

EXHIBIT G



Murder Accountability Project®

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Half of Native American Homicides are Unreported

Law enforcement agencies failed to notify the FBI about nearly half of homicides of American Indians and Alaskan Natives committed from 1999 to 2017, according to a study by the nonprofit Murder Accountability Project (MAP).

The study found Indian murders are the least likely of any racial group to be reported to the federal Supplementary Homicide Report (SHR) which is part of the FBI's Uniform Crime Report, the nation's official accounting for major crimes. These records are valuable to local, state and federal authorities for identifying and responding to challenges facing law enforcement.

The finding is based on MAP's comparison of homicides reported by medical authorities to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and homicides reported by police to the Supplementary Homicide Report. At least 2,406 murders have not been reported to federal authorities.

MAP Chairman Thomas Hargrove and Vice-Chairman Eric Witzig, a veteran homicide detective, met with U.S. Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs Tara Sweeney and other top Interior Department leaders on February 4 to discuss these reporting failures. MAP's study resulted from a request by Interior officials who also sought a briefing on the findings. Interior officials declined to comment publicly on the findings of this report.

Here are the disparities in CDC and SHR data according to the race of homicide victims:

Homicides by Race 1999-2017

<u>Race</u>	<u>CDC</u>	<u>FBI</u>	<u>Missing</u>	<u>Reporting Percentage</u>
American Indian or Alaskan Native	4,821	2,415	2,406	50.1%
Asian or Pacific Islander	7,015	5,217	1,798	74.4%
Black or African American	160,455	148,195	12,260	92.4%
White (including Hispanic)	161,924	144,492	17,432	89.2%

Medical authorities like coroners and medical examiners generally are required by state law to report cases of fatal assault to their state's bureau of vital records which, in turn, report to the

CDC. But law enforcement reporting of data to the FBI's Uniform Crime Report has been voluntary ever since Congress first authorized the report in 1930.

MAP's study found considerable variability in reporting rate for Indian homicides by year. The worst year for reporting to the SHR was 2012, when SHR reporting was just 38 percent of the CDC's total, while 2017 had the best annual reporting of rate. Reporting rates for 2015 to 2017 were improved when several Native American tribes, including the Navajo Tribal Police Department, began reporting SHR data for the first time.

Indian Homicides by Year 1999-2017

<u>Year</u>	<u>CDC</u>	<u>CDC Rate Per 100,000</u>	<u>FBI</u>	<u>Missing</u>	<u>Reporting Percentage</u>
1999	253	8.9	140	113	55.3%
2000	203	6.8	116	87	57.1%
2001	211	6.8	99	112	46.9%
2002	267	8.3	129	138	48.3%
2003	237	7.2	116	121	48.9%
2004	228	6.6	130	98	57.0%
2005	257	7.2	124	133	48.2%
2006	254	6.9	120	134	47.2%
2007	220	5.7	100	120	45.5%
2008	255	6.4	113	142	44.3%
2009	254	6.1	119	135	46.9%
2010	257	6.0	116	141	45.1%
2011	254	5.8	107	147	42.1%
2012	263	6.0	99	164	37.6%
2013	241	5.4	103	138	42.7%
2014	264	5.8	113	151	42.8%
2015	286	6.2	173	113	60.5%
2016	314	6.8	173	141	55.1%
2017	303	6.5	225	78	74.3%
Total	4,821	6.5	2,415	2,406	50.1%

The rate at which Indian homicides were reported to the FBI also varies considerably by state. Law enforcement agencies in states with large Native American populations like Arizona and New Mexico reported only about a third of the Indian murders to the FBI as were reported by medical authorities to the CDC. (CDC

privacy rules prevent disclosure of any group of homicides with fewer than 10 cases, repressing homicide counts in 20 states.)

Indian Homicides by State 1999-2017

<u>State</u>	<u>CDC</u>	<u>CDC Rate</u>	<u>FBI</u>	<u>Missing</u>	<u>Reporting Percentage</u>
Alabama	24	3.9	9	15	37.5%
Alaska	300	13.5	278	22	92.7%
Arizona	953	14.8	358	595	37.6%
Arkansas	12	NA	6	6	50.0%
California	392	3.2	195	197	49.7%
Colorado	96	6.1	27	69	28.1%
Connecticut	*	NA	2		
Delaware	*	NA	1		
District of Columbia	*	NA	3		
Florida	31	1.8	29	2	93.5%
Georgia	25	2.9	21	4	84.0%
Hawaii	*	NA	2		
Idaho	33	6.3	8	25	24.2%
Illinois	13	NA	3	10	23.1%
Indiana	5	NA	10	-5	200.0%
Iowa	12	NA	6	6	50.0%
Kansas	32	4.5	17	15	53.1%
Kentucky	*	NA	1		
Louisiana	15	NA	6	9	40.0%
Maine	*	NA	5		
Maryland	16	NA	11	5	68.8%
Massachusetts	*	NA	5		
Michigan	55	3.5	14	41	25.5%
Minnesota	178	12.6	140	38	78.7%
Mississippi	22	7.2	15	7	68.2%
Missouri	25	3.5	11	14	44.0%
Montana	164	12.8	76	88	46.3%
Nebraska	52	11.6	21	31	40.4%

