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WOLF, RIFKIN, SHAPIRO, SCHULMAN & RABKIN, LLENT 3773 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 590 South Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 DEPUTY (702) 341-5200/Fax: (702) 341-5300 bschrager@wrslawyers.com jsamberg@wrslawyers.com dbravo@wrslawyers.com 6 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 7 8 IN THE FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 9 OF THE STATE OF NEVADA IN AND FOR CARSON CITY 10 Case No.: 320000008 13 11 RORY REID, an individual; BEVERLY ROGERS, an individual, 12 Dept. No.: Plaintiffs, 13 COMPLAINT FOR VS. 14 DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF BARBARA CEGAVSKE, in her official 15 CHALLENGING INITIATIVE capacity as NEVADA SECRETARY OF PETITION C-04-2022 PURSUANT 16 STATE, TO NRS 295.061(1) 17 Defendant. **Priority Matter Pursuant to** 18 NRS 295.061(1) 19 Arbitration Exemption: Declaratory and Injunctive Relief 20 21 Plaintiffs, RORY REID and BEVERLY ROGERS (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), file 22 this Complaint for declaratory and injunctive relief against Barbara Cegavske, in her 23 24 official capacity as the Nevada Secretary of State, pursuant to NRS 295.061, 25 NRS 30.030, and NRS 33.010. Plaintiffs allege and complain as follows: 26

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#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction to hear Plaintiffs' claims pursuant to NRS 295.061 and to grant declaratory and injunctive relief pursuant to NRS 30.030, 30.040, and 33.010.
- 2. Venue is proper under NRS 13.020 and 13.040 because this action is against a public officer for acts done in her official capacity, and also pursuant to NRS 295.061(1).

#### **PARTIES**

- 3. Plaintiff RORY REID is a resident of and a registered voter in Clark County, Nevada.
- 4. Plaintiff BEVERLY ROGERS is a resident of and a registered voter in Clark County, Nevada.
- 5. Defendant Barbara Cegavske is Nevada Secretary of State and is sued in her official capacity. As the Secretary of State, Ms. Cegavske is the Chief Officer of Elections for Nevada and is responsible for the execution, administration, and enforcement of the state's election laws. See NRS 293.124. Ms. Cegavske's duties also include qualifying initiatives for submission to the Nevada Legislature and/or the Nevada electorate and disqualifying initiatives that are determined to be invalid.

### **GENERAL FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 6. On or about January 31, 2022, Initiative Petition C-04-2022 (the "Petition") to amend the Nevada Constitution was filed with the Nevada Secretary of State. See Exhibit 1, a true and accurate copy of Notice of Intent to Circulate Statewide Initiative or Referendum Petition associated with Initiative Petition C-04-2022.
- 7. The Petition seeks to amend the Nevada Constitution to require the Nevada Legislature to create an education savings account program for K-12 students to attend schools and educational programs other than public schools.

8. The Petition seeks to amend Article 11 of the Nevada Constitution by adding a new section, which reads, in full:

No later than the school year commencing in 2025, and on an ongoing basis thereafter, the Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of education freedom accounts by parents of children being educated in Nevada. Parents shall be authorized to use the funds in the accounts to pay for the education of their child in full or in part in a school or educational environment that is not a part of the uniform system of common schools established by the Legislature. The Legislature shall appropriate money to fund each account in an amount comparable to the amount of funding that would otherwise be used to support the education of that child in the uniform system of common schools. The Legislature shall provide by law for an eligibility criteria for parents to establish an education freedom account.

- 9. The Petition commands the Nevada Legislature to enact a statute or set of statutes effecting its very specific terms. Specifically, the Petition commands the Nevada Legislature to enact law, no later than the school year commencing in 2025, that establishes a voucher-style program, or an education savings account that is referred to as "education freedom accounts" ("EFA") in the Petition, that would authorize parents to use state money to pay for private school tuition.
- 10. The Petition impermissibly mandates a future Nevada Legislature to appropriate money to fund each EFA in an amount comparable to the amount of funding that would otherwise be used in the public school system.
- 11. The Petition commands the Nevada Legislature to enact law that creates eligibility criteria for parents to establish an EFA. The Petition does not set forth the eligibility criteria for the Nevada Legislature to then enact into law.
- 12. The constitutional amendment proposed by the Petition is not self-executing—it requires the Nevada Legislature to provide by law during a future legislative session for the establishment of the EFA.
- 13. The Petition is similar to the provisions of Senate Bill (S.B.) 302 (2015), passed by the Nevada Legislature during the Regular Session in 2015, which the Nevada Supreme Court struck down in *Schwartz v. Lopez*, 132 Nev. 732, 738, 382 P.3d 886, 891 (2016). The Nevada Supreme Court ruled that S.B. 302 had failed to

See Exhibit 1, at 3.

appropriate funds for the education savings accounts contemplated by the bill, and that money that the Legislature had appropriated for K-12 public education could not be used for that purpose, consistent with the constitutional mandates to fund public education.

