JOHNATHAN BEUTTEL and LaDEANA GAMBILL, as Co-Personal Representatives of the Estate of LAUREN A. BEUTTEL, deceased, and CINDY JANE BEUTTEL, as Co-Personal Representatives of the Estate of JACOB D. DAVISON, deceased,

CASE NO:

JURY DEMANDED

Plaintiffs,

V.

VALMONT INDUSTRIES, INC., a foreign corporation; VALMONT HIGHWAY, a foreign corporation; ARMORFLEX INTERNATIONAL LIMITED, a foreign corporation; LINDSAY CORPORATION, a foreign corporation; LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS SALES & SERVICE, LLC, a foreign company; BARRIER SYSTEMS, a foreign corporation; and CUMBERLAND GUARDRAIL, INC., a Tennessee corporation,

Defendants.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY
AT CROSSVILLE TENNESSEE

COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs, JOHNATHAN BEUTTEL and LaDEANA, GAMBILL, as Co-Personal Representatives of the Estate of LAUREN A. BEUTTEL, deceased, and CINDY JANE BEUTTEL, as Personal Representative of the Estate of JACOB D. DAVISON, deceased, now appear, by and through counsel, in this case, which arises out of the injuries and wrongful death suffered by LAUREN A. BEUTTEL and JACOB D. DAVISON in a traffic collision on June 29, 2016, in Cumberland County, Tennessee, on account of the wrongful

and negligent conduct by and/or attributable to the Defendants herein; for cause of action

against these Defendants, Plaintiffs state the following contentions:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

1. Plaintiff JOHNATHAN BEUTTEL is a citizen and resident of Johnson City,

Washington County, Tennessee, residing at 3610 Cimarron Drive, Johnson City, Tennessee

37601.

2. Plaintiff LaDEANA GAMBILL is a citizen and resident of Gastonia, Gaston

County, North Carolina, residing at 3625 English Garden Drive, Gastonia, North Carolina

28056.

3. Lauren Beuttel, deceased, was the natural daughter of Johnathan Beuttel and

LaDeana Gambill. Lauren was born on August 11, 1994 and died on June 29, 2016.

4. JOHNATHAN BEUTTEL and LaDEANA GAMBILL, as surviving parents of

Lauren Beuttel, deceased, are duly appointed as the Co-Personal Representatives of her

Estate. (Letter of Administration is attached hereto as "Exhibit A.")

5. The potential beneficiaries of the Estate of Lauren Beuttel in this wrongful

death action and the relationship of each to the decedent are as follows:

a. Johnathan Beuttel, surviving parent;

b. LaDeana Gambill, surviving parent; and

c. The Estate of Lauren Beuttel.

6. Plaintiff CINDY JANE BEUTTEL is a citizen and resident of Johnson City,

Washington County, Tennessee, residing at 3610 Cimarron Drive, Johnson City, Tennessee

37601. Jacob D. Davison, deceased, was the natural son of Cindy Jane Beuttel. Jacob

was born on January 1, 1998 and died on June 29, 2016.

7. CINDY JANE BEUTTEL is the surviving parent of Jacob D. Davison,

deceased, and is duly appointed as the Personal Representative of his Estate. (Letter of

Administration is attached hereto as "Exhibit B.")

8. The potential beneficiaries of the Estate of Jacob D. Davison in this wrongful

death action and the relationship of each to the decedent are as follows:

a. Cindy Jane Beuttel, surviving parent;

b. Donald Vernan Davison, surviving parent; and

c. The Estate of Jacob D. Davison.

9. Defendant VALMONT INDUSTRIES, INC., organized in the State of

Nebraska, which at all relevant times was doing business in the jurisdiction of this

Honorable Court. Valmont Industries is a foreign for-profit corporation organized and

existing under the laws of Nebraska with its principal place of business at One Valmont

Plaza, Omaha, Nebraska 68154-5215. Valmont Industries is subject to personal jurisdiction

in the state of Tennessee because it is engaged in substantial and not isolated activity

within the state of Tennessee; and Plaintiffs' action arises from Valmont Industries

transacting business in Tennessee or contracting to supply services or things in Tennessee

or contracting to supply services or things in Tennessee; committing a tortious act within

