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(the "Project").

Case No. CV00 23487

Dept. No. 1



IN THE SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT

LITHIUM NEVADA CORPORATION,

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff,

0∥ v.

PROTECT THACKER PASS, MAX WILBERT, WILL FALK, PAUL CIENFUEGOS, BETHANY SAM, DORECE SAM, DEAN BARLESE, BC ZAHN-NAHTZU,

Defendants.

- 1. This action involves Defendants' systematic campaign to intentionally and unlawfully obstruct Plaintiff Lithium Nevada Corporation's ("Lithium Nevada") development of its lithium mining project at Thacker Pass in Humboldt County, Nevada
- 2. Having failed in their efforts to block the Project in court, Defendants have resorted to blatantly unlawful conduct.
- 3. Over the last several weeks, Defendants have, on multiple occasions, interfered with the operations of Lithium Nevada and its contractors through a wide range of unlawful and dangerous actions, including blocking public road access to the Project site, climbing onto equipment, vandalizing and stealing equipment, erecting structures in unauthorized areas, and flying drones dangerously close to Project personnel.

- 4. Despite multiple warnings from law enforcement not to block public roads, Defendants have continued to do so. Indeed, Defendants have proudly broadcasted their defiance of law enforcement on social media.
- 5. Defendants' unlawful actions pose a danger to the safety of Lithium Nevada's employees and contractors, as well as others.
- 6. Defendants' unlawful actions have caused, and continue to cause, damages to Lithium Nevada.

PARTIES

- 7. Lithium Nevada is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada and authorized to do business in the State of Nevada.
- 8. Defendant Protect Thacker Pass is an unincorporated association dedicated to advocacy against the Project and operating in Nevada.
- 9. Upon information and belief, Defendant Max Wilbert ("Wilbert") is a resident of Oregon and is a founder and/or leader of Protect Thacker Pass.
- 10. Upon information and belief, Defendant Will Falk ("Falk") is a resident of Colorado and a founder and/or leader of Protect Thacker Pass.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Defendant Paul Cienfuegos ("Cienfuegos") is a resident of Oregon.
- 12. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bethany Sam is a resident of Nevada.
- 13. Upon information and belief, Defendant Dean Barlese is a resident of Nevada.

- 14. Upon information and belief, Defendant Dorece Sam is a resident of Nevada.
- 15. Upon information and belief, Defendant BC Zahn-Nahtzu is a resident of Nevada.
- 16. John and Jane Doe Defendants 1-20 are unknown individuals or entities who participated in the acts detailed below and who are liable to Lithium Nevada for their actions. Upon identifying any John and Jane Doe Defendants 1-20, Lithium Nevada will seek to amend its Complaint to name such individuals or entities.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 17. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to Article VI of the Nevada Constitution, and personal jurisdiction over the Defendants in accordance with NRS 14.065, on the grounds that such jurisdiction is not inconsistent with the Nevada Constitution or the United States Constitution.
 - 18. Venue is proper in this Court under NRS Chapter 13.
- 19. The matter in controversy exceeds the minimum jurisdictional amount of this Court.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

I. The Project

- 20. The Bureau of Land Management ("BLM") approved the Project in January 2021.
- 21. Six months later, the Reno-Sparks Indian Colony ("RSIC"), Burns Paiute Tribe, and select individuals from the Fort McDermitt Tribe calling themselves the

People of the Red Mountain filed suit and a motion for preliminary injunction of the Project in the Federal District Court in Nevada. Defendant Falk was and is lead counsel for RSIC, and he also represented the People of Red Mountain.

- 22. The Federal District Court dismissed the People of Red Mountain for their lack of standing based, in part, on their improper efforts to usurp the sovereign authority of the Fort McDermitt Tribe, which did not challenge the Project, and has demonstrated support for the Project. The Federal District Court also denied the motion for preliminary injunction.
- 23. The Federal District Court subsequently granted BLM and Lithium Nevada summary judgment, and construction of the Project began in February 2023.
- 24. Defendant Falk subsequently filed a new lawsuit and sought an emergency temporary restraining order, which was denied, and then a preliminary injunction in the Federal District Court in Nevada trying to halt the Project. The Federal District Court again denied this motion.
- 25. Legal efforts to stop the Project have failed, and Lithium Nevada is fully authorized to proceed with construction of the Project.

II. Defendants' Interference with Lithium Nevada's Development of the Project

- A. April 25, 2023 Interference
- 26. On April 25, 2023, a group of approximately 20 protesters, including Defendants, arrived at the Project site and began to unlawfully block Lithium Nevada's employees' and contractors' travel along a public road leading to the Project site.

