1	
2	
3	
4	SELECT COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE THE
5	JANUARY 6TH ATTACK ON THE U.S. CAPITOL,
6	U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
7	WASHINGTON, D.C.
8	
9	
10	
11	CONTINUED DEPOSITION OF: JEFFREY CLARK
12	
13	
14	
15	Wednesday, February 2, 2022
16	
17	Washington, D.C.
18	
19	
20	The deposition in the above matter was held in room 4480, O'Neill House Office
21	Building, commencing at 12:10 p.m.
22	Present: Representatives Luria, Aguilar, Schiff, Lofgren, Murphy, and Kinzinger

1	
2	Appearances:
3	
4	
5	For the SELECT COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE
6	THE JANUARY 6TH ATTACK ON THE U.S. CAPITOL:
7	
8	STAFF ASSOCIATE -
9	RESEARCHER
10	SENIOR INVESTIGATIVE COUNSEL
11	, CHIEF CLERK
12	PARLIAMENTARIAN
13	, STAFF ASSOCIATE
14	SENIOR INVESTIGATIVE COUNSEL AND OF COUNSEL TO THE VICE CHAIR
15	
16	
17	For THE WITNESS:
18	
19	HARRY MACDOUGALD
20	Caldwell, Carlson, Elliott & DeLoach, LLP
21	Two Ravinia Drive
22	Suite 1600
23	Atlanta, GA 30346

1

- 3 CHARLES BURNHAM
- 4 Burnham & Gorokhov, PLLC
- 5 1424 K Street NW
- 6 Suite 500
- Washington, D.C. 20005

1	
2	Good afternoon. This is the deposition of Jeffrey Bossert Clark,
3	conducted by the House Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the
4	United States Capitol, pursuant to House Resolution 503.
5	Mr. Clark, could you please state your full name and spell your name for the
6	record.
7	The Witness. Full name is Jeffrey Bossert Clark, last name spelled C-l-a-r-k.
8	This will be a staff-led deposition, and Members of the House, of
9	course, may choose to also ask questions.
10	My name is
11	and also of counsel to the vice chair, Representative Liz Cheney.
12	With me here today is a professional staff member, and by video,
13	right now, we have Representative Lofgren and Representative Schiff. It's possible that
14	other members may join us during the course of the deposition. We make an effort to
15	see when they do and announce their presence, but we can't always be certain we'll
16	notice right away.
17	Could counsel please state their names for the record.
18	Mr. MacDougald. I am Harry MacDougald, for Mr. Clark.
19	Mr. <u>Burnham.</u> Good morning. Charley Burnham, on behalf of Mr. Clark.
20	As you can see, there is an official reporter transcribing the record of
21	this deposition. The deposition is also being videotaped, but the court reporter's
22	transcript is the official record of the proceeding.
23	Mr. Clark, as you know, please wait until each question is completed before you
24	begin your response, and we'll try to wait until your response is complete before we ask
25	our question, to make it easier for the court reporter.

1	As you know, the stenographer cannot record nonverbal responses, such as
2	shaking your head, so it's important that you answer each question with an audible verbal
3	response.
4	We ask that you provide complete answers, based on your best recollection. If
5	the question is not clear, please ask me to clarify it or repeat it. If you don't know the
6	answer, obviously, you can say so.
7	You may only refuse to answer a question to preserve a privilege recognized by
8	the select committee. If you refuse to answer a question based on a privilege, staff may
9	either proceed with the deposition or seek a ruling from the chair on the objection at that
10	time. If the chairman overrules such an objection, either after the objection is made or
11	at the end of the deposition, you'll be required to answer the question.
12	I also want to remind you, as you know, it is unlawful to deliberately provide false
13	information to Congress.
14	Because this is a deposition under oath, would you please stand and raise your
15	right hand and be sworn in.
16	The <u>Reporter.</u> Do you solemnly declare and affirm under the penalty of perjury
17	that the testimony you are about to give will be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing
18	but the truth?
19	The <u>Witness.</u> Yes, so help me God.
20	Mr. MacDougald, did you want to make a statement before we begin
21	questioning?
22	Mr. <u>MacDougald.</u> I would. Thank you.
23	It is not enough in Washington to merely disagree with someone about policy
24	questions. Instead, they must be destroyed. Those who disagree with Mr. Clark seek
25	his destruction by any means available.

On January 5th this year, Attorney General Merrick Garland devoted much of his remarks to condemning violent threats against those serving in government. And I assume, unfortunately, that members of this committee and even its staff have been also subjected to similar threats of violence. And, for that, you have our genuine sympathy.

In that regard, being threatened with violence, you have something in common with Mr. Clark. I want to tell you about one threat in particular. A caller left him a voicemail inviting him to the Pine Barrens in New Jersey to meet with him so that he could be chopped into pieces that would fit into a bucket that could then be gotten rid of so that Mr. Clark's children would be left fatherless.

The committee should be embarrassed by its long train of abuses of Mr. Clark and his constitutional rights. The chairman's statement on the Rachel Maddow Show that Mr. Clark must be guilty of a crime because he invoked his Fifth Amendment rights was especially outrageous.

Representative Perlmutter of the Rules Committee accused Mr. Clark of treason and went out of his way to mention that it's punishable by death. Basically, he's like the guy that left the voicemail for Mr. Clark. My point is that this whole process has gone off the rails. People have lost their minds.

Before we begin, I want to quickly summarize some of our legal arguments about this committee and about this deposition. The committee is legally defective in its composition and in its deeds for three fundamental reasons:

First, the composition and membership are not in compliance with its enabling resolution, House Resolution 503. Therefore, it cannot properly do business of any kind. Now, I realize that so far that argument has been rejected in court on the theory that your rules mean whatever you or the Speaker says they mean. But all that does is perfect a due process violation. If the rules mean whatever you say they mean on any

given day, a Red Queen come to life, then there are no rules, and it's purely arbitrary and capricious. Either way, the committee is proceeding unlawfully. So the rulings you've gotten so far on that topic are unlikely to be the last word.

Second, the committee has no properly constituted or designated ranking minority member. Therefore, it cannot use deposition authority under either its own enabling resolution or the House rules for the use of deposition authority, and no one can be convicted of contempt for refusing to testify in deposition.

Third, counsel for the holder of the executive privileges and attorney-client privileges we have asserted is not allowed by your rules to be present to protect their interests. That is another unlawful element among many in how the committee is proceeding. That topic is covered in the letter I've given you today.

Representative Cheney said on one of the Sunday shows that her goal was to bar President Trump from ever holding office again, inarguably a purely political objective.

In its Trump derangement, the committee has abused its authority to a greater extent than any congressional committee other than the House Un-American Activities Committee. You are railroading Mr. Clark, publicly abusing him and threatening him with criminal prosecution on a completely spurious legal foundation. This would be unacceptable even if it were a proper exercise of legislative authority, which it is not. But this crusade against Mr. Clark is the equivalent of a bill of attainder and, thus, a violation of separation of powers.

For example, one of the topics on which you intend to question Mr. Clark is whether and to what extent President Trump considered appointing him to be Attorney General. Despite rumors that the Department of Justice is an independent agency, the President has the exclusive authority to appoint the Attorney General or to fire an existing Acting Attorney General because it's within the President's exclusive

constitutional authority.

Because it is a topic on which legislation may not be had, it is not a permissible topic of congressional subpoena or investigation. Therefore, it is not a topic on which Mr. Clark can be prosecuted for contempt. The committee's avowed intent to see Mr. Clark criminally prosecuted for asserting executive privilege on that topic is another item in the long catalog of its abuses against him.

The committee has bragged to the media that its strategy in seeking criminal contempt was to intimidate and coerce other witnesses into cooperating. In essence, the committee has drawn up a list of its political enemies and is hounding them with what you contend is limitless subpoena power that is not subject to legal challenge or judicial review in any forum. What could be more un-American than that?

But what makes it all the more improper in the case of Mr. Clark is that he has absolutely zero connection to the events of January 6th. He had no involvement in any aspect of January 6th, and nobody claims that he did.