Tennessee; or causing injury to persons or property within Tennessee arising out of an act

or omission by Valmont Industries while, at or about the time of the injury, Valmont

Industries was engaged in solicitation or service activities within Tennessee, or products,

materials, or things processed, serviced, or manufactured by Valmont Industries were used

or consumed within Tennessee in the ordinary course of commerce, trade, or use, for which

Valmont Industries derived substantial revenue. (T. C. A. § 20-2-223)

10. In 2013, Defendant Valmont Industries acquired Defendant Armorflex

International Limited and its products, including the X-LITE guardrail end terminals involved

in the accident at issue in this lawsuit. This acquisition amounted to a merger or de facto

merger wherein liability for defects associated with the subject guardrail system was

assumed by Valmont.

11. Valmont Industries designs, develops, manufactures, tests, markets,

promotes, advertises, distributes, sells, and/or participates in governmental approval

processes of guardrail systems installed in Tennessee and throughout the United States,

including the subject guardrail and end terminal. Valmont Industries uses the registered

trademark name "X-LITE" to identify its unique and patented highway guardrail end

terminals. The X-LITE can be used at the termination of flexible barriers on the shoulder of

a roadway or in the median.

12. Defendant VALMONT HIGHWAY, a subsidiary of Valmont Industries, Inc., is a

foreign for-profit corporation organized and existing under the laws of Australia with its

principal place of business at 57-65 Airds Road, Minto NSW 2566 Australia. Valmont

Highway is subject to personal jurisdiction in the state of Tennessee because it is engaged

in substantial and not isolated activity within the state of Tennessee; and Plaintiffs' action

arises from Valmont Highway transacting business in Tennessee or contracting to supply

services or things in Tennessee or contracting to supply services or things in Tennessee;

committing a tortious act within Tennessee; or causing injury to persons or property within

Tennessee arising out of an act or omission by Valmont Highway while, at or about the time

of the injury, Valmont Highway was engaged in solicitation or service activities with in

Tennessee, or products, materials, or things processed, serviced, or manufactured by

Valmont Highway were used or consumed within Tennessee in the ordinary course of

commerce, trade, or use, for which Valmont Highway derived substantial revenue. (T. C. A.

§ 20-2-223)

13. Valmont Highway, designs, develops, manufactures, tests, markets,

promotes, advertises, distributes, sells, and/or participates in governmental approval

processes of guardrail systems installed in Tennessee and throughout the United States,

including the subject guardrail and end terminal. Valmont Highway uses the registered

trademark name "X-LITE" to identify its unique and patented highway guardrail end

terminals. The X-LITE can be used at the termination of flexible barriers on the shoulder of

a roadway or in the median.

14. Defendant ARMORFLEX INTERNATIONAL LIMITED ("hereinafter

Armorflex"), a subsidiary of Valmont Industries, Inc., is a foreign for-profit corporation

organized and existing under the laws of New Zealand with its principal place of business at

8 Paul Matthew Road, Auckland 0632, New Zealand. Armorflex was acquired by Valmont

Industries Inc., in 2013. Armorflex is subject to personal jurisdiction in the state of

Tennessee because it is engaged in substantial and not isolated activity within the state of

Tennessee; and Plaintiffs' action arises from Armorflex transacting business in Tennessee or

contracting to supply services or things in Tennessee or contracting to supply services or

things in Tennessee; committing a tortious act within Tennessee; or causing injury to

persons or property within Tennessee arising out of an act or omission by Armorflex while,

at or about the time of the injury, Armorflex was engaged in solicitation or service activities

with in Tennessee, or products, materials, or things processed, serviced, or manufactured

by Armorflex were used or consumed within Tennessee in the ordinary course of commerce,

trade, or use, for which Armorflex derived substantial revenue. (T. C. A. § 20-2-223)

15. Armorflex designs, develops, manufactures, tests, markets, promotes,

advertises, distributes, sells, and participates in governmental approval processes of

guardrail systems installed in Tennessee and throughout the United States, including the

subject guardrail and end terminal. Armorflex uses the registered trademark name "X-

LITE" to identify its unique and patented highway guardrail end terminals. The X-LITE can

be used at the termination of flexible barriers on the shoulder of a roadway or in the median.