- 14. The Petition also runs afoul of Article 19, Section 6 of the Nevada Constitution, which prohibits the "proposal of any statute or statutory amendment which makes an appropriation or otherwise requires the expenditure of money, unless such statute or amendment also imposes a sufficient tax, not prohibited by the Constitution, or otherwise constitutionally provides for raising the necessary revenue."
- 15. The Petition includes a description of effect as required by NRS 295.009(1)(b), which reads, in full:

The initiative will provide parents with the ability to use funds appropriated by the Legislature to pay for the education of their child in a school or educational environment that is not a part of the public school system. The initiative requires the Legislature to establish an education freedom account program under which parents may spend money appropriated by the Legislature into those accounts to pay for some or all of their child's education outside the public school system. The Legislature must establish an eligibility criteria for parents to establish an account.

The initiative will result in the expenditure of state funds to fund the accounts in an amount comparable to the public support that would be used to support the education of the child for whose benefit the account has been established in a public school. For Fiscal Year 2021-2022, the Legislature determined the statewide base per pupil amount to be \$6,980 per pupil. For Fiscal Year 2022-2023, that amount is \$7,074 per pupil. Generating the revenue to fund the accounts could necessitate a tax increase or a reduction in government services. The Legislature must establish the program by the start of the school year that commences in 2025.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

# Violation of Description of Effect Requirement, NRS 295.009(1)(b)

16. The foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint are re-alleged and fully incorporated as if set forth in full herein.

- 17. NRS 295.009(1)(b) requires that initiative petitions "set forth, in not more than 200 words, a description of the effect of the initiative or referendum if the initiative or referendum is approved by the voters."
- 18. "[A] description of effect ... [can]not be deceptive or misleading." Educ. Initiative PAC v. Comm. to Protect Nevada Jobs, 129 Nev. 35, 42, 293 P.3d 874, 879 (2013) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted). It must also "explain these ramifications of the proposed amendment" in order to allow voters to make an informed decision. Nev. Judges Ass'n v. Lau, 112 Nev. 51, 59, 910 P.2d 898, 903 (1996).
- 19. Here, the description of effect is deficient, first, because it is deceptive or misleading, and second, because it fails to provide essential information regarding the Petition's effects, including significant financial, legislative, and practical ramifications that are necessary for voters to make informed decisions as to whether to support the Petition.
- 20. The description of effect fails to disclose the financial burden placed on the State Treasurer and the Department of Education, or of the fact that no revenue source is established by the proposed Petition to pay for the substantial expenditures required by the Petition.
- 21. While stating that "[g]enerating the revenue to fund the accounts could necessitate a tax increase or a reduction in government services[,]" the description of effect misleadingly fails to disclose that any funding appropriated for the contemplated program would inevitably reduce the funding available funding for Nevada's public school system, leading to a deterioration in Nevada's public school system.
- 22. Collectively, these omissions render it impossible for a potential signatory to make an informed decision whether to sign the Petition.
- 23. Accordingly, the Petition is invalid and must be stricken, and the Secretary of State should be enjoined from taking any further action upon it.

#### **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### Impermissible Use of the Initiative Process

- 24. The foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint are re-alleged and fully incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
- 25. "The Legislative authority of this state shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly which shall be designated 'The Legislature of the State of Nevada' and the sessions of such legislature shall be held at the seat of the government of the state." Nev. Const. art. IV, § 1.
- 26. "The powers of the Government of the State of Nevada shall be divided into three separate departments,--the Legislative,--the Executive and the Judicial; and no persons charged with the exercise of powers properly belonging to one of these departments shall exercise any functions, appertaining to either of the others, except in the cases expressly directed or permitted in this constitution." Nev. Const. art. III, § 1(1).
- 27. Pursuant to Article 19, Sections 1 and 2 of the Nevada Constitution, the people of Nevada "reserve to themselves" the power of referendum, as well as "the power to propose, by initiative petition, statutes and amendments to statutes and amendments to this Constitution, and to enact or reject them at the polls." Nev. Const. art. XIX, §§ 1, 2.
- 28. The people have reserved to themselves the initiative or referendum power, but all other legislative powers and authority reside with the Nevada Legislature, including the inherent ability of a duly-constituted Legislature to deliberate, to debate, to freely consider legislative enactments, and to vote upon them according to its members' judgments—a power and function that cannot be impaired by the people's exercise of the initiative or referendum power.
- 29. "Implicit in the plenary power of each legislature is the principle that one legislature cannot enact a statute that prevents a future legislature from exercising its law-making power," and there is "a general rule that one legislature cannot abridge