So the imagined nexus between January 6th and Mr. Clark's election-related work in the Department of Justice and his interactions with President Trump is a paranoid fantasy. Everything that Mr. Clark is reported to have done or not done related to the election was privileged and confidential and was completely unknown to the public on January 6th.

That irretrievably destroys the causal connection between Mr. Clark and January 6th, and it also destroys the relevance of the list of topics you want to pursue with Mr. Clark to anything that's actually within the committee's jurisdiction, even under your extravagant conceptions of relevance and jurisdiction.

We didn't learn of the topics on which you intended to question him until November 23rd, when we reviewed the transcript, weeks after the first sitting on November 5th. I'm not a D.C. lawyer, but I have talked to a few, and it's my understanding that it's a longtime norm that executive branch officials get the benefit of advance discussions and negotiations about the scope of the topics that are going to be covered. But at no point would the committee ever agree to negotiate in the slightest with us about the topics for Mr. Clark.

The committee is abusing Mr. Clark over what amounts to a thought crime, even if one assumes that the leaks to The New York Times are accurate or that the one-sided testimony given to other committees of Congress are totally accurate and provide all necessary context. And the committee is doing all that about a privileged and confidential internal legal deliberation about a letter that was never sent, an option that was rejected, and an action that was never taken.

You have also questioned the sincerity and legitimacy of Mr. Clark's assertion of his Fifth Amendment rights. But, as I have noted already, the chairman went on television in early December and said that Mr. Clark's invocation of his Fifth Amendment rights was an admission of guilt. Even Rachel Maddow was taken aback at that statement. You could see it in her face.

The chairman has also said that the committee will determine the guilt or innocence of the people it's looking at. In one fell swoop, the chairman has violated the Bill of Attainder Clause, the Due Process Clause, and separation of powers, a triple play of unconstitutionality. It's a mighty peculiar approach to saving our democracy.

Former Senator Claire McCaskill, appearing on television with Congressman Schiff on December 5th, urged that Mr. Clark be criminally prosecuted as soon as possible and complained that it hadn't been done sooner.

Other Members of the House and Senate and the committee's political allies are ardently and publicly urging that Mr. Clark be prosecuted. And we had Representative

1	Perlmutter nattering about treason and the death penalty. Eminent law professors have
2	written and published supposed roadmaps for criminal investigation and prosecution that
3	are clearly directed at Mr. Clark. And, of course, the committee has already voted to
4	refer him for prosecution for political contempt for criminal contempt.
5	So it's not that we're paranoid or that our concerns are trifling or insubstantial.
6	The committee and its allies really are out to get Mr. Clark. There's obvious legitimate
7	and well-founded concern that the committee's efforts and those of its political allies to
8	string up Mr. Clark will continue.
9	A serious and real concern is present, not because he did anything wrong, but
10	because there is a moral panic and a lynch mob coming after him, and the committee is
11	right out in front of that mob, egging them on.
12	We are not required to explain in this setting the exact chain of reasoning by

We are not required to explain in this setting the exact chain of reasoning by which we arrived at any conclusion we reach today on a question-by-question basis when we instruct or advise Mr. Clark in this second deposition. That would eviscerate the very protection we are claiming.

We do not waive. We explicitly reserve all other objections to the defective nature of the committee, the defective nature of its attempts to use deposition authority, the irrelevance of the topics it wants to pursue with Mr. Clark, its abuse of his constitutional rights and all of the other legal and constitutional arguments we have set forth in our correspondence with the committee, including and especially the many facets of executive privilege. And we reserve any other arguments or objections that might be appropriate at the appropriate time.

Mr. MacDougald, your statement is now part of the record, and if there is nothing else, I'll start questions.

The Witness. I'd like to say something just briefly, if I could.

1	Yes.
2	The Witness. I think that this is exclusively a political inquiry, not a legislative
3	one. It also has I think pretenses and an underlying purpose of invading the executive
4	sphere, in terms of law enforcement. And, you know, it's a political product I think that
5	is exclusively or almost exclusively coming from the Democrat Party. And it's a party
6	that my father would not recognize and I think many people of his generation would not
7	recognize.
8	My dad was a truck driver who never graduated from high school. He was a
9	lifelong Democrat and a Catholic. My mom was a lifelong Republican and a Protestant.
LO	I wound up as the blend of the two, a Catholic conservative Republican.
l1	But, you know, I would come over time, actually, to appreciate many of the
L2	positions of my father in what were very lively political and theological debates around
L3	our coffee table and around our dinner table.
L4	And so, you know, I think that, you know, my dad there's that expression of
L5	rolling over in your grave. I think that, you know, knock on wood and more than that,
16	because my dad was a very dedicated, prayerful man. I know that he's in heaven. So
L7	there's no rolling in the grave, but the expression still counts.
18	And I think that's where we've come today, in terms of the modern political divide
L9	and where one party is headed. And I just I find it I find it very disappointing. I'll
20	shave off, you know, rhetoric. I find it very disappointing that that's where we are
21	today.
22	And that's it,
23	. Okay. And your statement also is in the record.
24	Is there anything else you want to add before we get started with questions?

Mr. <u>Burnham.</u> Nothing from me.

1	Mr. <u>MacDougald.</u> Nothing.
2	EXAMINATION
3	BY
4	Q Mr. Clark, on January 6, 2021, were you an official at the Department of
5	Justice?
6	[Discussion off the record.]
7	The Witness. On advice of counsel, I invoke my Fifth Amendment right not to be
8	compelled to be a witness against myself.
9	And for purposes of shorthand, I hope you'll agree that if there are other
10	questions that I do the same on that I can simply say "Fifth."
11	BY
12	Q To save time, you can certainly do that. There may be times where I'm
13	going to want to just clarify for the record that you're invoking your Fifth Amendment
14	right against self-incrimination or you're invoking your Fifth Amendment right not to be
15	compelled in a criminal case to be a witness against yourself, which is the language from
16	the Constitution itself. But I agree you don't have to restate at any length the nature of
17	your invocation.
18	A Well, , I will push back at least to some extent on that and note for you
19	that the text of the Fifth Amendment is that no person shall be compelled in any criminal
20	case to be a witness against himself. And so the incrimination language is not in the text
21	of the Fifth Amendment.
22	Q So you will not have to use that language if you don't want to. So that will
23	be fine.
24	So I guess just to go back to the question, I think I understand you've invoked your

Fifth Amendment right with regard to the question of whether you were an official at the

1 Department of Justice on January 6, 2021. 2 Α Correct. Q And, on January 6, 2021, were you the Assistant Attorney General for the 3 Environment and Natural Resources Division? 4 Fifth. 5 Α On January 6, 2021, were you also Acting Assistant Attorney General for the 6 Q 7 Civil Division? 8 Α Fifth. 9 Q On January 6, 2021, did you go into the Department of Justice headquarters? Α 10 Can you restate that? Q Yes. On January 6, 2021, did you go into the Department of Justice 11 headquarters in Washington, D.C.? 12 Α Fifth. 13 14 Q On January 6, 2021, did you have any communications with the President of the United States? 15 Α On January 6th? 16 On January 6th. Q 17 Α Fifth. 18 19 Q On January 6, 2021, did you have any conversations with White House staff? 20 Α Fifth. Q 21 On January 6, 2021, did you have any communications with anyone involved 22 in the protests? Α Fifth. 23 On January 6, 2021, did you have any communications with anyone who was 24 Q at the Capitol? 25

1	Α	Fifth.
2	Q	Mr. Clark, if you'll look at exhibit 1, it's a subpoena from this committee,
3	dated Octo	ber 13, 2021. Do you understand you're appearing here today pursuant to
4	that subpo	ena?
5	А	I think the subpoena speaks for itself,
6	Q	And, Mr. Clark, have you produced any documents to this committee
7	pursuant to	this subpoena?
8	А	Fifth.
9	Q	Did you or your counsel search to see whether you had custody or control of
10	any docum	ents that would be responsive to this subpoena?
11	Α	Fifth.
12	Q	And, just so I understand, with regard to the Fifth Amendment, are you
13	asserting th	at the act of producing any documents, as opposed to the content of the
14	documents	, would violate your Fifth Amendment right?
15	Mr.	Burnham. If I could answer, that's our position. I can't have him getting
16	into an exp	lanation. But, yes, that's our position.
17	Mr.	Your position is that the act of producing the documents could
18	violate the	Fifth Amendment right, as opposed to just the content of the documents?
19	Mr.	Burnham. Yes, it is.
20	Mr.	And have you provided a privilege log regarding any documents
21	you're with	holding?
22	Mr.	Burnham. Under applicable case law, the privilege log itself would waive the
23	act of produ	uction. We've cited cases. So that's why we haven't produced a log.
24		BY
25	Q	Mr. Clark, when did you first talk directly with President Trump?

