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15		
16	COUNTY OF I	LOS ANGELES
17	SAMANTHA SUAREZ, an individual; and GREY DUDDLESTON, an individual,	Case No.: 258TCV05281 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES FOR:
18	Plaintiffs,	(1) SEXUAL BATTERY; (2) BATTERY;
19	V.	(3) ASSAULT;
20		(4) GENDER VIOLENCE (Cal. Civ. Code § 52.4);
21	NBCUNIVERSAL MEDIA, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; BRAVO MEDIA,	(5) HOSTILE WORK ENVIRONMENT HARASSMENT (Cal. Gov't Code §§
	LLC, a Delaware limited liability company;	
22	MOUNTAIN VIEW PRODUCTIONS, LLC,	12940(j)(1), 12923); (6) DISCRIMINATION (Cal. Gov't Code §
22 23	MOUNTAIN VIEW PRODUCTIONS, LLC, a California limited liability company; 51	12940(j)(1), 12923); (6) DISCRIMINATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seq.);
	MOUNTAIN VIEW PRODUCTIONS, LLC, a California limited liability company; 51 MINDS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; 51 MINDS ENTERTAINMENT,	12940(j)(1), 12923); (6) DISCRIMINATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seq.); (7) RETALIATION (Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5);
23	MOUNTAIN VIEW PRODUCTIONS, LLC, a California limited liability company; 51 MINDS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability	12940(j)(1), 12923); (6) DISCRIMINATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seq.); (7) RETALIATION (Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5); (8) RETALIATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(h); Cal. Lab. Code § 1197.5(k)(1)-
23 24	MOUNTAIN VIEW PRODUCTIONS, LLC, a California limited liability company; 51 MINDS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; 51 MINDS ENTERTAINMENT, LLC, a New York limited liability company; ENDEMOL SHINE US OFFICE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company;	12940(j)(1), 12923); (6) DISCRIMINATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seq.); (7) RETALIATION (Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5); (8) RETALIATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(h); Cal. Lab. Code § 1197.5(k)(1)-(2); (9) FAILURE TO PREVENT
232425	MOUNTAIN VIEW PRODUCTIONS, LLC, a California limited liability company; 51 MINDS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; 51 MINDS ENTERTAINMENT, LLC, a New York limited liability company; ENDEMOL SHINE US OFFICE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; ENDEMOL USA HOLDING, INC., a Delaware corporation; GARY KING, an	12940(j)(1), 12923); (6) DISCRIMINATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seq.); (7) RETALIATION (Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5); (8) RETALIATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(h); Cal. Lab. Code § 1197.5(k)(1)-(2);
23242526	MOUNTAIN VIEW PRODUCTIONS, LLC, a California limited liability company; 51 MINDS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; 51 MINDS ENTERTAINMENT, LLC, a New York limited liability company; ENDEMOL SHINE US OFFICE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; ENDEMOL USA HOLDING, INC., a	12940(j)(1), 12923); (6) DISCRIMINATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seq.); (7) RETALIATION (Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5); (8) RETALIATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(h); Cal. Lab. Code § 1197.5(k)(1)-(2); (9) FAILURE TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(k));
2324252627	MOUNTAIN VIEW PRODUCTIONS, LLC, a California limited liability company; 51 MINDS, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; 51 MINDS ENTERTAINMENT, LLC, a New York limited liability company; ENDEMOL SHINE US OFFICE, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company; ENDEMOL USA HOLDING, INC., a Delaware corporation; GARY KING, an	12940(j)(1), 12923); (6) DISCRIMINATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seq.); (7) RETALIATION (Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5); (8) RETALIATION (Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(h); Cal. Lab. Code § 1197.5(k)(1)-(2); (9) FAILURE TO PREVENT DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT (Cal. Gov't Code §

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	OF AN EMPLOYEE; (11) WRONGFUL TERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY; (12) INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS; (13) NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS; (14) FALSE IMPRISONMENT; (15) RALPH ACT (Cal. Civ. Code § 51.7); and (16) BANE ACT (Cal. Civ. Code § 52.1) JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
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	COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs Samantha Suarez ("Suarez") and Grey Duddleston ("Duddleston") (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), by and through their counsel, complain against Defendants NBCUniversal Media, LLC ("NBC"); Bravo Media, LLC ("Bravo"); Mountain View Productions, LLC ("Mountain View"); 51 Minds, LLC; 51 Minds Entertainment, LLC; Endemol Shine US Office, LLC; Endemol USA Holding, Inc., 2,3,4 Gary King ("King"); and DOES 1-50, inclusive (collectively, "Defendants"), hereby alleging as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. In August 2023, a grassroots movement called the "Reality Reckoning" emerged to highlight the pervasive malfeasance in the reality television industry and improve working conditions for cast and crew. The "Reality Reckoning" was widely covered in the media and spread like wildfire among those with first-hand knowledge of the unconscionable working conditions and the predatory, sordid practices of the studios and production companies. With the wind at their back, many individuals who had previously been scared into silence told their stories for the first time. And some of those stories are horrific.
- 2. Enter Samantha Suarez and Grey Duddleston. Suarez and Duddleston were crew members on Below Deck Sailing Yacht Season 4, filmed in Sardinia in Summer 2022. Samantha was employed as a hair and makeup artist; Grey was employed as a camera operator in his 11th season on the Below Deck franchise.
- 3. On July 3, 2022, Suarez was held hostage in a hotel room by Gary King, a longtime cast member, known drunkard, and serial harasser. Samantha was required to help deliver water and snacks to cast members. As she went to King's room to deliver his snacks

¹ NBC and Bravo shall be referred to collectively throughout as "NBC."

² Endemol Shine US, LLC and Endemol USA Holding, Inc. shall be referred to collectively throughout as "Endemol Shine."

³ Mountain View Productions, LLC; 51 Minds, LLC; 51 Minds Entertainment, LLC; Endemol Shine US Office, LLC; and Endemol USA Holding, Inc. shall be referred to collectively throughout as "51 Minds."

⁴ Defendants NBCUniversal Media, LLC; Bravo Media, LLC; Mountain View Productions, LLC; 51 Minds, LLC; 51 Minds Entertainment, LLC; Endemol Shine US Office, LLC; Endemol USA Holding, Inc., shall be referred to collectively throughout as "Entity Defendants."

and a case of water, King opened the door in his underwear and refused to take the water from her hands at the door. So Suarez walked past him and put the case of water on a nearby counter. King was set on not letting her leave his room. When she turned to leave, he lunged towards her, used his arms to grab her by her upper body, and restrained her with his tight grip around her body and arms. Suarez was terrified and instinctively screamed and fought to pry his grip loose so she could get away from him. Suarez managed to break free, ran towards the door and started to pull the door open when King, who was chasing her, got both his hands on the door and slammed it shut keeping her trapped, menacingly laughing and staring at her with evil dilated eyes. Suarez was sure she would be raped.

- 4. Only by happenstance, another crew member called Suarez's cell phone just as this was happening, and Suarez managed to tap "Accept." Realizing that a third party could now hear them, King released Suarez from his grasp, allowing her to tear her way out the door and escape into the hallway. King followed behind her in his underwear, grabbed her again from behind, and kept repeatedly asking her what was wrong, all while he was rubbing her back and smirking.
- 5. Suarez immediately reported the terrifying incident to 51 Minds, which opened up an investigation.
 - 6. When production spoke to King, he admitted what he had done.
- 7. He was not fired, however. Instead, King was warned that he would be fired if something like that were to happen again.
- 8. 51 Minds was already in damage control mode. When Suarez disclosed that she was struggling mentally, 51 Minds set her up with a risk management consultancy that required her to sign a pre-emptive waiver of liability and confidentiality as well as an acknowledgment that she would not be receiving psychotherapy or treatment for any condition.
- 9. Unsurprisingly, King engaged in further misconduct. Duddleston, Suarez's then-boyfriend, witnessed King untie the bikini tops of two female cast members without their consent, make lewd remarks to a female audio technician, and grab the genitals of two male camera operators. Duddleston reported these incidents, per standard operating procedure, over the crew walkie-talkie system.

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10. Rather than terminate King, 51 Minds (alongside the studio, NBC) opened an investigation into Duddleston for inappropriate use of the walkie-talkie system.

