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# 47 Months Since the Jan. 6 Attack on the U.S. Capitol

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Friday, December 6, 2024, marks 47 months since the attack on the U.S. Capitol on January 6, 2021, that disrupted a joint session of the U.S. Congress in the process of affirming the 2020 presidential election results. During the siege of the Capitol that day, over 140 police officers were assaulted — including over 80 from the U.S. Capitol Police and over 60 from the Washington, D.C. Metropolitan Police Department — the Capitol was damaged, government property was destroyed, and other government property was stolen. Current estimates are that losses arising from the Capitol siege exceed **\$2.8 million**. In total, approximately **1,572** individuals have been charged criminally in federal court.

## Public Assistance:

Under the continued leadership of the U.S. Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia and the FBI's Washington Field Office, the investigation and prosecution of those responsible for the attack moves forward. In particular, the Department continues to pursue those criminally culpable, especially those who assaulted law enforcement officers and engaged in disruptive or obstructive conduct that interfered with the peaceful transfer of power.

- The FBI currently has 9 videos of suspects wanted for violent assaults on law enforcement agents or officers.
- The FBI has also sought information from the public to help identify Be-On-The-Lookouts (BOLOs) of violent offenders from January 6, 2021. That includes AFO BOLO # 91 and 383, both of whom assaulted police.
- The FBI also seeks assistance to locate known fugitives, including [Evan Neumann](#), [Adam Villarreal](#), [Paul Belosic](#), and [Jeffrey Dale Snyder](#).

For images and video of the attackers, please visit <https://www.fbi.gov/wanted/capitol-violence>. Anyone with tips can call 1-800-CALL-FBI (800-225-5324) or visit [tips.fbi.gov](https://tips.fbi.gov).

## **Criminal Charges:**

Based on the public court documents, below is a snapshot of the investigation as of December 5, 2024, for those charged in U.S. District Court. Complete versions of most of the public court documents used to compile these statistics are available on the Capitol Breach Investigation Resource Page at <https://www.justice.gov/usao-dc/capitol-breach-cases>.

## **Arrests**

- Approximately **1,572** defendants have been federally charged with crimes associated with the attack of the U.S. Capitol, which includes: [\[1\]](#)
- Approximately **598** charged with assaulting, resisting, or impeding law enforcement agents or officers or obstructing those officers during a civil disorder, including approximately **171** defendants charged with using a deadly or dangerous weapon or causing serious bodily injury to an officer;
  - **174** defendants charged with entering a restricted area with a dangerous or deadly weapon;
- As proven in Court, the weapons used and carried on Capitol grounds include firearms; OC spray; tasers; edged weapons, including a sword, axes, hatchets, and knives; and makeshift weapons, such as destroyed office furniture, fencing, bike racks, stolen riot shields, baseball bats, hockey sticks, flagpoles, PVC piping, and reinforced knuckle gloves;
- Approximately **18** defendants charged with seditious conspiracy;
  - Approximately **88** defendants charged with destruction of government property; and
- Approximately **68** charged with theft of government property.
- **All** defendants charged in the January 6 prosecution have been charged with some form of trespass or disorderly conduct, in violation of federal criminal codes.

## **Case Resolutions:**

### **Pleas:**

- Approximately **996** individuals have pleaded guilty, which includes approximately **321** defendants who have pleaded guilty to felonies and **675** who have pleaded guilty only to misdemeanors.
- Of those who pled guilty to felonies, **170** pleaded guilty to assaulting law enforcement; **128** pleaded guilty to obstructing law enforcement during a civil disorder (riot); **69** pleaded guilty to assaulting law enforcement with a dangerous or deadly weapon; and **4** pleaded guilty to seditious conspiracy–conspiring to use force against the United States. Some of these defendants pled guilty to one or multiple felony charges related to their conduct.

## Trials:

- **215** individuals have been found guilty at contested trials in U.S. District Court, including **10** who were found guilty of seditious conspiracy.
- Another **40** individuals have been convicted following an agreed-upon set of facts presented to and accepted by the Court.

## Sentencings:

- Approximately **1,068** defendants have had their cases fully adjudicated and received sentences for their criminal activity on Jan. 6, including **645** sentenced to periods of incarceration and an additional **145** defendants sentenced to periods of incarceration where they were allowed to serve the entirety of their sentence in home detention.

## **Supreme Court Decision – *Fischer v. United States*:**

- As a result of *Fischer v. United States*, 23-5572, the government continues to review the cases of the approximately 259 defendants who, at the time *Fischer* was decided, were charged with or convicted of violating 18 U.S.C. § 1512 to determine whether the charge should continue to be prosecuted.
- There are **zero** cases where a defendant was charged only for violating 18 U.S.C. § 1512. In other words, even if the government foregoes this charge, every charged defendant will continue to face exposure to other criminal charges.
- Of those 259 defendants, at the time that *Fischer* was decided, approximately **126** defendants had cases still pending in the U.S. District Court, and **133** defendants had their cases fully adjudicated.
- Of the 126 defendants with pending cases at the time that *Fischer* was decided, the government subsequently decided to forgo the Section 1512(c)(2) charge for approximately **96** defendants, will continue to pursue the charge for approximately **13** defendants, and continues to assess the remaining defendants.
- For the 133 defendants whose cases had been adjudicated by the time *Fischer* was decided (i.e., post-sentencing), the government has taken the position, in response to defense motions, that it does not oppose dismissal or vacatur of the charge in approximately **54** cases. The government similarly continues to assess the remaining cases when appropriate.
- To date, **5** defendants have received a sentencing reduction because of *Fischer*.

[1] The number represent charges, not unique defendants, so a defendant charged with multiple felonies would be included in each applicable category.


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