1	A Fifth.
2	Q And, Mr. Clark, just so I understand, it's your position that telling this
3	committee when you first talked directly to President Trump would cause you to be
4	compelled in a criminal case to be a witness against yourself?
5	A So
6	Mr. <u>Burnham.</u> That's our position, yes.
7	The Witness. Yeah. Fifth, but I think the reason why I looked at Charley is
8	because I think that's at some level a mixed question of fact and law. But I invoke the
9	Fifth.
10	I just want to clarify that you're not invoking the Fifth because of any
11	potential civil liability, which would not be a basis for invoking the Fifth. It would have
12	to be that to answer the question could cause you to be compelled in a criminal case to
13	be a witness against yourself.
14	Mr. <u>Burnham.</u> Yes, for reasons including the ones Mr. MacDougald laid out in a
15	prior correspondence, we think there's more than adequate basis for the Fifth, for
16	reasonable fear of criminal prosecution.
17	BY
18	Q And, Mr. Clark, did you have any direct interaction with the President of the
19	United States, President Trump, that is, regarding your work as head of the Environment
20	and Natural Resources Division at the Department of Justice?
21	A Fifth.
22	Q Did you have any interaction with President Trump in your capacity as Acting
23	Assistant Attorney General for the Civil Division?
24	A Fifth.
25	Q Mr. Clark, do you know Representative Scott Perry?

1	А	Fifth.
2	Q	Mr. Clark, did Representative Scott Perry introduce you, either directly or
3	indirectly, t	o President Trump?
4	А	Fifth.
5	Q	Mr. Clark, how did you first come to meet Mark Meadows, chief of staff to
6	President T	rump?
7	А	Fifth.
8	Q	Mr. Clark, did Mark Meadows facilitate an introduction for you to the
9	President o	f the United States?
10	Α	Fifth.
11	Q	Mr. Clark, did you discuss with President Trump allegations of fraud in the
12	2020 election	on?
13	А	Fifth.
14	Q	Mr. Clark, did you discuss the possibility let me rephrase that.
15	Mr.	Clark, did you discuss with President Trump the possibility that President
16	Trump wou	ld appoint you to be Acting Attorney General of the United States?
17	Α	There are a lot of clauses in there. Maybe you could reframe it.
18	Q	Sure. I'll restate it.
19	Mr.	Clark, did you discuss with President Trump the possibility that President
20	Trump wou	ld appoint you to be Acting Attorney General of the United States?
21	А	Fifth. Fifth, and I would also note that there's a separation of powers issue
22	in the presu	umptions behind that question.
23	Q	Did you notify anyone else at the Department of Justice about your
24	discussions	with President Trump?
25	А	Fifth.

1	Q Mr. Clark, if you could look at exhibit 3, which is an email from Rich
2	Donoghue, the signature block indicates he was Principal Associate Deputy Attorney
3	General, dated November 11, 2020, so like 8 days after the Presidential election, sent to
4	you and several other people who appear to be, I'll call them various component heads at
5	the Department of Justice. And the subject is "Contact Policies."
6	And attached to that email well, that email is basically forwarding to the
7	recipients two documents: One is a memorandum for heads of Department
8	components and all United States Attorneys regarding communications with the White
9	House and Congress; and the second document is a White House document from Donald
10	F. McGahn II, then-counsel to the President, and the subject is "Communications
11	Restrictions with Personnel at the Department of Justice."
12	Mr. Clark, do you remember receiving these two documents and the email from
13	Mr. Donoghue?
14	A Fifth.
15	Mr. MacDougald.
16	preserving for possible future challenge the question of whether those policies are
17	unconstitutional as a violation of Article II.
18	The Constitution contemplates unfettered access by the President to subordinate
19	officials in the executive branch, of which he is the sole head. This constitutional
20	authority could never be constrained by a mere policy memo from anyone subordinate to
21	the President.
22	Mr. Schiff. Counsel, may I interject a question? This is Adam Schiff.
23	Of course. Yes.
24	Mr. Schiff. Mr. Clark, for most of the questions, if not all of them, you've invoked
25	your Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination. With respect to a few of the

questions, though, you mentioned other objections, such as you did with respect to one
of the questions just a moment ago, the separation of powers concern.

My question is, when you're asserting the Fifth Amendment and you're not raising any other objection, is your sole objection to the question based on your Fifth Amendment right not to incriminate yourself?

Mr. <u>MacDougald.</u> Self-evidently, Congressman, we have expressly, explicitly, and repeatedly reserved all other objections, including executive privilege, separation of powers, and so on.

The <u>Witness.</u> So -- to amplify on that slightly, Congressman, so no. You know, you should not assume in expressio unius fashion, you know, that if I don't make an additional objection in an area where I have taken the Fifth, asserted my constitutional rights under the Fifth Amendment, that that is the only objection. We have all of these standing objections.

So the reason why Mr. MacDougald raised this particular objection and why I pointed to the separation of powers on a particular question is just that some of the questions that you're ask -- you're posing are not things that we've exchanged letters about before and that we have standing objections on that Mr. MacDougald incorporated by reference at the start of the proceeding, you know, to cover the whole proceeding.

So, just for clarity's sake, if there are particular points about some of your questions, we just wanted to make sure that we made clear that there are other problems with them, and you've pointed to both of the examples where we've done that so far.

Mr. <u>Schiff.</u> Mr. Clark, are you willing to, with respect to questions, identify on what basis, in addition to the Fifth Amendment, you wish to assert a right to refuse to respond?

1	The <u>Witness.</u> Congressman Schiff, I think I've covered that already. That we
2	have a group of standing objections that we are not relinquishing and that Mr.
3	MacDougald had indicated in his opening statement we're standing on.
4	And then, as to, you know, particular questions where, you know, based,
5	obviously, in the moment and having, you know, presence of mind when it's raised to
6	think that this is something that isn't you know, hasn't really been aired sufficiently in
7	prior correspondence between us and the committee, you know, we may refer to other
8	objections just to make sure, out of an abundance of caution, that they're preserved,
9	even though the nature of those objections are, you know, clearly within the scope of
10	what we've been asserting.
11	I mean, you know that a major theme of the correspondence has been the
12	separation of powers and limits on the committee as a result of that. And the Article II
13	point is just an aspect of that that Mr. MacDougald just made.
14	So we don't really need to do this. We're doing it only out of an I'm only doing
15	it out of an abundance of caution as to particular questions when those questions have
16	not been, you know, posed and gone back and forth in correspondence before. We
17	think that's sufficient.
18	Mr. Schiff. Mr. Clark, I understand your objection to the composition of the
19	committee, an objection that your counsel I think acknowledged has been rejected by
20	every court that's considered it.
21	I just want to make sure we have a clean record of the basis for which you're
22	objecting to particular questions, but I will leave it to committee counsel how to elucidate
23	what the basis of any objection you have is to a particular question.
24	With that, I'll yield back.
25	Thank you.

