



WAIKATO-TAINUI ANNUAL REPORT 2014

HE MAIMAI AROHA

E ruhi maa, e koro maa, E tai maa, e hine maa.

Koutou kua tere i runga i te au o aituaa, Koutou kua pari i runga i te ia o ake ake, Ka tangi mapu kau, Ka tangi iere kau.

> Kei ngaa pou o ngaa marae, Kei ngaa amo o te kaupapa.

Naa koutou te kaupapa i ora ai, Naa koutou te iwi i puea ai, Naa koutou ngaa tikanga i tuu ai, Naa koutou ngaa marae i kotahi ai.

Waiho mai ki muri nei ngaa whakatupuranga e haapai i aa koutou kaupapa kia tutuki noa.



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KIINGI TUHEITIA FOREWORD FROM KING TUHEITIA



IT GIVES ME PARTICULAR PLEASURE TO PROVIDE INTRODUCTORY COMMENTS TO THIS, THE FIRST WAIKATO-TAINUI ANNUAL REPORT THAT INCLUDES ALL ENTITIES WITHIN THE WAIKATO-TAINUI GROUP. COMBINING COMMENTARY INTO ONE DOCUMENT IS A SIMPLE EXPRESSION OF A VERY POWERFUL BELIEF:

SUCCESS WILL COME THROUGH

UNITY OF PURPOSE

AND A SHARED **VISION**

The tribal vision for our people is: To grow, to prosper, to sustain. Delivering on this vision will ultimately depend on our willingness to work together as a tribe, and with others, to achieve our goals.

My vision for Waikato-Tainui and the motu is simple: Ko te mana motuhake. It flies on my flag and guides my actions. They are more than just words; they are my reason for being. We must not forget the motu, especially at this time, for 150 years ago we did unite to fight the battles we have just commemorated. The Kiingitanga was at war then and we stood side by side, together. We can be proud of that today.

MAKING PROGRESS

Looking back over the past twelve months, the results highlighted in the following pages can best be summed up by saying that we are making progress in a challenging environment — one that keeps throwing new pressures and priorities at us.

Maaori have consistently shown an ability to adapt, and adopt new technologies and new ways of doing things. Keys to that success were our adaptability and flexibility. We were also blessed with leaders who had vision and determination. What did not survive were the old institutions and structures that could not, or would not, adapt. In that sense while structures come and go, the Kiingitanga endures: It carries not only the memories of the old ways, but the faith of our tuupuna, the hopes and dreams of a people and a korowai under which to gather.

CALL FOR CHANGE

With this in mind, I initiated the Governance and Representation Review that is currently underway. My approach was to respond to the people's strong call for change, appoint people with the right skills and experience and then closely monitor progress. We must have structures that are fit for purpose. We must not fail in this task. Our team is working tirelessly on this and I want to thank them for their efforts to date.

In my office over the past year I have welcomed the steady hand and sage advice of Sir John Goulter, who chairs my Ururangi board. We have effected changes that equip management with the tools and resources to do their jobs well and provide the tribe, in their kaitiaki role, with confidence that my office too, is 'fit for purpose'.

NEW ENVIRONMENT

Within the Kiingitanga I have also effected changes. The establishment of Te Kaumaarua is an ancient institution adapted to a new environment. Again, the approach was to identify the challenge, appoint the best people and have faith in their abilities. The one significant difference this time is that I have drawn this group from the motu.

The changes made are already paying off. If the Crown previously seemed reluctant to acknowledge the power of the Kiingitanga to unite Maaori on a number of issues of national significance – rights in freshwater and funding of Kohanga Reo being good examples – then that is now no longer the case.

KAUPAPA KIINGITANGA

In closing, I would like to acknowledge the various management teams and their staff for your contributions to the results in these pages. I thank you for your contribution and look forward to even better results in the year ahead. We are not necessarily an easy people to work with and often the reality is that the more we do, the more is expected of us. I must also acknowledge too, the deep and unwavering support shown by Waikato-Tainui in their kaitiaki role for our kaupapa Kiingitanga.

As we respond to future challenges and work our way through the processes of change I will leave you with some words from my late mother:

"Waikato may have to change its structures several times and it is alright to do so as long as we eventually get it right. It would be very foolish to uphold a structure that is not working."