Nevada	47	5.4	25	22	53.2%
New Hampshire	*	NA	0		
New Jersey	*	NA	12		
New Mexico	493	12.3	182	311	36.9%
New York	40	1.1	18	22	45.0%
North Carolina	379	14	206	173	54.4%
North Dakota	73	10.1	34	39	46.6%
Ohio	20	2.8	7	13	35.0%
Oklahoma	514	7.4	249	265	48.4%
Oregon	56	3.9	23	33	41.1%
Pennsylvania	12	NA	8	4	66.7%
Rhode Island	*	NA	0		
South Carolina	20	4.5	11	9	55.0%
South Dakota	211	15	79	132	37.4%
Tennessee	14	NA	11	3	78.6%
Texas	49	1.1	35	14	71.4%
Utah	52	6.4	32	20	61.5%
Vermont	*	NA	0		
Virginia	12	NA	4	8	33.3%
Washington	199	7.5	101	98	50.8%
West Virginia	*	NA	4		
Wisconsin	63	5.2	74	-11	117.5%
Wyoming	54	19.1	20	34	37.0%
Total	4,821	6.5	2,415	2,406	50.1%

* Data suppressed because CDC reporting and privacy rules do not permit reporting of statistics smaller than 10 cases since such reporting might identify individuals.

Following are Indian homicide counts aggregated to individual counties for those counties reporting 10 or more such homicides. This technique can point to non-reporting and under-reporting by specific law enforcement agencies.

Again, some of the largest disparities occur in areas with large Indian populations. Counties with the largest numerical differences between CDC and FBI reporting were Navajo County, Arizona, and McKinley County, New Mexico.

Indian Homicides by County 1999-2017

<u>County</u>	<u>CDC</u>	<u>CDC</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>FBI</u>	<u>Missing</u>	<u>Reporting</u> <u>Percentage</u>
Robeson County, NC	267	26.9	155	112	58.1%
Maricopa County, AZ	235	12.2	167	68	71.1%
Apache County, AZ	166	16.5	69	97	41.6%
McKinley County, NM	164	15.3	43	121	26.2%
Navajo County, AZ	155	16.7	18	137	11.6%
San Juan County, NM	125	13.6	34	91	27.2%
Pima County, AZ	120	15.6	46	74	38.3%
Coconino County, AZ	103	14.5	23	80	22.3%
Pinal County, AZ	91	20.2	24	67	26.4%
Anchorage Borough, AK	77	15.2	113	-36	146.8%
Bernalillo County, NM	69	9.9	74	-5	107.2%
Oklahoma County, OK	66	10.7	49	17	74.2%
Tulsa County, OK	61	7.6	25	36	41.0%
Fremont County, WY	51	31.8	16	35	31.4%
Shannon County, SD	51	21	0	51	0.0%
Yakima County, WA	47	17.1	11	36	23.4%
Hennepin County, MN	46	15.6	49	-3	106.5%
Beltrami County, MN	42	23.3	6	36	14.3%
Sandoval County, NM	42	12.3	4	38	9.5%
Bethel Census Area, AK	40	14.6	14	26	35.0%
Los Angeles County, CA	40	1.4	5	35	12.5%
Gila County, AZ	39	25.1	2	37	5.1%
King County, WA	37	8	24	13	64.9%
San Diego County, CA	35	4.2	21	14	60.0%
Roosevelt County, MT	34	27.9	7	27	20.6%
Todd County, SD	30	18.6	0	30	0.0%
Wade Hampton Census Area, AK	29	21.4	0	29	0.0%
Riverside County, CA	29	3.7	25	4	86.2%
Cherokee County, OK	28	8.5	6	22	21.4%

