2

4

5

6 7

8 9

1011

12

1314

15

16

17

18

1920

21

22

23

24

2526

2728

INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

1.

This is a civil rights action brought by Plaintiff Wilson, a state prisoner pursuant to 42 U.S. C. §1983. Plaintiff alleges that a) defendants have engaged and continue to engage in a pattern and practice of retaliation against Plaintiff for his efforts to access the courts and prison grievance procedures concerning the redress of constitutional violation suffered by himself and other prisoners. Plaintiff also seeks damages for actions by defendants which violated his protected constitutional rights pursuant to the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution. Plaintiff seeks declaratory and injunctive relief, nominal, compensatory and punitive damages and reasonable costs and attorney's fees, pursuant to 42 U.S. C. §1988.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2.

This court has jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims of violations of federal constitutional rights, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§1331(a) and 1343.

3.

This court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's claims of violations of state constitutional rights, pursuant to 28 U.S. C. §1367.

4.

Venue is properly before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b).

PARTIES

5.

Plaintiff MARK J. WILSON is, and was at all times relevant, a prisoner of the Oregon Department of Corrections (ODOC). From May 24, 1988 to June 22, 1990 he was confined within the Oregon State Correction Institution (OSCI) in Salem, Marion County Oregon; from June 22, 1990 to September 20, 2001 he was confined within the Oregon State Penitentiary

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

(OSP) in Salem Marion County Oregon; and from September 30 2004 to the present he has been confined within the Eastern Oregon Correctional Institution (EOCI)in Pendleton, Umatilla County Oregon. From August 1989 to June 22, 1990 plaintiff was employed at OSCI as an Inmate Legal Assistant (ILA), as defined by OAR 291-139-0010(4) and OAR 291-139-0015(2); and from November 20, 1991 to September 20, 2004 plaintiff was employed as an ILA at OSP.

6.

Defendant JEFRY VANVALKENBURGH is and was at all times relevant, a Senior Assistant Attorney general employed by the Oregon Department of Justice (DOJ) and assigned to the Government Services Section of DOJ, serving as General Counsel for the ODOC. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

7.

Defendant MAX WILLIAMS is the current Director of the ODOC. He is responsible for the orderly operation of the ODOC, the training and supervision of all subordinate staff and the promulgation of rules and policies of the ODOC. Defendant Williams has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

8.

Defendant DAVID COOK is a former Director of the ODOC. He was responsible for the orderly operation of the ODOC, the training and supervision of all subordinate staff and the promulgation of rules and policies of the ODOC. Defendant Cook was a named defendant in litigation to which plaintiff was a party, or otherwise significantly involved in, to wit: Prison Legal News et al v. David Cook, 238 F. 3d 1145 (9th Cir. 2001) and Rodger Anstett et al v. State of Oregon et al, USDC Case No. CV1619BR. Defendant Cook has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

9.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

Defendant BENJAMIN DEHAAN is a former Interim Director of the ODOC. He was responsible for the orderly operation of the ODOC, the training and supervision of all subordinate staff and the promulgation of rules and policies of the ODOC. Defendant DEHAAN has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

10.

Defendant MITCH MORROW was previously the Superintendent of the OSP and is currently the Deputy Director of the ODOC. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

11.

Defendant STANLEY CZERNIAK was previously the superintendent of the OSP and is currently an Assistant Director of the ODOC. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

12.

Defendant JOAN PALMATEER is and was at all times relevant an Assistant Director of the ODOC. She has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. She is sued in her official and individual capacities.

13.

Defendant BRIAN BELLEQUE is the Superintendent of the OSP. He is responsible for the orderly operation of OSP and the training and supervision of all subordinate staff. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

14.

Defendant JERRY LONG is and was at all times relevant an Assistant Superintendent of Security at the OSP. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He issued

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

4-COMPLAINT

27

28

in his official and individual capacities.

28

5-COMPLAINT

15.

Defendant MICHAEL YODER was at all times relevant, the Executive Assistant to the Superintendent of the OSP. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

16.

Defendant TRENT AXEN, is and was at all times relevant, the Library Coordinator for OSP. From 1993 to September 30, 2004 he was plaintiff's immediate supervisor. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

17.

Defendant LT. MANU is, and was at all times relevant, a guard at ODOC holding the rank of Lieutenant. He has been assigned to work within OSP and has been involved in the OSP Security Threat Group (STG) Management Team. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

18.

Defendant WILLIAM CAHAL was at all times relevant a Registered Nurse (RN) employed by the ODOC and assigned to work at the OSP. He was previously assigned as the Health Services Manager of the OSP. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

19.

Defendant DON MILLS is, and was at all times relevant, the Assistant Superintendent of Security at EOCI. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

20.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

Defendant DOUG HARDER is and was at all times relevant the Executive Assistant to the Superintended of EOCI. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

21.

Defendant ROBERT KNODEL was at all times relevant, an Investigator with the Internal Affairs (IA)/Special Investigations Unit (SIU) of the ODOC. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities.

22.

Defendant W. MOORE, was at all times relevant, the Investigation Manager of the IA/SIU of ODOC. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

23.

Defendant A. HANNON was at all times relevant, a guard of ODOC, holding the rank of Lieutenant. He has been assigned to work within OSP. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

24.

Defendant ROBINSON was at all times relevant a guard of ODOC, holding the rank of corporal. He has been assigned to the position of Property Officer at EOCI. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

25.

Defendant JOHN TABER is and was at all times relevant an Inspector within the SIU of ODOC assigned to EOCI. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

26.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

Defendant K. JESKE, is and was at all times relevant, an Inspector with the SIU of ODOC. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

27.

Defendant ALAN SCHARN is and was at all times relevant, an Investigation Manager of the SIU of ODOC. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

28.

Defendant R. OGDEN, is and was at all times relevant a guard of ODOC holding the rank of Captain and assigned to the post of Operation Captain at OSCI. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

29.

Defendant R. ACKLEY, was at all times relevant a guard at ODOC holding the rank of Captain and assigned to the post of Special Operations Caption at OSCI. He is involved in STG management within the prison. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

30.

Defendant CARLA TUPOU is and was at all times relevant, the Assistant Superintendent of the Program Services of OSCI. She has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

31.

Defendant RANDY BRIONES was at all times relevant the Social Services Manager at OSCI. He has been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. He is sued in his official and individual capacities

32.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

Defendant JOHN and JANE DOES 1-20 are and were at all times relevant, employees of the ODOC and/or DOJ whose identities are currently unknown to Plaintiff. All Doe Defendants have been personally involved in the violations alleged herein. Plaintiff will amend this complaint to formally name all DOE defendants once their identities are revealed to plaintiff in discovery. All Doe Defendants are sued in their official and individual capacities.

33.

All defendants have acted, and continue to act, at all times relevant under color of state law.

34.

At all times relevant a civil conspiracy existed between two or more defendant to retaliate against plaintiff, impede his access to courts and the grievance process and impede plaintiff from assisting in litigation and assisting fellow prisoners in accessing courts and prison grievance systems, impede plaintiff's association and free speech rights and opportunities.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

35.

On or about May 24, 1988 Plaintiff began serving a sentence of life imprisonment within the legal and physical custody of the ODOC at OSCI. On or about June 22, 1990 Plaintiff was transferred from OSCI to OSP.

36.

From approximately August 1989 to June 22, 1990 plaintiff was employed at OSCI as an Inmate Legal Assistant ILA pursuant to OAR 291-129-005 to 291-139-0045. From November 20, 1991 until Plaintiff September 30, 2004 transfer from OSP to EOCI, plaintiff was employed at OSP as an ILA.

37.

From approximately 1993 until plaintiff's September 30, 2004 transfer from OSP to

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

EOCI, OSP Library Coordinator Defendant Axen was plaintiff's immediate supervisor.

38.

Pursuant to OAR 291-139-0020 OSP, OSCI, EOCI and SRCI maintain "Level 1 law library" which provide the most comprehensive level of legal services and resources.

39.

The March 1, 1999 ODOC Legal Affairs rule at OAR 291-139-0005 to 291-139-0045 is the rule which presently governs legal services and resources for ODOC inmates and that rule was in effect at all times relevant.

40.

By rule a "legal assistant" is "an inmate assigned to work in a facility law library to assist in the provision of legal access for other inmates by consulting, legal research and typing as necessary". OAR 291-139-0010(4). Legal assistants shall "assist other inmates with their legal concerns when requested by assisting inmates in the preparation and filing of legal documents with the court through consulting, legal research and typing as necessary. OAR 291-139-0015(2)(a).

41.

