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13	Hicks Media, Inc., a Texas Corporation, as succes	ssor to M&M	
14	Momar, Inc.	E STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
15			
16	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES – CENTRAL DISTRICT		
17	HICKS MEDIA, INC., a Texas Corporation, as successor to M&M MOMAR, INC.;	CASE NO.	
18	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR:	
19	VS.	<ol> <li>BREACH OF WRITTEN CONTRACT</li> <li>BREACH OF THE IMPLIED</li> </ol>	
20	BIG TICKET PRODUCTIONS, INC., a	COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND	
21	Delaware Corporation; PARAMOUNT	FAIR DEALING 3. INTENTIONAL	
22	PICTURES CORPORATION, a Delaware Corporation; CBS STUDIOS f/k/a CBS	INTERFERENCE WITH	
23	TELEVISION STUDIOS, a subsidiary of	CONTRACT 4. ACCOUNTING	
24	CBS ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, a division of VIACOMCBS INC., a	DEMAND FOR HIDY TRIAL	
	Delaware Corporation; and DOES 1-50,	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
25 26	inclusive,		
26	Defendants.		
27			
28			
	СОМР	LAINT	

1	1. Plaintiffs Hicks Media, Inc., a Texas Corporation, as successor to M&M Momar,
2	Inc., ( also referred to herein as "Plaintiff"), by and through its undersigned attorneys, believing and
3	alleging upon knowledge as to itself and its own acts, and as to all other matters upon information
4	and belief of their undersigned attorneys, bring this action against Defendants Paramount Pictures
5	Corporation ("Paramount"), Big Ticket Productions, Inc. ("BTP"), CBS Studios ("CBS"), and
6	Does 1-50 ("DOES") (collectively, "Defendants"). With respect to the facts that are specifically
7	alleged herein on information and belief, Plaintiff and its undersigned attorneys are informed and
8	believe that those facts are likely to have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for
9	further investigation or discovery, because, among other reasons, the evidence to support those
10	facts is exclusively in Defendants' possession.
11	INTRODUCTION
12	2. <i>Moesha</i> was a hit 1990's television sitcom that was originally commissioned as a
13	pilot by CBS until it found its home at the United Paramount Network ("UPN"), where it became a
14	breakout success for the fledgling network, running for six seasons, and being widely celebrated
15	and consumed to this day.
16	3. Upon Moesha's success, those involved embarked on the creation and production of
17	a spinoff television series entitled The Parkers (the "Series" or "The Parkers"). The Parkers
18	enjoyed similar success on the UPN network and ran for five seasons while reruns of the Series air
19	to this day across various television networks. Most recently, the dominant streaming service
20	Netflix began streaming the Series in its entirety in October of 2020.
21	4. While the Series has proven to be a major financial success for its producers and
22	distributors, the series' talent have not been permitted to share in the fruits of that success.
23	Plaintiff, operating as the loan-out entity for one of the show's stars – Mo'Nique Hicks has
24	awritten agreement with BTP, the production entity for the Series, entitling it to contingent
25	compensation in the amount of 2.5% of the Series' Adjusted Gross Receipts ("AGR") as defined.
26	CBS, in turn, has purported to account to Plaintiff for its profit participation in lieu of BTP.
27	5. Given the success of the Series, which ceased production after 110 episodes
28	(placing it above the lucrative 100-episode threshold traditionally necessary for a television show
	COMPLAINT