- Suarez, who heard nothing from production for nearly two weeks after the 11. incident, was effectively abandoned. When her colleagues asked her where she had been and what had happened, she told them the truth.
- 12. That did not sit well with 51 Minds or NBC, which had the head of human resources of 51 Minds's parent company reach out to castigate Suarez for telling people she had been assaulted. When Suarez explained that she was in a dire mental state, had scarcely left her room, and was only answering questions honestly when asked, she was told, in no uncertain terms, that 51 Minds and NBC had not classified the incident as an assault and that Suarez was tainting the investigation.
- Once she had returned to the United States, Suarez learned that 51 Minds and 13. NBC had decided not to terminate King but instead to terminate her and Duddleston. On information and belief, they are now on a "do not hire" list and remain virtually unemployable in their field.
- 14. King remains a centerpiece of the franchise, playing a central role in Season 5, which just finished airing. King has devoted a significant amount of time over the past few months savaging Suarez's and Duddleston's reputations, calling them liars and accusing them of seeking 15 minutes of fame. 51 Minds and NBC have supported King every step of the way. But they know—just as he knows—that he is guilty as sin. Left with no other recourse, Suarez and Duddleston now bring suit against all of them.

PARTIES

- 15. Plaintiff Samantha Suarez is, and at all relevant times was, an individual residing in the State of Georgia. Suarez was a hair and makeup artist on Below Deck Sailing Yacht Season 4.
- 16. Grey Duddleston is, and at all relevant times was, an individual residing in the State of Georgia. Duddleston was a member of the production crew and camera operator for 11 seasons of the Below Deck franchise, including Below Deck Sailing Yacht Season 4.

- 17. Defendant NBCUniversal Media, LLC is, and at all relevant times was, a multinational mass media and entertainment conglomerate headquartered in New York City and doing business in the County of Los Angeles, State of California.
- 18. Defendant Bravo Media, LLC is, and at all relevant times was, a television network based in New York City and doing business in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. Bravo is a wholly-owned subsidiary of NBC and is best known for its unscripted programming. Below Deck Sailing Yacht airs on Bravo.
- 19. Defendant Mountain View Productions, LLC is, and at all relevant times was, a production company based in Los Angeles, California. Mountain View is owned and controlled by 51 Minds.
- 20. Defendant 51 Minds, LLC is, and at all relevant times was, a production company based in Los Angeles, California. 51 Minds is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Endemol Shine, which is itself a wholly-owned subsidiary of Banijay Entertainment S.A., a French multinational mass media and entertainment conglomerate headquartered in Paris, France.
- 21. Defendant 51 Minds Entertainment, LLC is, and at all relevant times was, a production company based in Los Angeles, California. 51 Minds is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Endemol Shine, which is itself a wholly-owned subsidiary of Banijay Entertainment S.A.
- 22. Defendant Endemol Shine US Office, LLC is, and at all relevant times was, a production holding company owned and operated by Endemol USA Holding, Inc., which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Banijay Entertainment S.A.
- 23. Defendant Endemol USA Holding, Inc. is, and at all relevant times was, a holding company owned, operated, and doing business in the United States on behalf of Banijay Entertainment S.A.
- 24. Defendant Gary King is, and at all relevant times was, an individual from South Africa. King has served as First Officer on Below Deck Sailing Yacht since Season 2. He is a current cast member on Below Deck Sailing Yacht.
- 25. Does 1 through 50 are individuals and/or entities whose true names and capacities are currently unknown to Plaintiffs. Does 1 through 50 are legally responsible and

liable to Plaintiffs to the extent of the liability of the named Defendants. Plaintiffs will seek leave of the Court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the Defendants designated herein as Does 1 through 50 when such identities and capacities become known.

- 26. There exists, and at all times herein mentioned there existed, a unity of interest and ownership between Mountain View, 51 Minds, and Endemol Shine such that any individuality and separateness Mountain View, 51 Minds, and Endemol Shine has ceased, and Mountain View is the alter ego of 51 Minds and Endemol Shine. Adherence to the fiction of the separate existence of Mountain View as a separate and distinct identity from 51 Minds and Endemol Shine would permit an abuse of the privilege to operate as a limited liability company and would sanction a fraud or promote injustice. As such, Mountain View is the alter ego of 51 Minds and Endemol Shine.
- 27. There is such a unity of interest and ownership between Mountain View, 51 Minds, and Endemol Shine that the individuality of Endemol Shine or 51 Minds or their separateness from Mountain View has ceased, because, on information and belief: (i) there has been a commingling of funds and other assets between Mountain View, 51 Minds, and Endemol Shine; (ii) Endemol Shine treats the assets of 51 Minds and Mountain View as its own; (iii) Mountain View and 51 Minds have failed to maintain minutes or adequate corporate records; (iv) Mountain View, 51 Minds, and Endemol Shine use the same attorney; (v) Mountain View and 51 Minds lack corporate assets and are undercapitalized; (vi) Endemol Shine utilizes 51 Minds and Mountain View as mere shells, instrumentalities, or conduits for its business; (vii) Endemol Shine has taken steps to conceal the relationship between its business activities and Mountain View and 51 Minds; and (viii) Mountain View and 51 Minds use Endemol Shine to procure labor, services, and merchandise for themselves. As such, Mountain View, 51 Minds, and Endemol Shine are alter egos.
- 28. At all relevant times herein, each of the Defendants was the agent, servant, employee, employer, joint-venturer, partner, and/or alter ego of each of the named Defendants and was at all times operating and acting within the purpose and scope of said agency, service,

employment, joint venture, partnership, and/or alter ego. Each Defendant has rendered substantial assistance and encouragement to the other Defendants, acting in concert knowing that his/her/its conduct was wrongful and/or unlawful, and each Defendant has ratified and approved the acts of each of the remaining Defendants.

- 29. At all times relevant herein, Plaintiffs were employees of 51 Minds as an alter ego of Mountain View and Endemol Shine. 51 Minds exercised complete control over the conditions of their employment as crew members, including their working conditions, compensation, hours, airtime, and public appearances.
- 30. At all times relevant herein, NBC jointly employed Plaintiffs. Although Mountain View, an alter ego of 51 Minds and Endemol Shine, was nominally their employer, NBC exercised significant control over the conditions of their employment as crew members and over all aspects of the show and its production, with NBC, Mountain View, 51 Minds, and Endemol Shine each acting as an agent of the others. As such, California law imparts liability on Mountain View, 51 Minds, Endemol Shine, and NBC as joint employers. *See Raines v. U.S. Healthworks Medical Group* (2023) 15 Cal.5th 268, 290 ("We have concluded that, by statute, business-entity agents can be considered 'employers' for purposes of FEHA liability, and as such, they are independently liable for violations of the FEHA.")

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 31. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction in this matter because the damages sought herein exceed the minimal jurisdictional limits of the Superior Court and will be established at trial, according to proof.
- 32. The California Superior Court also has jurisdiction over Defendants because they are persons, corporations, and/or entities with sufficient minimum contacts in California, are citizens of California, and/or otherwise intentionally availed themselves of the California market so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over them by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.
- 33. As a condition of her employment with 51 Minds and NBC, Suarez was required to sign on-boarding documents providing, among other things, that her "hire state" and "work

state" would be California, that her employment relationship with Defendants would be governed by California law, that any disputes with Defendants would be resolved pursuant to California law, and that she agreed to submit to the jurisdiction of the California courts.

- 34. As a condition of his employment with 51 Minds and NBC, Duddleston was required to sign on-boarding documents providing, among other things, that his "hire state" and "work state" would be California, that his employment relationship with Defendants would be governed by California law, that any disputes with Defendants would be resolved pursuant to California law, and that he agreed to submit to the jurisdiction of the California courts.
- 35. In addition, the individuals in charge of the investigations described herein were located in the State of California when they so acted, and the decision not to renew Suarez's and Duddleston's employment contracts in retaliation for their disclosures was made in California.
- 36. Venue is proper in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles pursuant to Code Civ. Proc. §§ 395(a) and 395.5 in that liability arose there because at least some of the acts, omissions, and injuries that are the subject matter of this Complaint occurred therein, and each Defendant is found, maintains offices, at the relevant times transacted or transacts business, exists, and/or has an agent therein.

EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

- 37. Suarez exhausted her administrative remedies by filing a complaint against Defendants with the California Civil Rights Department on January 23, 2025. Suarez received a notice of case closure and right to sue on January 23, 2025.
- 38. Duddleston exhausted his administrative remedies by filing a complaint against Defendants with the California Civil Rights Department on January 23, 2025. Duddleston received a notice of case closure and right to sue on January 23, 2025.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

39. Below Deck is a reality television series produced by 51 Minds that has aired on Bravo since 2013. The show has been a staggering success for 51 Minds and Bravo, averaging millions of viewers per episode and giving rise to a number of spin-offs, including Below Deck Mediterranean, Below Deck Down Under, Below Deck Adventure, and—most relevant here—Below Deck Sailing Yacht.