Armorflex holds the patent on the X-LITE.

16. Defendant LINDSAY CORPORATION (hereinafter "Lindsay Corp") is a

foreign corporation, organized in the State of Delaware, which at all relevant times was

doing business in the jurisdiction of this Honorable Court. Lindsay Corp's principal place of

business is located at 222 North 111th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68164. Lindsay Corp is

subject to personal jurisdiction in the state of Tennessee because it is engaged in

substantial and not isolated activity within the state of Tennessee; and Plaintiffs' action

arises from Lindsay Corp transacting business in Tennessee or contracting to supply

services or things in Tennessee; committing a tortious act within Tennessee; or causing

injury to persons or property within Tennessee arising out of an act or omission by Lindsay

Corp while, at or about the time of the injury, Lindsay Corp was engaged in solicitation or

service activities within Tennessee, or products, materials, or things processed, serviced, or

manufactured by Lindsay Corp were used or consumed within Tennessee in the ordinary

course of commerce, trade, or use, for which Lindsey Corp derived substantial revenue. (T.

C. A. § 20-2-223)

17. Lindsay Corp designs, develops, manufactures, tests, markets, promotes,

advertises, distributes, sells, and participates in governmental approval processes of

guardrail systems installed in Tennessee and throughout the United States, including the

subject guardrail and end terminal. Lindsay Corp. uses the registered trademark name "X-

LITE" to identify its unique and patented highway guardrail end terminals. The X-LITE can

be used at the termination of flexible barriers on the shoulder of a roadway or in the median.

Lindsay Corp. holds the license and the trademark to the patented X-LITE.

18. Defendant LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS SALES & SERVICE,

INC. (hereinafter "Lindsay TSSS") is a foreign corporation, organized in the State of

California, and is a wholly owned subsidiary and/or operational unit or division of Lindsay

Corp, which at all relevant times was doing business in the jurisdiction of this Honorable

Court. Lindsay TSSS's principal place of business is located at 180 River Road, Rio Vista,

California 94571. Lindsay TSSS is subject to personal jurisdiction in the state of

Tennessee because it is engaged in substantial and not isolated activity within the state of

Tennessee; and Plaintiffs' action arises from Lindsay TSSS transacting business in

Tennessee or contracting to supply services or things in Tennessee or contracting to supply

services or things in Tennessee; committing a tortious act within Tennessee; or causing

injury to persons or property within Tennessee arising out of an act or omission by Lindsay

TSSS while, at or about the time of the injury, Lindsay TSSS was engaged in solicitation or

service activities with in Tennessee, or products, materials, or things processed, serviced, or

manufactured by Lindsay TSSS were used or consumed within Tennessee in the ordinary

course of commerce, trade, or use, for which Lindsey Corp derived substantial revenue. (T.

C. A. § 20-2-223).

19. Lindsay TSSS designs, develops, manufactures, tests, markets, promotes,

advertises, distributes, sells, and participates in governmental approval processes of

guardrail systems installed in Tennessee and throughout the United States, including the

subject guardrail and end terminal. Lindsay TSSS uses the registered trademark name "X-

LITE" to identify its unique and patented highway guardrail end terminals.. The X-LITE can

be used at the termination of flexible barriers on the shoulder of a roadway or in the median.

20. Defendant BARRIER SYSTEMS, INC., (hereinafter "Barrier Systems") is a

foreign corporation, organized in the State of California, and is a wholly owned subsidiary

and/or operational unit or division of Lindsay Corp or Lindsay TSSS, which at all relevant

times was doing business in the jurisdiction of this Honorable Court. Barrier Systems's

principal place of business is located at 180 River Road, Rio Vista, California 94571.

Barrier Systems is subject to personal jurisdiction in the state of Tennessee because it is

engaged in substantial and not isolated activity within the state of Tennessee; and Plaintiffs'

action arises from Barrier Systems transacting business in Tennessee or contracting to

supply services or things in Tennessee or contracting to supply services or things in

Tennessee; committing a tortious act within Tennessee; or causing injury to persons or

property within Tennessee arising out of an act or omission by Barrier Systems while, at or

about the time of the injury, Barrier Systems was engaged in solicitation or service activities

with in Tennessee, or products, materials, or things processed, serviced, or manufactured

by Barrier Systems were used or consumed within Tennessee in the ordinary course of

commerce, trade, or use, for which Barrier Systems derived substantial revenue. (T. C. A.