the power of a succeeding legislature." Washington State Farm Bureau Fed'n v. Gregoire, 162 Wash. 2d 284, 301, 174 P.3d 1142, 1150 (2007). See also Ex parte Collie, 38 Cal. 2d 396, 398, 240 P.2d 275, 276 (1952) ("It is the general rule that one legislative body cannot limit or restrict its own power or that of subsequent Legislatures and that the act of one Legislature does not bind its successors.").

- 30. The people acting through the initiative process can no more command the Nevada Legislature to take specific legislative action than a current Legislature can bind a future Legislature to act or deliberate or vote in a particular way.
- 31. The command to the Nevada Legislature contained in the Petition is binding, and the deliberative function of the Legislature is impermissibly impaired. The initiative process cannot be so employed.
- 32. Nevada legislators would not be free to deliberate and vote their own considered judgment, being responsible to their own constituents, and they would no longer be part of a deliberative body acting independently in exercising their individual best judgments on the matters that come before them.
- 33. The Petition constitutes an impermissible use of the initiative process because in commanding the Nevada Legislature to take specific action, it exceeds the powers of direct democracy reserved to the people by the Nevada Constitution.
- 34. Accordingly, the Petition is invalid and must be stricken, and the Secretary of State should be enjoined from taking any further action upon it.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

## Violation of Unfunded Expenditure Prohibition, Nev. Const. Art. XIX, Sec. 6

- 35. The foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint are re-alleged and fully incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
- 36. Nevada Constitution Article 19, Section 6 prohibits any initiative that "makes an appropriation or otherwise requires the expenditure of money, unless such statute or amendment also imposes a sufficient tax, not prohibited by the Constitution,

or otherwise constitutionally provides for raising the necessary revenue." Nev. Const. art. XIX, § 6.

- 37. "Section 6 applies to *all* proposed initiatives, without exception, and *does* not permit any initiative that fails to comply with the stated conditions." Rogers v. Heller, 117 Nev. 169, 173, 18 P.3d 1034, 1036 (2001) (emphases in original).
- 38. When an initiative violates this "threshold content restriction" by mandating unfunded expenditures, it is void ab initio, and pre-election intervention by Nevada courts is warranted. *Herbst Gaming, Inc. v. Heller*, 122 Nev. 877, 891, 141 P.3d 1224, 1233 (2006) (quoting *Rogers*, 117 Nev. at 173, 18 P.3d at 1036.
- 39. Here, the Petition mandates the Nevada Legislature appropriate money to fund each EFA in an amount comparable to the amount of funding that would otherwise be used in the public school system.
- 40. The Petition fails to impose any taxes or otherwise raise the necessary revenue to either fund each EFA contemplated by the Petition, or to pay for the administrative expenses that would necessarily have to be incurred in creating, maintaining and administering the EFA program.
- 41. Although the wide-ranging changes mandated by the Petition would unquestionably require expenditures of money, the Petition contains no tax or other provision for their funding, thereby violating Article 19, Section 6.
- 42. Accordingly, the Petition is invalid and must be stricken, and the Secretary of State should be enjoined from taking any further action upon it.

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#### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff asks this Court to enter an order:

- A. Declaring that the Petition's description of effect does not comply with NRS 295.009(1)(b) because it does not adequately inform voters of the Petitions effects, and is therefore invalid;
- B. Declaring that the Petition does not comply with Article 19, Section 6 of the Nevada Constitution because it impermissibly mandates an unfunded expenditure;
- C. Declaring that the Petition represents an impermissible use of the initiative process because it seeks to bind future Legislatures, in contravention of laws;
- D. Enjoining and prohibiting the Nevada Secretary of State from placing the Petition on the 2022 general election ballot, or from taking further action upon it;
  - E. Awarding Plaintiffs their reasonable costs and attorneys' fees; and
  - F. Granting such other relief as the Court deems appropriate.