- 27. Defendants' blockade of the access road required vehicles attempting to access the Project Site, including tractor trailers, to reverse half a mile before being able to turn around.
- 28. When Project personnel approached a group of protesters and asked to proceed on the public road that the protesters were blocking, Falk responded to the request, "I don't think so."
- 29. As part of the protest and blockade on April 25, 2023, Defendants gained unauthorized access to a secure area within the Project site, forcing Lithium Nevada's employees and contractors to halt work out of safety concerns.
- 30. Defendants continued protesting in front of and on top of Lithium Nevada's and its contractors' heavy equipment, preventing the operation of such equipment due to such interference and again out of safety concerns.
- 31. Wilbert climbed onto an excavator, from which he proceeded to post messages on social media while sitting on top of the excavator boom approximately 20 feet above the ground.
- 32. When Wilbert was asked to come down to ensure his personal safety and the safety of other persons, he began shouting vulgarities and making obscene gestures.
- 33. After Lithium Nevada's contractor reported this incident to its insurance carrier, the carrier advised the contractor to remove the equipment from the Project site due to security and safety risks.

- 34. Protect Thacker Pass has a website, Facebook page, Twitter page, and YouTube channel (collectively, "Social Media"), which it uses to advocate its cause and solicit donations.
- 35. During the April 25, 2023 protest at the Project site, Protect Thacker Pass made numerous posts to Social Media using Defendants' unlawful actions as the basis to solicit donations. Several of these posts included videos or photographs of Wilbert on top of the excavator boom.
- 36. On April 25, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following to social media: "BREAKING: Native elders and supporters seeking to protect land that is sacred to them have blocked construction of the controversial Thacker Pass lithium mine in Northern Nevada this morning. The action is ongoing." *See* https://www.facebook.com/ProtectThackerPass (last accessed May 24, 2023)).
- 37. Also, on April 25, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following to Social Media alongside a photograph of Wilbert on top of the excavator boom:

 "#DefendTheLand Block those machines!"
- 38. Also, on April 25, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following to Social Media alongside a photograph of Wilbert on top of the excavator boom: "Blocking construction at Thacker Pass. Stay strong! Stay safe!" See

 https://www.facebook.com/ProtectThackerPass (last accessed May 24, 2023)).
- 39. Also, on April 25, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following to Social Media: "We have and will continue to have mounting legal bills for the ongoing

lawsuit and legal defense for those blocking the mine construction. Please donate if you can. Thank you!!!"

40. Also, on April 25, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following to Social Media: "Share share share!!! The more people we have sharing the more people we have to help us block construction and #DefendTheLand"

B. Ongoing Interference Beginning May 11, 2023

- 41. On May 11, 2023, a group of approximately 15 people, including

 Defendants and led by Wilbert and Cienfuegos, returned to the Project site and again

 began blocking Lithium Nevada's employees' and contractors' access via a public road.
- 42. Defendants forced several vehicles associated with the Project to turn around.
- 43. Defendants' unlawful blockade poses a safety risk in that it threatens to delay response time in the event of an emergency at the Project site.
- 44. Defendants flew a drone at approximately eye level and in close proximity to a Lithium Nevada contractor. The drone was so close to the contractor that he could feel the air generated by the drone's rotating blades. The contractor felt that the drone was intentionally flown close to him in an effort to harass and intimidate, and he reasonably feared bodily contact with the drone.
- 45. Defendants erected a teepee and tents in a construction area designated, with plain signage, for authorized personnel only. Defendants are not authorized personnel.

- 46. Lithium Nevada contacted the Humboldt County Sheriff's Office to report Defendants' unlawful actions. Sheriff's deputies were dispatched to the Project site, where they informed Defendants that it is a criminal misdemeanor to block a public road.
- 47. After Defendants continued to block the public access road and force
 Project-affiliated vehicles to turn around, Sheriff's deputies returned and issued a second warning to Defendants.
- 48. Despite these clear and repeated warnings, Defendants continued to block the public access road.
- 49. On the morning of May 12, 2023, a contractor for Lithium Nevada reported that a fire extinguisher and diesel fuel had been stolen from the Project site the night before.
- 50. From May 12, 2023, and continuing to the present, Defendants have continued unlawfully blocking access to the Project site.
- 51. Upon information and belief, some of the Defendants have been camping overnight in the Teepee and tents that were erected in a construction area designated for authorized personnel only. The Teepee and tents remain standing presently.
- 52. Upon information and belief, a second Teepee has been erected near Sentinel Peak within the bounds of an authorized work area.
- 53. Lithium Nevada employees and contractors fear a physical altercation if they do not submit to the unlawful demands of Defendants.
- 54. As with the April 25, 2023 protest, Protect Thacker Pass used the unlawful actions at the ongoing May 2023 protest to solicit donations.