1 to be syndicated), as well as the contractual limitations placed on how the Series' AGR must be 2 calculated, Plaintiff reasonably expected to enjoy significant contingent compensation from the 3 Series' revenues. That expectation has not proven to be the reality. Moreover, Plaintiff is informed 4 and believes, and thereupon alleges, that Defendants have similarly deprived the Series' writers and 5 creators of their right to contingent compensation. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and 6 thereupon alleges that the Series' writers and creators performed a forensic audit that this forensic 7 audit of the Series' books and records strongly suggested that Defendants have inequitably 8 structured the Series' finances to artificially depress its profitability and retain millions that would 9 otherwise be contractually due and owing to Plaintiff. 10 6. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and thereupon allege that the Series' 11 writers and creators shared the full findings of the Audit, Defendants have refused to compensate 12 Plaintiff fully and properly for the monies wrongfully withheld from it, thereby necessitating this 13 action to vindicate Plaintiff's contractual rights. 14 PLAINTIFF 7. Plaintiff Hicks Media, Inc., a Texas Corporation, is the effective successor to M&M 15 16 Momar, Inc., a predecessor corporation. M&M Momar, Inc. had a contractual relationship with 17 Defendants giving rise to its right to profit participation. In later years, and with Defendants' 18 consent and knowledge, Plaintiff Hicks Media, Inc. assumed rights and obligations of M&M 19 Momar, Inc. acting as its effective successor and Defendants acknowledged and recognized Hicks 20 Media, Inc.'s continued right to profit participation pursuant to M&M's contractual rights. 21 DEFENDANTS 22 8. Defendant Big Ticket Productions, Inc., on information and belief, is, and at all 23 relevant times was, a Delaware corporation with offices located in the County of Los Angeles.<sup>1</sup> 24 9. Defendant Paramount Pictures Corporation, on information and belief, is, and at 25 all relevant times was, a Delaware corporation whose principal place of business is located in the 26 <sup>1</sup> BTP's agreements with RJI and JSPI specify that all notices to BTP thereunder shall be 27 directed to Big Ticket Television at 1438 North Gower Street, Bldg. 35, Box 45, Los Angeles, CA 90028. 28 COMPLAINT

1 County of Los Angeles, and has represented itself to be successor-in-interest to BTP.

2 11. On information and belief, Defendant CBS Studios is, and at all relevant times
3 was, a subsidiary of CBS Entertainment Group, itself a division of ViacomCBS Inc., a Delaware
4 corporation, whose principal place of business is located in the County of Los Angeles.

Defendants DOES 1 through 50 are sued herein by fictitious names for the reason
that their true names are unknown to Plaintiff. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this complaint
to allege the true names and capacities of these Defendants when the same have been ascertained.
Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that these fictitiously named
Defendants are responsible in some manner for the actions and damages alleged herein.

10 13. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants
at all times herein alleged were the agents, alter egos, successors in interest, employees, servants,
joint venturers and/or co-conspirators of each of the other remaining Defendants, and that in doing
the things herein alleged were acting in the course and scope of such agency, employment, joint
venture and/or conspiracy.

15

## JURISDICTION AND VENUE

16 14. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants pursuant to California Code
17 of Civil Procedure section 410.10 because the Defendants are doing business in the State of
18 California, and some or all of the agreements that are the subject of this dispute were made,
19 entered into, performed, and breached within the State of California. The amount in controversy
20 exceeds the jurisdictional minimum of this Court.

15. Venue is proper in this County pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure
sections 395(a) and 395.5 because some or all of the agreements that are the subject of this
dispute were made, entered into, performed, and/or breached in this County.

24 16. Venue is also proper under the parties' agreements and based on the location of the
25 relevant events (including formation of the contracts) and locations that Defendants did business.

26

## ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

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17. On information and belief, BTP was created in 1994 as a subsidiary of Spelling

28 Entertainment Group, itself then-majority-owned by Viacom. When the Series was enjoying its

first-run broadcast (lasting from 1999 to 2004), Viacom additionally owned UPN and CBS.

18. Between approximately 1999 and 2000, BTP entered into written agreements with
M&M (hereafter referred to as the M&M agreement(s)). Pursuant to the M&M agreement(s),
Plaintiff is entitled to 2.5% of 100% of the AGR of the Series. The calculation of this amount is
subject to numerous common contractual limitations to preserve the integrity of Plaintiff's
contingent compensation rights.

19. Also pursuant to the M&M agreement(s), BTP is required to provide Plaintiff with
written statements semi-annually showing in reasonable detail the computation of the Series' net
profits, if any, and requiring that any portion thereof payable to Plaintiff be remitted with the
particular statement(s) indicating such amount(s) to be due. On information and belief, BTP has
entered into an agreement with CBS for the latter to render to Plaintiff the accountings required of
BTP under Plaintiff's agreements therewith.