PAIMAARIRE



Ko Mookau ki runga Ko Taamaki ki raro Ko Mangatoatoa ki waenganui. Pare Hauraki, Pare Waikato Te Kaokaoroa-o-Paatetere.

Mookau is above
Taamaki is below
Mangatoatoa is between.
The boundaries of Hauraki, the boundaries of Waikato
To the place called 'the long armpit of Paatetere'.

We are defined by our land,

our river, our history and the Kiingitanga.

We are proud people,

each of us descended from the intrepid voyagers who crossed the ocean to land the Tainui waka on the shores of Kaawhia in the 13th century. Led by Hoturoa, these tupuna left Rangiatea to discover a new land rich in fertile soils and abundant wildlife, bordered by a plentiful supply of kaimoana.

We are our river, our river is us.

The Waikato River represents the mana and mauri of Waikato-Tainui and is a living entity, a mauri that is an inseparable part of our whakapapa and identity. The return of our tupuna awa in 2008 guaranteed its restoration and the protection of its health and wellbeing for future generations.

We are the Kiingitanga,

a responsibility undertaken more than 150 years ago on behalf of all iwi to uphold mana motuhake, empower all Maaori and promote unity amongst all people.

Today, Waikato-Tainui has a membership of just under 66,000 descendants. Our iwi is young with almost two-thirds of our members aged under 40 years. And we are mobile. While the majority of our members live within the tribal boundary, many are located throughout Aotearoa and across the world.

Te Whakakitenga

Our vision is inspired by Kiingi Taawhiao:

Maaku anoo e hanga toku nei whare Ko ngaa pou oo roto he mahoe, he patatee Ko te taahuuhuu he hiinau Me whakatupu ki te hua o te rengarenga

I shall build my house from the lesser known trees of the forest.

The support posts shall be maahoe and patete, and the ridge pole of hiinau.

Me whakapakari ki te hua o te kawariki.

My people will be nourished by the rengarenga and strengthened by the kawariki.

Te Ahunga

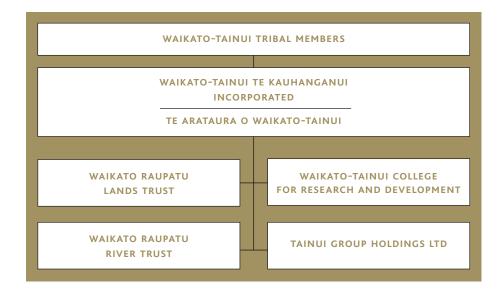
Our purpose is captured in the words of Princess Te Puea:

KIA TUPU, KIA HUA, KIA PUAWAI

TO GROW, TO PROSPER, TO SUSTAIN.

NGAA TIKANGA » VALUES
WHAKAITI » HUMILTY
MAHITAHI » COLLABORATION
KOTAHITANGA » UNITY
MANAAKITANGA » CARING
RANGIMARIE » PEACE AND CALM
AROHA » LOVE AND RESPECT
WHAKAPONO » TRUST AND FAITH

Our Structure



2014/₂₀₁₃ FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

net operating profit

Growth in income and controlled costs have contributed to the operating profit.

\$22.6m

17.7% 12.4% revenue growth

The acquisition of Hamilton Riverview Hotel has contributed to revenue growth.

equity 9.0% 15.7%

Return on equity has not been repeated at 2013 levels due to the \$70 million relativity settlement at that time.

bank 21.3% 20.2%

debt to total assets

Bank debt to total assets incorporates new entity investments.

\$70.9m 110.8m 110.8m

Excluding relatively settlements the growth in net profit is up 27% from 2013.

assets 6.7%

Relativity settlement received in 2013 has not been repeated at the same level in 2014, resulting in a reduced return on assets.

distributions **6.1m** 57.1m

equity \$783.7m

Net profit of \$70.9 million has been added to equity.

assets

^{\$925.1m}

The acquisition of Hamilton Riverview Hotel and investment in Waikato Milking Systems contributed to the growth in 2014.

YEAR IN REVIEW

JUNE /13

Hui aa Iwi, hosted by Kiingi Tuheitia, to commence a review of the tribe's governance and representation structure.