- 40. Below Deck Sailing Yacht, which premiered in 2020, chronicles the lives of crew members who live and work for two months at a time aboard a 177-foot sailing yacht during charter season in various exotic, remote locations around the world.
- 41. This case concerns the experience of two production crew members employed on Season 4, which filmed in Sardinia.
- 42. Grey Duddleston began working for the Below Deck franchise in or around 2015-2016 as a production assistant and worked his way up the totem pole of the camera department over 11 seasons. Duddleston eventually landed the role of camera operator, a relatively senior role that gave him significant visibility into all aspects of the show's production.
- 43. Each season of Below Deck films in a different remote location for approximately two months at a time. It is common for production crew members to work on back-to-back seasons and across the various spin-offs of the Below Deck franchise. Over his long tenure, Duddleston established a place in the core circle of Below Deck camera crew on rotations for the multi-season and multi-series franchise.
- 44. Duddleston was excited to secure a role on the production crew for his then-girlfriend, Samantha Suarez. They were deeply committed to their work and eager to maintain the benefits of steady work and a dual income stream—a level of financial and professional stability that is elusive for below-the-line crew in the entertainment industry, especially during the COVID era.
- 45. Suarez worked on the Below Deck franchise for two seasons on the talent team doing the cast's hair and makeup. In addition to her core role as a hair and makeup artist, Suarez had additional responsibilities as part of the talent team. Her day-to-day job involved such things as bringing food and water to the cast, making sure they remained sequestered in their hotel rooms (due to COVID-19 protocols), and monitoring their activities to ensure their compliance with production's directives.
- 46. On her first season, Below Deck Season 10, Suarez got a taste of the mistreatment that would engulf her in her next season. A male cast member, in particular,

repeatedly harassed Suarez, making rude and disrespectful comments. On one occasion, those comments turned lewd and sexual, which caused other cast members to castigate him in real-time. Later that night, that male cast member defiantly refused to comply with the sequestration directive and left his hotel room without permission. Suarez, who was charged with ensuring cast members stayed in their hotel rooms, reported both incidents to the executive producer and co-executive producer.

- 47. On Suarez's second season, Below Deck Sailing Yacht Season 4, Suarez met Gary King, the First Officer on the sailing yacht, who had a well-deserved reputation for sexually aggressive behavior and alcohol abuse. It was widely known among the cast and crew that King had hooked up with a number of female cast members in past seasons.
- 48. Suarez first met King when the cast and crew arrived in Sardinia preparing to film the fourth season. Crew members stayed in the same hotel, the DoubleTree by Hilton Olbia-Sardinia, for the whole duration of filming. Cast members joined them and stayed in the same hotel prior to filming charters on the yacht and on the few "dark days" during the season when cast and crew were off work.
- 49. Right off the bat, it became clear that King was a troublemaker. Although King was a franchise veteran and quite familiar with the ground rules, he refused to be sequestered in his hotel room. Production had put in place strict COVID-19 protocols to mitigate the risk of an outbreak of coronavirus blowing up the entire season. In past seasons, crew members had been fired for the most mundane breaches of these protocols, such as socializing with cast members. King, however, acted with complete impunity; he came and went as he pleased. Per her instructions, Suarez reported these violations to production.
- 50. The violations were sometimes egregious. On one occasion, Suarez saw King lounging at the hotel pool when he, like all of his castmates, was supposed to be in his hotel room. When Suarez requested that he go back to his room, King smugly replied, "fuck that" and stated that he was going to hang out with friends. Unsurprisingly, King came down with COVID-19. When Suarez informed him of his diagnosis, he dismissively told her to "calm down, sweetie."

- DoubleTree with the crew, production filmed interviews with the cast. For these types of interviews, cast members are fed alcohol to loosen them up. The bibulous King consumed several beers in the lead-up. After his interview, King continued to drink amongst the crew. Suarez was instructed to escort King back to his hotel room. King insisted on bringing a bottle of wine, which a producer handed him. At this point, King was visibly intoxicated and did not need any further alcohol, which Suarez conveyed to production. Although Suarez was responsible for monitoring King during his stay in the hotel, production brushed her concerns aside, telling her that King was fine. To be safe, however, Suarez was instructed to ensure King did not leave his room. Production's concern was not only King's drinking but also that he might intersect with other cast members, who were in the process of checking into their own hotel rooms.
- 52. As instructed, Suarez accompanied King to his hotel room, where—many, many drinks deep—he began acting ever more erratically. Visibly wasted and borderline incoherent, King swung between plying Suarez with alcohol (which she did not accept) and standing over the edge of his balcony yelling at the cast members checking in. Desperate to keep a restless, intoxicated, and defiant King in his room, Suarez engaged in light conversation with him about the show and various other topics.
- 53. After some period of time, Suarez told King that she had to assist other cast members with check-in. King pleaded with Suarez not to leave, stating that he did not want to be left alone and insisting that she spend the night. Trying to defuse the situation, Suarez joked that she would sit in a chair by his door to make sure he did not leave his room. King replied, "Oh, you don't have to sit outside the door, you can just climb into bed with me." Immediately uncomfortable by this turn, Suarez attempted to wiggle her way out of the conversation and wondered aloud what her boyfriend, Duddleston, would think about this. King laughed off Suarez's comment and said that he "forgot" the two were dating. King then invited her to join him in bed anyway, stating that Duddleston "doesn't have to know." Upon hearing this, Suarez decided that it was time for her to leave.

- 54. Suarez left King's room to help other cast members check into their rooms. The crew was overwhelmed and short-staffed, and it was the talent manager's first time organizing the cast check-in, so Suarez had to assist by running around handing out snacks and water to assist. Her last delivery was to King.
- 55. King answered the door in only his underwear. Ignoring this, Suarez tried to hand King his pack of bottled water and his snacks. King refused to accept them, insisting that Suarez come into his room and begging her to stay. Suarez refused, repeating that she had to go and asking King to take the items. King refused, so Suarez walked past him to place the water and snacks on a nearby counter. When she turned around to leave, King suddenly grabbed her, held her restrained by her upper body and arms and pressed his entire body against her. In sheer panic, Suarez attempted to fight her way out, kicking and elbowing King and screaming at him to get off of her. Eventually, Suarez broke free from his grasp and lunged toward the hotel door. She grabbed the knob, turned it, and pulled the door open, only for King to come up behind her and slam the door shut with both of his hands and his entire body weight. All throughout, King laughed menacingly. By that point, Suarez was overwhelmed with panic. She was sure she was about to be raped.
- 56. Just as she started to dissociate and brace herself for what was coming, her cell phone began to ring, and she hurriedly answered the call. It was her supervisor, the talent manager, Haley Coleman. Seeing that Suarez had accepted the call, King let go of the door. Suarez ran out into the hallway, and King followed behind, still in his underwear. In the hallway, King grabbed Suarez by her shoulders and repeatedly asked her, "What's wrong, sweetie?" while rubbing her back. Suarez could see that he was smirking, his eyes glassy and dilated. Deeply shaken, Suarez barked at him to stop and demanded he return to his hotel room. This time, King complied, slinking away like a rat.
- 57. Suarez proceeded downstairs to continue assisting with cast check-ins. By chance, she ran into one of the co-executive producers, Ryan Veerkamp, and immediately told him what had just happened. Veerkamp seemed shocked and asked Suarez if she was okay. Suarez then returned to her hotel room and told Duddleston what had happened. Duddleston

was understandably upset and immediately sent a text to Ryan Veerkamp expressing his outrage and demanding to know what production was going to do about King.