§ 20-2-223)

21. Barrier Systems designs, develops, manufactures, tests, markets, promotes,

advertises, distributes, sells, and participates in governmental approval processes of

guardrail terminals in Tennessee and throughout the United States, including the subject

guardrail and end terminal. The X-LITE can be used at the termination of flexible barriers

on the shoulder of a roadway or in the median.

22. Defendant CUMBERLAND GUARDRAIL, INC. [hereinafter "Cumberland"] is a

Tennessee for-profit corporation, which at all relevant times was doing business in the

jurisdiction of this Honorable Court. Cumberland's principal place of business is located at

478 N. Grove Street, Pikeville, Tennessee 37367. Cumberland is subject to personal

jurisdiction in the state of Tennessee because it is a Tennessee citizen; it is engaged in

substantial and not isolated activity within the state of Tennessee; and Plaintiffs' action

arises from Cumberland transacting business in Tennessee or contracting to supply

services or things in Tennessee or contracting to supply services or things in Tennessee;

committing a tortious act within Tennessee; or causing injury to persons or property within

Tennessee arising out of an act or omission by Cumberland while, at or about the time of

the injury, Cumberland was engaged in solicitation or service activities with in Tennessee, or

products, materials, or things processed, or serviced by Cumberland were used or

consumed within Tennessee in the ordinary course of commerce, trade, or use, for which

Cumberland derived substantial revenue. (T. C. A. § 20-2-223)

23. Cumberland maintains, inspects, and/or installs guardrail terminals and end

terminals in Tennessee, including the subject guardrail and end terminal.

24. VALMONT INDUSTRIES, INC.; VALMONT HIGHWAY; ARMORFLEX

INTERNATIONAL LIMITED; LINDSAY CORPORATION; LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION

SOLUTIONS SALES & SERVICE, LLC; and BARRIER SYSTEMS are referred to as

collectively "Lindsay" or "Lindsay Defendants."

25. Jurisdiction and venue are proper in this Honorable Court because

Cumberland County is the county in which the subject accident giving rise to this Complaint

took place.

ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS

26. On or about June 29, 2016, on Interstate 40 near mile marker 315.75 in

Cumberland County, Tennessee, Jacob Davison was the driver of and Lauren Beuttel was a

rear seated passenger in a 2004 Toyota Solara, Vehicle Identification Number ("VIN")

4T1CA30P44U016415, Tennessee License Number 122016.

27. At that time and place, the 2004 Toyota was traveling eastbound on I-40,

within the speed limit, when it left the roadway off the left shoulder into the median and

immediately thereafter, the left front of the Toyota collided straight on with the X-Lite

guardrail end terminal that bordered I-40.

28. During the collision, the X-Lite end terminal and rail system failed to perform

its intended safety function and purpose due to a defect(s) with its design, manufacturing,

and/or warnings. Specifically, the X-Lite guardrail failed to properly perform/telescope upon

impact. As a result, when the X-Lite end terminal was impacted by the Toyota, it was not

able to maintain its integrity and stop the W-beams, thus allowing the W-beams to pierce

through the Toyota's front fender, cowling, and floor board and enter its driver's side

occupant compartment. Further, the W-beams traveled through the occupant compartment

to the trunk area before turning and re-entering the occupant compartment.

29. During the collision, two W-beams penetrated the occupant compartment of

the vehicle where Jason Davison and Lauren Beuttel were sitting, and violently struck both

Mr. Davison and Ms. Beuttel, causing each to suffer fatal injuries.

30. In the alternative, the X-LITE guardrail failed to perform as intended during

the collision because it was improperly installed by Cumberland due to the Lindsay

Defendants failure to provide adequate installation and/or maintenance instructions.

