

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
ATLANTA DIVISION**

MORGAN GEORGIA,
*individually, and on behalf of others
similarly situated,*

Plaintiffs,

v.

BAR VEGAN LLC, AARON
MATTISON, JASON CRAIN, and
AISHA “PINKY” COLE,

Defendants.

Civil Action File No.:

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT

Named Plaintiff Morgan Georgia (“Named Plaintiff”), individually and on behalf of others similarly situated, files this Complaint against Defendants Aaron Mattison, Jason Crain, and Aisha “Pinky” Cole (the “Individual Defendants”), and Bar Vegan LLC (“Bar Vegan”) (collectively Bar Vegan and the Individual Defendants are referred to as “Defendants”), and alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a collective action for unpaid minimum and overtime wages brought pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 *et seq.* (“FLSA”).
2. In this collective action, Named Plaintiff alleges that Defendants

willfully violated the FLSA by failing to pay Named Plaintiff and other similarly situated hourly employees (“Plaintiffs”) minimum wages for the hours Plaintiffs worked and continue to work, failing to pay appropriate overtime rates, and by retaining Plaintiffs’ tips received from Defendants’ customers.

3. Specifically, Named Plaintiff alleges that Defendants treat or treated Named Plaintiff and other similarly situated Plaintiffs as “tipped employees” because these employees receive tips from Defendants’ customers. Defendants claim a “tip credit” against their federal minimum and overtime wage obligations owed to Plaintiffs under the FLSA in order to pay Named Plaintiff and other similarly situated employees less than \$7.25 per hour in direct wages

4. Defendants, however, fail to comply with the FLSA’s legal requirements for taking advantage of the tip credit. Because Defendants do not permit their tipped employees to keep all of their tips, Defendants cannot claim the tip credit and must pay Named Plaintiff, and all similarly situated employees, the full minimum wage and overtime wage for all the hours Plaintiffs worked and continue to work plus the tips that have been retained.

5. The proposed class of Plaintiffs that Named Plaintiff seeks to represent, and on behalf of whom Named Plaintiff files this collective action, consists of all employees classified by Defendants as “servers” and “bartenders” who are paid less

than \$7.25 per hour, receive tips from Defendants' customers, and who worked at Defendants' "Bar Vegan" restaurant in Atlanta, Georgia within three years of the filing of this complaint.

THE PARTIES

6. Defendant Bar Vegan is a foreign limited liability company with its principal office address located at 330 Peters Street SW, Suite 104, Atlanta, Georgia 30313, and it operates as a restaurant and bar of the same name.

7. Bar Vegan may be served with process through its registered agent, Corporation Service Company, 2 Sun Court, Suite 400, Peachtree Corners, Georgia 30092.

8. Individual Defendant Aaron Mattison is an owner and manager of Defendant Bar Vegan and may be served wherever he may be found.

9. Individual Defendant Jason Crain is an owner and manager of Defendant Bar Vegan and may be served wherever he may be found.

10. Individual Defendant Aisha "Pinky" Cole is an owner and manager of Defendant Bar Vegan and may be served wherever she may be found.

11. Named Plaintiff Morgan Georgia worked for Defendants as a bartender from March 2020 until October 2022.

12. Named Plaintiff consents in writing to join this action pursuant to 29

U.S.C. § 216(b). *See* Exhibit 1.

13. Other servers and bartenders, who are similarly situated to Named Plaintiff, are interested in joining this collective action.

14. For example, Amber Abney works or worked as a server or bartender for Defendants and consents to join this collective action as a party Plaintiff. *See* Exhibit 2.

15. For example, Kandus LeBlanc works or worked as a server or bartender for Defendants and consents to join this collective action as a party Plaintiff. *See* Exhibit 3.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

16. Under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, this Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' claims because the claims raise questions of federal law.

17. Under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and Local Rule 3.1(B), venue is proper in this division because at least one Defendant resides in this division and a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred in this division.

18. Defendant Bar Vegan is subject to personal jurisdiction in this Court because it conducts substantial business in Georgia and has a registered agent in Georgia.