Big Horn County, MT	26	16.4	14	12	53.8%
Adair County, OK	24	11.8	18	6	75.0%
Fairbanks North Star Borough, AK	23	14.9	20	3	87.0%
San Bernardino County, CA	23	2.8	6	17	26.1%
Yukon-Koyukuk Census Area, AK	22	26.4	1	21	4.5%
Pierce County, WA	22	7.6	22	0	100.0%
Sacramento County, CA	21	4.3	13	8	61.9%
Denver County, CO	21	8.4	9	12	42.9%
Cibola County, NM	21	9.6	5	16	23.8%
Alameda County, CA	20	5.5	7	13	35.0%
Clark County, NV	20	4.5	14	6	70.0%
Rio Arriba County, NM	20	14.9	1	19	5.0%
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, AK	19	16.1	1	18	5.3%
Glacier County, MT	19	11.4	7	12	36.8%
Pennington County, SD	19	9.9	28	-9	147.4%
Humboldt County, CA	19	10.4	12	7	63.2%
Mendocino County, CA	18	16.2	13	5	72.2%
Cass County, MN	18	27.1	11	7	61.1%
Montezuma County, CO	18	29.0	8	10	44.4%
Seminole County, OK	18	17.8	17	1	94.4%
Fresno County, CA	17	3.3	21	-4	123.5%
McCurtain County, OK	17	15.4	7	10	41.2%
Jefferson County, OR	17	22.0	3	14	17.6%
Thurston County, NE	17	22.4	0	17	0.0%
Caddo County, OK	17	11.0	6	11	35.3%
Spokane County, WA	17	10.2	15	2	88.2%
Rolette County, ND	17	8.3	3	14	17.6%
Nome Census Area, AK	16	11.2	1	15	6.3%
Salt Lake County, UT	16	6.1	20	-4	125.0%
Lake County, MT	16	11.3	12	4	75.0%
Muskogee County, OK	16	6.0	7	9	43.8%
Kern County, CA	15	3.6	6	9	40.0%
Cumberland County, NC	15	13.1	12	3	80.0%
Sioux County, ND	15	22.1	0	15	0.0%

El Paso County, CO	15	8.7	6	9	40.0%
Pottawatomie County, OK	15	8.1	9	6	60.0%
Dewey County, SD	15	18.4	1	14	6.7%
San Juan County, UT	14	9.9	3	11	21.4%
Whatcom County, WA	14	11.0	14	0	100.0%
Hoke County, NC	14	15.2	4	10	28.6%
Uintah County, UT	14	26.5	4	10	28.6%
Bannock County, ID	14	24.8	3	11	21.4%
Otero County, NM	14	15.5	1	13	7.1%
Minnehaha County, SD	14	16.5	16	-2	114.3%
Douglas County, NE	14	12.6	7	7	50.0%
San Joaquin County, CA	13	4.8	1	12	7.7%
La Paz County, AZ	13	19.9	1	12	7.7%
Jackson County, MO	13	12.8	6	7	46.2%
Rosebud County, MT	13	20.3	4	9	30.8%
Yellowstone County, MT	13	10.7	11	2	84.6%
Klamath County, OR	13	19.4	5	8	38.5%
Snohomish County, WA	13	5.5	6	7	46.2%
Milwaukee County, WI	13	6.8	7	6	53.8%
Mohave County, AZ	12	11.1	1	11	8.3%
Wayne County, MI	12	5.4	9	3	75.0%
Roberts County, SD	12	17.7	2	10	16.7%
Scotland County, NC	12	15.9	8	4	66.7%
Carter County, OK	12	12.4	2	10	16.7%
Comanche County, OK	12	8.0	10	2	83.3%
Kay County, OK	12	12.7	6	6	50.0%
Okmulgee County, OK	12	8.9	6	6	50.0%
Northwest Arctic Borough, AK	11	9.2	3	8	27.3%
Neshoba County, MS	11	12.6	0	11	0.0%
Delaware County, OK	11	5.6	7	4	63.6%
Cascade County, MT	11	14.3	6	5	54.5%
Swain County, NC	11	14.1	1	10	9.1%
North Slope Borough, AK	11	10.9	7	4	63.6%
Okanogan County, WA	11	10.9	0	11	0.0%

Ramsey County, MN	10	8.7	11	-1	110.0%
Adams County, CO	10	5.4	0	10	0.0%
Shasta County, CA	10	8.3	8	2	80.0%
St. Louis County, MN	10	10.5	12	-2	120.0%
Canadian County, OK	10	8.8	9	1	90.0%
Rogers County, OK	10	4.3	0	10	0.0%
Bennett County, SD	10	24.9	1	9	10.0%
Brown County, WI	10	7.0	19	-9	190.0%
National Total	4,821	6.5	2,415	2,406	50.1%

The recent improvements in Indian homicide reporting rates were the result of several tribal police agencies that recently began reporting case data to the FBI. Although the years 1976 to 2014 showed no cases from these tribes, at least 11 tribal agencies reported homicides for the first time in 2015, 2016 or 2017. Nearly 10 percent of all Indian murders reported in 2017 were reported by the Navajo tribal police.

Newly Reporting Tribes

<u>Tribe</u>	<u>1976-2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Navajo	0	16	21	31
Three Affiliated	0	0	2	10
White Earth	0	2	0	5
Crow	0	3	1	4
Uintah and Ouray	0	0	0	3
Tohono O'odham	0	0	0	3
Bad River	0	0	0	2
Black Feet	0	0	0	2
Cheyenne	0	0	2	2
Kalispell	0	0	0	2
Osage	0	1	1	0