COUNT I – NEGLIGENCE AGAINST THE LINDSAY DEFENDANTS

31. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference previous paragraphs 1 through 30

as if fully set forth herein:

32. The Lindsay Defendants owed a duty of reasonable care in the design

development, testing, manufacture, assembly, inspection, marketing, distribution,

promotion, training, advertisement and sale of the Subject Guardrail so as to avoid exposing

Plaintiffs to unnecessary and unreasonable risks.

33. The Lindsay Defendants breached that duty in one or more of the following

ways:

a. By negligently failing to use due care in the design, development,

manufacture, assembly, testing, inspection, marketing, promotion,

training, distribution, advertising, sale, or processing of the Subject

Guardrail and its component parts, in order to avoid the aforementioned

risks to individuals;

b. By failing to adequately warn foreseeable purchasers, installers, and end

users of the unreasonable dangerous and defective condition(s) of the X-

LITE end terminal, despite the fact that they knew or should have known

of the unreasonably dangerous condition(s);

c. By failing to disclose known problems and defects;

d. By marketing the X-LITE as safe;

e. By failing to adequately provide proper and clear installation, repair,

maintenance, and/or instruction manuals, and failing to provide adequate

warnings;

f. By failing to comply with reasonable and necessary guidelines, including

those of the Department of Transportation, the Federal Highway

Administration, and/or the National Cooperative Highway Research

Program (NCHRP);

g. By failing to design and/or manufacture the X-LITE end terminal according

to the specifications created by the Texas Transportation Institute and

approved by the Department of Transportation, the Federal Highway

Administration, and/or the NCHRP;

h. By failing to make timely corrections to the design of the subject guardrail

to correct the guardrail system;

i. By failing to adequately identify and mitigate the hazards associated with

the guardrail system in accordance with good engineering practices;

j. By failing to adequately test the subject guardrail system, including the

head and rail system, to ensure it provided foreseeable owners and

passengers of the motoring public with reasonable safety in foreseeable

impacts;

k. By manipulating, misrepresenting, and/or concealing testing data

pertaining to the subject guardrail system;

I. By failing to disclose known problems and defects;

m. By failing to meet or exceed internal corporate guidelines;

n. By failing to recall the guardrail system or, alternatively, retrofitting the

guardrail system to provide reasonable safety for the motoring public; and

o. By failing to recall the X-LITE end terminal to enhance safety.

34. As a direct and proximate result of the Lindsay Defendants negligence,

Lauren Beuttel suffered fatal injuries and the Defendants are responsible for her death and

damages as set forth below:

a. Johnathan Beuttel, the surviving parent of Lauren Beuttel, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law;

b. LaDeana Gambill, the surviving parent of Lauren Beuttel, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law; and

c. The Estate of Lauren Beuttel has lost prospective net accumulations and

has incurred medical and funeral expenses due to the decedent's injury

and death.

35. As a direct and proximate result of the Lindsay Defendants' negligence,

Jacob Davison suffered fatal injuries and the Defendants are responsible for his death and

damages as set forth below:

a. Cindy Jane Beuttel, the surviving parent of Jacob Davison, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law;

b. Donald Vernan Davison, the surviving parent of Jacob Davison,

deceased, has suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical

suffering, loss of society and companionship, and all other damages and

expenses allowed under Tennessee law; and

c. The Estate of Jason Davison has lost prospective net accumulations and

has incurred medical and funeral expenses due to the decedent's injury

and death.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, JOHNATHAN BEUTTEL and LaDEANA GAMBILL, as the

Co-Personal Representatives of the Estate of LAUREN A. BEUTTEL, deceased, and

CINDY JANE BEUTTEL, as Personal Representative of the Estate of JACOB D. DAVISON,

deceased, for the benefit of the respective survivors and Estates, demand judgment for

compensatory damages and costs against Defendants, VALMONT INDUSTRIES, INC.;

VALMONT HIGHWAY; ARMORFLEX INTERNATIONAL LIMITED; LINDSAY

CORPORATION; LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS SALES & SERVICE, LLC;

and BARRIER SYSTEMS._

COUNT II- STRICT LIABILITY AGAINST THE LINDSAY DEFENDANTS

36. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference previous paragraphs 1 through 30

as if fully set forth herein.