1	And I believe Ms. Murphy has also joined us and Mr. Kinzinger has joined us.		
2	Do any other members have any questions at this time?		
3	Mr. Kinzinger. None from me right now. Thank you.		
4	BY		
5	Q Mr. Clark, did you tell Acting Attorney General Jeff Rosen about all of your		
6	communications with President Trump?		
7	A Fifth.		
8	Q Mr. Clark, how many conversations did you have with President Trump?		
9	A Fifth. And this is one where it's certainly not necessary to reiterate it, but		
10	that's clearly something that's covered by executive privilege and other privileges, as		
11	explored in our multiple letters.		
12	Q On December 21, 2020, we understand there was a meeting at the White		
13	House between President Trump, Vice President Pence, President Trump's legal team an		
14	several Republican House Members. Did you attend that meeting?		
15	A Fifth.		
16	Q Mr. Clark, did you have a call with President Trump on December 23rd or		
17	December 24th of 2020?		
18	A Fifth.		
19	Q Mr. Clark, did you have a conversation with Acting Attorney General Jeff		
20	Rosen on December 26, 2020?		
21	A Fifth. I'll also use that one as an example to incorporate again, purely out		
22	of an abundance of caution, not because it's necessary, given the standing objections.		
23	But that also goes into, you know, privileges related to the law enforcement privilege.		
24	The Witness. And, at this time, actually, Mr. MacDougald, maybe you want to		
25	set out the points about the Weinsheimer letter and its limitations.		

1	Mr. MacDougald. Right. So the letter on which the committee relies from			
2	Bradley Weinsheimer as a waiver of the privilege, executive privilege, by its terms, refers			
3	only to House Oversight Committee and Senate Judiciary Committee and not this			
4	committee. That's one.			
5	Two, it also has a shorter window of time to which it applies, which runs from			
6	December 14th to the date of his resignation, January 14. And so there is no waiver			
7	from the executive branch of executive privilege with respect to Mr. Clark's testimony			
8	before this committee.			
9	BY			
10	Q Mr. Clark, did you have any communications with the President of the			
11	United States on December 27, 2020?			
12	A Fifth.			
13	Q Mr. Clark, if you could look at exhibit 4. These are notes from Rich			
14	Donoghue from a call that he and Jeff Rosen had with the President of the United States.			
15	Mr. Donoghue writes find it here. Just to save time, I'm not going to go through point			
16	by point throughout the notes.			
17	If you'll look at the top of the fifth page			
18	Mr. MacDougald. Is there a Bates number?			
19	BY			
20	Q for the production yes, it's the Bates number ending in 739.			
21	A Yes. I'm seeing it.			
22	Q Actually, if you look at the very bottom of the page before it, it says:			
23	P which I believe means the President speaking don't expect you to do that.  Just say			
24	that the election was corrupt and leave the rest to me and to the Republican			
25	Congressmen.			

1	I understand you were not on this call, but, Mr. Clark, my question to you is, did		
2	the President of the United States ever say something along the lines of "just say that the		
3	election was corrupt and leave the rest to me and the Republican Congressmen" to you?		
4	A Fifth and executive privilege. And this is also probably a good time to just		
5	note one other standing objection that we have. So there are various hard copy		
6	documents that we were seeking, and I think that I will, you know I reserve my rights as		
7	to those.		
8	But I will just note the curiosity that you have here someone else's hard copy		
9	notes. And it took quite a while to secure access to hard copy documents with DOJ,		
10	pursuant to DOJ regulations. It's just curious that, you know, there's that difference,		
11	just to note that for the record.		
12	Q And if you look at the next page, Bates number ending in 740, towards the		
13	very bottom of the page, Mr. Donoghue in his notes writes: People tell me Jeff Clark is		
14	great and should be oh, I think it says: People tell me Jeff Clark is great. I should put		
15	him in.		
16	And then the next line: People want me to replace DOJ leadership.		
17	Mr. Clark, do you know why the President of the United States had heard from		
18	people that you were great and that he should put you in?		
19	A Fifth. And I'll leave it at the Fifth.		
20	Q Okay. Mr. Clark, do you know why the President appears to have been		
21	saying that people want him to replace the DOJ leadership?		
22	A Fifth and calls for speculation.		
23	Q Mr. Clark, if you look at exhibit 5, this is an email from you to Jeffrey Rosen		
24	and Rich Donoghue, dated December 28, 2020. It says: Jeff and Rich and number		
25	one I'd like to have your authorization to get a classified briefing tomorrow from ODNI		

1	led by DNI Ratcliffe on foreign election interference issues.		
2	Mr. Clark, why did you request authorization to get a classified briefing the next		
3	day from DNI Ratcliffe on foreign election interference issues?		
4	A Fifth, executive privilege. And there's one part of the Weinsheimer letter,		
5	which I believe you have as exhibit 30 when I flip through yes. So that letter also		
6	indicates that the Department was itself reserving law enforcement privilege beyond th		
7	curiosity of how that contrasts with the position the letter takes concerning President		
8	Trump's holding of a privilege.		
9	Clearly, when you are asking about internal DOJ discussions, it would seem to be		
10	subject to my instruction, even assuming it fully applied to this committee as opposed to		
11	the two committees explicitly mentioned, to say that I am not authorized to answer tha		
12	question.		
13	Mr. MacDougald. And there's another point that I would like to make, and		
14	maybe this is a little bit early in the progression of your question, but I want to go ahead		
15	and get it on the record to preserve it.		
16	And that is that DOJ has not allowed Mr. Clark or me or Mr. Burnham to review		
17	unredacted relevant documents, and this relating to the ODNI line of questioning, and		
18	this violates Mr. Clark's rights under the Fifth and Sixth Amendments.		
19	Mr. <u>Burnham.</u> Just brief indulgence.		
20	[Pause.]		
21	BY		
22	Q The next sentence you wrote: I can then assess how that relates to		
23	activating the IEEPA which is I-E-E-P-A and 2018 EO powers on such matters, now		
24	twice renewed by the President.		
25	Mr. Clark, were you at that point considering whether or not the Department of		

1	Justice or another Federal agency could seize voting machines from the States?		
2	A Fifth.		
3	Q The next sentence, you wrote: If you had not seen it, white hat hackers		
4	have evidence, in the public domain, that a Dominion machine accessed the internet		
5	through a smart thermostat with a net connection trail leading back to China. ODNI may		
6	have additional classified evidence.		
7	Mr. Clark, what was the evidence that a Dominion machine had accessed the		
8	internet through a smart thermostat with a connection trail leading back to China?		
9	A Fifth.		
10	Q Okay. Mr. Clark, the paragraph starting with the number two says:		
11	Attached is a draft letter.		
12	There is, in fact, an attachment, which is a draft letter to the Honorable Brian		
13	Kemp, the Honorable Dave Ralston, and the Honorable Butch Miller, all Georgia officials.		
14	Mr. Clark, did you draft this letter?		
15	A Fifth.		
16	Q Mr. Clark, did you urge the Acting Attorney General and Mr. Donoghue to		
17	send this letter to the Georgia officials?		
18	A Fifth and, again, out of an abundance of caution, law enforcement privilege.		
19	Q Okay. Mr. Clark, on the second page of the attachment, in the second		
20	paragraph, the second sentence then of that paragraph states: The Department		
21	believes that in Georgia and several other States, both a slate of electors supporting		
22	Joseph R. Biden, Jr. and a separate slate of electors supporting Donald J. Trump gathered		
23	on that day at the proper location to cast their ballots and that both sets of those ballots		
24	have been transmitted to Washington, D.C., to be opened by the Vice President.		
25	Mr. Clark, my first question to you is, were there State authorities that had		

1	certified two slates of electors in Georgia?	
2	А	Fifth. And it's also unclear to me the basis on which you're asking that
3	question, b	ut Fifth.
4	Q	Mr. Clark, was it, in fact, the Department of Justice's position that the
5	Georgia leg	islature should meet in special session to consider evidence of election fraud?
6	А	Fifth.
7	Q	Mr. Clark, wasn't it, in fact, the Department of Justice's position, as stated by
8	Attorney General Barr, on December 1, 2020, that there was no evidence of widespread	
9	election fraud sufficient to have changed the outcome of the 2020 Presidential election?	
10	А	Fifth.
11	Q	Mr. Clark, did you discuss this draft letter to Georgia officials with
12	Representative Scott Perry?	
13	А	Fifth.
14	Q	Did you discuss this draft letter to Georgia officials with the President of the
15	United Stat	es?
16	А	Fifth and executive privilege, again, just restated for the abundance of
17	caution.	
18	Q	Mr. Clark, was DOJ employee Ken Klukowski involved in drafting this letter to
19	Georgia officials?	
20	А	Fifth and executive privilege, again, out of an abundance of caution.
21	Q	Mr. Clark, did anybody from the White House or the Trump campaign have
22	any role in drafting or editing this letter?	
23	А	Fifth.
24	Q	Mr. Clark, did anyone review this letter before you sent it to Mr. Rosen and
25	Mr. Donoghue?	