### **AFFIRMATION**

The undersigned hereby affirm that the foregoing document does not contain the social security number of any person.

DATED this 12 day of February, 2022

WOLF, RIFKIN, SHAPIRO, SCHULMAN & RABKIN, LLP

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Recycled Stock # EX-5-B

# NOTICE OF INTENT TO CIRCULATE STATEWIDE INITIATIVE OR REFERENDUM PETITION

State of Nevada



Secretary of State Barbara K. Cegavske

Pursuant to NRS 295.015, before a petition for initative or referendum may be presented to registered ing

voters for signatures, the person who intends to circulate the information:	petition must provide the following
NAME OF PERSON FILING THE PETITION	
Education Freedom PAC	
NAME(S) OF PERSON(S) AUTHORIZED TO WITHDRAW OR AMEND THE PE	TITION (provide up to three)
1. Erin Phillips	,
2.	
3.	
NAME OF THE POLITICAL ACTION COMMITTEE (PAC) ADVOCATING FOR T REFERENDUM (if none, leave blank)	HE PASSAGE OF THE INITIATIVE OR
Education Freedom PAC	
Please note, if you are creating a Political Action Committee for the ppassage of the initiative or referendum, you must complete a separal	ourpose of advocating for the telephone teleph
Additionally, a copy of the initiative or referendum, including the desc the Secretary of State's office at the time you submit this form.	cription of effect, must be filed with
x E-90>	01/27/2022
Signature of Petition Filer	Date

# State of Nevada - Initiative Petition - Constitutional Amendment

EXPLANATION: Matter in *bolded italics* is new language to be added to the Nevada Constitution by this Amendment. Matter in strikethrough is existing language in the Nevada Constitution to be deleted by this Amendment.

The People of the State of Nevada do enact as follows:

**Section 1:** Article 11 of the Nevada Constitution is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 1. No later than the school year commencing in 2025, and on an ongoing basis thereafter, the Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of education freedom accounts by parents of children being educated in Nevada. Parents shall be authorized to use the funds in the accounts to pay for the education of their child in full or in part in a school or educational environment that is not a part of the uniform system of common schools established by the Legislature. The Legislature shall appropriate money to fund each account in an amount comparable to the amount of funding that would otherwise be used to support the education of that child in the uniform system of common schools. The Legislature shall provide by law for an eligibility criteria for parents to establish an education freedom account.
- 2. Severability. Should any part of this Act be declared invalid, or the application thereof to any person, thing or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions or application of this Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are declared to be severable. This subsection shall be construed broadly to preserve and effectuate the declared purpose of this Act.

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# **DESCRIPTION OF EFFECT**

The initiative will provide parents with the ability to use funds appropriated by the Legislature to pay for the education of their child in a school or educational environment that is not a part of the public school system. The initiative requires the Legislature to establish an education freedom account program under which parents may spend money appropriated by the Legislature into those accounts to pay for some or all of their child's education outside the public school system. The Legislature must establish an eligibility criteria for parents to establish an account.

The initiative will result in the expenditure of state funds to fund the accounts in an amount comparable to the public support that would be used to support the education of the child for whose benefit the account has been established in a public school. For Fiscal Year 2021-2022, the Legislature determined the statewide base per pupil amount to be \$6,980 per pupil. For Fiscal Year 2022-2023, that amount is \$7,074 per pupil. Generating the revenue to fund the accounts could necessitate a tax increase or a reduction in government services. The Legislature must establish the program by the start of the school year that commences in 2025.

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Place Affidavit on last page of document.

# THE FOLLOWING AFFIDAVIT MUST BE COMPLETED AND SIGNED:

### **AFFIDAVIT OF CIRCULATOR**

(TO BE SIGNED BY CIRCULATOR)

STATE OF NEVADA	)		
COUNTY OF	)		
Ι,	, (print name), be	eing first duly sworn under penalty of perjury, o	lepose and say: (1)
that I reside at			
		r older; (3) that I personally circulated this doc	cument; (4) that all
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that each person who signed ha	ad an opportunity before si	gning to read the full text of the act or resolu	ution on which the
initiative or referendum is dema	anded.		
Subscribed and sworn to or affin	rmed before me this	Signature of Circulator	
day of	, by	<del>-</del>	
Notary Public or person authoriz	zed to administer oath		

EL501C Revised 8/2019