in 12 advancing shared criminal justice reforms, allow 13 Coalition members to respond quickly to anticipated increased demand for the programs in the upcoming 14 15 year, and provide critical ongoing support for ATI 16 reentry services citywide. Again, thank you for this 17 opportunity to submit testimony today. I'd like to 18 use a little bit of the time for Sebastian to talk a 19 little bit about some of the issues that are going on 20 with Raise the Age and why in particular our 21 organizations are really well-positioned. 2.2 SEBASTIAN SOLOMON: So, as I'm sure many 23 of you have been following, there's a lot going on. There's some real promises here around Raise the Age, 24 25 and a huge part of Raise the Age is diverting more

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 188 |
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| 2 | people out of the criminal justice system. And so |
| 3 | the need for these services will be acute, and we've |
| 4 | seen a the state has actually proposed for this |
| 5 | year a 5.5 percent cut to funding for alternatives to |
| 6 | incarceration. So, this is you know, this City |
| 7 | Council funding will really help fill that hole that |
| 8 | we're seeing at the state level, and then demand |
| 9 | hopefully will be hopefully, if we pass Raise the |
| 10 | Age it'll be even greater than before. And when you |
| 11 | combine that with the Littman Commission and |
| 12 | everything going on around Close Rikers, we all know |
| 13 | that closing Rikers requires a shrinking of the |
| 14 | population, and part of there are many elements of |
| 15 | that including various legal reforms, but a part of |
| 16 | it has got to be keeping people out, especially |
| 17 | people, you know, especially we're going to have |
| 18 | we're going to have to accept the fact that some of |
| 19 | the people who sit there longest are the ones who are |
| 20 | going to need to be coming out. We need to reduce |
| 21 | the ones who are four or five days, 10 days, but also |
| 22 | the ones who are there for a year or two years really |
| 23 | are going to have to leave if we want to get to the |
| 24 | point where we can close Rikers. |

| 1 | COMMITTEE ON FIRE AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES 189 | | | | | | | | |
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| 2 | JENNIFER PETERSEN: I think that's it | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | unless you have any questions for us. | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: The Council | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | appreciates the work the ATI Coalition does. Your | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | request is for a million more dollars to be divided | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | evenly between the 10 agencies, and your agencies | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | support the closure of Rikers Island. | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | JENNIFER PETERSEN: Absolutely. | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Which the Council is | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | working towards, too. So, I appreciate your advocacy | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | and the work that you do and your organizations, and | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | I have no further questions. | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | JENNIFER PETERSEN: Thank you, Council | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Member. | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | SEBASTIAN SOLOMON: Thank you. | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: Have a good day. | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | JENNIFER PETERSEN: Bye-bye. | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | CHAIRPERSON CROWLEY: [gavel] This | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | concludes the Fire and Criminal Justice Services | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Budget Hearing of March 9 th , 2017. | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | [gavel] | | | | | | | | |
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CERTIFICATE

World Wide Dictation certifies that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings. We further certify that there is no relation to any of the parties to this action by blood or marriage, and that there is interest in the outcome of this matter.



Date _____ March 30, 2017