19. Individual Defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction in this Court

because they reside in and/or conduct substantial business in Georgia directly related to the claims asserted herein.

DEFENDANTS ARE COVERED BY THE FLSA

20. Bar Vegan is an enterprise engaged in commerce or the production of goods for commerce.

21. Bar Vegan operates a restaurant in Atlanta, Georgia located at 675 Ponce De Leon Ave., Atlanta, Georgia 30308.

22. At Bar Vegan, Defendants employ two or more individuals who engage in commerce, the production of goods for commerce or who handle, sell, or work with goods or materials that have moved in or were produced for commerce.

23. Bar Vegan employs two or more individuals who regularly communicate across state lines using the interstate mail and telephone while performing their job duties.

24. Bar Vegan employs two or more individuals who regularly communicate across state lines using the internet while performing their job duties.

25. Bar Vegan's employees handle and use materials that have traveled through interstate commerce, such as cleaning supplies, computers, telephones, fax machines, and food and beverage products, while performing their job duties.

26. Bar Vegan employs two or more individuals who process credit card

transactions while performing their job duties.

27. Bar Vegan's gross annual sales and business done for each of the three years preceding the filing of this Complaint exceeds \$500,000.

DEFENDANTS EMPLOYED THE PLAINTIFFS

28. Bar Vegan and the Individual Defendants employed the Plaintiffs within the meaning of the FLSA.

29. Bar Vegan and the Individual Defendants have the authority to hire and fire the Plaintiffs.

30. Bar Vegan and the Individual Defendants determine the employment policies applicable to Plaintiffs.

31. For example, the Individual Defendants prepared and disseminated the Bar Vegan employee handbook to Plaintiffs which sets forth the employment policies applicable to Plaintiffs at Bar Vegan.

32. Bar Vegan and the Individual Defendants have the authority to modify the employment policies applicable to Plaintiffs.

33. Bar Vegan and the Individual Defendants determine how much, and in what manner, Plaintiffs are compensated.

34. Bar Vegan and the Individual Defendants maintain the employment records, such as time and pay records, for Plaintiffs.

35. As set forth more fully herein, Bar Vegan and the Individual Defendants developed and implemented the policy whereby Defendants take and retain significant percentages of Plaintiffs' tips received from Bar Vegan's customers for the benefit of Defendants and not for the benefit of Plaintiffs or other validly tipped employees.

**FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS CONCERNING PLAINTIFFS'
COMPENSATION**

36. Defendants operate the Bar Vegan restaurant in Atlanta, Georgia.

37. Plaintiffs worked for Defendants as hourly-paid servers and bartenders at Bar Vegan.

38. For example, Named Plaintiff Morgan Georgia worked for Defendants as a bartender at Bar Vegan from March 2020 until October 2022.

39. Customers of Bar Vegan regularly leave discretionary gratuities ("tips") for the benefit of Plaintiffs.

40. The tips left by customers at Bar Vegan belong exclusively to the Plaintiffs to whom the tips are given.

41. Because Plaintiffs regularly receive tips from Defendants' customers, Defendants classify Plaintiffs as "tipped employees" and take a "tip credit" against Defendants' obligation to pay Plaintiffs the required \$7.25 per hour minimum wage and related correct overtime wage rate required under the FLSA.

42. Because of their attempts to take advantage of the FLSA's tip credit regulations, Defendants instead pay the Plaintiffs \$2.13 per hour for the hours Plaintiffs work.

DEFENDANTS FAIL TO PROVIDE LEGALLY SUFFICIENT NOTICE OF THE TIP CREDIT

43. To be entitled to take the tip credit, Defendants must provide Plaintiffs with advance, legally sufficient notice of the tip credit regulations.

44. However, Defendants fail to inform Plaintiffs at Bar Vegan of the amount of cash wages Defendants pay Plaintiffs.

45. Defendants fail to inform Plaintiffs at Bar Vegan of the amount Defendants claim as a tip credit against the federal minimum wage.

46. Defendants fail to inform Plaintiffs at Bar Vegan that the tip credit claimed by Defendants cannot exceed the amount of tips received by Plaintiffs.