NOVEMBER /13

Inaugural cohort of students graduates with Masters of Business Administration at Waikato-Tainui College for Research and Development.



Karakia held to signal commencement of residential land development at Rotokauri, Hamilton.

JANUARY-FEBRUARY /14



OCTOBER /13

Waikato-Tainui Rangatahi Summit held at Turangawaewae Marae to foster leadership and rangatahi engagement in tribal affairs and activities.



Tainui Group Holdings purchases Hamilton City Council shareholding of 41.4% in Hamilton Riverview Hotel Ltd, increasing its overall shareholding

82.8%

DECEMBER /13

Masters in Maatauranga Maaori graduation. This degree is offered at Waikato-Tainui College for Research and Development in partnership with



MARCH /11

Tainui Group Holdings purchases a 33% shareholding in Waikato Milking Systems, in partnership with Ngāi Tahu Capital and Pioneer Capital.



STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES WHAKATUPURANGA 2050

The framework below outlines the strategic approach that we are taking to achieve the high level goals and aspirations of Whakatupuranga 2050. It also highlights a number of strategic initiatives to be accomplished over the next three years.

KIINGITANGA TI	RIBAL IDENTITY	TRIBAL SUCCES	S SOCIAL & ECONOMIC WELLBEING		
TE ARATAURA STRATEGIC PRIORITIES 2013-2016					
EMPOWERING OUR PEOPLE	STRENGTHENIN	G RELATIONSHIPS	TRIBAL PRIDE		
TE ARATAURA OUTCOMES — ONE TEAM, ONE DIRECTION					
HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	EDUCATION AND TRAINING		EMPLOYMENT		
Tribal members are healthy and active. The health and wellbeing of our Tuupuna Awa is restored.	Tribal members are well educated, qualified and prepared to engage at all levels of society.		Tribal members are benefitting from the development of targeted employment opportunities.		
CULTURE		TRANSFORMING OUR WHARE			
	Tribal reo, tikanga and heritage is preserved for future generations.		Governnance structures and constitutional arrangements support tribal development.		
STRATEGIC INITIATIVES FY2015-2017					
Governance and representation review completed.	Outstanding claims progressed in collaboration with Waikato-Tainui marae and hapuu.		Tribal housing initiative in place. Financial education and information workshops available to whaanau, hapuu and marae.		
Rangatahi and Taurahere strategy implemented. Annual rangatahi leadership camps initiated.	Hopuhopu redevelopment stage one completed.		Waikato-Tainui intergenerational investment strategy meeting Shareholder requirements.		
Sustainable employment and training opportunities made available to tribal members. Relationships with partners result in employment.	Mana Marae development framework operational. Marae insurance package in place. Marae resource and asset management survey completed.		Native Nursery and Koi Carp initiatives fully operational. Lake Waikare restoration project completed. Tai Tumu, Tai Pari, Tai Ao Iwi Environmental Plan being implemented. Waikato River fisheries bylaws enacted.		
Waikato-Tainui Games, Tribal Pride Festival, Matariki, Rangatahi Summit, Waikato River Symposium, and Te Tira Hoe held. Events to mark the first 20 years since settlement of the Raupatu claim completed.	Education initiatives from early childhood, primary, secondary and tertiary level supported. Whaanau and school engagement plan activated. Waikato-Tainui Te Reo Maaori action plan underway.		'One team, one direction' culture and capability embedded across the Waikato-Tainui group. Results based accountability framework developed and used to report progress.		

I am committed to Kiingitanga, fluent in te reo Maaori, strong in my tikanga, healthy, well-educated and financially secure.

KIINGITANGA

Whaiaa ko te mana motuhake

The King Movement is the unifying korowai of Maaori. Kiingitanga was established in 1858 to unite all tribes under the leadership of Pootatau Te Wherowhero. Its primary goals were to cease the sale of land to Paakehaa, stop inter-tribal warfare, and provide a springboard for the preservation of Maaori culture in the face of Paakehaa colonisation. As it has done for the past 150 years, the role of Kiingitanga will still be the unifying thread of all Iwi, under the seventh monarch, Kiingi Tuheitia.