20. Upon information and belief, the writers and creators of the Series had similar
agreements with Defendants though the writers and creators were entitled to 6.25% of the AGR of
the Series. Upon information and belief, the writers and creators of the Series exercised their right
to audit the books and records of account relating to the distribution and exploitation of the Series<sup>2</sup>
by having auditing firm of Green Hasson Janks (hereafter, GHJ) review the accounting records of
the Series from inception to March 31, 2014 (hereafter referred to as the Audit Report).

Upon information and believe, based on the allegations made by the writers and
 creators in their public lawsuit filed in June 2022, the Audit Report identified significant financial
 malfeasance undertaken by Defendants, including but not limited to the following issues:

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a. At the time the Series was licensed by BTP to UPN, both entities were owned in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup><sup>2</sup> Such audits are a practical necessity in the entertainment industry due to the fact that, <sup>25</sup>when calculating the amount of contingent compensation owed to profit participants, a perverse <sup>26</sup>incentive exists for producers to artificially increase costs and decrease the revenues reportable to <sup>27</sup>offset those costs, thereby keeping the relevant project from reaching its "breakeven point" where <sup>27</sup>revenues eclipse costs, the project is considered to be profitable, and contingent compensation is <sup>27</sup>owed. In order to guard against this, profit participants must undertake periodic financial audits of <sup>28</sup>the books and records covering the project in question to identify accounting improprieties that <sup>28</sup>have lessened or altogether prevented the payment of contingent compensation.

1		whole or majority by Viacom, the parent company of CBS. Traditionally,
2		network license fees for a first-run television program would cover 80% of the
3		show's production costs. However, the fees paid by UPN amounted to less than
4		50% of the Series' production costs, leaving it with a deficit of nearly \$50 million
5		that required years to recoup on top of interest and administrative fees charged.
6		This strongly indicates that the Series was not licensed on an arms-length basis in
7		order to artificially delay the point at which contingent compensation would be
8		owed to Plaintiff for the benefit of BTP and UPN's common parent entities.
9	b.	CBS licensed the Series for domestic cable television as part of "packages,"
10		whereby multiple properties are granted to a single licensee as part of a single
11		commercial transaction, including to parties related to Defendants (such as BET,
12		which is owned by Viacom). CBS refused to provide GHJ with unredacted
13		copies of these agreements in order to hide which other properties were included
14		in the relevant packages and how the license fees were allocated between the
15		properties, meaning GHJ could not confirm whether the fees reflected the
16		properties' fair market value or were otherwise manipulated to reduce the Series'
17		profitability.
18	с.	CBS refused to provide GHJ with documentation supporting the revenues it
19		reported for the Series' earnings on free, pay, and basic cable television beyond a
20		sales reporting listing the cash collections for selected contracts. Additionally,
21		when GHJ selected a sample of CBS's claimed distribution and production
22		expenses <sup>3</sup> to examine, CBS could only provide supporting documentation for
23		41% and 38% thereof, respectively. The Audit thus casts significant doubt on
24		both the accuracy of the Series' accounting and the propriety of its deductions.
25	d.	GHJ identified multiple instances of costs deducted against the Series' profits
26		
27	<sup>3</sup> GHJ was the fourth and fift	only able to test claimed production expenses as part of the Audit with respect to h seasons of the Series, as Defendants failed to provide them with an account
28		irst season or production bibles for the first, second, or third seasons.
		COMPLAINT