Assignment and removal of an inmate legal assistant shall not be based upon retaliation for legitimate legal activities. OAR 291-139-0015(2)(e). ILAs are responsible for assisting any and all inmates who request their assistance. OAR 291-139-0015(2)(a).

42.

For the thirteen years plaintiff served as an OSP ILA the inmate population of OSP averaged between 2, 000 and 2,200 inmates being served by only five ILAs. OSP inmates were authorized to request assistance frm the ILA of their choice. The average case/workload for each ILA at OSP was approximately 500-550 inmates per ILA.

43.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

9-COMPLAINT

Due to a widely varying legal knowledge, experience, ability, desire and motivation to assist others possessed by the five ILA's at OSP, a disproportionate number of requests for assistance were directed to and fulfilled by, plaintiff.

In an attempt to address the workload disparity among OSP ILAs, officials at OSP instituted a system whereby ILAs were assigned based upon the second to last digit of the inmate's state identification (SID) numbers. The system was unpopular and unworkable at OSP due to the varying degrees of competency and abilities of the OSP ILAs. And despite the assignment system, inmates at OSP were still permitted to request assistance from the OSP ILA of their choice.

45.

Following plaintiff's September 30, 2004 transfer from OSP to EOCI, Defendant Van Valkenburgh reported that approximately 35 standard archive boxes of inmate legal materials were seized by prison officials from plaintiff's job site.

46.

Defendant Van Valkenburgh further reported that "there are approximately nineteen (129) boxes of materials that pertain to inmates that are housed at other institutions, at out of state institutions or to inmates that have been released and have either discharged their sentences or are on parole of post prison supervision in the community".

47.

Defendant Van VALKENBURGH also reported that one hundred, twenty seven (127) OSP inmates were "on call pass to the legal library to retrieve their material" and Defendant AXEN would "be making arrangements. . . to have material delivered to the inmates that were in the special housing units".

48.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209

503/241-1955

Throughout the thirteen years plaintiff served as OSP ILA, he consistently scheduled and met with in excess of fifty (50) OSP inmates per month, frequently meeting with between 5 and 10 inmates per day during his normal fiver hour work day.

In addition to seeing/assisting general population inmates, plaintiff and the other OSP ILAs were responsible for providing legal assistance to segregated prisoners via telephone, pursuant to OAR 291-139-0035(4)© and via correspondence.

50.

Throughout the thirteen years plaintiff served as an OSP ILA he was responsible for taking weekly telephone calls from inmates segregated in the Disciplinary Segregation Unit (DSU), Intensive Management Unit (IMU) and death row when those inmates requested legal assistance pursuant to OAR 291-139-0035(4)©. During his thirteen year tenure as ILA he routinely received 20-30 calls per week from DSU, IMU and/or death row inmates.

51.

Throughout the thirteen years plaintiff served as an OSP ILA he and the other OSP ILAs were responsible for providing legal assistance to prisoners confined in the prison's psychiatric unit. SMU and infirmary, by meeting with those inmates in SMU and/or the infirmary.

52.

Pursuant to OAR 291-139-0035(3)(b) ILA and inmates in general, confined in other ODOC facilities are authorized to call OSP ILAs for assistance. Throughout his tenure as an ILA Plaintiff routinely received telephonic and written requests for assistance from inmates confined in other facilities.

53.

Pursuant to OAR 291-139-0035(5) and (6) inmates confined in out of state and federal jurisdictions but serving Oregon sentences are authorised to seek legal assistance frm OSP ILA

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209

503/241-1955

11-COMPLAINT

via telephone and/or correspondence. Throughout his thirteen year tenure, plaintiff routinely received and responded to written requests for assistance from inmates confined out of state and federal jurisdictions.

54

Many of the inmates who request assistance of ILAs are not capable of accessing the courts and/or grievance procedures for the redress of grievances without assistance due to mental illness, language barriers, low IQ level, learning disabilities, illiteracy, lack of education, lack of legal knowledge and experience and other barriers to access.

55.

Throughout the thirteen years plaintiff served as an OSP ILA, he routinely represented prisoners at hearings before the Oregon Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision (Board).

56.

Plaintiff's duties as an ILA included but were not limited to, drafting motions, affidavits, legal memoranda, petitions, complaints, letters, appellate briefs, administrative review requests and prison grievances.

57.

Throughout his tenure as an ILA plaintiff frequently engaged in informal advocacy to resolve issues with prison officials at the administrative level on various conditions of confinement issues.

58.

AS an ILA plaintiff received requests for assistance from prisoners on a wide array of legal issues, including but not limited to: appeals of convictions and sentences, conditions of confinement challenges, Board of Parole issues child support/custody/visitation issues, dissolution proceedings, wills and estate issues, defense of civil actions.

59.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

12-COMPLAINT

26

27

28

Throughout the entire thirteen years of his service as an OSP ILA plaintiff was authorised to utilized the telephone in the OSP Law Library to call courts and attorney as necessary to assist OSP inmates with their legal problems. This practice was terminated the day plaintiff was transferred from OSP to EOCI.

60.

Throughout the thirteen years plaintiff served as an OSP ILA he developed working relationships with numerous attorneys, prisoner and mental health advocacy groups, court personnel and others as necessary to carry out his ILA duties effectively and efficiently.

Throughout the thirteen years plaintiff served as an OSP ILA he was allowed discretion with respect to legal matters, to do those things he deemed necessary to properly effectively and efficiently perform his duties as ILA with little interference, oversight or input from ODOC officials.

62.

Throughout the entire time plaintiff served as an ODOC ILA at OSCI and OSP plaintiff never received a negative work performance report/evaluation, as defined by OAR 291-077-0022(6) or was otherwise told that there were any problems or concerns with his performance.

63.

From January 1999 to the present plaintiff has served as a "contributing writer" for Prison Legal News (PLN) a monthly national news publication reporting on prison conditions, abuses, litigation and reform. During that time plaintiff has written in excess of three hundred articles for PLN concerning prison abuses, litigation and reform in Oregon and nationally. These articles were all published in PLN. The articles in PLN are generally critical of prison officials and conditions. Many of the articles written by plaintiff were critical of ODOC officials and actions.

64.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

1	ļ
2	
3	The state of the s
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	

As part of the settlement agreement in *Prison Legal News v. Schumacher*, USDC No. CV-02-428 AS (D. OR), ODOC was required to purchase a two-year subscription to PLN and make it available to prisoners in the law library of every ODOC facility each month, beginning in 2002.

65.

Plaintiff was a named Plaintiff in *Prison Legal News et al v. David Cook*, 238 F.3d 1145 (9th Cir. 2001) wherein plaintiffs' successfully challenged ODOC rules restricting prisoners form receiving PLN and other publications sent by 3d and 4th class postage.

66.

In January 2001, in his capacity as OSP ILA, plaintiff initiated what would come to be the class action litigation in *Rodger Anstett et al v. State of Oregon eta*, USDC No. CV 01-1619 BR (D. OR) wherein prisoners challenged ODOC's refusal to properly diagnose and treat the progressive and fatal hepatitis C virus (HCV) with which more than 30% of the ODOC inmate population is estimated to be infected.

67.

In his capacity as OSP ILA, plaintiff contacted counsel to represent ODOC inmates in what would become the Anstett litigation. In his capacity as OSP ILA plaintiff assisted extensively in the drafting of the Anstett complaint and the Motion to Certify Class which was granted by Judge Brown.

68.

Plaintiff's supervisor, Defendant Axen, was fully aware of plaintiff's efforts described above, but expressed no concerns and did not order plaintiff to cease or modify his actions.

69.

On or about March 23, 2001 plaintiff in his capacity as OSP ILA with the assistance of his immediate supervisor, Defendant Axen, several OSP counselors and the other OSP ILA met

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209

503/241-1955

with and assisted fifty-six OSP inmates in the preparation of: fee agreements, HCV Medical History Questionnaires and Release of Information Forms for Anstett counsel; and internal grievance related to the ODOC's refusal to properly diagnose and treat their HCV infection.

70.

Due to the fact that the entire complaint/issue could not be fully addressed within the limited space provided on the ODOC grievance form (CD 117), plaintiff in his capacity as OSP ILA, prepared a typed attachment to the grievance form, specifying the details of the complaint issue. Plaintiff typed the grievance attachments for each inmate in the Anstett case on the legal library typewriter with the permission and consent of Defendant Axen.

71.

Prior to initiating the grievance process in the Anstett case, plaintiff, in his capacity as OSP ILA, advised the OSP Grievance Coordinator of his intentions and sought his input concerning the best way to proceed. The OSP Grievance Coordinator requested that Plaintiff, in his capacity as OSP ILA, hand deliver all of the HCV grievance to his office at one time, rather than having each of the fifty-six inmates submit their grievance individual through the prison mail system. Thereafter, on or about March 23, 2001 plaintiff, in his capacity as OSP ILA hand-delivered the fifty-six HCV grievances to the office of the OSP Grievance Coordinator.

