| | G . I W M (GD) (007405) | JEFF FINE Clerk of the Superior Court By Christopher O'Neill, Deputy Date 08/26/2021 Time 15:27:36 Description Amount | | | | |
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| 1 | Craig L. Keller (SBN 007425) GUST ROSENFELD, PLC | PLAINTIFF/APPELLANT 318.00 | | | | |
| 2 | One E. Washington Blvd., #1600 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 | TOTAL AMOUNT 318.00 | | | | |
| 3 | Telephone No. (602) 257-7422 E-Mail: ckeller@gustlaw.com | Receipt# 28410417 | | | | |
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| 5 | Conly J. Schulte (pro hac vice pending) Peebles Kidder Bergin and Robinson, LLP 1985 Balsam Dr. | | | | | |
| 6 | Boulder, CO 80304 | | | | | |
| 7 | Office: (916) 441-2700 Cell: (402) 541-4590 E-Mail: cschulte@ndnlaw.com | | | | | |
| 8 | Attorneys for Plaintiff T.P. Racing, L.L.L.P. | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | | | |
| 10 | IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA | | | | | |
| 11 | IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA | | | | | |
| 12 | T.P. RACING, L.L.L.P., | No. LC 2021-000237-001 | | | | |
| 13 | Plaintiff, | VERIFIED COMPLAINT | | | | |
| 14 | v. | (Judicial Review of Agency Action A.R.S. §12-904; <i>Ultra Vires</i> Licensing | | | | |
| 15 | ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF GAMING; and TED VOGT, in his | Division A.R.S. § 41-1030; Declaratory Relief; Injunctive Relief) TIER 3 | | | | |
| 16 | official capacity as the Director of the Arizona Department of Gaming, | | | | | |
| 17 | Defendants. | | | | | |
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| 19 | | Ph 13 | | | | |
| 20 | Plaintiff T.P. RACING, L.L.P. alleges and complains as follows: | | | | | |
| 21 | | OF ACTION | | | | |
| 22 | | L.L.P. ("TP Racing") brings this action | | | | |
| 23 | under the Administrative Review Act for judicial review of the Arizona | | | | | |
| 24 | Department of Gaming's denial of TP Racing's application for an "event | | | | | |
| 25 | wagering operator" license, on the grounds that the denial was arbitrary and | | | | | |

capricious, not supported by substantial evidence, and/or an abuse of discretion.

- 2. Although TP Racing has not exhausted its administrative remedies before seeking judicial review, the exhaustion doctrine does not apply here because, as detailed herein, taking the time to complete a lengthy administrative appeal will cause irreparable harm to TP Racing and would be futile or useless. See Zeigler v. Kirschner, 162 Ariz. 77, 85-86 (App. 1989).
- 3. Additionally, and in the alternative, if the Court holds administrative exhaustion is required, TP Racing seeks a temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction, enjoining the Defendants' unlawful and arbitrary implementation of the "event wagering operator" licensing regime in excess of statutory authority, including the impending rollout of the activities permitted to newly licensed event wagering operators, during the pendency of TP Racing's judicial and/or administrative licensing appeal.

PARTIES

- 4. TP Racing is an Arizona limited liability limited partnership based in Phoenix, Arizona, and does business as "Turf Paradise Race Course," located in Phoenix, Arizona.
- Defendant ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF GAMING ("Department") is a state agency of the State of Arizona, with its primary office in Phoenix.
- Defendant TED VOGT is the Director of the Department. Vogt is sued in his official capacity.
- 7. The Department is empowered to enforce the State's Event Wagering Act. A.R.S. § 5-1302.