1	that were incorrect (such as errors in the formula used by CBS to calculate	
2	interest), misclassified (such as music synchronization fees), apparently	
3	duplicative (with CBS unable to provide any documentation distinguishing	
4	multiple identical cost instances), or categorically improper (such as charging for	
5	the work of in-house CBS employees as though they were outside legal counsel).	
6	22. Upon information and belief, the foregoing is only a representative sample of the	
7	improprieties discovered during the Audit, which are in no sense exhaustive, as the Audit was	
8	significantly impeded by CBS's refusal to fully cooperate with the creators' auditors. Plaintiff is	
9	informed and believes, and on such basis alleges, that CBS withheld documents would reveal that	
10	the Series' distribution was structured to inequitably advance the interests of Defendants and	
11	favored third parties over those of Plaintiff, and Defendants' fear of such revelations animated their	
12	noncooperative conduct.	
13	23. Plaintiff only recently discovered the breaches and/or concealment of material facts	
14	described herein when it learned of details of the publicly-filed lawsuit by the writers and creators	
15	of the Series. Before that, they had been lulled through the words and actions of the Defendants	
16	into believing that all moneys were properly paid.	
17	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION	
18	BREACH OF WRITTEN CONTRACT	
19	(Against Defendants BTP, Paramount, CBS, and DOES 1-25)	
20	24. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation in	
21	paragraphs 1 through 23 of this Complaint, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.	
22	25. Plaintiff has performed all conditions, covenants, and promises required to be	
23	performed by it in accordance with the terms of its agreements.	
24	26. All conditions required for Defendants' performance of the conditions, covenants,	
25	and promises required to be performed by them in accordance with the terms of the parties'	
26	agreements have occurred.	
27	27. As detailed above, Defendants have breached the agreements by, among other	
28	things, failing to pay monies due to Plaintiff.	
	COMPLAINT	

28. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breaches of the agreements,
Plaintiff has suffered, and will continue to suffer, monetary damages in an amount to be proven
at trial.
SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
<b>BREACH OF THE IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD</b>
FAITH AND FAIR DEALING
(Against Defendants BTP, Paramount, CBS, and DOES 1-25)
29. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation in
paragraphs 1 through 28 of this Complaint, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
30. Every contract in California contains an implied covenant of good faith and fair
dealing that neither party will do anything which will injure the right of the other to receive the
benefits of the agreement. The implied covenant finds particular application in situations where
one party is invested with discretionary power affecting the rights of another.
31. In distributing the Series, Defendants had discretionary power to incur, categorize,
valuate, and structure its exploitation strategy, from costs and expenses incurred to the licensing
deals it reached with third-party exhibitors and broadcasters.
32. The implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing imposed a duty on Defendants
to fairly and accurately exercise the foregoing discretion under the parties' agreements.
33. Defendants breached the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing by
unfairly interfering with Plaintiff's right to receive the benefits of their respective agreements by,
among other things:
a. Failing to credit significant revenues, as well as improperly deducting costs and
expenses, when calculating the Series' profits, to Plaintiff's detriment;
b. Failing to properly allocate revenues earned from agreements in which the Serie
was licensed in packages with other properties, to Plaintiff's detriment;
c. Failing to accurately calculate costs, expenses, and revenues streams, variously
underreporting or overinflating same to Plaintiff's detriment; and
d. Failing to substantiate the incurrence of costs and expenses to Plaintiff's detrim

1	e. Failing to engage in arms-length transactions or otherwise avoid self-dealing
2	when contracting with vertically-integrated or otherwise-related entities.
3	34. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breaches of the implied covenant $\cdot$
4	of good faith and fair dealing, Plaintiffs have suffered monetary damages in an amount to be
5	proven at trial.
6	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
7	INTENTIONAL INTERFERENCE WITH CONTRACT
8	(Against Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50)
9	35. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation in
10	paragraphs 1 through 34 of this Complaint, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.
11	36. Plaintiff pleads this cause of action in the alternative based on the fact that
12	Plaintiff has not seen numerous underlying contracts for the Series and it is currently unknown
13	whether Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 are acting in the capacity of licensees or assignees of the
14	contractual rights created by the agreements between Plaintiff and BTP. This cause of
15	action is pled on the basis that Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 are licensees.
16	37. Assuming <i>arguendo</i> that Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 are licensees and
17	through the conduct described above, Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 intended to disrupt or
18	prevent the performance by BTP and/or Paramount of the M&M Agreement(s) as set forth above
19	and did disrupt or prevent that performance.
20	38. Assuming <i>arguendo</i> that Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 are licensees and
21	through their conduct, Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 caused damage to Plaintiff by
22	collaborating and/or participating in acts that reduced the Series' AGR and ultimately Plaintiff's
23	contingent compensation in connection with the Series, in an amount to be proven at trial.
24	39. Assuming <i>arguendo</i> that Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 are licensees, the
25	conduct of Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiff's harm.
26	40. Assuming <i>arguendo</i> that Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 are licensees and in
27	engaging in the misconduct alleged herein, Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50 have acted with
28	malice, oppression, or fraud, and in willful disregard of Plaintiff's rights and interests, thus $9$
	9 COMPLAINT