72.

Approximately four months after filing the grievances ODOC had failed to respond to any of the grievances. Plaintiff in his capacity as OSP ILA assisted the 56 inmate who had filed the grievance submit grievance appeals related to ODOC's refusal to respond to the March grievances and grievances related to the prison officials refusal to answer the March grievance with the fourteen day time set forth in the ODOC grievance rule. Plaintiff typed the grievance appeals and hand delivered to the Grievance Coordinator. Defendant Axen was fully aware of the actions taken by Plaintiff.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

2 3

4 5

6

7

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

73.

On or about July 6, 2001 ODOC staff informed Plaintiff that defendant Van Valkenburgh and Oregon Department of Justice objected to plaintiff "acting as a spokesman or representative of the grieving inmates". On July 6, 2001 ODOC staff informed plaintiff that Defendant Van Valkenburgh indicated that the ODOC grievance rule would be amended to prevent the types of activities plaintiff had engaged in concerning the HCV grievances.

74.

On or about July 6, 2001 Defendant Cahal completed responses to the original 56 grievances on HCV and returned the response to the Grievance Coordinator. All 56 grievances were denied.

75

On or about July 6, 2001, after "talking to some people" the OSP Grievance Coordinator advised plaintiff that he would not process the 56 July 5, 2001 grievances and grievance appeals described above. On July 5, 2001 plaintiff hand delivered 29 new grievances to the OSP grievance coordinator. As of this time those 29 grievances remain unanswered.

76.

ON or about July 13, 2001 plaintiff in his capacity as OSP ILA assisted the original 56 inmates who had filed HCV grievances in preparing grievance appeals of the denial of the March 23, 2001 grievances. Plaintiff typed the additional attachment needed for each of the 56 inmates, and after receiving approval he delivered the 56 grievance appeals to the OSP Grievance Coordinator on July 23, 2001.

77.

ODOC officials did not respond to the 56 grievance appeals until October 2001. The Grievance rule requires a response within thirty days.

78.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

After plaintiff hand-delivered the 56 HCV grievance appeals to the OSP Grievance Coordinator on or about July 23, 2001 but before October 22, 2001, Defendant Axen informed plaintiff and the other OSP ILAs that they were no longer authorized to assist OSP inmates in the preparation and filing of grievances and grievance appeals and that they were no longer authorized to type attachments to grievances and grievance appeals on law library equipment. Other ILA's at other ODOC facilities did not receive any such orders.

79.

Defendant Axen's stated reasons for the order was that grievances and grievance appeals are not "legal documents' within the meaning of ODOC inmate legal affairs rule, because they are not being filed with the court or parole board.

80.

Defendant Axen's interpretation of "legal documents" and the restrictions of the legal affairs rule was inaccurate and contrary to the rule itself and the Prisoner Litigation Reform Act mandates on exhaustion of grievance prior to access to courts.

81.

The ODOC grievance rules also provides that in the event an inmate is unable to complete the grievance due to some disabilities "another person may complete the form for the inmate". OAR 291-109-0140(3)(d).

82.

Defendant Axen was acting on the order of, and in conjunction with, Defendant Does when he ordered plaintiff and the other OSP ILAs to cease assisting OSP inmates with the preparation and filing of grievances and grievance appeals, and to cease typing attachments to grievance and grievance appeals. The orders given to Plaintiff to cease assisting inmates with grievances came directly from one or all of the defendants to include Defendant Van Valkenburgh and was in direct response to the actions taken by Plaintiff.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

2

4

56

7 8

9

10 11

12

13

14

1516

17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

28

83.

The actions taken by Defendants Axen and Van Valkenburgh and John Does was a deliberate attempt by defendants to make it more difficult or OSP/ODOC inmates to obtain meaningful access to the courts and prison grievance system for the redress of grievances, terminate plaintiff's involvement in the Anstett litigation.

84

Defendants enforced the "stop assisting with grievances" order from July 23, 2001 through September 30, 2004.

85.

After plaintiff hand-delivered the 56 HCV grievance appeals to the OSP Grievance Coordinator on or about July 23, 2001 but before October 22, 2001 Defendant Axen advised plaintiff that the ODOC grievance rules were going to be amended by order of Defendant Van Valkenburgh.

86.

Prior to 2001 plaintiff's immediate supervisor, Defendant Axen, placed a "job hold" on plaintiff, to prevent his transfer from OSP. Prior to 2001 OSP medical staff placed a "hospice hold" on plaintiff in conjunction with his work as a prison hospice volunteer to prevent his transfer from OSP.

87.

Between July 5, 2001 and September 30, 2001 Defendants Cahal and Does removed plaintiff's hospice hold.

88.

Between July 5, 2001 and September 30, 2001, Defendant Cahal requested that Defendant Axen lift plaintiff's work hold so that Defendant Cahal and Does could have plaintiff transferred out of OSP.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

2

4

56

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

1415

16

17 18

19

2021

2223

2425

26

27

28

89.

ODOC medical staff learned of the attempt by Defendant Cahal and Does to have plaintiff transferred from OSP and reported the conduct to Defendant Cahal's supervisor. Defendant Cahal and Does were prevented from transferring plaintiff from OSP in 2001.

90.

Defendants sought to transfer plaintiff from OSP in 2001 in retaliation for plaintiff's involvement in the Anstett litigation as described above, as well as the related grievance process described herein. Defendants Cahal and Does sought to transfer plaintiff from OSP in 2001 in a deliberate effort to terminate plaintiffs involvement in the Anstett litigation and his assistance of inmates generally, in accessing the courts and prison grievance system. Defendant Cahal frequently told OSP inmates, "I don't' like people who file grievances and if I see one come across my desk you will wake up in a different time zone".

91.

A transfer from OSP to SRCI, EOCI and TRCI (Two Rivers) in Umatilla County is recognized among prison staff and inmates alike as a punitive transfer to less desirable living conditions.

92

In 2001 prison staff advised plaintiff of the attempt by Defendant Cahal and Does to transfer plaintiff from OSP and warned him that he should avoid Cahal when possible as Cahal was angry at plaintiff and was looking for ways to punish and retaliate against Plaintiff. Based on the warning plaintiff felt it unsafe to be in the OSP infirmary for his hospice duties when Cahal was present. Plaintiff limited his hospice work to weekends and after 6 p.m.

93.

On or about October 22, 2001 then OSP Superintendent Defendant Czerniak issued a memorandum to OSP ILAs directing that OSP ILAs were no longer authorized to assist any

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

inmates who were represented by counsel. No other ODOC facility or ILAs were issued similar orders.

94.

Defendant Czerniaks' October 22, 2001 directive to OSP ILAs that they cease assisting represented inmates is not supported or otherwise authorized by the Inmate Legal Affairs rule. On or about October 22, 2001 Defendant Axen advised plaintiff about Czerniak's order and issued copies of the memorandum to plaintiff and each OSP ILA. Axen thereafter ordered plaintiff to cease all involvement in the Anstett case preparation and prosecution and he was further ordered to immediately "box up all HCV materials" in plaintiff's possession for mailing to Anstett class counsel at ODOC expense. Axen seized the boxed materials and mailed them in October 2001.

95.

Defendant's Axen and Czerniak were acting in conjunction with Defendant Does, and some of the named Defendants herein but whose exact involvement is not yet known, on or about October 22, 2001 when they: ordered plaintiff and all OSP ILA to cease assisting inmates represented by counsel; ordered plaintiff to cease all involvement in the Anstett case preparation and prosecution; ordered plaintiff to box up all HCV materials for mailing to Anstett counsel; seized two boxes of HCV related materials from plaintiff and mailed to counsel.

96.

Defendant Axen enforced Czerniak's order referenced herein from October 22,2001 through September 30, 2004.

97.

On or about October 23, 2001 Defendant Knodel arrived in the OSP law Library and interrogated plaintiff in the presence of Defendant Axen in conjunction with an Internal Affairs (IA) investigation. Defendant Knodel and Does initiated against plaintiff, concerning his

Michelle R. Burrows
Attorney at Law
618 NW Glisan Ste. 203
Portland OR 97209

503/241-1955

involvement in the Anstett litigation and whether counsel had paid plaintiff for his work on that case.

98.

On or about November 2, 2001 the initial complaint in Anstett was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Oregon. Defendants Cook, Cahal and Does are named Defendants in the Anstett litigation and the subsequent damages matter presently pending.

99.