- 55. On May 11, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following message to Social Media: "Prayers ongoing at Thacker Pass this morning, with the intention to block construction a second time in just a few weeks. . . . Thank you supporters! Donations are matched right now so your donations for legal defense and protest support are DOUBLED!"
- 56. Also, on May 11, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following message to Social Media: "Lithium Nevada requests that we stop blocking the road. WE SAY NO."
- 57. Also, on May 11, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following message to Social Media: "The County Sheriff returns to reiterate their dislike of native elders blocking the road to #DefendTheLand. But they are totally fine with obliterating Thacker Pass for a mine. We respectfully and peacefully disagree with their priorities."
- 58. Also, on May 11, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following message to Social Media: "A teepee is going up blocking construction of the mine and supporters have begun to gather on-site. We ask you to please share this live stream, support the grassroots effort, and get involved. Thank you."
- 59. Also, on May 11, 2023, Protect Thacker Pass posted the following message to Social Media: "A good time for a quick reminder: your donations are DOUBLED right now thanks to a generous donor. We use every single penny of what you donate, thank you so much and please continue to help if you can! Legal work is expensive!"

- 60. On or about May 11, 2023, Zahn-Nahtzu posted the following message to Facebook: "6:15 am and we already made 3 trucks drive backwards from us." (emphasis added).
- 61. On or about May 11, 2023, Zahn-Nahtzu posted the following message to Facebook: "Soooo sleepy! I want to take a nap, hopefully someone will wake me up if a truck comes. We wait....then run to stand in the road when a truck comes."
- 62. On May 14, 2023, Wilbert circulated an email stating that "Ceremony has been ongoing for three days and three nights blocking the construction of a water pipeline for Lithium Nevada's open-pit lithium mine."
- III. Lithium Nevada's Continuing Harm as a Result of Defendants' Interference 63. Upon information and belief, Defendants and other protesters intend to continue to disrupt Lithium Nevada's construction activities, threaten the safety of Lithium Nevada employees and contractors, and interfere with Lithium Nevada's lawful exercise of its rights to construct the Project.
- 64. Defendants' actions have created and will continue to create a risk of bodily injury and harm to Lithium Nevada employees and contractors, as well as to Defendants and others.
- 65. Defendants' actions have interfered with and will continue to interfere with Lithium Nevada's rights to construct the Project.
- 66. Defendants' actions have caused and will continue to cause delays and costs for Lithium Nevada and its contractors. Damages include standby wages for

employees and contractors who are unable to complete their tasks, delays in delivery, delays in the completion of tasks, and other expenses.

CAUSES OF ACTION

Count I—Civil Conspiracy

- 67. Lithium Nevada hereby incorporates the allegations from all preceding paragraphs.
- 68. Civil conspiracy consists of a combination of two or more persons who, by some concerted action, intend to accomplish an unlawful objective for the purpose of harming another, and damage results from the act or acts.
- 69. Defendants' actions to interfere with Lithium Nevada's construction of the Project constitutes concerted action to unlawfully harm Lithium Nevada in its efforts to construct the Project.
- 70. Defendants' concerted actions have resulted in damages to Lithium Nevada in the form of costs, delays, damaged or stolen equipment, and safety risks.
- 71. As an additional result of Defendants' actions, they are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice, and in addition to actual and compensatory damages, Lithium Nevada is entitled to recover punitive damages.

Count II—Nuisance

- 72. Lithium Nevada hereby incorporates the allegations from all preceding paragraphs.
- 73. A person is liable for the tort of nuisance if he or she substantially and unreasonably interferes with another's use and enjoyment of land.

- 74. Defendants have no lawful authority to block public roads leading to the Project site, to climb onto the equipment of Lithium Nevada and its contractors, to vandalize and steal such equipment, to fly drones in close proximity to Project personnel, or to otherwise interfere with Lithium Nevada's development of the Project.
- 75. Defendants' actions constitute a substantial and unreasonable interference with Lithium Nevada's and its contractors' use of and enjoyment of public roads, permitted construction areas, and equipment.
- 76. As an additional result of Defendants' actions, they are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice, and in addition to actual and compensatory damages, Lithium Nevada is entitled to recover punitive damages.