47. Defendants fail to inform Plaintiffs at Bar Vegan that all tips received by Plaintiffs must be retained by them, except for a valid tip pooling arrangement limited to employees who customarily and regularly receive tips.

48. Defendants fail to inform Plaintiffs at Bar Vegan that the tip credit will not apply to Plaintiffs unless Plaintiffs receive notice of Defendants' obligations under the tip credit.

49. Because Defendants do not properly inform Plaintiffs that Defendants

take a tip credit against their minimum and overtime wage obligations, Defendants cannot claim a tip credit and must pay Plaintiffs the full minimum wage and correct overtime rate for the hours Plaintiffs work.

DEFENDANTS DO NOT PERMIT PLAINTIFFS TO KEEP THEIR TIPS

50. An employer that takes a tip credit against its minimum wage obligations is prohibited from using an employee's tips for any reason other than that which is statutorily permitted under the FLSA.

51. As such, to be entitled to take a tip credit against their minimum and overtime wage obligations and pay the Plaintiffs less, Defendants must permit Plaintiffs to keep all their tips received from Bar Vegan's customers.

52. While Defendants can require Plaintiffs to give a portion of their tips to other tipped employees as part of a valid tip-pooling arrangement, Defendants cannot require Plaintiffs to give any portion of their tips to non-tipped employees and Defendants cannot simply retain the tips.

53. Here, Defendants cannot legally claim a tip credit because Defendants do not permit Plaintiffs to keep all their tips and instead require Plaintiffs to give a percentage of their tips to non-tipped employees, specifically to Defendants, among others, and Defendants retain the tips for business operational purposes.

54. For example, Defendants require Plaintiffs to give up to twenty-five

percent (25%) of their tips for every shift worked by Plaintiffs to the “House,” meaning to Bar Vegan and the managers and owners of Bar Vegan.

55. The percentage of tips paid to the “House” is reflected on Defendants’ Payout Reports on their point-of-sale system which can be and are printed using Defendants’ TouchBistro Pro system.

56. The percentage of the tips taken by the house are used by Defendants for operational expenses and other improper and unlawful purposes under the FLSA.

57. Named Plaintiff and other Plaintiffs regularly questioned Defendants during their shifts, at staff meetings and when receiving their paychecks about the significant percentage of their tips that Defendants retained.

58. At times Defendants told Plaintiffs that retained tips were provided to bar backs at Bar Vegan, but the bar backs did not receive the retained tips.

59. At other times Defendants told Plaintiffs that the retained tips were retained by Defendants to purchase glassware and bar tools for the restaurant.

60. When Plaintiffs would ask for additional information regarding the retained tips or stated that the tip retention policy was improper at staff meetings, Defendants would make statements to Plaintiffs such as “25% of the tips go to the house. That is our policy. If you don’t like it, find another place to work.”

61. The managers and owners of Bar Vegan are not tipped employees and

Plaintiffs cannot be required to give a percentage of their tips to the Bar Vegan managers and owners.

62. Tips similarly cannot be retained by Defendants for business operational purposes.

63. Because Defendants require Plaintiffs to give a percentage of their tips to Bar Vegan through its managers and owners, who are non-tipped employees, and tips cannot be retained by the employer for its business operations, Defendants cannot claim a tip credit against their federal FLSA-mandated minimum and overtime wage obligations and must pay Plaintiffs the full minimum wage and correct overtime rate wage for all the hours Plaintiffs worked.

64. Additionally, the FLSA provides that an employer may not keep tips received by its employees for any purposes, regardless of whether the employer takes a tip credit against its minimum wage and overtime obligations.

65. Accordingly, in addition to unpaid overtime and minimum wages, Defendants are required to pay Plaintiffs for all tips that were retained by Defendants.

COUNT 1: VIOLATION OF THE FLSA

66. Named Plaintiff Morgan Georgia worked approximately 25-30 hours per week while employed as a bartender at Bar Vegan and earned \$2.13 per hour for

the hours that she worked.

67. Because Defendants cannot claim the tip credit against their minimum wage obligations, Defendants must pay Morgan Georgia the full minimum wage (i.e., \$7.25 per hour) for all hours worked.