On or about November 14, 2001 Defendant Knodel issued plaintiff an ODOC Misconduct Report charging plaintiff with violating OAR 291-105-0014(4)(a) Disobedience of an Order I; and OAR 291-104-0015(4)(k)-Unauthorized Area I, for plaintiff's October 19, 2001 attendance at a club function banquet. Knodel listed plaintiff's immediate supervisor Axen and OSP Recreation Specialist Car Hadlock as staff witnesses to plaintiff's alleged misconduct. On or about November 14, 2001 Defendant W. Moore IA Investigation Manager, signed Defendant Knodel's November 14, 2001 Misconduct Report as the reviewing supervisor thereby approving of the content thereof.

100.

Disobedience of an Order I and Unauthorized Area I are classified in the ODOC rules of prohibited conduct as "Level 3" major violations. The potential sanctions for each of the violations was 7-14 days in disciplinary segregation, 14-21 days of loss of privileges and \$75 fine. Additional punishment includes confiscation of property, reduction to basic visiting, extra work detail, recommendation for no favorable future consideration of parole release date, recommendation for an extension of parole release date. A finding of either of the violations alleged by Knodel would result in numerous "informal sanctions" to include but not necessarily limited to: loss of incentive level, incentive housing, loss of performance points, monetary award for work, loss of job and potential transfer.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

At the time of Defendant Knodel Disciplinary Report as noted herein, plaintiff had only one other disciplinary finding against him and which dated nearly ten years earlier. Plaintiff had resided in incentive housing for ten years and had held the same job for nearly ten years.

102.

On or about November 14, 2001 Defendant Hannon ordered plaintiff's pre-hearing confinement in the DSU on the basis of Defendant Knodel's Misconduct Report. The violations alleged by Defendant Knodel in the November 14, 2001 Misconduct Report was allegedly a single incident/act occurring on or about October 19, 2001 26 days before plaintiff was issued the misconduct report and placed in segregation. The misconduct alleged was not of the type and/or severity which would ordinarily result in a finding that the inmate "is a direct threat to staff and inmates" and it is not of the type and/or severity which would ordinarily warrant, or otherwise result in an inmate's prehearing confinement in disciplinary segregation pursuant to OAR 291-105-0021(3).

103.

On or about November 16, 2001 a disciplinary hearing was held by ODOC Hearings officer Barb Cooney. During the hearing on Disciplinary Case No. 0111-A063-A15, OSP Recreation Specialist Carl Hadlock appeared as a witnessing plaintiff's behalf despite being listed as a witness to plaintiff's alleged misconduct. Following Mr. Hadlock's favorable testimony, the matter was dismissed with specific findings that the "inmate was on call out, he had permission to be at the banquet. Inmate did not conduct and introduce attorney at banquet therefore not violating any order given by T. Axen again verified by R-S Hadlock". On or about November 20, 2001 Defendant Czerniak signed the Hearings officers' November 16, 2001 order, approving her findings of fact, conclusions and order.

104.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

The disciplinary proceedings initiated by Defendant Knodel, More, Hannon and Does described above were brought against plaintiff in retaliation for plaintiff's efforts as an ILA on Anstett specifically, and his efforts generally to access the court and prison grievance system and to assist other ODOC inmates in accessing the courts and prison grievance system to redress grievances.

105.

On or about February 13, 2003 the ODOC filed significant amendments to the ODOC Inmate Grievance Rule OAR 2919-109-0100 to 291-109-0140 which became effective on March 1, 2003. These amendments make is more difficult for prisoner to exhaust prison grievances and to prevent prisoners from filing grievances in the manner that the Anstett grievances were exhausted. The March 2003 amendments to the Grievance Rule were designed to form a barrier to ODOC prisoner's meaningful access to the courts and redress of grievances. The amendment was in direct response to plaintiff's efforts in Anstett as described above and were designed to prohibit such efforts in the future.

106.

On or about April 6, 2004 the parties to the Anstett litigation entered into a "Release and Settlement Agreement' and filed a "Stipulated Motion to Stay Proceedings" which were subsequently accepted by the court.

107.

On or about June 3, 2004 Defendant Manu interrogated plaintiff and accused him of "passing messages" for OSP inmate Gary D. Haugen who was segregated in IMU under investigation for a homicide that was committed within OSP on or about September 7, 2003.

108.

Defendant Manu advised plaintiff that security was in possession of the "message' in question and that he had searched plaintiff job site with Defendant Axen and had seized various

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

3

4 5

7

6

8 9

10 11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27

28

samples of plaintiff's handwriting. Defendant Axen refused to show the "message" in question to plaintiff.

109

On or about June 4, 2004 Defendant Axen advised plaintiff that he had seen the note and that it was not plaintiff's handwriting. Defendant Axen also advised plaintiff that he had told the same to Defendant Axen.

110.

Despite the fact that the message was not in plaintiff's handwriting and there was no additional evidence connecting the message to plaintiff Defendant Manu persisted in "investigating" plaintiff. Plaintiff requested permission to stop taking calls from segregation where several individuals connected to the homicide were being held.

111.

Defendant Axen agreed to seek permission from his supervisor to release plaintiff from his formal duties to the inmates in segregation pending the investigation. Defendant Yoder and OSP Assistant Superintendent of Program Services Lou Allen both ordered plaintiff to continue to take legal calls from segregation. Plaintiff believe Lou Allen to be a potential John Doe Defendant and believes based on information that Lou Allen may be the ODOC official who ordered many of the repeated contrived investigations and efforts to transport plaintiff following the settlement of the Anstett matter. Defendants are on notice of the potential to include Lou Allen in these claims.

112.

In June 2004 after hearing nothing about the state of the investigation, plaintiff met with his institutional counselor, Don Cornthwaite, who suggested plaintiff write to Defendant Manu and seek information on the status of the investigation and to retrieve his handwriting exemplars. Defendant Manu did not respond and when approached by plaintiff Defendant Manu refused to

> Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

speak with plaintiff at all.

2

1

3 4

56

7 8

9

1011

12

13

1415

16 17

. .

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

113.

On or about July 6, 2004 Defendant Axen received an email from Defendant Manu who told Axen "I guess I'll leave your legal assistants alone now". Manu never responded to the written inmate communication form sent by plaintiff and refused to speak directly with plaintiff on the subject. He did return the handwriting examples.

114.

On or about July 15, 2004 plaintiff was awakened at 4:30 a.m. to told he was being transferred to another prison. At that time there were two "holds" on plaintiff for his work and his hospice work. On or about July 15, 2004 Defendants Manu, Does and likely Lou Allen attempted to transfer plaintiff to EOCI in Pendleton Oregon but OSP Captain Gangitano and Defendant Long stopped the transfer.

115.

On or about July 15, 2004 Defendant Long informed Plaintiff that the transfer attempt was requested by Manu and was related to the "Haugen matter' and "security" had "received information" that plaintiff was attempting to "compromise. . . staff" at OSP implying some kind of attempted inappropriate inmate employee relationship of a personal or sexual nature.

116.

On or about July 15, 2004 Defendant Long advised plaintiff that it appeared that security had received "some bad information" and that he was rescinding the transfer order and the matter was resolved.

117.

Defendants Manu and Does true motivation in attempting to transfer plaintiff from OSP on July 15, 2004 was to punish and/or retaliate against plaintiff for his efforts in Anstett, his litigation advocacy efforts and political speech generally. Plaintiff was told that it was because of

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

"hep c".

2

1

3 4

6

5

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28

118.

Defendant Manu and Does sought to send a message to the entire OSP inmate population via plaintiff's attempted July 15, 2004 transfer, that anyone who engaged in similar litigation advocacy efforts would receive similar punitive retaliatory treatment. It was the generalized feeling amongst ODOC staff that the Hepatitis litigation was "over".

119.

From July 19,2004 to July 23, 2004 and July 25, 2004 to July 28, 2004 the entire OSP inmate population of approximately 2000 inmates, stopped using the payphones due to the excessive phone rates and numerous other complaints about prison conditions.

120.

Throughout the boycott representatives of the Western Prison Project (WPP) a community based prison advocacy reform group were in contact with Defendants Morrow, Czerniak, Palmateer and Belleque seeking to facilitate a positive peaceful resolution to the crisis.

121.

Anstett class counsel is and was at all times relevant, the Chairperson of the WPP's "legal Advisory Committee". Plaintiff was and is at all ties relevant an ad hoc member of the WPP Legal Advisory Committee and a member of WPPs Prisoner Advisory Committee". Throughout the July 2004 OSP prisoner unrest plaintiff communicated with WPP staff via the OSP Law Library telephone concerning developments and concerns within the prison.

122.