8. As the Director of the Arizona Department of Gaming, Vogt is responsible for the State of Arizona's implementation of licensed Event Wagering in the state pursuant to the Event Wagering Act, A.R.S. §§ 5-1301 through 5-1321, and the Department of Gaming's Event Wagering Regulations, A.A.C. §§ R19-4-101 through R19-4-153.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 9. This Court has jurisdiction over the defendants and this action pursuant to the Arizona State Constitution, art. 6 § 14; and A.R.S. §§ 12-123, 12-124, and 12-905; and the Arizona Rules of Procedure for Special Actions, Rule 1.
- 10. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-401(16), as defendant Vogt is a public officer who holds office in Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona, and pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-905(B), as Maricopa County was the site of the Department's decision and the site of the subject matter involved.
- 11. Plaintiff seeks non-monetary relief, but the number of witness and the complexity of issues qualify this case as a Tier 3 Matter.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 12. TP Racing owns and operates the Turf Paradise Race Course, a thoroughbred and quarter horse racetrack in Phoenix, Arizona.
- 13. According to the Arizona Department of Gaming, "Opened in 1956, Turf Paradise was one of the first organized professional sports franchises in Arizona." Ariz. Dept. of Gaming, Racing History, https://gaming.az.gov/racing/history#history.

- 14. TP Racing holds a franchise right granted by the State of Arizona, via a permit issued by the Arizona Gaming Commission, to conduct professional horse racing.
- 15. Turf Paradise also holds a private commercial horseracing franchise from the National Thoroughbred Racing Association ("NTRA").

The Event Wagering Act

- 16. The Event Wagering Act ("Act"), passed by the legislature on April 15, 2021 and codified at A.R.S. §§ 5-1301 through 5-1321, permits online, mobile and in-person retail sports betting, or "event wagering," to be offered to persons located throughout the State (except on Indian lands).
- 17. To offer both in-person and mobile event wagering, a person must have a non-tribal "event wagering operator" license issued by the Department. A.R.S. § 5-1304(A)(1), (D).
- 18. The Act authorizes up to ten commercial licenses for non-tribal event wagering operators. A.R.S. § 5-1304(A).
- 19. The Act provides at A.R.S. § 5-1304(A)(1) that the Department shall issue non-tribal event wagering operator licenses only to applicants that meet the following description:
 - [i] An owner of an Arizona professional sports team or franchise, [ii] operator of a sports facility that hosts an annual tournament on the PGA tour, [iii] promotor of a national association for stock car auto racing national touring race conducted in this state or [iv] the owner's, operator's or promoter's designee....
- 20. Similarly, the Act at A.R.S. § 5-1301(7)(a) defines the non-tribal variety of event wagering operator as:

[i] An owner or operator of an Arizona professional sports team or franchise, [ii] an operator of a sports facility in this state that holds an annual tournament on the PGA tour or [iii] a promoter of a national association for stock car auto racing national touring race in this state, or [iv] the designee of such an owner, operator or promoter, who is licensed to offer event wagering under this chapter.

- 21. Thus, both the definition of "event wagering operator" in § 5-1301 and the directive to the Department in § 5-1304 describe the entities qualified to receive an event wagering operator license, and both would allow the owner of either (1) an Arizona professional sports team or (2) an Arizona professional sports franchise to apply for and receive a license under the Act.
- 22. The Act defines "professional sport" as "a sport conducted at the highest level league or organizational play for its respective sport and includes baseball, basketball, football, golf, hockey, soccer and motorsports." ARS § 5-1301(14) (emphasis added).
 - 23. The Act does not define "team" or "franchise."

The Department's Regulations

- 24. The Act authorizes the Department to adopt rules for implementing the Act. ARS § 5-1302(A).
- 25. On July 26, 2021, the Department issued its Final Rules for implementing the Act. A.A.C. §§ R19-4-101 through R19-4-153.
- 26. As set forth in the Final Rules, the Department will provide "an initial application period of no less than ten (10) days in which to accept license applications and supplemental allocation allocations." A.A.C. § R19-4-106(A).

- 27. The Final Rules further state, "Within five (5) days of the conclusion of the initial application period, the Department will evaluate all applicants under the criteria established in" subdivisions B, C, and/or D of R19-4-106 "to determine who is qualified for licensure and will provide written notification to the applicants that were deemed initially qualified." *Id*.
- 28. The Final Rules continue, "If there are more qualified applicants than licenses available, the Department shall review each supplemental allocation application and shall make a determination within eight (8) days of the initial licensure qualification determination and will provide written notification to the applicants that were selected for allocation." *Id.*
- 29. Subdivision C of R19-4-106 establishes the Final Rule's criteria "to be qualified for a [non-tribal] event wagering operator license."
- 30. By the terms of R19-4-106(C), however, the criteria apply only to "a professional sports team (to include the PGA operator, the NASCAR promoter, designee, or management services provider relevant to the initial application)."
- 31. The Department's Final Rules, including section R19-4-106(C), omit any express reference to a "franchise," despite the Legislature having expressly provided that the owner of an Arizona professional sports "franchise" could qualify for a non-tribal event wagering operator license.