- 58. The next morning, July 4, 2022, Veerkamp—seemingly frustrated by Duddleston's text message—texted Suarez to meet him in the hotel lobby to discuss what happened. During that discussion, Suarez described what King had done to her in much more depth and disclosed to him that she was struggling with the aftermath. Veerkamp told her that production would speak to King and that what he did was not ok. Veerkamp seemed to be very alarmed and initiated a meeting with the production leadership team. Suarez expressed deep concern that King would ultimately get away with it and that she would pay the price. This turned out to be quite prescient.
- 59. Later that day, Suarez met with the leadership team in the production office: Veerkamp, Courtland Cox (the showrunner), Vivian Choi (executive producer), and Haley Coleman (talent manager). Suarez was dismayed by Choi, who, despite being not only the executive producer but also a woman, arrived looking like she had just rolled out of bed, whined about being tired, and otherwise remained silent for the duration of the meeting. No apology, no words of support—nothing. Suarez later learned that Choi was, in fact, rooting for Suarez's premature departure so that Choi could replace her with one of her friends.
- 60. Cox was more supportive, apologizing to Suarez for what had happened to her and vowing to speak with King personally. When Suarez expressed concern that King would get off with a slap on the wrist, Cox told her in no uncertain terms that King would be fired if something like this happened again.
- 61. Later that day, Cox told Suarez that she had spoken directly with King and that *King had admitted everything*. Cox confirmed that this was not a "he-said-she-said" situation and that what had occurred was unacceptable. Cox asked Suarez what she wanted to happen next and told her that production would do whatever she was comfortable with. Suarez told them she was uncomfortable being around King and wanted no further interactions with him. Suarez assumed that King would be fired, although she was taken aback that production appeared to be delegating the decision-making to her. She was distressed by their failure to take

-Courtland

ownership of the situation and disturbed that she—a traumatized individual with no supervisory decision-making authority—was forced to own what happened to King.

62. Cox sent Suarez an email memorializing the discussions after the meeting. Cox wrote that he had spoken with King, who had admitted to the accusations and apologized. Cox emphasized that if any further issues involving King arose, King would be terminated.

On Mon, Jul 4, 2022 at 1:51 PM Courtland Cox wrote:

Vivian, Ryan, Haley and I just had an in-person conversation with Gary in which we informed him of the situation you brought to our attention earlier this morning. He was told that his actions and behavior in that situation were entirely inappropriate, and that any similar behavior or actions toward anyone in the future will result in his immediate termination from the show. He understood this. It was also made clear to him that this was not only consistent with company policy, but was something that we as Producers of the show feel very strongly about on a personal, human level.

He expressed to all of us that he was truly sorry about the situation, and that he thought it was understood by both of you that he was joking and being "playful". We told him his intentions were completely irrelevant to the situation, and the fact that you felt unsafe and uncomfortable is the only relevant fact. He also understood and agreed with this. Obviously, Gary's feelings and his interpretation about the incident are mostly irrelevant, but I did want to mention it only to make sure you know he did not deny the facts or events of the situation as you described them, just that he thought he was being "innocently playful" and that he said he truly feels bad about the fact he made you feel unsafe and uncomfortable in that moment.

As we discussed in the PO this morning, moving forward we will make every necessary accommodation to ensure that you are never put in any situation where you are alone with Gary without a male PA or another producer present - or, as we also discussed, if you are uncomfortable having any interaction whatsoever with Gary, we will assure that you will never have to have any in-person interactions with him moving forward. We will take your lead on this, knowing that your thoughts and wishes about it may change at any point in the future (meaning that if you say now you're okay to be with him in a supervised situation, but then at any point in the future you change your mind about this, we will adjust accordingly).

63. Suarez tried to carry on as best she could. The next day, July 5, 2022, Suarez escorted the male cast members back to the boat from the hotel. On the way back to the hotel, Coleman, Suarez's direct supervisor, pointedly asked Suarez what she expected them to do about King's hair and makeup. The implication was that Suarez, not King, bore the responsibility for the complications posed by King's actions. Suarez obviously did not have an answer. Once they had finished checking the cast members out of their hotel, Suarez retreated to her room and cried for the rest of the day. She felt—in fact, knew—that apart from Duddleston, she had no support.

- 64. Suarez spent July 6th alone in her room, crying and battling dark thoughts. Barely eating, she did not want to be around anyone and was paralyzed by anxiety.
- 65. On July 7, 2022, Suarez emailed Zach Klein, the Chief Operating Officer of 51 Minds, to report the incident. It had become clear over the previous few days that production was intent on framing the incident as a misunderstanding rather than as a sexually motivated physical assault. Suarez felt that she needed another avenue of recourse, so she contacted Klein, a member of 51 Minds's California-based leadership. "[King] comes up behind me, puts his

arms around me, holds me against his body, physically restraining me from leaving, and says stuff like no don't go. I get out of his grip, tell him again that I have to leave, that I am not staying, and I go reach for the door knob and he comes over and puts both his hands on the door, with his whole weight, to push it shut. This whole time he's laughing. I ask him to please let me out of the room, that I have to go. I then get a phone call from [the talent manager]. He sees and hears that I answer and he finally moves away from the door, allowing me to open it. I step outside, not even able to listen to what [the talent manager] is saying to me because I'm so overwhelmed at that point, and Gary grabs his room key, comes out of his room, again, is only in his underwear, letting the door close behind him." In the email to Klein, Suarez continued: "Now that I've been able to sit down and process the situation little by little the past couple of days, I realize that I am not okay. It feels like it was taken more as a misunderstanding, than it was as a physical assault/sexual harassment... My feelings/emotions about what happened feel diminished. I can't help but think, had it been a crew member, it would have been handled differently. I honestly feel quite traumatized by the whole situation."

- 66. On July 8, 2022, Suarez was contacted by Brenda Lacy Davis, an attorney and the head of human resources for 51 Minds's parent company, Banijay America, who was charged with leading the investigation from Los Angeles, California, where she, 51 Minds, and Banijay America's American subsidiary, Endemol Shine, are based. Davis advised Suarez that Klein had informed her about the incident with King and requested her availability for a phone call in the next few days. In response, Suarez begged to talk sooner, as "I haven't been feeling great and really need to talk to someone." Instead of assenting, Davis replied: "[Klein] should have reached out with the information about you speaking with a therapy [sic] today. Let's push our call to tomorrow or next week so that you can have that call today and time to process after."
- 67. Davis then arranged for Suarez to speak with a counselor from SMA Media Consultants ("SMA"), a contractor for 51 Minds.
- 68. Deeply shaken, traumatized, and depressed, Suarez was eager for the opportunity to speak with a therapist. Although Suarez was led to believe that she was being offered

psychotherapy, SMA's specialty is, in fact, "psychological risk management." As a condition of
her participation, Suarez was required to sign a form entitled "Waiver of Privilege of
Confidentiality and Consent to Psychological Evaluation[.]" The form stated that the purpose of
the contemplated evaluation was "to address [Suarez's] psychological suitability to serve as a
participant in an entertainment production entitled Below Deck[,]" that "[t]he Evaluation is not
a health care service for me or an activity that is in any way related to healthcare or intended to
address my health care needs[,]" that "a doctor-patient, psychiatrist/psychologist-patient or
other health care provider-patient relationship between the Psychologist and me has not
been established[,]" that [Suarez] will not receive any feedback regarding the results of the
Evaluation and hereby waive[s] any and all rights to view or otherwise gain access to any report
that might be produced for Production, or to receive through any other means information about
the findings of the Evaluation (which will not be considered health care or treatment)[,]" and
that "[Suarez] will be required to disclose all of [her] currently prescribed medication(s)[.]" The
form further provided that "Production is the client of Psychologist and [SMA] in this
Evaluation and the results of the Evaluation, including information derived from
interview(s) and psychological tests, may be provided to Production, its representatives, and/or
other individuals or entities involved in the Show as deemed appropriate by [SMA]." As a
capstone, Suarez was required to agree "not [to] hold the Psychologist, [SMA] or their
employees liable for any reason related to the conduct of the present Evaluation, to any
outcome of the Evaluation (whether favorable or unfavorable) or for any other reason.'
Suarez was also required to agree to "waive any claims or complaints against the Psychologist
[SMA] and their representatives with legal, professional, or regulatory bodies."