37. This is a Count for strict liability against the Lindsay Defendants.

38. At all times material to this cause of action, the Lindsay Defendants were in

the business of, and gained profits from, the design development, testing, manufacture,

assembly, inspection, marketing, distribution, promotion, advertisement, and/or sale of X-

LITE guardrail system through the stream of commerce.

39. At all times material to this cause of action, the subject Guardrail system was

unreasonably dangerous and defective because:

a. The Lindsay Defendants failed to use due care in the design, development,

manufacture, assembly, testing, inspection, marketing, promotion, distribution,

advertising, sale, and/or processing of the Subject Guardrail and its

component parts, in order to avoid the aforementioned risks to individuals;

b. The Lindsay Defendants failed to adequately warn foreseeable purchasers,

installers, and end users of the unreasonable dangerous and defective

condition(s) of the X-LITE end terminal, despite the fact that they knew or

should have known of the unreasonably dangerous condition(s);

c. The Lindsay Defendants failed to disclose known problems and defects;

d. The Lindsay Defendants marketed the X-LITE as safe;

e. The Lindsay Defendants failed to adequately provide proper and clear

installation, maintenance, and repair instruction manuals, and failed to

provide adequate warnings;

f. The Lindsay Defendants failed to comply with reasonable and necessary

guidelines, including those of the Department of Transportation, the Federal

Highway Administration, and the NCHRP;

g. The Lindsay Defendants failed to design and/or manufacture the X-LITE end

terminal according to the specifications created by the Texas Transportation

Institute and approved the Department of Transportation, the Federal

Highway Administration, and/or the NCHRP;

h. The Lindsay Defendants failed to make timely corrections to the design of the

subject guardrail to correct the guardrail system;

i. The Lindsay Defendants failed to adequately identify and mitigate the

hazards associate with the quardrail system in accordance with good

engineering practices;

. The Lindsay Defendants failed to adequately test the subject guardrail

system, including the head and rail system to ensure it provided foreseeable

owners and passengers of the motoring public with reasonable safety in

foreseeable impacts;

k. The Lindsay Defendants manipulated, misrepresented, and/or concealed

testing data pertaining to the subject guardrail system;

I. The Lindsay Defendants failed to disclose known problems and defects;

m. The Lindsay Defendants failed to meet or exceed internal corporate

guidelines;

n. The Lindsay Defendants failed to recall the guardrail system or, alternatively,

retrofit the quardrail system to provide reasonable safety for the motoring

public; and

o. The Lindsay Defendants failed to recall the X-LITE end terminal to enhance

safety.

40. The Lindsay Defendants designed, developed, manufactured, assembled,

tested, inspected, marketed, promoted, distributed, advertised, sold, and/or processed the

guardrail system and/or its component parts that is the subject of this litigation with

unintended and unreasonably dangerous defects, which unintended and unreasonably

dangerous defects were present in the guardrail system and/or its component parts when

the Defendants placed the guardrail system and/or its component parts into the stream of

commerce.

41. The subject guardrail did not undergo any material change or alteration from

the time of sale through, up to and including, the time of the aforementioned crash.

42. As a direct and proximate result of the Lindsay Defendants negligence,

Lauren Beuttel suffered fatal injuries and the Defendants are responsible for her death and

damages as set forth below:

a. Johnathan Beuttel, the surviving parent of Lauren Beuttel, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law;

b. LaDeana Gambill, the surviving parent of Lauren Beuttel, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law; and

c. The Estate of Lauren Beuttel has lost prospective net accumulations and

has incurred medical and funeral expenses due to the decedent's injury

and death.

43. As a direct and proximate result of the Lindsay Defendants' negligence,

Jacob Davison suffered fatal injuries and the Defendants are responsible for his death and

damages as set forth below:

a. Cindy Jane Beuttel, the surviving parent of Jacob Davison, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law;

b. Donald Vernan Davison, the surviving parent of Jacob Davison,

deceased, has suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical

suffering, loss of society and companionship, and all other damages and

expenses allowed under Tennessee law; and

c. The Estate of Jason Davison has lost prospective net accumulations and

has incurred medical and funeral expenses due to the decedent's injury

and death.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, JOHNATHAN BEUTTEL and LaDEANA GAMBILL, as the

Co-Personal Representative of the Estate of LAUREN A. BEUTTEL, deceased, and CINDY

JANE BEUTTEL, as the Personal Representative of the Estate of JACOB D. DAVISON,

deceased, for the benefit of the respective survivors and Estates demand judgment for

compensatory damages and costs against Defendants, VALMONT INDUSTRIES, INC.;

VALMONT HIGHWAY; ARMORFLEX INTERNATIONAL LIMITED; LINDSAY

CORPORATION; LINDSAY TRANSPORTATION SOLUTIONS SALES & SERVICE, LLC;

and BARRIER SYSTEMS.