The Department's Rollout Timeline

32. According to information published on the Department's public website (https://gaming.az.gov/event-wagering-fantasy-sports-contests), the Department has announced the following "Rollout Timeline" for event wagering:

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| July 26, 2021 | Rules Submitted to S[ecretary] O[f] S[tate] - |
| | [Department] Begins accepting applications |
| August 9, 2021 | Close of initial application period |
| August 10, 2021 | Initial Qualification Evaluation Period[,] |
| | [Department] has up to 5 days |
| August 16, 2021 | Announce applicants who qualify for licensure |
| August 17, 2021 | Allocation Evaluation Period (if necessary), |
| | [Department] has up to 8 days |
| August 27, 2021 | Allocation of licenses announced (if necessary) |
| August 28, 2021 | Marketing allowed, account creation and |
| | net/mobile apps available for E[vent] W[agering] |
| August 30, 2021 | Additional licensing period for allocated |
| | applicants (if necessary) |
| Sept. 9, 2021 | Go-Live date for E[vent] W[agering] |
| | |

- 33. Thus, according to the Department's Rollout Timeline, event wagering operators licensed by August 28, 2021 will be allowed on that date to begin marketing to the public, making their event wagering apps and websites available to the public, and creating customer wagering accounts.
- 34. According to the Department's Rollout Timeline, members of the public will be allowed to place their bets with licensed event wagering operators beginning on September 9, 2021.

TP Racing's Application for an Event Wagering Operator License

35. TP Racing timely submitted a complete application for an event wagering operator license that included a cover letter and Item 10a Description of Business documents and Item 10b Description of Facilities.

True and correct copies of the cover letter and Item 10a Description of

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Business documents and Item 10b Description of Facilities are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

- 36. The Department sent an email to TP Racing on August 10, 2021, containing "additional requests" for information. A true and correct copy of the August 10, 2021 email is attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- 37. TP Racing submitted responses to the Department's additional requests on August 11, 2021 and August 13, 2021. True and correct copies of these responses are attached hereto as **Exhibit C** and **Exhibit D**.
- 38. TP Racing's application materials established that TP Racing owns Turf Paradise.
- 39. TP Racing's application materials established that the horse racing that is conducted at Turf Paradise is a "Professional Sport" as defined in A.R.S. § 5-1301(14).
- 40. TP Racing's application materials established that Turf Paradise is an Arizona professional sports franchise.
- 41. TP Racing's application materials established that the Turf Paradise facility hosts professional sports events and holds a seating capacity of more than ten thousand persons.
- 42. Turf Paradise meets all statutory and all valid regulatory qualifications and is otherwise qualified for an event wagering operator license.

Denial of TP Racing's Application for an Event Wagering Operator License

43. On August 16, 2021, the Department notified Turf Paradise that its application was denied. A true and correct copy of the August 16, 2021 denial letter is attached as **Exhibit E**.

- 44. The Department's letter of August 16 stated the Department had "reached a determination that [TP Racing] do[es] not meet the qualifications for licensure." Ex. A.
- 45. The Department provided additional information in a letter dated August 17, 2021. A true and correct copy of the August 17, 2021 letter is attached as Exhibit F.
- 46. The Department's letter of August 17, 2021, contained the following bulleted list of items which the Department provided to support its determination that TP Racing does not meet the qualifications for licensure as an event wagering operator:
 - The application did not demonstrate to the Department that TP Racing, LLLP met the requirements listed in R19-4-106(C)(1).
 - The application did not demonstrate to the Department that TP Racing, LLLP met the definition of "Professional Sport" (A.R.S. § 5-1301(14)).
 - The application did not demonstrate to the Department that TP Racing, LLLP met the requirement of a "Sports Facility" (A.R.S. § 5-1301(18)).
 - The application did not demonstrate to the Department that TP Racing, LLLP met the threshold application requirement pursuant to A.R.S. § 5-1304(A)(1) by demonstrating:
 - o Ownership of an Arizona Professional Sports
 Team or Franchise; or

- o Operation of a Sports Facility that hosts an annual tournament on the PGA Tour; or
- Promotion of a national association for stock car auto racing national touring race conducted in this state; or
- Designee status for one of the above listed categories.