- 69. Suarez, who received the waiver form via DocuSign from Anna Carr (a representative of SMA), was taken aback; its terms were, on their face, anathema to what she really needed and believed she was being offered.
- 70. On July 8, 2022, Carr described the waiver as "just saying you can speak to our doctor. There is a lot of stuff on there that does not pertain to your situation. Let me know if you have any questions." Deeply skeptical, Suarez asked: "Is it required that I sign that document? I

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understand that a lot of it does not pertain to me, but I still don't feel comfortable signing it due to all the verbiage and provisions." Carr answered: "Yes, in order to speak to our doctor you will need to sign some kind of waiver. What verbiage is bothering you? This is for your protection and nothing more." Suarez replied: "I was hoping to speak to a psychologist about how the situation I am in is affecting me, and it says evaluation all throughout the document. I also don't know about the 8th provision [the waiver of liability] and whether it would still apply to me. I would just feel more comfortable signing something that pertains to me and my situation." Carr affirmed that the counseling was, in fact, not psychotherapy, but instead "to assess [her] situation and see what and how the company handling this will need to move forward to provide [her] with the correct support . . . There is nothing about the waiver that could affect you in the future in any way, but legally we must have your signature saying it is OK for our doctor to speak to you." Suarez replied: "I understand. I just want to make sure that this document really won't affect anything in the future. I'm just feeling a little unsure and want to protect myself." Carr wrote back, falsely stating: "I completely sympathize with your situation and I promise you this is nothing that could harm you or anything you may need to pursue in the future to help you. This is literally a signature saying you are OK talking with our doctor. They just want to know how you feel and assess the situation so we can recommend how to get you whatever you need to make you feel better. This is completely for your benefit." Exhausted and seemingly without any alternative, Suarez assented: "Okay, I promise I'm not trying to be difficult, I'm just having a hard time navigating this whole situation. I will go ahead and sign the document." All of these exchanges took place over the course of about an hour on July 8, 2022.

71. That same day, Suarez was assessed by an SMA psychologist, Dr. Rachel Rosenblatt, who concluded that she needed to be seen by a Los Angeles-based therapist, Anthony Sykes. Suarez spoke to Sykes every few days for approximately two weeks, after which Sykes informed Suarez that he had reached the limit of what he could do for her and recommended she see another therapist when she returned to the United States.

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- 72. In the immediate aftermath of the assault, Suarez was unable to return to work, retreating to her hotel room. She was upset, depressed, and on a downward spiral mentally. Suarez seriously considered returning home early.
- 73. During the same period, Duddleston personally witnessed multiple acts of disturbing, sexually aggressive behavior by King. Recall that Cox, the showrunner, had told Suarez in no uncertain terms that if King were found to have committed additional acts of sexual misconduct, he would be terminated. Two weeks later, Duddleston witnessed a highly inebriated King grope two female crew members, pull the bikini top off a female cast member, make lewd remarks to a female audio technician, and grab the genitals of two male camera operators. Duddleston blew the whistle in real-time, reporting the incidents over the walkietalkie system used by the crew to communicate with the executive producer, director, and control room. Duddleston also reported the incident to Davis, noting that others, including an executive producer, witnessed King's actions.
- 74. Davis and Suarez next spoke on July 11, 2022. On their call, Davis told Suarez that she would not promise that Suarez would not have to see or be in the vicinity of King. Davis also advised Suarez that an investigation into Duddleston had been opened for purportedly inappropriate use of the walkie-talkie system.
- 75. On July 13, 2022, Suarez spoke with Davis by phone about her continued concerns about the way the incident was being handled. Davis brushed her off.
- 76. On July 16, 2022, Suarez contacted Davis requesting an update on the investigation and an expected timeframe for its completion. Suarez was confused about the need for an investigation at all given that King had admitted to the allegations and the material facts were not and had never been in dispute. Suarez expressed concern that filming would wrap before the investigation was completed and disclosed that "[t]his whole situation has been making me uneasy and has me feeling very powerless and emotionally distressed. I've been speaking with the counselor and that's been helping, but I just feel like nothing about this has been in my control. I would appreciate any and all information you can provide me with." Davis responded three days later asking if Suarez had time to talk and stating, robotically: "Also, I'm checking in with you."

- 77. On July 17, 2022, Veerkamp reached out to Suarez to apologize for his silence. It had been nearly two weeks since Suarez had heard from production leadership. That day, Cox invited Suarez to discuss the situation with him. During their meeting, Suarez expressed disappointment that no one had reached out to her for weeks, and Cox averred that he thought others were handling it and that Klein had made it seem like everything was okay. Suarez also expressed concern that the investigation appeared to be going nowhere (despite the material facts not being in dispute) and that cast members appear to be immune from repercussions for their actions. Cox acknowledged that this was the case, chalking it up to the fact that the cast signs a contract with the network, NBC, and that NBC is responsible for decision-making involving the cast.
- 78. On July 20, 2022, Suarez vented some of her frustrations to Choi, including about how no one had reached out to her for weeks, the investigation was going nowhere, and the cast was protected even when the crew's safety was in jeopardy. After Suarez finished speaking, Choi looked at her watch and remarked that Suarez had been talking for a long time. After a few flippant remarks, Choi left.
- 79. That day, Davis contacted Suarez to castigate her for discussing the incident with others. Davis said that Suarez had given people the mistaken impression that King had assaulted her but that had not yet been determined. Suarez asked Davis how she would define assault, and Davis snapped back that she was "not going down this path." Davis warned Suarez that she was tainting the investigation and instructed her to remain silent. Davis lamented that "it was becoming water cooler talk" on set and it seemed like Suarez was "trying to rally the troops" against the show. The reality, however, was that Suarez was not rallying anyone for anything. She had effectively disappeared from the set, and her colleagues reached out and asked what had happened. All she had done was answer honestly. Suarez explained this to Davis and inquired whether she was "allowed" to discuss what had happened to her. Davis informed her that while she was not, strictly speaking, forbidden from doing so, she was strongly encouraged to be quiet. Davis repeatedly invoked Duddleston, stating that his actions (reporting further misconduct by King in real-time over the walkie-talkie system) had also tainted the investigation and mumbled that he better not defame anyone.

- 80. Duddleston and Davis had a conversation on the evening of July 20, 2022, during which Duddleston elaborated on what he had seen King doing and saying. However, it had become crystal clear that Davis viewed Suarez and Duddleston—not King—as the problem. Davis cast these additional accusations against King as "baseless."
- After filming wrapped, Suarez and Duddleston returned to the United States. Typically, within a month or two of returning home, the Below Deck franchise crew members would receive a call from production inviting them to work on the next season. News about who would be returning traveled fast in the small world of crew members. Not only did Suarez and Duddleston learn that they would not be invited back, but they also learned that they had been placed on a "do not hire" list. The "do not hire" list was well known among the cast and was typically reserved for crew members who had been kicked off the show for inappropriate behavior. Interestingly, the two female crew members who had been groped by King were invited back to work. Unlike Suarez and Duddleston, those crew members had not reported their assaults; instead, they "laughed off" King's behavior as the actions of a drunk. In return for their acquiescence, 51 Minds rewarded them with continued employment. By contrast, Suarez and Duddleston were excommunicated.
- 82. And that marked the end of their tenure. Since then, Suarez and Duddleston have been black-balled from the tight-knit community of crewmembers.
- 83. The "investigation" into King's actions ended with a whimper. On September 16, 2022, Davis contacted Suarez to advise her that the investigation had concluded. In an email to Suarez, Davis wrote that 51 Minds "will be instituting more HR check-ins on productions going forward. Also we will be expanding the conversations around sexual harassment and respect in the workplace." What Davis did not say is that King had been terminated. "We are dealing with the network on the cast issue." Davis also offered Suarez a total of \$1,000 to use on therapy sessions.
- 84. Suarez contacted Davis again on January 18, 2023, asking: "Is there a reason that neither Grey [Duddleston] or I got asked back to work on the upcoming Below Deck?" Davis replied: "No idea that staffing was happening now. We just finalized the management deal. In any event, I would not be able to discuss Grey with you."

- 85. Suarez and Duddleston are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that 51 Minds had actually decided to terminate King after the conclusion of Season 4 but were overruled by NBC, which did not want to sacrifice its cash cow for the sake of two crew members.
- 86. Suarez and Duddleston are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that they were terminated to facilitate the return of King.
- 87. On August 18, 2023, King announced in an Instagram post that he would attend BravoCon, Bravo's annual convention for fans of its reality television shows, in Las Vegas in November of that year. The implication was that he had been cleared and would be returning to Below Deck. Indeed, King had, in fact, returned to Below Deck Sailing Yacht, and filming of Season 5 had already wrapped that Summer, with King returning as a leading member of the cast.
- 88. A few days after King's Instagram post, Rolling Stone published an article entitled "Below Deck' Accused of Covering Up Gary King's Sexual Misconduct[.]" In it was a deeply-sourced and devasting account of what had transpired in Season 4 and how it had been covered up.
- 89. Up until the publication of the Rolling Stone article, all of Bravo's marketing materials had portrayed King as a key speaker at BravoCon. Almost immediately, however, Bravo removed King from the BravoCon bill and (temporarily) shelved Season 5.
- 90. In October 2024, sensing that the coast was clear, Bravo started airing Season 5, with King as a central player.
- 91. On the internet, however, Bravo faced considerable backlash from fans. In response, King went on a defamatory rampage, lambasting Suarez and Duddleston as liars, accusing them of having sought 15 minutes of fame.
- 92. Suarez and Duddleston now bring suit to rectify these injustices and hold the wrongdoers accountable.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

SEXUAL BATTERY

(By Suarez Against All Defendants)

93. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 92, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.