Plaintiff was authorized by Defendant Axen to call WPP on the library telephone and the calls to WPP were made in the presence of defendant Axen who expressed no concerns with plaintiff's conduct and could have ordered him not to use the telephone.

123.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

Plaintiff had been authorised to use the law library telephone to call other mental health and prison advocacy groups, including but not limited to the Oregon Advocacy Center and the American Civil Liberties Union.

124.

On or about July 29, 2004 Plaintiff's cell was searched for anything related to Brigette Sarabi, Executive Director of WPP.

125.

A copy of the August 2004 issue of the Prison Legal News and plaintiff's address book were seized during the cell search and were later returned. There were numerous letters and memoranda within plaintiff's cell which he typed on the law library and sent to WPP on prison and parole issues, which were not seized during the July 29,2004 search of plaintiff's cell.

126.

On or about July 30, 2004 Defendant Yoder advised plaintiff that an investigation was being conducted to determine what role WPP and/or plaintiff had in instigating the July 7 19, 2004 to July 23, 2004 and July 25, 204 to July 28, 2004 OSP inmate telephone boycott. On or about August 3, 2004 Defendant Axen was ordered to report to Defendant Belleque's office concerning the investigation of plaintiff and WPP.

127.

On or about August 3, 2004 Defendant Axen told plaintiff that Defendant Belleque ordered "from this day forward" plaintiff was no longer authorised to type letters or other documents or sue the library telephone to communicate with any advocacy groups. Defendant Axen enforced Defendant Belleque's order from August 32, 2004 to September 30, 2004.

128.

The August 3, 2005 orders and actions of Defendants Belleque, Axen and Does were a deliberate attempt by Defendants to make it more difficult for plaintiff and prisoners generally to

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209

503/241-1955

27-COMPLAINT

2

4

5

6 7

8

10 11

12

13 14

15

16

17 18

19

20

2122

2324

25

2627

28

communicate with WPP and other advocacy groups for assistance in the redress of grievances.

129.

In early September 2004 plaintiff facilitated an inmate charity donation drive that was expressly approved by Defendant Belleque and Yoder. On or about September 25, 2004 the charity group received the inmate donation.

130.

On or about September 30, 2004 Defendants Belleque, Manu, Mills, Long and Does transferred plaintiff from OSP to EOCI. The transfer of plaintiff started at 4 a.m when plaintiff and his cell partner were awakened before the rest of the institution, ordered to report to the "control floor". Plaintiff was removed to a isolated cage away from the view of other prisoners, his cell partner was locking in a waiting room removed from other prisoners. Plaintiff was transported out of the institution before anyone else was awakened. This transport was highly unusual and very secretive.

131.

Defendants Manu and Mills had agreed to the transfer between themselves. Manu, Belleque and Long controlled the highly secretive and selective manner of the transport. Defendants Manu, Mills, Long, Belleque and Does motivation in transferring plaintiff from OSP where he had been incarcerated for nearly 13 years was to punish and/or retaliate against plaintiff for his efforts in litigation, specifically Anstett, his advocacy efforts for prisoners within and without the prison, his political speech and associations with groups and individuals in the community.

132.

Defendant Manu, Mills, Belleque, Long and Does sought to send a message to the entire

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

OSP inmate population via plaintiff's September 30, 2004 transfer, that anyone who engaged in similar litigation/advocacy efforts would receive similar punitive, retaliatory treatment.

133.

On or about September 30,2004 OSP Security Threat Group Management staff searched plaintiff's cell and job site seizing his computer hard drive, discs and approximately thirty standard archive boxes of legal papers and other property.

On or about September 30, 2004 Defendant Manu was a member of OSP's STG Management Team and was leading the investigation of plaintiff. Defendant's Manu and Does destroyed or otherwise seized books and other information from the law library which were not "required". OSP ILA's were advised that the ODOC Legal Affairs rule would be amended to severely restrict what ILAs were allowed to do.

135.

On or about September 30,2004 one of the remaining OSP ILAs was fired for refusing to assist security staff in the removal of items seized from plaintiff's worksite, another ILA was threatened with disciplinary action if he disclosed the events occurring in the library. One ILA was held in DSU for several days while his cell, work site were searched, his computer seized and he was administratively removed from his job. Eventually two other ILA quit their jobs in the law library due to the threats, punishment and retaliatory practices against them. They were ordered to not talk about plaintiff to staff. Effective September 30, 2004 Defendants Axen and Does terminated the 13 year practice of allowing OSP ILAs to use the law library telephone to call courts and attorneys. Defendants Axen, Van Valkenburgh, Manu and Does removed significant amounts of legal material from the law library and did not replace it.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

136.

From approximately 1990 until September 30,2004 OSP consistently maintained five IILA to serve the needs of the OSP population. Defendants Axen, Van Valkenburgh and Does know that 2-3 ILAs is insufficient to adequately service the needs of the OSP inmate population but has deliberately under staff the OSP law library to prevent ILA's from assisting inmates in the manner and to the degree that plaintiff did, and to impede prisoner access to courts and the prisoner grievance system.

137.

From September 30,2004 to the present OSP has employed no more than 2-3 ILAs who have been severely restricted in the manner they and can perform their jobs. As of September 30,2004 Defendant Axen, Van Valkenburgh and Does ordered ILAs to stop assisting inmates with their legal concerns and they are now only allowed to type documents for inmates.

138.

The actions of Defendants Axen, Van VALKENBURGH, Manu and Does described herein were in direct response to plaintiff's efforts in the Anstett litigation and in accessing the courts and prison grievance system generally and were designed an motivated to impede prisoner access to courts and the prison grievance system.

139.

Defendants Manu, Axen, Van Valkenburgh and Does true motivation in engaging in the action involving the closing of the law library, removing the ILAs and transferring plaintiff was to punish and/or retaliate against OSP ILAs and inmates generally for plaintiff' efforts in Anstett and his litigation advocacy efforts and political speech, generally and his ties to the legal community, and to send a message to the entire OSP inmate population that anyone who engaged in litigation efforts similar to those plaintiff engaged in would receive punitive, retaliatory treatment and to make it more difficult for OSP prisoners to receive meaningful legal assistance

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

2

3 4

5

6

7 8

9

1011

12

13

1415

16

1718

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

28

and access to the court and prison grievance system.

140.

Contrary to ODOC rules, policy and practice plaintiff was not permitted take any of his personal property or legal papers with him when he was transferred to EOCI on September 30,2004 and his property and/or legal papers were not returned to him until January 18, 2005.

141.

Defendants Does, Manu prepared on an ODOC misconduct Report for plaintiff, charging him with violating OAR 291-125-0015(4)(m)(B), Unauthorized Organization I (Racketeering) and other violations which was transported to EOCI with Plaintiff on ora bout September 30,2004. The DR had plaintiff's photographed to it and was sent to a Captain at EOCI. Plaintiff was never served with or otherwise required to defend himself against the misconduct report. No disciplinary proceedings were brought against him and it is unknown what happened with the report or the matters alleged.

142.

On or about October 1, 2004 Defendant Morrow suggested that plaintiff was transferred due to the "Haugen matter". Defendant Palmateer suggested variously that it was because of "things no one knows" and intimated that Plaintiff was getting "too big for his own good".

143.

In an October 3, 2004 Oregonian article concerning the inmate charity donation

Defendant Belleque was paraphrase as saying plaintiff "never sought permission or approval for his fund-raising efforts" despite the fact that Belleque has signed documents approving the fund raising. Belleque later acknowledge that he had approved the fund raising.

144.

Defendants Czerniak, Palmateer and Belleque indicated that ODOC was engaged in an 'investigation" of plaintiff of a "complex and indeterminate" nature which could take "months

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955 and months" with plaintiff ultimately not being implicated in any wrongdoing but things would get worse for plaintiff if he did not quietly accept his transfer. This was perceived to be a direct threat against plaintiff and he understood it to be one.

On or about October 13, 2004 Defendant Van Valkenburgh caused a "warning" to be issued to all the defense attorneys in the State of Oregon who subscribe to the Oregon Criminal Defense Lawyer Association (OCDLA)list serve "that it is improper for attorney to have inmate legal assistants help them in representing clients.. Inmate legal assistants are only to be helping non-represented inmates, not inmates represented by counsel."

145.

146.

The October 13, 2004 warning made by Defendant Van Valkenburgh is virtually identical to the October 22, 2001 directive order of Defendant Czerniak and Axen referred to previously.

147.

On or about October 13, 2004 Defendant Van Valkenburgh advised those on the OCDLA list serve that the ODOC/AAG would be changing the rules to severely restrict even more than they do now what inmate legal assistants do for inmates because of plaintiff's work on past cases.

148.