68. Other servers and bartenders at Bar Vegan worked similar hours and were paid \$2.13 per hour for the hours they worked because the Defendants claimed the tip credit for those Plaintiffs.

69. Defendants must pay the servers and bartenders at Bar Vegan who opt into this case the full minimum wage (i.e., \$7.25 per hour) for all hours worked because they retained percentages of those Plaintiffs' tips for unlawful purposes.

70. Defendants must pay the servers and bartenders at Bar Vegan who opt into this case the full, correct overtime wage for all hours worked over 40 hours during any workweek based on the correct regular rate.

71. Defendants must pay Plaintiffs for all retained tips.

72. Such failure to pay appropriate wages in violation of the FLSA damaged Plaintiffs and similarly situated employees in an amount to be proven at trial on this matter.

73. Plaintiffs and similarly situated employees are entitled to liquidated damages in an amount double to the unpaid wages under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), §

216(c).

74. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover their attorneys' fees, reasonable expenses and costs incurred in bringing this action under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

COUNT 2: WILLFUL VIOLATION OF THE FLSA

75. Defendants claim a tip credit against their federal minimum wage obligations with respect to Plaintiffs and pay Plaintiffs \$2.13 per hour in direct wages.

76. However, Defendants cannot legally claim a tip credit against the minimum wage because Defendants fail to permit Plaintiffs to keep all their tips and fail to provide Plaintiffs with advance, legally sufficient notice of the tip credit regulations.

77. Because Defendants cannot legally claim a tip credit, Defendants must pay Plaintiffs at least \$7.25 per hour for all hours worked.

78. Defendants do not pay Plaintiffs at least \$7.25 per hour for all hours worked and instead pay Plaintiffs \$2.13 per hour.

79. At a minimum, Defendants were questioned by Plaintiffs and put on notice about the improperly retained tips, and Defendants admitted the tips were retained for unlawful purposes such as purchasing glassware and bar tools for Bar Vegan.

80. By knowingly retaining tips and failing to pay Plaintiffs at least \$7.25 per hour, Defendants willfully violated the FLSA.

81. Defendants know, or should have known, that to legally claim a tip credit against the federal minimum wage, Defendants must provide Plaintiffs with legally sufficient notice of their intent to take the tip credit and must permit Plaintiffs to keep their tips.

82. The federal regulations clearly state that to claim a tip credit Defendants must inform Plaintiffs of the tip credit regulations and must permit Plaintiffs to keep their tips.

83. In fact, the federal tip credit regulations expressly prohibit managers and owners from receiving any amount of the tips received by tipped employees.

84. The federal tip credit regulations expressly prohibit employers from keeping tips received by their employees regardless of whether the employer takes a tip credit under the FLSA.

85. Defendants either consulted these regulations and failed to comply with them—which demonstrates an intentional violation of the FLSA—or failed to consult these regulations which shows a reckless disregard of Plaintiffs' rights under the FLSA.

86. Because Defendants intentionally and willfully violated the FLSA,

Plaintiffs are entitled to: (1) their unpaid wages; (2) their retained tips; and (3) liquidated damages for a period of three years prior to the filing of this Complaint under 29 U.S.C. § 255.

DEMAND FOR JUDGMENT

Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court:

I. Conditionally certify this case as a collective action under 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) and approve the issuance of a notice of this lawsuit to similarly situated collective action class members informing them of their right to join this action;

II. Rule that Defendants' actions, policies, and practices violated, and continue to violate, the rights of Named Plaintiff and others similarly situated under the FLSA;

III. Rule that Defendants' violation of the FLSA is willful;

IV. Award Named Plaintiff and others similarly situated all unpaid wages for a period of three years;

V. Award Named Plaintiff and others similarly situated liquidated damages in an amount equal to their unpaid wages;

VI. Award Named Plaintiff and others similarly situated all unlawfully retained tips;

VII. Award Named Plaintiff and others similarly situated liquidated

damages in an amount equal to their unlawfully retained tips;

VIII. Award Named Plaintiff and others similarly situated their reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses; and

IX. Award all other just and appropriate relief to which Named Plaintiff and others similarly situated may be entitled.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Named Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and others similarly situated, requests a trial by jury pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38.