- 94. At all times relevant hereto, California Civil Code section 1708.5 was in full force and effect and was binding upon Defendants, Does 1 through 50, and each of them. Under California Civil Code section 1708.5: "A person commits a sexual battery who . . . (1) Acts with the intent to cause a harmful or offensive contact with an intimate part of another, and a sexually offensive contact with that person directly or indirectly results. (2) Acts with the intent to cause a harmful or offensive contact with another by use of the person's intimate part, and a sexually offensive contact with that person directly or indirectly results. (3) Acts to cause an imminent apprehension of the conduct described in paragraph (1) or (2), and a sexually offensive contact with that person directly or indirectly results." Cal. Civ. Code § 1708.5, subd. (a)(1)-(3).
- 95. Under Civil Code section 1708.5, offensive contact is defined as contact that offends a reasonable sense of personal dignity. Cal. Civ. Code § 1708.5, subd. (d)(2).
- 96. As alleged herein, King acted with intent to cause harmful or offensive contact with an intimate part of Suarez.
- 97. The conduct of King in groping Suarez and restraining her while pressing his erect penis against her body was done without Suarez's consent and constitutes sexual battery in violation of California Civil Code section 1708.5.
- 98. King intended to cause and did cause an imminent apprehension of harmful contact or offensive contact with Suarez's person, and a sexually offensive contact with Suarez did directly or indirectly result.
 - 99. Suarez did not consent to King's harmful or offensive contact with her person.
- 100. As a direct and proximate result of King's aforementioned conduct, Suarez suffered bodily injury and severe emotional and mental distress and anguish.
- 101. At the time of King's aforementioned conduct, he was acting within the course and scope of his employment with 51 Minds and NBC.
- 102. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts of King, Suarez has suffered damages, all in amounts according to proof and in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court.

1	103. King performed the foregoing wrongful acts, conduct, and omissions
2	intentionally, fraudulently, maliciously, and oppressively in willful and conscious disregard or
3	Suarez's rights and with the intent and design to damage Suarez. By reason thereof, Suarez is
4	entitled to recover punitive damages in an amount to be determined at the time of trial.
5	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
6	BATTERY
7	(By Suarez Against All Defendants)
8	104. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in
9	Paragraphs 1 through 103, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.
10	105. King intended to cause and did cause a harmful contact with Suarez's person.
11	106. Suarez did not consent to King's harmful contact with her person.
12	107. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts of King, Suarez has
13	suffered bodily injuries and severe emotional and mental distress and anguish.
14	108. At the time of King's aforementioned conduct, he was acting within the course
15	and scope of his employment with 51 Minds and NBC.
16	109. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants
17	Suarez has suffered damages, all in amounts according to proof and in excess of the minimum
	jurisdiction of this Court.
18	110. King performed the foregoing wrongful acts, conduct, and omissions
19	intentionally, fraudulently, maliciously, and oppressively in willful and conscious disregard of
20	Suarez's rights and with the intent and design to damage Suarez. By reason thereof, Suarez is
21	entitled to recover punitive damages in an amount to be determined at the time of trial.
22	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
23	ASSAULT
24	(By Suarez Against All Defendants)
25	111. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in
26	Paragraphs 1 through 110, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.
27	112. King acted in a manner such that he intended to cause and did cause harmful
28	contacts with Suarez's person.

King touched and assaulted Suarez in a harmful manner.

Suarez did not consent to King's harmful contacts with her person. Harmful

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- 123. For purposes of California Civil Code section 52.4, gender violence is a form of sex discrimination and means any of the following:
 - a. An act that would constitute a criminal offense under state law that has as an element the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person of another committed at least in part based on the gender of the victim, whether or not the act has resulted in a criminal complaint, charge, prosecution, or conviction.
 - b. A physical intrusion or physical invasion of a sexual nature under coercive conditions, whether or not the act has resulted in a criminal complaint, charge, prosecution, or conviction.
- 124. As alleged herein, King committed a physical intrusion or physical invasion of a sexual nature against Suarez, thereby subjecting her to gender violence within the meaning of California Civil Code section 52.4.
- 125. As alleged above, King engaged in the foregoing conduct at least in part based on Suarez's gender, thereby subjecting her to gender violence within the meaning of California Civil Code section 52.4.
- 126. King, at all times relevant and mentioned herein, was an employee of 51 Minds and NBC. At the time of King's aforementioned conduct, he was acting within the course and scope of his employment.
- 127. The foregoing conduct was intended by King to cause injury to Suarez or was despicable conduct carried out by King with a willful and conscious disregard of the rights of Suarez or subjected Suarez to cruel and unjust hardship in conscious disregard of her right to be free from gender violence, so as to constitute malice, oppression, or fraud under California Civil Code section 52.4(a), thereby entitling Suarez to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish or make an example of King.
- 128. Pursuant to California Civil Code section 52.4(a), Suarez requests an award of attorneys' fees in prosecuting this action.

working environment by King, 51 Minds, and NBC such that Suarez, much like a reasonable

person in her circumstances, perceived her work environment as intimidating, hostile, abusive,

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and/or offensive.

- 136. Despite Suarez's complaints, 51 Minds and NBC failed to take appropriate corrective action. Specifically, they whitewashed the investigation into Suarez's allegations, protected King despite his admitted guilt, and engaged in a campaign to isolate and silence Suarez despite knowing that she was telling the truth.
- 137. As a direct and proximate result of 51 Minds's and NBC's unlawful actions, Suarez has suffered injury, including, without limitation, lost wages, lost benefits, lost earning capacity, and other compensation and benefits in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 138. As a direct and proximate result of 51 Minds's and NBC's unlawful actions, Suarez has suffered emotional and mental distress, anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort, and anxiety, entitling her to compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial. Suarez is also entitled to special damages, including, without limitation, past and future medical expenses.
- NBC and its employees, agents, officers, and/or directors committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Suarez and in conscious disregard of Suarez's rights. Moreover, 51 Minds and NBC and their managers, officers, and/or directors authorized or ratified the wrongful conduct of their employees and/or are personally guilty of oppression, fraud, or malice. As such, Suarez is entitled to recover punitive and exemplary damages from 51 Minds and NBC in an amount according to proof. *See* Cal. Civ. Code § 3294.
- 140. Suarez has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees and seeks recovery of such fees pursuant to Cal. Gov't Code § 12965(b).

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

DISCRIMINATION

(CAL. GOV'T CODE § 12940, *ET SEQ*.)

(By Suarez Against 51 Minds, NBC, and DOES 1-50, inclusive)

141. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 140, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.

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maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Suarez and

in conscious disregard of Suarez's rights. Moreover, 51 Minds and NBC and their managers,

officers, and/or directors authorized or ratified the wrongful conduct of their employees and/or are personally guilty of oppression, fraud, or malice. As such, Suarez is entitled to recover punitive and exemplary damages from 51 Minds and NBC, and each of them, in an amount according to proof. *See* Cal. Civ. Code § 3294.

152. Suarez has incurred and continues to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees and seeks recovery of such fees pursuant to Cal. Gov't Code § 12965(b).

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

RETALIATION

(CAL. LAB. CODE § 1102.5)

(By Plaintiffs Against 51 Minds, NBC, and DOES 1-50, inclusive)

- 153. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 152, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.
- 154. At all times relevant, California Labor Code § 1102.5 was in effect and binding on 51 Minds and NBC.
- 155. Labor Code § 1102.5 provides, in pertinent part: "An employer, or any person acting on behalf of the employer, shall not retaliate against an employee for disclosing information, or because the employer believes the employee disclosed or may disclose information, to a government or law enforcement agency, to a person with authority over the employee or another employee who has the authority to investigate, discover, or correct the violation or noncompliance . . . if the employee has reasonable cause to believe that the information discloses a violation of state or federal statute, or a violation of or noncompliance with a local, state, or federal rule or regulation[.]"
- 156. Suarez had a reasonable belief that King had violated state and federal laws and 51 Minds's and NBC's internal policies and procedures when King falsely imprisoned and physically and sexually assaulted her and reported those violations to 51 Minds and NBC.
- 157. Duddleston had a reasonable belief that King had violated state and federal laws and 51 Minds's and NBC's internal policies and procedures when he witnessed King grope and sexually harass male and female cast and crew and reported those violations to 51 Minds and NBC.