1	A Fifth.		
2	Q Did you send this letter to anyone other than Mr. Rosen and Mr. Donoghue?		
3	A Fifth.		
4	Q If you go back to the first page of this exhibit, which is the email that you		
5	sent to Mr. Rosen and Mr. Donoghue, under the number two, the second sentence says:		
6	The concept is to send it to the Governor, Speaker, and President pro tem of each		
7	relevant State to indicate that in light of time urgency and sworn evidence of election		
8	irregularities presented to courts and to legislative committees, the legislatures thereof		
9	should each assemble and make a decision about elector appointment in light of their		
10	deliberations.		
11	Mr. Clark, did you propose to the leadership of the Department of Justice that this		
12	letter or a similar letter be sent not only to Georgia officials but officials in several other		
13	States?		
14	A Fifth and law enforcement privilege.		
15	The Witness. would you mind scrolling the Webex so that I can		
16	see who is the list on at the moment?		
17	Yes. And I believe Ms. Murphy and Mr. Aguilar have joined us.		
18	Thank you for pointing that out.		
19	BY		
20	Q Okay. If you look again at the draft letter, in the first paragraph, second		
21	sentence says: The Department will update you as we are able on investigatory		
22	progress, but, at this time, we have identified significant concerns that may have		
23	impacted the outcome of the election in multiple States, including the State of Georgia.		
24	Isn't that, in fact, contrary to what Attorney General Barr had said on December 1,		
25	2020?		

1	Α	Fifth.		
2	Q	Mr. Clark, did you have any communications with any Georgia State officials		
3	regarding the possibility of the Justice Department sending this letter?			
4	Α	Fifth.		
5	Q	Mr. Clark, did you have conversations or communications of any kind with		
6	any State officials in any State about the possibility of sending a letter similar to this to			
7	their States	?		
8	Α	Fifth.		
9	Q	If you look at exhibit 10, and this is an email from Richard Donoghue		
10	which this is dated December 28, 2020, to you, copying Jeff Rosen, appears to be			
11	responding	to your email that we just discussed.		
12	In th	ne second sentence, he said: That said, there is no chance that I would sign		
13	this letter c	or anything remotely like this.		
14	Mr.	Clark, did you nonetheless continue to push Mr. Clark and Mr. Rosen to have		
15	the Departi	ment of Justice send the draft letter?		
16	Mr.	MacDougald. You mean Mr. Donoghue and Mr. Rosen?		
17		I'm sorry, Mr. Donoghue and Mr. Rosen. Thank you.		
18	The	Witness. Maybe you should restate that.		
19		BY		
20	Q	Okay. The second sentence of this email says: That said, there is no		
21	chance tha	t I would sign this letter or anything remotely like that.		
22	Des	pite Mr. Donoghue's reaction, Mr. Clark, did you continue to urge		
23	Mr. Donogl	nue and Mr. Rosen to have the Justice Department send that letter?		
24	Α	Fifth.		
25	Q	In the next sentence, about midway through the sentence, Mr. Donoghue		

1	writes: The investigations that I am aware of relate to suspicions of misconduct that are		
2	of such a small scale that they simply would not impact the outcome of the Presidential		
3	election.		
4	Mr. Clark, when you wrote Mr. Clark, were you aware that the draft letter you		
5	were proposing to have the Justice Department send was inconsistent with the nature of		
6	the Justice Department's investigations?		
7	A Fifth and reiteration of law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance of		
8	caution.		
9	Q The next sentence says: AG Barr made that clear to the public only last		
10	week, and I am not aware of intervening developments that would change that		
11	conclusion.		
12	Mr. Clark, were you aware of any intervening developments that would have		
13	changed the Department of Justice's position, as stated by Attorney General Barr on		
14	December 1st?		
15	A Fifth and reiteration of law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance of		
16	caution.		
17	Q Okay. Then, later in that paragraph, Mr. Donoghue wrote: Despite		
18	dramatic claims to the contrary, we have not seen the type of fraud that calls into		
19	question the reported and certified results of the election.		
20	Mr. Clark, was there any evidence that contradicts Mr. Donoghue's statement that		
21	I just read to you?		
22	A Fifth and reiteration, out of an abundance of caution, of the law		
23	enforcement privilege.		
24	Q Okay. The beginning of the next paragraph, Mr. Donoghue writes: More		

importantly, I do not think the Department's role should include making

1	recommendations to a State legislature about how they should meet their Constitutional		
2	obligations to appoint Electors.		
3	Mr. Clark, are you aware of any time that the Department of Justice in its history		
4	had recom	mended that a State legislature meet to appoint electors?	
5	А	Fifth.	
6	Q	Later, in that same paragraph, Mr. Donoghue wrote: But as I note abo	ove,
7	there is no	reason to conclude that any State is currently in a situation in which their	
8	election h	s failed to produce a choice.	
9	Mr	Clark, was there any State that had failed to produce a choice in the 2020	)
LO	Presidenti	Il election?	
l1	А	This is the sentence "but as I note above"?	
12	Q	Correct.	
L3	А	Could you restate the question again?	
L4	Q	Sure. The sentence Mr. Donoghue wrote says: But as I note above,	there
L5	is no reaso	n to conclude that any State is currently in a situation in which their electi	on
L6	has failed to produce a choice.		
L7	So	my question to you is, are you aware of any State that failed to produce a	
L8	choice in t	ne 2020 election?	
L9	А	I have to confess first that I think that's a very unclear sentence. And I	l will
20	invoke the	Fifth and, out of an abundance of caution, the law enforcement privilege.	
21	Q	Later in that same paragraph, Mr. Donoghue wrote: Even if I am incor	rect
22	about that	this would be a grave step for the Department to take, and it could have	
23	tremendo	is Constitutional, political, and social ramifications for the country. I do i	not
24	believe th	t we could even consider such a proposal without the type of research an	d

discussion that such a momentous step warrants. Obviously, OLC would have to be

1	involved in such discussions.		
2	Mr. Clark, what kind of research or discussion were you involved in in preparing		
3	the letter to Georgia officials?		
4	A Fifth. And, self-evidently, that sentence talks about further deliberations		
5	inside the Department and, thus, implicates and is covered by the law enforcement		
6	privilege objection that I have been stating, out of an abundance of caution.		
7	Okay. I'm going to pause here to see if any members have		
8	questions at this time. I'll keep going then.		
9			
10	Q Okay. If you'll look at exhibit 11, which is a calendar and I believe this		
11	was Jeff Rosen's calendar if you look under December 28, 2020, 6 o'clock to 6:30 p.m.,		
12	meeting with AAG Clark, attendees: General Rosen, Richard Donoghue, and AAG Clark.		
13	Mr. Clark, did you have a meeting at or around 6 o'clock p.m., on December 28th,		
14	with Attorney General Acting Attorney General Rosen and Rich Donoghue?		
15	A Fifth and restating the law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance of		
16	caution.		
17	Q And at that meeting at 6 o'clock, did Mr. Donoghue tell you to stay out of		
18	election-related matters and to focus on issues and cases within your area of		
19	responsibility?		
20	A Fifth and restatement of law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance of		
21	caution.		
22	Q And, at that meeting with Mr. Rosen and Mr. Donoghue, did you say that		
23	you had already communicated with President Trump and met with him?		
24	A Fifth and executive privilege reiterated, out of an abundance of caution, and		
25	the same as to law enforcement privilege.		