As a result of his transfer to EOCI plaintiff lost significant personal property, his job, his incentive housing and was placed in the least desirable part of EOCI.

149.

On or about October 15, 2004 plaintiff sent an Inmate Communication form to EOCI Grievance Coordinator P. Maines requesting to see her about grieving his September 30,2004 transfer.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

33-COMPLAINT

150.

On or about October 22, 2004 Defendant Van Valkenburgh advised Anstett counsel that he "represents ODOC and ODOC officials regarding the matter of [plaintiffs] transfer from the Oregon State Penitentiary and all related matters, specifically including without limitation the matters concerning [plaintiffs] personal property and the disposition of legal material found in his cell and in the legal library at OSP following [plaintiff's] transfer to EOCI".

151.

On or about October 22, 2004 Defendant Van Valkenburgh advised Anstett counsel that Defendant Axen would be sending plaintiff's legal materials to plaintiff within a week and Defendant Van Valkenburgh had "been advised that all of [plaintiff's] personal property from his cell at OSP save for his personal legal materials has now been transferred and provided to him at EOCI or has been discarded or mailed out at his election, in accordance with ODOC rules and EOCI facility policies and procedures".

The statements made by Defendant Van Valkenburgh about plaintiff's personal property were materially false.

153.

On or about October 22, 2004 plaintiff was ordered to report to meet with Assistant to the Superintendent Defendant Harder. Defendant Harder advised plaintiff that he was aware that plaintiff requested to see the grievance coordinator concerning the September 30, transfer. Defendant Harder attempted to dissuade plaintiff from filing a grievance then told plaintiff that he would "escalate things" by "bringing more staff into it" by grieving and plaintiff should simply "let the dust settle".

154.

Plaintiff perceived Defendant Harder's October 22,2004 statement as a threat which was

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

virtually identical to that conveyed to him by Defendant's Czerniak, Palmateer and Belleque on or about October 8,2004.

155.

During the first 2-3 weeks plaintiff was confined at EOCI he inquired about a job in the EOCI law library and EOCI Library Coordinator Shari Holman told him "they will never hire you to work in this library".

156.

Shortly after plaintiff was incarcerated at EOCI he was handed a completed "Inmate Personal Property List' by Defendant Robinson who ordered him to sign it. Plaintiff did not recognize the majority of the listed property as belonging to him as it reflected a large quantity of property purchased at the OSP canteen and which plaintiff had never purchased or possessed. Plaintiff attempted to tell Defendant Robinson there appeared to be a mistake because the list reflected property which did not belong to plaintiff.

157.

In response Defendant Robinson told plaintiff that he "had arrived" at EOCI with five large bags of canteen items and Robinson told plaintiff he either had to send them home or throw them away. Prior to this discussion plaintiff had never seen nor spoken with Defendant Robinson. Plaintiff had arrived at EOCI with no property at all.

158.

Neither the September 30,2004 "ODOC-Inmate Personal Property List" prepared by OSP Security staff nor the October 6, 2004 Department of Corrections Inmate Personal Property List" prepared by EOCI CO Keizer reflect any of the extensive list of canteen/food items reflected upon the "Inmate Personal Property List' presented by Defendant Robinson on or about October 25, 2004.

159.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

34-COMPLAINT

27

28

Plaintiff attempted to explain the discrepancy to Defendant Robinson who in response became increasingly angry, loud, disrespectful and was insistent that he and plaintiff had an earlier discussion about the canteen items. Plaintiff was concerned based on Robinson's demeanor that if plaintiff did not cooperate and sign the property list plaintiff would be subject to some type of disciplinary measure. Defendant Robinson failed to provide plaintiff with a copy of the October 25, 2004 property form contrary to ODOC policy and practice.

160.

The October 25, 2004 actions of Defendant Robinson were designed to establish facts alleged by Defendant Van Valkenburgh in his October 22, 2004 letter to Anstett counsel that property had already been sent to plaintiff.

161.

Between September 30,2004 and October 25, 2004 plaintiff received letters frm OSP inmates who advised him that OSP security staff had indicated that "[plaintiff's] situation would probably blow over eventually, unless he decides to make waves".

162.

Plaintiff perceived the comments as a threat that his situation would get worse if he did not accept what had already happened to him and as being virtually identical to those made by defendants Czerniak, Palmateer and Belleque on or about October 8,2004 and Defendant Harder on or about October 22, 2004.

163.

On or about October 26, 2004 EOCI Grievance Coordinator P. Maines met with plaintiff in response to his October 15, 2004 Inmate Communication form.

164.

Based on the perceived threats of Defendants Czerniak, Palmateer, Belleque, Harder and Does, plaintiff feared that if he filed a grievance concerning his September 30 transfer and/or any

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

of the other related actions he had been subjected to up to that point, other, worse retaliatory actions would be forthcoming, therefore, plaintiff advised Ms. Maines on October 26, 2004 that he thought it was probably in his best interest to follow Defendant Harder's advise and "let the dust settle' rather than pursue any grievances.

28

165.

In late October 2004 plaintiff was told that Defendant Manu was attempting to convince OSP inmates to quite advocating for and supporting plaintiff by telling inmates that plaintiff is a "snitch". Even the rumor of being a snitch in prison can result in death.

166.

On or about November 17,2004 Defendant Yoder advised plaintiff that Defendant Axen delivered plaintiff's property to the OSP mail room on November 16, 2004 for mailing to plaintiff at EOCI. On or about December 1, 2004 Ms. Holman advised plaintiff that his property had been received by the EOCI mailroom. Plaintiff sent an inmate communication form to Defendant Harder inquiring about his property.

167.

On or about December 7,2004 plaintiff sent an Inmate Communication form to EOCI Property Officer Defendant Robinson inquiring about his property. On or about December 9,2004 Defendant Harder acknowledged that plaintiff's property had arrived from OSP and consisted of "like thirteen boxes" and told plaintiff to "be patient" while Defendant Harder arranged to get plaintiff's property to him.

168.

In December 2004 plaintiff applied for a job with the Secretary of State Call center.

169.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

On or about December 29,2004 plaintiff was informed that ODOC staff reported that plaintiff was removed from his job as OSP ILA and transferred because "OSP and Domeland didn't want any flack from [plaintiff] concerning the installation and operation of the new CD-ROM computerized legal research system".

From December 29, 2004 to August 11, 2005 plaintiff has been advised repeatedly from numerous unrelated sources, that he was removed from his job as ILA and transferred for the reasons referenced in the previous paragraph.

171.

On or about January 2, 2005, three months after his transfer, plaintiff sent another communication to Defendant Harder about the location of his property.

172.

On or about January 5, 2005 Defendant Harder advised plaintiff that he spoke with Defendant Robinson, Defendant Mills and Captain Burcham and "was assured that we should get these matters resolved very soon". This was three months after plaintiff's transfer, three months after a Senior Assistant Attorney General in a representative capacity had informed another attorney that the property had already been delivered to plaintiff.

173.

On or about January 13, 2005 plaintiff again sent Defendant Harder an Inmate Communication form concerning his property. Defendant Harder Thereafter advised plaintiff that Harder had referred the matter to Defendant Mills who "says that he will take care of the issue".

174.

On or about January 18,2005 plaintiff was ordered to report to R & D at EOCI where he was presented with ten boxes of personal property which had been sent from Defendant Axen at OSP nearly two months earlier.

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209

503/241-1955

2

4 5

6 7

8

9

1011

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

28

175.

Although a large majority of plaintiff's personal property and legal materials were delivered to him on January 18, 2005 several items were not delivered to plaintiff and has not been returned to him to date.

176.

On or about January 14, 2005 plaintiff was informed that ODOC/OSP staff described plaintiff as a "troublemaker" and indicated "that they sent him to Pendleton because he was pretending to be an attorney".

177.

In late February 2005, plaintiff received a letter from Roy Bayes of the Secretary of State call center at OSCI indicating that plaintiff's name had been added to their hiring list. On or about March 2, 2005 plaintiff's EOCI counselor advised plaintiff, "I was notified today that you have been selected to go to OSCi to work. Exactly how long it will take them to move you there remains to be seen".

178.

On or about March 2, 2005 Defendant Jeske began an Internal Affairs/SIU investigation of plaintiff concerning an alleged inappropriate inmate employee relationship from 1998 and which had already been investigated and determined to be unfounded..

179.

On or about April 6, 2005 plaintiff was interrogated by Defendant Tabler on behalf of Defendant Jeske, concerning an alleged relationship with ODOC Contractor Volunteer Deborah Hogan.

180.