Respectfully submitted: November 11, 2022.

/s/ M. Travis Foust
M. Travis Foust
Georgia Bar No. 104996
Dustin L. Crawford
Georgia Bar No. 758916

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dcrawford@pcwlawfirm.com

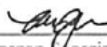
Counsel for Plaintiffs

CONSENT TO JOIN LAWSUIT

I worked for Defendant within the last three years. I consent to join this lawsuit and to assert all claims I may have for unpaid wages, liquidated damages, and attorney's fees and costs against Defendant under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

I understand that I am joining this collective action as a member of a class of similarly-situated individuals and that, if accepted for representation, my legal counsel will be Parks, Chesin & Walbert P.C. I understand and agree that I will be bound by any settlement agreement that is executed by the Named Plaintiff on my behalf and approved by the Court; that counsel, acting as my attorneys-in-fact, shall have full power to execute and negotiate any and all instruments and documents to facilitate any recovery or settlement approved by the Plaintiff, including negotiating any checks or instruments payable to me, and deducting therefrom any fees or expenses that remain unpaid at the time of disbursement of the proceeds of any recovery; and that I will be bound by any judgment or orders affecting my rights entered by the Court in this action.

Your Name: Morgan Georgia

Signature:  Morgan Georgia (Nov 10, 2022 13:35 EST)

(Information below will be redacted prior to filing with court)

Mailing Address: 

Email address: 

Phone Number(s): 

CONSENT TO JOIN LAWSUIT

I worked for Defendant within the last three years. I consent to join this lawsuit and to assert all claims I may have for unpaid wages, liquidated damages, and attorney's fees and costs against Defendant under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

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Your Name: Amber Abney

Signature: *Amber Abney*
Amber Abney (Oct 10, 2022 16:50 EDT)

(Information below will be redacted prior to filing with court)

Mailing Address: 

Email address: 

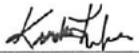
Phone Number(s): 

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Your Name: Kandus Leblanc

Signature: 
Kandus leblanc (Nov 10, 2022 14:48 EST)

(Information below will be redacted prior to filing with court)

Mailing Address: 

Email address: 

Phone Number(s): 

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket record. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ATTACHED)

I. (a) PLAINTIFF(S)

Morgan Georgia, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated

DEFENDANT(S)

Bar Vegan LLC, Aaron Mattison, Jason Crain and Aisha "Pinky" Cole

(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED PLAINTIFF

(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED DEFENDANT

(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED

(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER, AND E-MAIL ADDRESS)

M. Travis Foust, Dustin L. Crawford
Parks, Chesin & Walbert, P.C.
75 14th Street, N.E., 26th Floor
Atlanta, GA 30309 | 404-873-800
tfoust@pcwlawfirm.com; dcrawford@pcwlawfirm.com

ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION

(PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- 1 U.S. GOVERNMENT PLAINTIFF
- 3 FEDERAL QUESTION (U.S. GOVERNMENT NOT A PARTY)
- 2 U.S. GOVERNMENT DEFENDANT
- 4 DIVERSITY (INDICATE CITIZENSHIP OF PARTIES IN ITEM III)

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES

(PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT) (FOR DIVERSITY CASES ONLY)

- | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| PLF | DEF | | PLF | DEF | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | CITIZEN OF THIS STATE | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 | INCORPORATED OR PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THIS STATE |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | CITIZEN OF ANOTHER STATE | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 | INCORPORATED AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN ANOTHER STATE |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | CITIZEN OR SUBJECT OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 | FOREIGN NATION |

IV. ORIGIN

(PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- 1 ORIGINAL PROCEEDING
- 2 REMOVED FROM STATE COURT
- 3 REMANDED FROM APPELLATE COURT
- 4 REINSTATED OR REOPENED
- 5 TRANSFERRED FROM ANOTHER DISTRICT (Specify District)
- 6 MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION - TRANSFER
- 7 APPEAL TO DISTRICT JUDGE FROM MAGISTRATE JUDGE JUDGMENT
- 8 MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION - DIRECT FILE

V. CAUSE OF ACTION

(CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE - DO NOT CITE JURISDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY)

Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.