1	entitling Plaintiff to an award of punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish or make	
2	an example of Defendants CBS and DOES 26-50, pursuant to Civil Code § 3294.	
3	FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION	
4	ACCOUNTING	
5	(Against All Defendants)	
6	41. Plaintiff incorporate by reference and realleges each and every allegation in	
7	paragraph I through 40 of this Complaint, inclusive, as though fully set forth herein.	
8	42. A relationship exists between Plaintiff, on the one hand, and Defendants on the	
9	other hand for which an accounting of Defendants' books and records is appropriate.	
10	43. Plaintiff is informed and believe and thereon allege that Defendants have	
11	derived and received significant income, profit and other benefits from the aforementioned	
12	improper and fraudulent accounting practices. Plaintiff is entitled to a full and accurate	
13	accounting of all proceeds generated from, by or in connection with the distribution, licensing,	
14	and/or other exploitation of the Series and its components.	
15	44. The amount of money due to Plaintiff is unknown and cannot be reasonably	
16	ascertained without a full and complete accounting of Defendants' books and records. Upon	
17	information and belief, Defendants have failed and refused to supply the information and	
18	documents necessary to complete an audit. Due to Plaintiff's exclusion from exercising any control	
19	or management over the distribution, licensing, and other exploitation of the Series and the	
20	collection, reporting, and accounting of revenues generated from such exploitation and the complex	
21	nature of the accounts of such exploitation, it is impractical to ascertain a fixed sum that is currently	
22	owed to Plaintiff. Accordingly, the full amount due and owing to Plaintiff can only be determined	
23	pursuant to a full and accurate accounting of all proceeds and expenses generated in connection with	
24	the distribution, licensing, and other exploitation of the Series that Plaintiffs seek herein.	
25	45. Plaintiff further prays for the Court to impose a constructive trust on all monies	
26	wrongfully withheld by Defendants, in accordance with common law and California Civil Code	
27	sections 2223-24, for the benefit of Plaintiff and Plaintiff's interests.	
		1

COMPLAINT

1		PRAYER FOR R	RELIEF
2	Wł	nerefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against t	he Defendants, and each of them, as
3	follows:		
4	1.	For monetary damages in an amount to be p	roven at trial;
5	2.	For an accounting under Court supervision of	of the profits of the Series and the
6		amounts due and payable to Plaintiff in acco	ordance with the agreements alleged
7		herein;	
8	3.	For the Court to impose a constructive trust	on the monies wrongfully withheld;
9	4.	For an award of punitive damages in an amo	ount to be proven at trial;
10	5.	For pre-judgment interest pursuant to Civil	Code sections 3287-88;
11	6.	For costs of suit;	
12	7.	For attorneys' fees;	
13	8.	For such other, further, and different relief a	as the Court deems proper under the
14		circumstances.	
15	Dated: A	pril 12, 2023	The deRubertis Law Firm, APC
16			Schimmel & Parks, APLC
17			2
18		Ву	
		Бу	
19		Бу	David M. deRubertis
19 20		Бу	
20 21		Ъу	David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks
20 21 22		Ъ	David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks
20 21 22 23		Ъ	David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks
20 21 22 23 24		Ъ	David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks
<ol> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> </ol>		Ъ	David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks
<ol> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> </ol>		Ъ	David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks
<ol> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> </ol>		Ъ	David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks
<ol> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> </ol>			David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks Attorneys for Plaintiffs
<ol> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> </ol>			David M. deRubertis Michael W. Parks Attorneys for Plaintiffs

1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
2	Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all aspects of this case so triable whether based on
3	this pleading or any other or later pleading filed in this action.
4	Dated: April 12, 2023 The deRubertis Law Firm, APC
5	Schimmel & Parks, APLC
6	
7	By
8	David M. deRubertis
9	Michael W. Parks Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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	12 COMPLAINT