COUNT III:

NEGLIGENCE OF CUMBERLAND GUARDRAIL

44. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference previous paragraphs 1 through 30

as if fully set forth herein.

45. Defendant Cumberland contracted with the Tennessee Department of

Transportation ("TDOT") to complete TDOT projects of adding, installing, inspecting,

maintaining, repairing, replacing, and/or overseeing the subject guardrail on I-40 in

Cumberland County, Tennessee.

54. Cumberland had a duty to properly install, inspect, maintain, repair, monitor,

and/or oversee such projects in a manner so as to protect individuals such as Lauren

Beuttel and Jacob Davison from unnecessary and unreasonable risks.

55. Cumberland knew or should have known by the exercise of reasonable care

that the Guardrail was not properly installed and secured such that upon impact at highway

speed, it would separate allowing for a failure of the Guardrail system and thus allow

intrusion of the guardrail into the subject vehicle.

46. Cumberland breached its duty in one of more of the following ways:

a. Failing to properly install, construct, maintain, repair, monitor, and/or inspect

the subject Guardrail/X-LITE end terminal;

b. Failing to discover the hazardous and unsafe condition of the subject

Guardrail/X-LITE end terminal:

c. Failing to correct the hazardous and unsafe condition of the subject

Guardrail/X-LITE end terminal; and

Failing to ensure its agents, subcontractors, and/or employees properly d.

installed, constructed, maintained, repaired and/or inspected the subject

Guardrail/X-LITE end terminal.

47. Cumberland's acts and/or omissions created an unreasonable risk of injuries

to vehicle occupants and the motoring public, including Lauren Beuttel and Jacob Davison.

48. As a direct and proximate result of Cumberland's negligence, Lauren Beuttel

suffered fatal injuries and the Defendant is responsible for her death and damages as set

forth below:

a. Johnathan Beuttel, the surviving parent of Lauren Beuttel, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law;

b. LaDeana Gambill, the surviving parent of Lauren Beuttel, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law;

c. The Estate of Lauren Beuttel has lost prospective net accumulations and

has incurred medical and funeral expenses due to the decedent's injury

and death.

49. As a direct and proximate result of Cumberland's negligence, Jacob Davison

suffered fatal injuries and the Defendant is responsible for his death and damages as set

forth below:

Cohen Milstein Sellers & Toll, PLLC 2925 PGA Boulevard, Suite 200, Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410

Telephone: (561) 515-1400 Facsimile (561) 515-1401

a. Cindy Jane Beuttel, the surviving parent of Jacob Davison, deceased, has

suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law;

b. Donald Vernan Davison, the surviving parent of Jacob Davison, deceased,

has suffered and will continue to suffer mental and physical suffering, loss of

society and companionship, and all other damages and expenses allowed

under Tennessee law; and

c. The Estate of Jason Davison has lost prospective net accumulations and has

incurred medical and funeral expenses due to the decedent's injury and

death.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, JOHNATHAN BEUTTEL and LaDEANA GAMBILL, as the

Co-Personal Representative of the Estate of LAUREN A. BEUTTEL, deceased, and CINDY

JANE BEUTTEL, as the Personal Representative of the Estate of JACOB D. DAVISON,

deceased, for the benefit of the respective survivors and Estates demand judgment for

compensatory damages and costs against Defendant CUMBERLAND GUARDRAIL.

Respectfully submitted,

THEODORE J. LEOPOLD, ESQ.

Florida Bar No: 705608

tleopold@cohenmilstein.com

Pro Hac Pending

LESLIE M. KROEGER, ESQ.

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ADD SIGNATURE BLOCK FOR

COLEMAN'S OFFICE