- 158. 51 Minds and NBC retaliated against Plaintiff for their whistleblowing by threatening, penalizing, isolating, and ultimately terminating them, all in violation of Labor Code § 1102.5.
- 159. As a direct and proximate result of such retaliation, Plaintiffs have been damaged in a sum according to proof.
- 160. Plaintiffs request all available relief under Labor Code § 1102.5, including damages and the imposition of a civil penalty of \$10,000.00 for each violation.
- 161. Plaintiffs have incurred and continue to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees and seek recovery of such fees pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 1102.5(j).

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

RETALIATION

(CAL. GOV'T CODE § 12940(h); CAL. LAB. CODE § 1197.5(k)(1)-(2))

(By Plaintiffs Against 51 Minds, NBC, and DOES 1-50, inclusive)

- 162. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 161, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.
- 163. At all times mentioned herein, California's Fair Employment and Housing Act, Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12940 *et seq.*, was in full force and effect and binding on 51 Minds and NBC.
- 164. Suarez and Duddleston, at all times relevant and mentioned herein, were employees of 51 Minds and NBC.
- 165. Under Cal. Gov't Code § 12940(h), "[i]t is an unlawful employment practice . . . [f]or an employer . . . to discharge, expel, or otherwise discriminate against any person because the person has opposed any practices forbidden under this part or because the person has filed a complaint, testified, or assisted in any proceeding under this part."
- 166. Under Cal. Lab. Code § 1197.5(k)(1), "[a]n employer shall not discharge, or in any manner discriminate or retaliate against, any employee by reason of any action taken by the employee to invoke or assist in any manner the enforcement of this section."
- 167. Suarez engaged in protected activity when she, inter alia, reported that she had been falsely imprisoned, sexually harassed, and physically and sexually assaulted by King, as alleged herein.

- 168. Duddleston engaged in protected activity when he informed production leadership, over the walkie-talkie system, that King had groped two crew members and engaged in other misconduct, as alleged herein.
- 169. Instead of rectifying the unlawful conduct disclosed by Suarez, 51 Minds and NBC whitewashed the investigation into King, covering up his misconduct, isolating and silencing Suarez, terminating her employment, and placing her on a "do-not-hire" list.
- 170. Instead of rectifying the unlawful conduct disclosed by Duddleston, 51 Minds and NBC opened an investigation into him, declined to renew his contract, and placed him on a "do-not-hire" list.
- 171. 51 Minds and NBC violated the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12940 *et seq.*, by retaliating against Suarez and Duddleston and subjecting them to the aforementioned adverse employment actions for attempting to exercise their protected rights as set forth herein.
- 172. As a direct and proximate result of 51 Minds's and NBC's unlawful actions, Suarez and Duddleston have suffered injury including, without limitation, lost wages, lost benefits, lost earning capacity, and other compensation and benefits in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 173. As a direct and proximate result of 51 Minds's and NBC's unlawful actions, Suarez and Duddleston have suffered emotional and mental distress, anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort, and anxiety, entitling her to compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial. Suarez is also entitled to special damages, including, without limitation, past and future medical expenses.
- 174. Suarez and Duddleston are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that 51 Minds and NBC, and their employees, agents, officers, and/or directors committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Suarez and Duddleston and in conscious disregard of Suarez's and Duddleston's rights. Moreover, 51 Minds and NBC and their managers, officers, and/or directors authorized or ratified the wrongful conduct of their employees and/or are personally guilty of oppression,

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of discrimination and harassment. This pattern, practice, policy, and/or custom of discrimination and harassment denied Suarez and Duddleston the protections afforded by Cal. Gov't Code § 12940, et seg.

- 183. As a direct and proximate result of 51 Minds's and NBC's unlawful actions, Suarez and Duddleston have suffered injury including, without limitation, lost wages, lost benefits, lost earning capacity, and other compensation and benefits in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 184. As a direct and proximate result of 51 Minds's and NBC's unlawful actions, Suarez and Duddleston have suffered emotional and mental distress, anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort, and anxiety, entitling them to compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial. Suarez is also entitled to special damages, including, without limitation, past and future medical expenses.
- 185. Suarez and Duddleston are informed and believe, and based thereon alleges, that 51 Minds and NBC and their employees, agents, officers, and/or directors committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiffs and in conscious disregard of their rights. Moreover, 51 Minds and NBC and their managers, officers, and/or directors authorized or ratified the wrongful conduct of their employees and/or are personally guilty of oppression, fraud, or malice. As such, Plaintiffs are entitled to recover punitive and exemplary damages from 51 Minds and NBC in an amount according to proof. See Cal. Civ. Code § 3294.
- 186. Plaintiffs have incurred and continue to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees and seek recovery of such fees pursuant to Cal. Gov't Code § 12965(b).

TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

NEGLIGENT HIRING/RETENTION/SUPERVISION OF AN EMPLOYEE

(By Suarez Against 51 Minds, NBC, and DOES 1-50, inclusive)

- Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in 187. Paragraphs 1 through 186, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.
- 188. 51 Minds's and NBC's conduct described herein, including the negligent retention and/or supervision of King, resulted in King's commission of physical and sexual

(By Plaintiffs Against 51 Minds, NBC, and DOES 1-50, inclusive)

- 197. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 196, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.
- 198. At all times mentioned herein, California's Fair Employment and Housing Act, Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12940 *et seq.*, was in full force and effect and binding on 51 Minds and NBC.
- 199. California's Fair Employment and Housing Act, Cal. Gov't Code §§ 12940 et seq. requires 51 Minds and NBC to refrain from enabling a known sex pest and alcohol abuser from falsely imprisoning and sexually and physically assaulting their employees, refrain from discriminating against or harassing any employee on the basis of the employee's protected status, and from retaliating against any employee who engages in protected activity.
- 200. At all times hereto, it has been a fundamental policy of the State of California that employers, including 51 Minds and NBC, refrain from discrimination, harassment, and retaliation against any employee on the basis of gender or engagement in protected activities.
- 201. Suarez is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that her status as a woman, her engagement in protected activity as alleged herein, and/or some combination thereof were factors in 51 Minds's and NBC's conduct as alleged above, including her termination.
- 202. Duddleston is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that his engagement in protected activity as alleged herein was a factor in 51 Minds's and NBC's conduct as alleged above, including his termination.
- 203. The aforementioned acts of 51 Minds and NBC constitute violations of the California Government Code, the California Labor Code, and the public policy of the State of California embodied therein.
- 204. As a direct and proximate result of 51 Minds's and NBC's unlawful actions, Suarez and Duddleston have suffered injury including, without limitation, lost wages, lost benefits, lost earning capacity, and other compensation and benefits in an amount to be determined at trial.
 - 205. As a direct and proximate result of 51 Minds's and NBC's unlawful actions,

Suarez and Duddleston have suffered emotional and mental distress, anguish, humiliation, embarrassment, fright, shock, pain, discomfort, and anxiety, entitling them to compensatory damages in an amount to be proven at trial. Suarez is also entitled to special damages, including, without limitation, past and future medical expenses.

206. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that 51 Minds and NBC and their employees, agents, officers, and/or directors committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiffs and in conscious disregard of Plaintiffs' rights. Moreover, 51 Minds and NBC and their managers, officers, and/or directors authorized or ratified the wrongful conduct of their employees and/or are personally guilty of oppression, fraud, or malice. As such, Plaintiffs are entitled to recover punitive and exemplary damages from 51 Minds and NBC in an amount according to proof. *See* Cal. Civ. Code § 3294.

207. Plaintiffs have incurred and continue to incur legal expenses and attorneys' fees and seek recovery of such fees pursuant to Cal. Gov't Code § 12965(b).

TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

(By Plaintiffs Against All Defendants)

- 208. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 207, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.
- 209. The misconduct of 51 Minds and NBC and their officers, directors, employees, and agents described herein was outrageous and extreme and transcended the bounds of human decency.
- 210. Defendants and their officers, directors, employees, and agents intended to cause Plaintiffs emotional distress or acted with reckless disregard for the probability of causing them emotional distress.
- 211. The misconduct of Defendants and their officers, directors, employees, and agents directly and proximately caused Plaintiffs to suffer severe or extreme emotional distress and mental anguish.