Ex. F.

Administrative Review is Pending

- 47. On August 20, 2021, TP Racing timely appealed the denial of its license application pursuant to the Act. See A.R.S. §§ 5-1306(B), 41-1092.03(B). A true and correct copy of TP Racing's August 20, 2021, Notice of Appeal is attached hereto as **Exhibit G**.
- 48. That administrative appeal, which is to proceed under the Uniform Administrative Hearing Procedures, A.R.S. §§ 41-1092 through 41-1092.12, remains pending.
- 49. Under those Procedures and other state law, if the Department makes a final decision to deny TP Racing's license application, that final decision will be subject to judicial review. See A.R.S. §§ 5-1302(F), 41-1092.08(H), 12-901 through 12-914.
- 50. Although TP Racing's administrative appeal is not complete, TP Racing seeks immediate judicial review of the denial of TP Racing's license application, and related declaratory relief, because the time needed to exhaust the administrative process, together with the Department's rapid timeline for the rollout of event wagering activities, will cause irreparable

harm to TP Racing and will render the administrative process futile or useless for TP Racing.

51. Whether or not immediate judicial review is permitted, an injunction is necessary to maintain the status quo for event wagering while TP Racing's license appeal is pending, to avoid the irreparable harm to TP Racing caused by the Department's unlawful denial.

TP Racing Faces Irreparable Harm

- 52. TP Racing will suffer irreparable harm if the Department makes its final event wagering operator licensing allocation on August 27, 2021, and allows event wagering operators licensed by the Department to begin event wagering activities, including a blitz of marketing and advertising, rolling out their websites and mobile apps, signing up customers for betting accounts, and accepting wagers, while TP Racing's license appeal is pending.
- 53. TP Racing has requested in its Notice of Appeal an expedited administrative hearing and decision to avoid or mitigate its irreparable harm under A.R.S. § 41-1092.05(E). The request for expedited hearing and decision is still pending. Even if the administrative hearing and decision are expedited, however, TP Racing still will suffer irreparable harm as competitors gain a first-to-market advantage while TP Racing is forced to wait on the sidelines.
- 54. TP Racing will also suffer irreparable economic injury if it is not granted a license and permitted to begin marketing and advertising, rolling out their websites and mobile apps, signing up customers for betting accounts, and accepting wagers at the same time as other event wagering operators, because the State of Arizona has not waived its sovereign immunity from suits to recovery such economic losses.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Judicial Review of Agency Action A.R.S. § 12-904

- 55. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 56. The Department denied TP Racing's application for an event wagering operator license because, contrary to the Event Wagering Act, the Department erroneously determined the owner of a professional sports franchise is not qualified for such license under the Act.
- 57. Alternatively, the Department denied TP Racing's application for an event wagering operator license because, contrary to the Event Wagering Act, the Department erroneously determined TP Racing is not an owner of a professional sports franchise, and is therefore not qualified for such license under the Act.
- 58. The Department erroneously denied TP Racing's application for an event wagering operator license because, contrary to the Event Wagering Act, the Department determined that the horse racing conducted by TP Racing is not a "professional sport" as defined in Event Wagering Act.
- 59. The Department erroneously denied TP Racing's application for an event wagering operator license because, contrary to the Event Wagering Act, the Department erroneously determined an applicant must meet a "Sports Facility" requirement to qualify for licensure an as event wagering operator.
- 60. The Department denied TP Racing's application for an event wagering operator license because, contrary to the Event Wagering Act, the Department erroneously determined TP Racing's Turf Paradise facility is not a "Sports Facility" as defined in the Act.