1	Q And, ii	n that meeting, did Mr. Donoghue tell you that you had violated the	
2	Department of Justice's policy on White House contacts?		
3	A Fifth a	and the objections that Mr. MacDougald made about the policy and	
4	reiteration of execu	utive privilege, out of an abundance of caution.	
5	Q And at	t that meeting, did you tell Mr. Rosen and Mr. Donoghue that the	
6	President was considering making a leadership change at the Department of Justice?		
7	A Fifth,	executive privilege reiteration, out of an abundance of caution, and the	
8	separation of powe	separation of powers/appointments issues that Mr. MacDougald covered in the opening	
9	statement as an objection.		
10	Q And, N	Mr. Clark, at that meeting at 6 p.m. on December 28, 2020, did you ask	
11	Mr. Rosen and Mr.	osen and Mr. Donoghue to hold a press conference to announce that there was	
12	corruption in the 2020 Presidential election?		
13	A Fifth a	and law enforcement privilege, restated out of an abundance of	
14	caution.		
15	Q Okay.	I'm going to ask you a question about the next day. So Tuesday,	
16	December 29, 2020, did you have any communications with the President of the United		
17	States that day?		
18	A Fifth a	and reiteration of executive privilege, out of an abundance of caution.	
19	Q Okay.	If you can look at exhibit 12, an email from Teresa Spence. Who's	
20	Teresa Spence?		
21	A Fifth.		
22	Q Okay.	And it's sent to you Tuesday, December 29, 2020, 12:12 p.m.	
23	Subject: Caller, Je	effrey Rosen with ODAG that's O-D-A-G 12:05 p.m. I came to your	
24	office to give you the message but you were not in. Upon my return back to the office,		
25	the caller was gone.		

1	Mr. Clark, did you respond to Mr. Rosen's call?	
2	A Fifth.	
3	Q Mr. Clark, what did you discuss with Mr. Rosen?	
4	A Fifth and, out of an abundance, reiteration of the law enforcement privilege	
5	objection.	
6	Q Okay. If you look at exhibit 13, this is an email dated, Tuesday, December	
7	29, 2020, from Molly Michael to Rich Donoghue, Jeff Wall, and Jeff Rosen. So Mr.	
8	Donoghue, Mr. Wall, and Mr. Rosen, as you know, were all at the Department of Justice.	
9	As you might know and I will represent to you, Molly Michael was the executive assistant	
10	to the President of the United States.	
11	She wrote: Good morning, the President asked me to send the attached draft	
12	document for your review. I have also shared with Mark Meadows and Pat Cipollone.	
13	If you'd like to discuss with POTUS, the best way to reach him in the next few days is	
14	through the operators.	
15	And then attached is a what appears to be a draft bill of complaint to be filed in	
16	the United States Supreme Court entitled "United States of America versus	
17	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," et al.	
18	Mr. Clark, was this draft bill of complaint forwarded to you?	
19	A Fifth.	
20	Q Mr. Clark, did you have any involvement in discussions about whether or not	
21	the United States should file an original action in the Supreme Court against the States	
22	where the Presidential election was contested?	
23	A Fifth.	
24	Q Mr. Clark, did you	
25	A Fifth. And that one I should also reiterate the law enforcement privilege,	

1	out of an abundance of caution objection.	
2	Q	Mr. Clark, did you discuss with President Trump whether the United States
3	should file an original action case in the Supreme Court?	
4	А	Fifth and executive privilege by out of an abundance of caution objection
5	Q	Did you discuss with Kurt Olsen whether the United States should file an
6	original action in the Supreme Court?	
7	А	Fifth.
8	Q	Did you discuss with Bill Olsen whether the United States should file an
9	original action in the Supreme Court?	
10	А	Fifth.
11	Q	Did you discuss with former North Carolina Supreme Court Justice Mark
12	Martin whether the United States should file an original action case in the Supreme	
13	Court?	
14	А	Fifth.
15	Q	Did you discuss with John Eastman whether the United States should file ar
16	original action case in the Supreme Court?	
17	А	Fifth.
18	Q	Did you discuss with Sidney Powell, Jenna Ellis, Rudy Giuliani, or Phil Kline
19	whether the United States should file an original action case in the U.S. Supreme Court?	
20	А	Fifth.
21	Q	Did you have any communications with any White House staffers about
22	whether the United States should file an original action case in the U.S. Supreme Court?	
23	А	Fifth and executive privilege, out of an abundance of caution.
24	Q	Okay. If you look at exhibit 14
25		I will note that Mrs. Luria has joined us.

1	BY			
2	Q If you look at exhibit 14, this is a calendar entry December 30, 2020, 11:30			
3	a.m. to 12 o'clock p.m., Gohmert v. Pence.			
4	Mr. Clark, regardless of whether you attended that particular meeting, were you			
5	involved in the Department of Justice's representation of Vice President Pence in the			
6	Gohmert v. Pence case?			
7	A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement privilege objection, out of an			
8	abundance of caution.			
9	Mr. MacDougald. And, for the record, I would like to note that Mr. Clark's name			
10	is on the briefing in that case that resulted in the dismissal of that case, and the brief			
11	speaks for itself. And maybe we ought to all think for a minute about whether what			
12	the significance of that is for the theories that you're pursuing against Mr. Clark.			
13	Just to be clear, we're not pursuing theories against Mr. Clark.			
14	We're not the Department of Justice. We are simply conducting an investigation.			
15	The Witness. , I mean, with all due respect, I have to hop in there and say,			
16	you know, that I don't think anyone in the country who's following this at this point			
17	believes that, and that's certainly not what all of the members of this committee who			
18	regularly appear in the media seem to be saying.			
19	I mean, they appear alongside people who call for particular law enforcement			
20	consequences. You know, there's the chairman himself saying that the committee			
21	would determine guilt or innocence. I could go on with many examples.			
22	So I understand that's the committee's position, but, you know, I think that it			
23	is it's less than gossamer to maintain that position at this point.			
24	BY			
25	Q Mr. Clark, on Thursday, December 31, 2020, did you have any			

1	communications with the Fresident of the officed states:	
2	A Fifth and executive privilege, out of an abundance of caution, restating that	
3	objection.	
4	Q If you look at exhibit 15, this is an email from you to Kate Lair, and by her	
5	name it says EOP/WHO. So I'm assuming she was at the White House. Subject: Pat C	
6	#, presumably for number sign. You wrote: For Pat I have then a phone number	
7	redacted is that correct? If not, can you send me the correct number. He wants me	
8	to call him.	
9	So I'm assuming here that the Pat C, given that this is the White House, is White	
10	House Counsel Pat Cipollone. Why did Pat Cipollone want you to call him on December	
11	31, 2020?	
12	A Fifth.	
13	Mr. MacDougald. How would he know?	
14	BY :	
15	Q Well, the next question is, did you, in fact, talk to Mr. Cipollone that day?	
16	A Fifth and executive privilege objection, out of an abundance of caution.	
17	Q Okay. And did Mr. Cipollone tell you why he was trying to call you?	
18	A Fifth and executive privilege objection, out of an abundance of caution.	
19	Q Okay. I'm going to turn your attention now to January 1, 2021. Did you	
20	have any communications with the President of the United States that day?	
21	A Fifth and preserving, out of an abundance of caution, the executive privilege	
22	objection specifically, even though it's not necessary, as noted several times, particularly	
23	in my exchange with Representative Schiff.	
24	Q If you'll look at exhibit 16, email dated January 1, 2021, from you to Jeff	
25	Rosen. It starts off: Jeff, please let me know if there is any progress on timing for the	