On or about April 12, 2005 Defendant Jeske prepare a two page ODOC Misconduct Report charging plaintiff with violating OAR 291-105-0015(4)(g)–Employee Inmate

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

Relationship and disobedience of an Order I. The charges are Level II and Level II major violations which, with plaintiff's lack of disciplinary record ODOC rule mandates a sanction of \$100 fine, 28-42 days in disciplinary segregation and 28 days loss of privileges.

181.

On or about April 12, 2005 Defendant Scharn signed the Misconduct Report of Defendant Jeske approving of the content thereof. The allegations in the report are false and not supported by any evidence. Defendant Jeske knew this prior to initiating the investigation. The purpose of the investigation and report was to prevent plaintiff from being transferred from EOCI.

182.

On or about April 18,2005 EOCI/ODOC Hearing Officer P. Sturdent convened plaintiff's disciplinary hearing in relation to the misconduct report prepared by Defendant Jeske. The hearing was delayed.

183.

On or about May 5, 2005 plaintiff was ordered to report to the office of P. Maines, where SIU Inspector Robert Hess indicated he was asked to interview plaintiff concerning the April 12, 2005 Misconduct Report on behalf of Defendant Jeske. Inspector Hess advised plaintiff that "they" had come up with a list of questions "they" wanted plaintiff to answer, then Hess produced a typed list of twenty seven questions for plaintiff to provide written responses to. Six questions related directly to issues raised in Anstett's counsel April 14, 2005 letter to Defendant Morrow about the pending disciplinary action and two questions related to plaintiff's September 30,2004 transfer.

184.

On or about June 24, 2005 Hearings Officer Sturdevant advised plaintiff "I have been directed to step away from your hearing and it has been assigned to Mr. Nagy". Thereafter on or

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

about July 12, 2005 plaintiff was ordered to report for a telephonic hearing on the Disciplinary 1 2 Report via teleconference before Hearings Officer Nagy. 185. 3 During the July 12, 2005 hearing, Mr. Nagy advised plaintiff that Defendant Van 4 Valkenburgh ordered Mr. Sturdevant's removal from plaintiff's disciplinary hearing. 5 6 7 8 186. 9 At the end of the July 12, 2005 hearing, Mr. Nagy found that ODOC failed to make its case on either of the charges brought against plaintiff and dismissed the charges without 10 prejudice. The hearing was recorded and despite the fact that plaintiff ordered and paid for the 11 tapes of the hearing, they have not been provided. 12 187. 13 On July 12, 2005 Mr. Nagy issued written findings of fact and found "insufficient 14 evidence on this record". The Order became final on July 17,2005. 15 188. 16 Between July 12, 2005 and August 4, 2005 plaintiff's EOCI counselor obtained approval 17 to transfer plaintiff to OSCI to work for the Secretary of State call center. Plaintiff was 18 transferred to OSCI to begin his new job on August 4, 2005. 19 20 189. 21 During the evening of August 4, 2005 plaintiff was informed that before he arrived at 22 OSCI OSCI Operations Captain Defendant Ogden had met with Secretary of State Oregon health Plan staff and told them they were not to hire plaintiff and plaintiff was going to be transferred 23 out of OSCI on the next available transfer chain. 24 190. 25 26 27 28 40-COMPLAINT

On or about August 5, 2005 OSCI Special Operations STG Captain, Defendant Ackley advised plaintiff that the "rumor" he heard was not true, "if I had a problem with you, I would have told you" and "you were brought here to work and that' what you are going to do".

191.

On or about August 5, 2005 plaintiff sent T. Bowser OSCI Security Manager and Defendant Ogden Inmate Communication forms asking for a meeting to address their concerns. Mr. Bowser failed to answer or acknowledge receipt of the Inmate Communication Form. On or about August 8,2005 Defendant Ogden answered stating: "[Secretary of State] has enough workers. You were not cleared by OSCI for transport. You will return to EOCI".

192.

On or about August 8, 2005 Secretary of State still had several vacant positions it needed to fill and plaintiff was advised if he could clear it with the prison he had a job.

193.

On or about August 9, 2005 Defendant Ogden met with plaintiff and assured him that he was putting plaintiff's transfer back to EOCI on hold while he looked plaintiff over with a fine tooth comb.

On or about August 11, 2005 plaintiff was transferred from OSCI to EOCI as a last minute add on pursuant to the orders of Defendants Tupou and Briones due to an unspecified "conflict".

195.

On or about October 6, 2005 plaintiff wrote Defendant Briones seeking reconsideration of the August 11, 2005 decision to transfer plaintiff back to EOCI from OSCI. Defendant Tupou wrote back on November 14, 2005: "Security made the decision the conflict will stand. You will not be returning to OSCI. I expect no further conversation regarding a transfer request". This was

perceived as a threat by plaintiff.

2

1

3

56

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

_

2526

27

28

42–COMPLAINT

196.

On or about December 31, 2005 one of the two ILA positions at EOCI became vacant and Plaintiff wrote to the EOCI Library Coordinator S. Holman asking to be considered for the position. Ms. Holman failed to respond. Plaintiff wrote a second request on or about January 8, 2006. Ms. Holman acknowledged receipt of the second request on January 10, 2006. Thereafter Plaintiff sent a third request to Ms. Holman on February 7, 2006 concerning the vacant ILA position. Ms. Holman wrote back indicating she was unsure when the position would be filled. Thereafter on February 23, 2006, without notice to Plaintiff, Ms. Holman hired an inmate with no legal experience to fill the ILA position at EOCI. This action was in violation of OAR 291-139-0015(2).

197.

The decision not to hire or otherwise consider plaintiff for the EOCI ILA position is consistent with, and in furtherance of, Library Coordinator Shari Holman's statement that "they will never hire you to work in this library". The decision not to hire or otherwise consider Plaintiff for the EOCI ILA position was in retaliation for and designed to prevent plaintiff's assistance of other prisoner's in accessing the courts and prison grievance system.

RETALIATION ALLEGATIONS

198.

The acts and omissions of defendant alleged in the previous paragraph were taken in direct response to plaintiff's involvement the Anstett litigation, his assistance of other prisoners in general, in accessing the courts and prison grievance system and his writing for Prison Legal News, and his association within the legal community.

199.

The adverse actions of defendants alleged previously, were motivated by a desire and

intent to improperly terminate plaintiffs's involvement in the Anstett litigation and his assistance of other prisoners in accessing the courts and grievance system.

200.

The adverse actions of defendants and alleged previously, were a deliberate attempt by Defendants to make it more difficult for OSP/ODOC inmates to obtain meaningful access to the courts and prison grievance system for the redress of legal claims against ODOC generally and the Anstett case specifically.

201.

The adverse actions of defendants alleged previously, were a deliberate attempt by Defendants to improperly chill or otherwise interfere with and impeded the protected First and Fourteenth Amendment rights of plaintiff and prisoners generally, specifically the right to access the courts, a fair and meaningful grievance system and to speak out against adverse prison conditions.

202.

The adverse actions of defendants alleged herein previously, are not supported by any legitimate penological interest, were not narrowly tailored to advance/address any purportedly legitimate penological interest.

203.

Each of the defendants in this action entered into an agreement to violate plaintiff's civil rights in the manner alleged herein and each of the defendants shared in the general conspiratorial objective to violate plaintiff's civil rights as alleged herein.

204.

Each of the defendants herein engaged in an overt act in furtherance of the conspiracy that caused serious irreparable injury and harm to plaintiff including loss of housing, loss of job, loss of pay, loss of property, adverse and spurious repeated disciplinary actions including placement

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

27

28

in disciplinary segregation for no cause, repeated orders to participate in interviews with investigators, creation of false documentation and false claims which could have adverse consequences on any parole efforts. The adverse actions of defendants alleged herein are part of a continuing, escalating pattern and practice of retaliation and interference with the protected rights of plaintiff.

205.

Plaintiff has fully exhausted all available administrative remedies within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. 1997e(a) and no further administrative remedies remain available to plaintiff.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF: Retaliation (First and Fourteenth Amendment: Speech and Due Process)

206.

Plaintiff realleges all prior allegations set forth herein as if more fully set forth.

207.

From 2001 to the present, Defendants individually and together have engaged in and continue to engage in an improper, escalating pattern and practice of retaliation against plaintiff as follows:

- 1. Restrict or remove or punish Plaintiff for exercising his First Amendment rights to write articles for Prison Legal News which were critical or explanatory of ODOC.
- 2. Restrict, remove or punish for his work as an ILA in the class action case Anstett v. State of Oregon;
- 3. Restrict, remove or punish Plaintiff for his work as an ILA assisting inmates access the courts and the grievance system.
- 4. Restrict, remove or punish Plaintiff for his membership on the Prisoner Advisory Committee and Legal Advisory Committee of Western Prison Project;
- 5. Restrict, remove or punish Plaintiff for his association with lawyers, prison reform groups and mental health advocacy groups for the purpose of advocating against prison abuses or

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

to change prison conditions.