Count III—Trespass

- 77. Lithium Nevada hereby incorporates the allegations from all preceding paragraphs.
- 78. A person is liable for civil trespass when he or she invades the real property rights of another.
- 79. Defendants have accessed secure work areas at the Project site that are off limits to unauthorized personnel.
- 80. Defendants' activities at these unauthorized sites, including blocking access, climbing on equipment, vandalizing and stealing equipment, and erecting a teepee and tents, interfere with Lithium Nevada's lawful right to use these areas to develop the Project.

81. As an additional result of Defendants' actions, they are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice, and in addition to actual and compensatory damages, Lithium Nevada is entitled to recover punitive damages.

Count IV—Tortious Interference with Contractual Relations

- 82. Lithium Nevada hereby incorporates the allegations from all preceding paragraphs.
- 83. The tort of intentional interference with contractual relations consists of (1) a valid and existing contract; (2) the defendant's knowledge of the contract; (3) intentional acts intended or designed to disrupt the contractual relationship; (4) actual disruption of the contract; and (5) resulting damage.
- 84. Lithium Nevada possesses all necessary permits and authorizations to proceed with development of the Project. Lithium Nevada also has contractual relations with various contractors to perform work for the Project.
- 85. Defendants are aware of Lithium Nevada's rights and its contractual relations with its contractors.
- 86. Defendants have intentionally interfered with Lithium Nevada's rights and contractual relations by unlawfully thwarting the work of Lithium Nevada and its contractors.
- 87. Defendants' interference with the Project has resulted in costs, delays, and safety risks to Lithium Nevada and its contractors.

88. As an additional result of Defendants' actions, they are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice, and in addition to actual and compensatory damages, Lithium Nevada is entitled to recover punitive damages.

Count V—Tortious Interference with Prospective Economic Advantage

- 89. Lithium Nevada hereby incorporates the allegations from all preceding paragraphs.
- 90. The tort of intentional interference with prospective economic advantage consists of (1) the existence of a prospective contractual relationship with a third party; (2) defendant's knowledge of this prospective relationship; (3) the intent to harm plaintiff by interfering with the relationship; (4) the absence of privilege or justification; and (5) actual harm to plaintiff.
- 91. Lithium Nevada has prospective contractual relationships with third parties regarding the production of lithium from the Project.
- 92. Defendants are aware of Lithium Nevada's prospective contractual relations, and Defendants' goal is to thwart such relations by interfering with the Project without authorization.
- 93. Defendants' interference with the Project has resulted in costs, delays, and safety risks to Lithium Nevada and its contractors.
- 94. As an additional result of Defendants' actions, they are guilty of oppression, fraud, and malice, and in addition to actual and compensatory damages, Lithium Nevada is entitled to recover punitive damages.

Count VI—Unjust Enrichment

- 95. Lithium Nevada hereby incorporates the allegations from all preceding paragraphs.
- 96. Unjust enrichment exists when the plaintiff confers a benefit on the defendant, the defendant appreciates such benefit, and circumstances are such that it would be inequitable for defendant to retain the benefit without payment of the value thereof.
- 97. Protect Thacker Pass has used Defendants' unlawful interference with Lithium Nevada's activities as part of a public outreach campaign to boost donations.
- 98. In so doing, Protect Thacker Pass has benefited from its unlawful interference with Lithium Nevada's operations through the receipt of ill-gotten donations.
- 99. Lithium Nevada is entitled to disgorgement of all donations and other proceeds received by Protect Thacker Pass pursuant to Defendants' unlawful actions at the Project Site.

REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHERFORE, Lithium Nevada prays for relief against Defendants as follows:

a. A preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining Defendants from interfering with Lithium Nevada's development of the Project, including, but not limited to, an order that the unauthorized teepee and tents in the construction area be dismantled, that the public road not be obstructed, and that Defendants refrain from blocking the movement of any Project personnel or equipment at or near the Project;

- b. A judgment awarding Lithium Nevada actual and compensatory damages against Defendants, jointly and severally, in an amount to be determined at trial;
- c. A judgment awarding Lithium Nevada punitive damages against Defendants, jointly and severally, in an amount to be determined at trial;
 - d. A judgment for pre-judgment interest in all amounts claimed;
 - e. A judgment awarding Lithium Nevada its costs and attorneys' fees; and
 - f. Such further relief as the Court deems proper.

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Dated this 24th day of	May	, 2023.

Laura K. Granier, Esq.

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