1	briefing.	
2	Is that briefing the one that we previously discussed that you'd request from the	
3	Director of National Intelligence?	
4	Α	Fifth, reiterating the law enforcement privilege objection, out of an
5	abundance o	of caution, and reiterating the objection that the documents that we think
6	you are referring to have not been provided to me or my counsel.	
7	Q	And did you, in fact, end up having a briefing from the Office of the Director
8	of National Intelligence?	
9	А	Fifth and law enforcement privilege and executive privilege, out of an
10	abundance of caution, restating those.	
11	Q	To the extent that you can answer this in an unclassified setting, what did
12	the Office of the Director of National Intelligence tell you about their efforts to determine	
13	whether there was any interference in the 2020 Presidential election?	
14	А	Well,, the Fifth, just to be clear. But, also, I think your question is
15	pregnant with the answer, which is that I have no idea what your security clearances	
16	are and	
17	Q	Everything has to be unclassified in this setting.
18	А	I understand. Okay, leave it at the Fifth.
19	Q	If you'll look at exhibit 17, an email from you dated January 1, 2021, to
20	Dustin Carmack, C-a-r-m-a-c-k, who my understanding worked at the Office of the DNI.	
21	You wrote:	Dustin, please call me when you can.
22	Why	were you trying to reach Mr. Carmack?
23	А	Fifth.
24	Q	If you'll look at exhibit 18, an email from Mark Meadows, White House chief
25	of staff, to Jeff Rosen January 1, 2021, 4:13 p.m. Mr. Meadows writes: There have	

1	been allegations of signature match anomalies in Fulton County, Georgia. Can you get
2	Jeff Clark to engage on this issue immediately to determine if there is any truth to this
3	allegation.
4	Mr. Clark, did you end up engaging on that issue to determine if there was any
5	truth to the allegation regarding signature match anomalies in Fulton County, Georgia?
6	A Fifth and reiteration, out of an abundance of caution, of the objections on
7	law enforcement privilege and executive privilege.
8	Q Did you discuss this issue with Acting Attorney General Rosen?
9	A Fifth, and reiteration of the law enforcement privilege objection, out of an
10	abundance of caution.
11	Q Did you call U.S. Attorney B.J. Pak regarding this allegation in Georgia?
12	A Fifth and reiteration of law enforcement privilege objection, out of an
13	abundance of caution.
14	Q The New York Times reported that, at some point during the day on January
15	1, 2021, you told Mr. Rosen that you were, quote, going to discuss his strategy with the
16	President early the next week, just before Congress was set to certify Mr. Biden's
17	electoral victory, close quote.
18	Is that report from The New York Times accurate?
19	A Fifth, and I'll refrain from commentary about the New York Times.
20	Q Okay.
21	I will pause here to see if any members have any questions.
22	Mrs. <u>Luria.</u> I do not at this time. Thank you.
23	BY
24	Q All right. Let's turn to the next day, Saturday, January 2, 2020. Did you
25	have any communications with the President of the United States that day?

- 1 A Fifth and reiteration of the executive privilege objection.
- 2 Q Okay. If you look at exhibit 20, the first email chronologically here, so at
- the bottom of the page, from Jeff Rosen January 1, 2021, at 8:24 p.m. For some reason,
- 4 it doesn't show the "to" line, but, based on the fact that the next email chronologically is
- 5 you responding to him, I assume that it was sent to you. It just says "B.J. Pak cell" and
- 6 then the number redacted.
- 7 You wrote back: Thanks.
- 8 Mr. Rosen then wrote: Were you able to follow up?
- You then responded: I spoke to the source and am on with the guy who took the
- video right now. Working on it. More due diligence to do.
- So my first question is, did you, in fact, end up talking to U.S. Attorney B.J. Pak?
- 12 A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement objection, out of an abundance
- 13 of caution.
- 14 Q When you wrote, "I spoke to the source," who was the source?
- 15 A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance
- of caution.
- 17 Q And when you wrote, "Am on with the guy who took the video right now,"
- what is the video you're referring to?
- 19 A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement objection -- law enforcement
- 20 privilege objection, out of an abundance of caution.
- 21 Q Okay. When you wrote, "Working on it. More due diligence to do," did
- you continue to do more due diligence?
- A Fifth and, again, reiteration of the law enforcement privilege objection, out
- of an abundance of caution.
- 25 Q Okay. It's been widely reported that President Trump had a phone call with

- the Georgia Secretary of State Brad Raffensperger also on January 2nd. The recording of
- that has been publicly released. No indication, to my knowledge, that you were on that
- 3 call.
- 4 But were you aware in advance that President Trump was going to have a call with
- 5 Georgia secretary of state Brad Raffensperger?
- 6 A Fifth.
- 7 Q Okay. There was also a conference call with Members of Congress on
- 8 January 2nd. That is, the President had such a call. Were you on that call?
- 9 A Fifth and reiteration of the -- no, just stand on the Fifth.
- 10 Q Okay. Did you have another meeting with Jeff Rosen and Jeff -- Donoghue
- on January 2nd?
- 12 A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance
- 13 of caution.
- 14 Q If you look at exhibit 21, and I can represent to you that these are Rich
- Donoghue's handwritten notes. At the top, it says: Meeting with DAG and Jeff Clark,
- sixth floor. Over on the left, it says: Acknowledges that he did not call B.J. Pak, as he
- was told to.
- So is it correct that you did not call U.S. Attorney B.J. Pak, as you were told to?
- 19 A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance
- of caution. I also note that it looks like, on these notes, that the name is misspelled,
- 21 indication of a lack of care.
- 22 Q The B.J. Pak?
- A No, the notes -- the title line.
- Q Oh, your name is misspelled.
- 25 Mr. MacDougald. And the copy is cut off a little bit on the left margin.

1	Okay.
2	BY Example :
3	Q Do you see the number one circled, and it says, "DNI briefing - no," with the
4	word "no" underlined, "evidence of ballot/data tampering in IC."
5	Is that an accurate statement of what you learned in the DNI briefing?
6	A Fifth. And I think it's subject to the same issues you were raising about th
7	classification.
8	BY
9	Q Okay. If you look midway down through the page, it says: Based on the
LO	two Georgia allegations of ballot shredding in Georgia, JC wants, once again, to send
l1	letter saying (1) DOJ believes there is significant fraud across States, and (2) Georgia
12	Legislature should call itself into session and select new electors.
L3	So was it still your position in that meeting on January 2nd that the Justice
L4	Department should send a letter to Georgia officials saying that the Justice Department
L5	believed there was significant fraud across States and that the Georgia legislature should
L6	call itself into session?
L7	A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance
L8	of caution.
L9	Q The next sentence states: This is entirely unacceptable.
20	Did either Mr. Rosen or Mr. Donoghue state to you that your proposal was
21	entirely unacceptable?
22	A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement objection, out of an abundanc
23	of caution.
24	Q Okay. The next sentence says: DAG and I made it clear that the
) 5	Department will not send out such a letter as long as we are in charge of it

1	Did,	in fact, Mr. Rosen and Mr. Donoghue make it clear to you that the
2	Departmen	t of Justice would not send out such a letter as long as they were in charge of
3	the Departr	ment of Justice?
4	А	Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement objection, out of an abundance
5	of caution.	
6	Q	And then did you respond to their statement that they would not send out
7	such a lette	r as long as they're still in charge of the Department of Justice by stating that
8	the Preside	nt had offered you the Acting Attorney General position?
9	Α	Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement privilege objection and the
LO	executive p	rivilege objection.
l1	Q	Had the President of the United States, in fact, offered you the Acting
L2	Attorney G	eneral position?
L3	Α	Fifth and reiteration of the executive privilege objection, out of an
L4	abundance	of caution.
L5	Q	Okay. The last line is "another difficult meeting." Would you describe the
L6	meeting yo	u had with Mr. Rosen and Mr. Donoghue as a difficult meeting?
L7	Α	Fifth and I think, again, that's very unclear, in terms of that note and
L8	Mr.	MacDougald. Vague. It's vague.
L9		BY
20	Q	Mr. Clark, then the next day, Sunday, January 3, 2021, did you meet with the
21	President o	f the United States and others at the White House to discuss the possibility of
22	you being a	ppointed as Acting Attorney General?
23	А	Fifth, reiteration of the law enforcement objection and the executive
24	privilege ob	ejection. I should also say that, you know, the attorney-client privilege is
25	another ove	erarching privilege that we've invoked and, you know, fully applies here as wel