- 61. To the extent the Department denied TP Racing's application for an event wagering operator license on grounds that TP Racing's application was incomplete or did not conform to the requirements of the Act or the form prescribed by the Department, such determination was erroneous.
- 62. The Department's decision is contrary to law, is not supported by substantial evidence, is arbitrary and capricious, and/or is an abuse of discretion.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Ultra Vires Licensing Division Violation of A.R.S. § 41-1030

- 63. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 64. The Department based its decision to deny TP Racing's application for an event wagering operator's license in whole or in part on a condition or requirement that is not specifically authorized by statute or rule.
- 65. The unauthorized conditions or requirements on which the Department based its license decision include the requirement that applicants meet a limited definition of "Professional Sport" that excludes horseracing; the requirement that applicants demonstrate ownership of an Arizona professional sports team, excluding applicants who demonstrate ownership of an Arizona professional sports franchise; and the vague and ambiguous "requirement of a 'Sports Facility" (Aug. 17 letter, Ex. F).
- 66. The Department's decision, therefore, violates A.R.S. § 41-1030(B).
- 67. For the same reasons, the Department's decision violates Turf Paradise's rights under the Arizona Regulatory Bill of Rights, A.R.S. § 41-1001.01(A)(7).

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68. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of its attorneys' fees pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1030E.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Declaratory Relief

- 69. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 70. TP Racing's rights, status or other legal relations are affected by the Event Wagering Act and the Department's construction of the Act and its decision thereunder.
- 71. TP Racing, therefore, seeks a judicial declaration pursuant to A.R.S. § 12-1832, determining questions of construction arising under the Event Wagering Act and declaring the rights, status, or other legal relations of TP Racing thereunder.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Injunctive Relief

- 72. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 73. While TP Racing's appeal of the Department's action is pending, including any administrative appeal as well as judicial review of the Department's final decision, the Department is committed to allowing newly licensed event wagering operators to begin marketing to the public, offering event wagering apps for download, and signing up customers for wagering accounts on Saturday, August 28, 2021, and to begin taking event wagers from the public on Thursday, September 9, 2021.

74. TP Racing will suffer irreparable injury if the Department's timeline for rolling out event wagering activities proceeds as scheduled and TP Racing later succeeds in its license appeal.

75. The Department will not suffer significant hardship from delaying the commencement of event wagering activities until the conclusion of TP Racing's license appeal.

76. There is a strong public interest in ensuring that all applicants for an event wagering license who are qualified under the statute enacted by the legislature and valid regulations consistent with the Act are allowed to compete with one another on equal footing and are not unjustly disadvantaged by an erroneous and unlawful licensure decision.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests the following relief:

- A. A temporary restraining order and/or preliminary injunction restraining and enjoining the defendants, until TP Racing's license appeal, including any administrative appeal and judicial review, is finally concluded, from (a) allocating all event wagering operator licenses and (b) authorizing newly licensed event wagering operators to engage in event wagering activities, including marketing, making apps available to the public, signing up customers for wagering accounts, and accepting wagers;
- B. A judgment reversing the Department's decision to deny TP Racing's event wagering operator license application, and declaring that under the Event Wagering Act, an owner of an Arizona professional sports franchise is eligible to apply for and receive an event wagering operator license, that TP Racing is an owner of an Arizona professional sports franchise eligible to apply for and receive an event wagering operator license,

and remanding to the Department with instructions to deem TP Racing qualified for licensure;

- C. For the violation of A.R.S. § 41-1030E, an award of attorney fees, damages, and all fees associated with the license application, and
 - D. Such other relief as justice requires.

| Dated: | August | 26 2021 | Respectfully | submitted |
|--------|--------|---------|--------------|-----------|
| | | | | |

Craig I. Keller Gust Rosenfeld, PLC

VERIFICATION

- I, Jerry Simms, declare as follows:
- 1. I am the majority owner of T.P. Racing, L.L.P., plaintiff in this matter.
- 2. I have read the foregoing complaint, know the contents thereof, and it is true of my own knowledge, except the matters stated therein on information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe the complaint to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on August 25, 2021.

Jerry Timple