(IF COMPLEX, CHECK REASON BELOW)

- 1. Unusually large number of parties.
- 2. Unusually large number of claims or defenses.
- 3. Factual issues are exceptionally complex.
- 4. Greater than normal volume of evidence.
- 5. Extended discovery period is needed.
- 6. Problems locating or preserving evidence.
- 7. Pending parallel investigations or actions by government.
- 8. Multiple use of experts.
- 9. Need for discovery outside United States boundaries.
- 0. Existence of highly technical issues and proof.

CONTINUED ON REVERSE

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # _____ AMOUNT \$ _____ APPLYING IFP _____ MAG. JUDGE (IFP) _____
 JUDGE _____ MAG. JUDGE _____ (Referral) NATURE OF SUIT _____ CAUSE OF ACTION _____

VI. NATURE OF SUIT (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

CONTRACT - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 150 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENT & ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENT
- 152 RECOVERY OF DEFAULTED STUDENT LOANS (Excl. Veterans)
- 153 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENT OF VETERAN'S BENEFITS

CONTRACT - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 110 INSURANCE
- 120 MARINE
- 130 MILLER ACT
- 140 NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT
- 151 MEDICARE ACT
- 160 STOCKHOLDERS' SUITS
- 190 OTHER CONTRACT
- 195 CONTRACT PRODUCT LIABILITY
- 196 FRANCHISE

REAL PROPERTY - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 210 LAND CONDEMNATION
- 220 FORECLOSURE
- 230 RENT LEASE & EJECTMENT
- 240 TORTS TO LAND
- 245 TORT PRODUCT LIABILITY
- 290 ALL OTHER REAL PROPERTY

TORTS - PERSONAL INJURY - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 310 AIRPLANE
- 315 AIRPLANE PRODUCT LIABILITY
- 320 ASSAULT, LIBEL & SLANDER
- 330 FEDERAL EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY
- 340 MARINE
- 345 MARINE PRODUCT LIABILITY
- 350 MOTOR VEHICLE
- 355 MOTOR VEHICLE PRODUCT LIABILITY
- 360 OTHER PERSONAL INJURY
- 362 PERSONAL INJURY - MEDICAL MALPRACTICE
- 365 PERSONAL INJURY - PRODUCT LIABILITY
- 367 PERSONAL INJURY - HEALTH CARE/ PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCT LIABILITY
- 368 ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY PRODUCT LIABILITY

TORTS - PERSONAL PROPERTY - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 370 OTHER FRAUD
- 371 TRUTH IN LENDING
- 380 OTHER PERSONAL PROPERTY DAMAGE
- 385 PROPERTY DAMAGE PRODUCT LIABILITY

BANKRUPTCY - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 422 APPEAL 28 USC 158
- 423 WITHDRAWAL 28 USC 157

CIVIL RIGHTS - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 440 OTHER CIVIL RIGHTS
- 441 VOTING
- 442 EMPLOYMENT
- 443 HOUSING/ ACCOMMODATIONS
- 445 AMERICANS with DISABILITIES - Employment
- 446 AMERICANS with DISABILITIES - Other
- 448 EDUCATION

IMMIGRATION - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 462 NATURALIZATION APPLICATION
- 465 OTHER IMMIGRATION ACTIONS

PRISONER PETITIONS - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 463 HABEAS CORPUS- Alien Detainee
- 510 MOTIONS TO VACATE SENTENCE
- 530 HABEAS CORPUS
- 535 HABEAS CORPUS DEATH PENALTY
- 540 MANDAMUS & OTHER
- 550 CIVIL RIGHTS - Filed Pro se
- 555 PRISON CONDITION(S) - Filed Pro se
- 560 CIVIL DETAINEE: CONDITIONS OF CONFINEMENT