1	to your question.
2	Q And when you're referring there to the attorney-client privilege, were you
3	referring to the President as being the client and you being the attorney?
4	A The Fifth.
5	Maybe your counsel can sort of state the nature of the
6	attorney-client
7	Mr. MacDougald. I can state what our position is. Our position is that the
8	client is the executive branch, the authority of which resides in the President of the
9	United States, who is the chief law enforcement officer.
10	ВУ
11	Q Okay. If you can look at exhibit 25, this is Sunday, January 3, 2021, at 2:43
12	p.m. You wrote what appears to be a text saying, "Jeff," and I'm assuming that's Jeff
13	Rosen because you can see the next text is a response from Jeff Rosen. You wrote:
14	Jeff, just got off phone with Pat P. Please call me when you're ready for me to come up
15	Thanks.
16	Does Pat P refer to Pat Philbin, deputy White House counsel?
17	A I'm sorry; was that a question?
18	Q Yes. Does Pat P there refer to Pat Philbin, the deputy White House
19	counsel?
20	A Fifth and reiteration of the executive privilege, out of an abundance of
21	caution.
22	Q What did you discuss with Mr. Philbin?
23	A Fifth and reiteration of the executive privilege, out of an abundance of
24	caution.
25	Q The next page, there's a text from you at, 4:53 p.m., where you wrote:

Meadows says 6:15. He will have someone work on logistics. 2 What did Mr. Meadows say to you? Fifth and reiteration of the executive privilege, out of an abundance of 3 caution, that objection. 4 And, if you'll look at exhibit 26, another calendar. It appears to be Jeff 5 Rosen's calendar. Toward the bottom, 3 o'clock p.m. to 4 o'clock p.m. January 3, 2021: 6 Meeting with J. Clark. 7 Did you, in fact, meet with Jeff Rosen at or around 3 p.m. on January 3rd? 8 9 Α I'm sorry; one more time. I was just finding the right thing --10 Q Sure. 11 Α -- because there's several days on there. Okay, go ahead. 12 Q January 3rd is the second one from the bottom. So January 3, 2021, 3 13 o'clock p.m. to 4 o'clock p.m. It says: Meeting with J. Clark. So my question was, did you, in fact, end up meeting with Acting Attorney General 14 15 Jeffrey Rosen at or around 3 o'clock p.m. that day? Α Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement privilege, out of an abundance 16 of caution. 17 What did you discuss with Acting Attorney General Jeff Rosen in that 18 Q 19 meeting? 20 Α Fifth and the reiteration, out of an abundance of caution, of the law 21 enforcement privilege objection. Q 22 And I know you've already stated that you have thoughts about The New 23 York Times, but, nonetheless, I'm going to bring up that New York Times reported that during the meeting that we just mentioned you told Mr. Rosen that you had met with 24 25 President Trump over the weekend.

1

1	is that reporting accurate?
2	A Fifth and and I'm sorry, one more time, reiterate that question before I
3	finalize it.
4	Q Sure. The New York Times reported that, during that meeting we were jus
5	discussing, you told Mr. Rosen that you had met with President Trump over the weekend
6	Is that, in fact, true?
7	A Fifth and reiteration of the executive privilege objection, out of an
8	abundance of caution. And, on The New York Times, you know, see I'm trying to held
9	my tongue, although I'll note for you at this juncture that they did, as to one of their
10	stories, have to publish a retraction.
11	Q Was the retraction related to that particular statement, though?
12	A The Fifth I'll plead as to that. And I'll say that the stories and the
13	retractions speak for themselves,
14	Q Did you say anything to Mr. Rosen about what actions you might take
15	regarding the 2020 election if you were, in fact, named Acting Attorney General?
16	A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement objection, out of an abundance
17	of caution.
18	Q Did you tell Mr. Rosen that he could remain as Deputy Attorney General if
19	you were named Acting Attorney General?
20	A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement objection, out of an abundance
21	of caution, and the executive privilege objection, out of an abundance of caution.
22	Q And what was Mr. Rosen's response to your suggestion that he could remai
23	as Deputy Attorney General if you were named Acting Attorney General?
24	A Fifth and reiteration of the law enforcement and executive privilege
25	objections, out of an abundance of caution.

1	Q	Did Mr. Rosen tell you that he would not be fired by a subordinate?
2	Α	Fifth and reiteration of those same two objections, the executive privilege
3	objection ar	nd the law enforcement privilege objection, out of an abundance of caution.
4	Q	Okay. Did you, in fact, participate in a meeting with the President of the
5	United State	es on January 3, 2021?
6	А	Fifth and reiteration of the executive privilege objection and the law
7	enforcemer	nt privilege objection and the attorney privilege objection.
8	Q	Okay. What was said at that meeting?
9	А	The same response, the Fifth, et cetera.
10	Q	Did anyone at that meeting say that they would resign their position if the
11	President na	amed you Acting Attorney General?
12	Α	The Fifth, the reiteration of the executive privilege objection and the law
13	enforcemer	nt privilege and the attorney-client privilege objections.
14	Q	Did anyone say that other senior leaders of the Department of Justice would
15	also resign i	f you were appointed Acting Attorney General?
16	Α	That is essentially the same question and same answer.
17	Q	Okay. Did Mr. Cipollone, the White House counsel, say that he would
18	resign if you	were named Acting Attorney General?
19	Α	The Fifth and reiteration, out of an abundance of caution, of the executive
20	privilege, at	torney-client privilege, and law enforcement privilege objections.
21	Q	What did the President of the United States ultimately decide in that
22	meeting?	
23	Α	The Fifth, reiteration of the executive privilege/law enforcement privilege
24	objections.	
25		Okay. I'll pause to see if any members have any questions.

1		BY ::
2	Q	Mr. Clark, did you attend, either in person or virtually, any meetings at the
3	Willard Hote	el in a so-called war room to discuss certification of electors and the joint
4	session of C	ongress on January 6th?
5	А	Fifth.
6	Q	Did you talk with anyone associated with the Trump campaign or their
7	attorneys ak	pout the joint session of Congress on January 6th?
8	Α	Fifth.
9	Q	Did you have any communication with an attorney named John Eastman
10	between No	ovember 3, 2020, and January 6, 2021?
11	Mr. <u>I</u>	MacDougald. What were the dates?
12		November 3rd, the election day, 2020, and January 6, 2021.
13	Α	The Fifth and reiteration of the objection about the authorization letter, such
14	as it is, to co	ommittees that you are not that the timeframes are in a mismatch.
15		BY
16	Q	Did you review either of the two so-called Eastman memos? There's a
17	2-page versi	on and a 6-page version. They're exhibits 27 and 28.
18	Мус	question is, did you receive or review either of these memos before they were
19	ultimately m	nade public?
20	Α	Fifth.
21		Okay. And I think that's all I have right now. Do any members
22	have any qu	estions?
23	Okay	So, with that, we will conclude, and we will keep the deposition open,
24	subject to th	ne call of the chair.
25	And	we can go off the record now. Don't go off the record yet. Okay.

1	Mr. Burnham. We object to keeping the deposition open. We would ask that
2	the deposition be closed now at the conclusion of your questions.
3	So we will keep it open, but notify the chair of your request.
4	Mr. <u>Burnham.</u> Thank you.
5	The Witness. And, before we close, could we retire to that room that you
6	prepared with the binder, just to look at something before we close out?
7	That's fine, as long as you leave the binder.
8	The Witness. Yes. We'll come back with the binder.
9	Mr. <u>Burnham.</u> That's fine.
LO	The Witness. I assume will escort us there and take us back.
l1	don't think it will take that long.
12	That's fine. Anything else before we go off the record? Okay.
L3	We are off the record.
L4	[Whereupon, at 1:39, the deposition was recessed, subject to the call of the chair.]

1	Certificate of Deponent/Interviewee
2	
3	
4	I have read the foregoing pages, which contain the correct transcript of the
5	answers made by me to the questions therein recorded.
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	Witness Name
11	
12	
13	
14	Date
15	