- 212. As a direct and proximate result of these unlawful actions, Plaintiffs have suffered general and special damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 213. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and based thereon allege, that Defendants and their employees, agents, officers, and/or directors committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently, and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiffs and in conscious disregard of Plaintiffs' rights. Moreover, Defendants and their managers, officers, and/or directors authorized or ratified the wrongful conduct of their employees and/or are personally guilty of oppression, fraud, or malice. As such, Plaintiffs are entitled to recover punitive and exemplary damages from Defendants in an amount according to proof. *See* Cal. Civ. Code § 3294.

THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

(By Plaintiffs Against 51 Minds, NBC, and DOES 1-50, inclusive)

- 214. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 213, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.
- 215. The misconduct of 51 Minds and NBC and their officers, directors, employees, and agents described herein was outrageous and extreme and transcended the bounds of human decency.
- 216. 51 Minds and NBC and their officers, directors, employees, and agents intended to cause Plaintiffs emotional distress or acted with reckless disregard for the probability of causing them emotional distress.
- 217. 51 Minds and NBC owed Plaintiffs, as employees under their supervision, a duty of care not to subject them to discrimination, harassment, and/or retaliatory behavior.
- 218. 51 Minds and NBC breached their duty of care towards Plaintiffs by their conduct as alleged herein.
 - 219. These breaches constitute negligence on the part of 51 Minds and NBC.
- 220. 51 Minds's and NBC's negligence was at least a substantial factor in causing Plaintiffs to suffer severe or extreme emotional distress and mental anguish.

1	221. As a direct and proximate result of these unlawful actions, Plaintiffs have	
2	suffered general and special damages in an amount to be proven at trial.	
3	FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION	
4	FALSE IMPRISONMENT	
5	(By Suarez Against All Defendants)	
6	222. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in	
7	Paragraphs 1 through 221, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.	
8	223. King intentionally deprived Suarez of freedom of movement by use of physical	
9	barrier, force, threat of force, menace, and/or unreasonable duress, as set forth above. As a	
10	result, Suarez was restrained, confined, and detained from leaving King's hotel room for an	
	appreciable time.	
11	224. Suarez did not consent, expressly or impliedly, to King's restraint, confinement,	
12	or detention of her at any time.	
13	225. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts of King, Suarez has	
14	suffered bodily injuries and severe emotional and mental distress and anguish.	
15	226. At the time of King's aforementioned conduct, he was acting within the course	
16	and scope of his employment with 51 Minds and NBC.	
17	227. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants,	
18	Suarez has suffered damages, all in amounts according to proof and in excess of the minimum	
19	jurisdiction of this Court.	
20	228. King performed the foregoing wrongful acts, conduct, and omissions	
21	intentionally, fraudulently, maliciously, and oppressively in willful and conscious disregard of	
22	Suarez's rights and with the intent and design to damage Suarez. By reason thereof, Suarez is	
23	entitled to recover punitive damages in an amount to be determined at the time of trial.	
24	FIFTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION	
	VIOLATION OF THE RALPH ACT	
25	(CAL. CIV. CODE § 51.7)	
26	(By Suarez Against All Defendants)	
27	229. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in	
28	Paragraphs 1 through 228, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.	

- 230. At all times relevant hereto, California Civil Code section 51.7 was in full force and effect and was binding upon Defendants. California Civil Code section 51.7 declares, in pertinent part, that persons within the State of California have the right to be free from any violence, or intimidation by threat of violence, committed against their person on account of any characteristic listed or defined in subparts (b) or (e) of Civil Code section 51, including, but not limited to, sex.
- 231. Defendants violated Civil Code section 51.7 by engaging in the misconduct set forth in other parts of this Complaint.
 - 232. Suarez's sex was a substantial motivating reason for King's misconduct.
- 233. A reasonable person in Suarez's position would have believed that King would carry out their threats and would have been intimidated by King's conduct.
- 234. King, at all times relevant and mentioned herein, was an employee of 51 Minds and NBC. At the time of King's aforementioned conduct, he was acting within the course and scope of his employment.
- 235. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Suarez has suffered damages, all in amounts according to proof and in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court.
- 236. King's conduct was cruel and unjust and was intended to cause injury to Suarez or was committed by King with a willful and conscious disregard for Suarez's rights and emotional safety and well-being. Defendants had advance knowledge of the unfitness of King and continued to employ him, approving of his misconduct in advance and/or ratifying it upon learning about it. Defendants are, therefore, liable for punitive damages under Civil Code § 3294 and as otherwise permitted by law.

SIXTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

VIOLATION OF THE BANE ACT

(CAL. CIV. CODE § 52.1)

(By Suarez Against All Defendants)

237. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference each and every allegation set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 236, inclusive, as if set forth fully herein.

- 238. At all times relevant hereto, California Civil Code section 52.1 was in full force and effect and was binding upon Defendants. Section 52. 1 prohibits the actual or attempted interference by threat, intimidation, or coercion with the enjoyment of any individual rights secured by the laws and Constitutions of the United States and the State of California.
- 239. At all times herein mentioned, Suarez had a civil and constitutional right to be free from discrimination and harassment in the workplace based on her sex, as established by California Government Code sections 12920 and 12921 and by Article 1, section 8 of the California Constitution.
- 240. Defendants violated Civil Code section 52.1 by engaging in the misconduct set forth herein, which caused Suarez to reasonably believe that Defendants would interfere with Suarez's civil and constitutional rights to be free from discrimination and harassment in the workplace based on her sex and to commit violence against her.
- 241. A reasonable person in Suarez's position would have believed that Defendants would carry out their threats and would have been intimidated by Defendants' conduct.
- 242. King, at all times relevant and mentioned herein, was an employee of 51 Minds and NBC. At the time of King's aforementioned conduct, he was acting within the course and scope of his employment.
- 243. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts of Defendants, Suarez has suffered damages, all in amounts according to proof and in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of this Court.
- 244. King's conduct was cruel and unjust and was intended to cause injury to Suarez or was committed by King with a willful and conscious disregard for Suarez's rights and emotional safety and well-being. Defendants had advance knowledge of the unfitness of King and continued to employ him, approving of his misconduct in advance and/or ratifying it upon learning about it. Defendants are, therefore, liable for punitive damages under Civil Code § 3294 and as otherwise permitted by law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs prays for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

1.	For compensat	ory damages and other special, general, and	d consequential
damages acco	ording to proof;		
2.	For civil penalti	es pursuant to statute;	
3.	For an award of punitive or exemplary damages according to proof;		
4.	For costs of suit	, attorneys' fees, and expert fees pursuant to statu	ite;
5.	For pre- and pos	st-judgment interest at the maximum legal rate;	
6.	For such other a	and further relief as the Court may deem just and J	oroper.
		Respectfully submitted,	
Dated: Febru	uary 25, 2025	LINER FREEDMAN TAITELMAN + CC	OCLEY, LLP
		/s/ Bryan J. Freedman	_
		Bryan J. Freedman Jason H. Sunshine	
		Summer E. Benson	
		GERAGOS & GERAGOS APC	
		<u>/s/ Mark J. Geragos</u> Mark J. Geragos	
		Kimberly M. Casper	
			nd Grey
		Duddleston	
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	2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	damages according to proof; 2. For civil penalti 3. For an award of 4. For costs of suit 5. For pre- and pos	damages according to proof; 2. For civil penalties pursuant to statute; 3. For an award of punitive or exemplary damages according to produce the following of the process of suit, attorneys' fees, and expert fees pursuant to statute; 5. For pre- and post-judgment interest at the maximum legal rate; 6. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and process of the process o

1		JURY DEMAND
2	Plaintiffs hereby deman	nd a trial by jury on all issues so triable.
3		
4		Respectfully submitted,
5	Dated: February 25, 2025 L	INER FREEDMAN TAITELMAN + COOLEY, LLP
6		
7		/s/ Bryan J. Freedman
8		Bryan J. Freedman Jason H. Sunshine
9		Summer E. Benson
10		
		GERAGOS & GERAGOS APC
11		
12		/s/ Mark J. Geragos
13		Mark J. Geragos Kimberly M. Casper
14		
15		Attorneys for Plaintiffs Samantha Suarez and Grey Duddleston
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