PRISONER PETITIONS - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 550 CIVIL RIGHTS - Filed by Counsel
- 555 PRISON CONDITION(S) - Filed by Counsel

FORFEITURE/PENALTY - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 625 DRUG RELATED SEIZURE OF PROPERTY 21 USC 881
- 690 OTHER

LABOR - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 710 FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT
- 720 LABOR/MGMT. RELATIONS
- 740 RAILWAY LABOR ACT
- 751 FAMILY and MEDICAL LEAVE ACT
- 790 OTHER LABOR LITIGATION
- 791 EMPL. RET. INC. SECURITY ACT

PROPERTY RIGHTS - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 820 COPYRIGHTS
- 840 TRADEMARK
- 880 DEFEND TRADE SECRETS ACT OF 2016 (DTSA)

PROPERTY RIGHTS - "8" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 830 PATENT
- 835 PATENT-ABBREVIATED NEW DRUG APPLICATIONS (ANDA) - a/k/a Hatch-Waxman cases

SOCIAL SECURITY - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 861 HIA (1395f)
- 862 BLACK LUNG (923)
- 863 DIWC (405(g))
- 863 DIWW (405(g))
- 864 SSID TITLE XVI
- 865 RSI (405(g))

FEDERAL TAX SUITS - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 870 TAXES (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)
- 871 IRS - THIRD PARTY 26 USC 7609

OTHER STATUTES - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 375 FALSE CLAIMS ACT
- 376 Qui Tam 31 USC 3729(a)
- 400 STATE REAPPORTIONMENT
- 430 BANKS AND BANKING
- 450 COMMERCE/ICC RATES/ETC.
- 460 DEPORTATION
- 470 RACKETEER INFLUENCED AND CORRUPT ORGANIZATIONS
- 480 CONSUMER CREDIT
- 485 TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT
- 490 CABLE/SATELLITE TV
- 890 OTHER STATUTORY ACTIONS
- 891 AGRICULTURAL ACTS
- 893 ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS
- 895 FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT 899
- 899 ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES ACT / REVIEW OR APPEAL OF AGENCY DECISION
- 950 CONSTITUTIONALITY OF STATE STATUTES

OTHER STATUTES - "8" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 410 ANTITRUST
- 850 SECURITIES / COMMODITIES / EXCHANGE

OTHER STATUTES - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- 896 ARBITRATION (Confirm / Vacate / Order / Modify)

*** PLEASE NOTE DISCOVERY TRACK FOR EACH CASE TYPE. SEE LOCAL RULE 26.3**

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

- CHECK IF CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.Civ.P. 23 DEMAND \$ _____
- JURY DEMAND YES NO (CHECK YES ONLY IF DEMANDED IN COMPLAINT)

VIII. RELATED/REFILED CASE(S) IF ANY

JUDGE _____ DOCKET NO. _____

CIVIL CASES ARE DEEMED RELATED IF THE PENDING CASE INVOLVES: (CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX)

- 1. PROPERTY INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBERED PENDING SUIT.
- 2. SAME ISSUE OF FACT OR ARISES OUT OF THE SAME EVENT OR TRANSACTION INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBERED PENDING SUIT.
- 3. VALIDITY OR INFRINGEMENT OF THE SAME PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR TRADEMARK INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBERED PENDING SUIT.
- 4. APPEALS ARISING OUT OF THE SAME BANKRUPTCY CASE AND ANY CASE RELATED THERETO WHICH HAVE BEEN DECIDED BY THE SAME BANKRUPTCY JUDGE.
- 5. REPETITIVE CASES FILED BY PRO SE LITIGANTS.
- 6. COMPANION OR RELATED CASE TO CASE(S) BEING SIMULTANEOUSLY FILED (INCLUDE ABBREVIATED STYLE OF OTHER CASE(S)):

- 7. EITHER SAME OR ALL OF THE PARTIES AND ISSUES IN THIS CASE WERE PREVIOUSLY INVOLVED IN CASE NO. _____, WHICH WAS DISMISSED. This case IS IS NOT (check one box) SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME CASE.

/s/ M. Travis Foust

November 11, 2022

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

DATE