2

1

3

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1415

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

2728

45-COMPLAINT

208.

The adverse actions of defendant alleged above have improperly chilled plaintiff's exe4cise of his First Amendment rights and inflicted tangible injuries upon plaintiff.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF: Interference with Access to Courts First and Fourteenth Amendment

209.

Plaintiff realleges all matters previously alleged herein.

210.

From 2001 up to and including the present, Defendants individually and jointly have engaged in an continue to engage in, an improper pattern and practice of chilling, interfering with, and otherwise denying plaintiff, and ODOC prisoners generally, the rights of meaningful access to the courts and prison grievance system for the redress of constitutional deficiencies in violation of the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

211

Defendants had, and have, no legitimate penological interests in chilling, interfering with and otherwise denying access to the courts and prison grievance systems as alleged herein.

212

Defendants failed, and continue to fail, to sufficiently tailor the acts and omissions alleged herein to address any purportedly legitimate penological interests defendants purportedly seek to advance.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF: Unconstitutional Restrictions on Speech

First and Fourteenth Amendment 1 213 2 Plaintiff reallages all previous paragraphs as if more fully set forth. 3 214. 4 From 2001 to the present, Defendants have engaged in and continue to engage in 5 improper pattern and practice of chilling, interfering with and otherwise denying plaintiff and 6 ODOC prisoners generally, the rights of freedom of speech and association related to prison 7 conditions and abuses and the reform thereof, in violation of the First and Fourteenth 8 9 Amendments to the United States Constitution. 215 10 Defendants had and have no legitimate penological interests in chilling, interfering with 11 and otherwise denying plaintiff's right to freedom of speech and association in the manner 12 13 alelged herein. 14 216 15 Defendants failed and continue to fail to sufficiently tailor the adverse actions alleged herein to address any purportedly legitimate penological interests that Defendants purport to 16 17 advance. 18 FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF: Civil Conspiracy Retaliation, Interference with Court/Grievance Access and Assocation 19 First and Fourteenth Amendments 20 217 21 Plaintiff realleges matters alleged above. 22 218 From 2001 to the present, defendant have engaged and continue to engage, in a civil 23 24 conspiracy to retaliate against Plaintiff for hiw work as an Inmate Legal Assistant to include his 25 participation in the Anstett litigation, his involvement in PLN v. Cook, his efforts to assist 26 Michelle R. Burrows 27 Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 28 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955 46-COMPLAINT

inmates, his writing for Prison Legal News, his participation with Western Prison Project, his association with lawyers, advocacy groups.

From 2001 to the present defendants have engaged in a civil conspiracy to chill interfere with and deny plaintiff and ODOC inmates generally the rights of access to the courts and grievance system for the redrewss of constitutional deficiencies and otherwise have denied plaintiff and ODOC prisoners generally the right of freedom of speech and association for the purpose of challenging unconstitutional conditions of confinement.

220.

Defendants have no legitimate penological interests into entering into the civil conspiracy as alleged herein and have failed to tailor their acts to address any purportedly legitimate penological interests they sought to advance.

RELIEF SOUGHT

WHEREFORE Plaintiff prays for judgement as follows:

- A. Issue a Declaratory Judgement:
 - 1. Stating that from 2001 to the present ODOC and all defendants herein have engaged in a pattern and practice of retaliation against Plaintiff for exercising his protected constitutional rights and that such interference has no legitimate penological purpose.
 - 2. That Plaintiff has sufficiently satisfied each of the elements of a retaliation claim pursuant to Rhodes v. Robinson.
 - 3. Defendants continuing pattern and practice of retaliation against plaintiff violates the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
 - 4. From 20001 Defendants jointly and individually engaged in and continue to

Michelle R. Burrows Attorney at Law 618 NW Glisan Ste. 203 Portland OR 97209 503/241-1955

47-COMPLAINT

engage in an improper pattern and practice of chilling, interfering with and otherwise denying plaintiff and ODOC prisoners generally, the rights of access to the courts and prison grievance system for the redress of constitutional deficiencies.

- 5. That Defendants continuing pattern and practice of chilling, interfering with and otherwise denying meaningful access to the courts and prison grievance system violates the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution with no legitimate penological interest being advanced.
- 6. That Defendants continuing pattern and practice of chilling, interfering with and otherwise denying freedom of speech, association related to prison conditions and abuses and the reform thereof violates the First and Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and has no underlying legitimate penological purpose.

7.From 2001 to the present the Defendants engaged in a civil conspiracy to retaliate against Plaintiff for his work in exercising his protected constitution rights to speech and association specifically in his work as an Inmate Legal Assistant, his writing for Prison Legal News, his association with the Western Prison Project, his efforts to assist inmates grieve and litigation conditions of confinement especially his role in the Anstett case, and otherwise exercising his right to speak and act against prison abuses.

- 8. Defendants had no legitimate penological interests in entering into and furthering the civil conspiracy and that the conspiracy serves no legitimate penological interest.
- 9. That defendant actions herein were wilful, knowing, malicious and committed with the intent and purpose to retaliate against plaintiff for engaging in

constitutionally protected conduct, chilling, interfering with and otherwise denying meaningful access to the courts and grievance system for the redress of constitutional deficiencies or chilling interfering with and otherwise denying freedom of speech and association.

- 10. That Plaintiff has suffered serious and irreparable harm as a result of the actions of Defendants herein.
 - B. Issue an injunction ordering defendants and their agents to immediately:
 - 1. Cease engaging in any and all ongoing acts of retaliation against plaintiff;
 - 2. Refrain from subjecting plaintiff to any future acts of retaliation in any and all forms.
 - 3. Cease engaging in any and all ongoing chilling, interference with and or denial of the rights of plaintiff and ODOC prisoners generally, to meaningful access to the courts and prison grievance system for the redress of constitutional deficiencies.
 - 4. Refrain from any and all future chilling, interference with and/or denial of the rights of plaintiffs and ODOC prisoners generally, to meaningful access to the courts and prison grievance system for the redress of constitutional deficiencies.
 - 5. Cease engaging in any and all ongoing chilling, interference with and/or denial of the rights of plaintiff and ODOC prisoners generally to freedom of speech and association related to prison conditions and abuses.
 - 6. Refrain from any and all future chilling, interference with and/or denial of the rights of plaintiff and ODOC prisoners generally to freedom of speech, and association related to prison conditions and abuses.
 - 7. Cease engaging in any and all acts in furtherance of the ongoing civil conspiracy to a) retaliate against plaintiff; b) chill, interfere with and/or deny

prisoners meaningful access to the courts and prison grievance system fore the redress fo constitutional deficiencies; c) chill interfere with, and/or deny prisoners freedom of speech, and association related to prison conditions and abuses and/or the reform thereof.

- 8. Refrain from any and all future acts in furtherance of a civil conspiracy to retaliate against plaintiff, chill, interfere with and/or deny prisoners meaningful access to the courts and prison grievance system for the redress of constitutional deficiencies and/or chill, interfere with and/or deny7 prisoners freedom of speech, and association related to prison conditions and abuses.
- 9. Expunge any and all reports or records or any references to any and all ODOC investigations from January 1, 2001 to the present to which plaintiff was a subject, individually or jointly, minor or major, of the investigation, from any and all files, computer systems and/or any other data storage retention devices and/or systems of the ODOC.
- 10. Expunge any and all information concerning any ODOC disciplinary action initiated and/or concluded against plaintiff from January 1, 2001 to the present.
- 11. Credit Plaintiff's inmate trust account with the difference in the monetary award he would have earned as an Inmate Legal Assistant and the amount of monetary awards he actually received for each month from October 1, 2004 to the present.
- 12. Transfer plaintiff from EOCI to OSCI and allow plaintiff to serve out the remainder of his sentence at OSCI unless and until a specific security threat, created by plaintiff, requires that he be transferred elsewhere or plaintiff expressly requests to be transferred to another prison.
- 13. Assign plaintiff to work for the Secretary of State or Oregon Medical

Assistance Program Call Center or comparable Oregon Corrections Enterprises positions at OSCI.

- 14. Assign plaintiff to incentive housing, upon cell availability within ODOC and specifically at OSCI.
- C. Award compensatory damages against Defendants.
- D. Award punitive damages against Defendants for an amount to be determined at trial.
- E. Award reasonable costs and attorney fees.
- F. Grant such other relief as this court deems just and equitable.

Dated this 26th day of September 2006.

Respectfully, submitted,

Michelle R. Burrows OSB86160 Attorney at Law