- To retain our historical role as Kaitiaki o te Kiingitanga
- To ensure Kiingitanga remains an eternal symbol of unity

TRIBAL SUCCESS

Ki te moemoeaa ahau ko ahau anakeki te moemoeaa taatou ka taea e taatou

Priorities in this context are focused on building capacity in all our endeavours at all levels. Coupled with research as a key priority to keep the tribe abreast of all local and global shifts and developments, generations hereafter will be well equipped to enjoy success in all sectors of society. There is recognition however, that success is short term without succession, so growing leaders through succession planning and mentoring programmes are key priorities.

- To succeed in all forms of education and training
- To be global leaders in research excellence
- · To grow leaders

TRIBAL IDENTITY & INTEGRITY

Ko Tainui te waka, ko Taupiri te maunga, ko Waikato te awa, ko Pootatau te tangata Waikato taniwharau, he piko he taniwha, he piko he tanwiwha

Our strategic direction charts a course of significant developments to protect our tribal identity and integrity.

The development of a core strategy designed to provide maximum support for our kaumaatua, the caretakers of our maatauranga, and experts of our reo and tikanga, is a key priority. Our whenua, rivers, lakes and other waterways are living embodiments of our tribal identity. The necessity to forge a partnership with the Crown is vital to the preservation and protection of 'te taiao', our environment.

- To preserve our tribal heritage, reo and tikanga
- To grow our tribal estate and manage our natural resources

TRIBAL SOCIAL & ECONOMIC WELLBEING

Kia niwha te ngaakau ki te whakauu, ki te atawhai i te iwi

Priorities in this context are focused on building capacity in all our endeavours at all levels. Coupled with research as a key priority to keep the tribe abreast of all local and global shifts and developments, generations hereafter will be well equipped to enjoy success in all sectors of society. There is recognition however, that success is short term without succession, so growing leaders through succession planning and mentoring programmes are key priorities.

- To develop self-sufficient marae
- To advance the social development of our people
- To develop and sustain our economic capacity

TRIBAL OVERVIEW TAA TE HEAMANA O TE KAUHANGANUI

WAIKATO-TAINUI TE KAUHANGANUI INC CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

Taku manu e, kia koorihi i te puuaotanga o te atatuu Ko Te Wao-nui-a-Taane kia oho i toou reo koopara He remu toroa, he rau huia ngaa whakaraakei o Tuuheitia He whakapuru toto, he pupuru i ngaa whenua Koowetewete mai, tiiorooro atu ko oo ngutu apakura Ki ngaa tootara haemata, ki ngaa parekawakawa ka nunumi ki Mirumiru-te-poo E tiu e manu ki te ao maarama, ka tau ai ki te karamatatanga o ngaa maunga koorero o ngaa iwi Ki konaa koe whakataretare atu ai ki ngaa tai o Te Ika-a-Maaui, Te Waipounamu e papaki mai nei He tai aroha, he tai mihi tangata ki te ao tuuroa Hoki mai e manu, ka tau ki runga o Waikato Kia mihia e taaua ngaa kauri whakaruruhou o te motu Kia kii ake au i konei, hui te poo, hui te ao Te tini o tangata hui, hui, huihuia!

As Chairman of our iwi authority, Te Kauhanganui, and on behalf of the members of Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Inc, I welcome you to our 2014 Annual Report.

Mana Taangata epitomises all that we do to support our people and is the theme for this year's Annual Report.

OUR PEOPLE

Our tribal membership continues to grow with just under 66,000 now registered, up approximately 2,000 on 2013. The majority of our people are New Zealand based with 60% living within the Tainui Waka rohe.

It's important that we acknowledge the contribution of our kaumaatua, and those before them. Their teaching, guidance and wisdom have sustained and continue to support Kiingitanga.

Following their footsteps is the generation that were able to fulfil the aspirations that our kaumaatua had for us.

Sixty one percent of our iwi are 40 years or younger. We are a relatively young iwi ready to embrace endless possibilities.

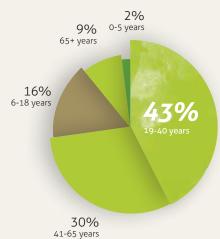
Together we are Waikato Tainui, and together we will have the answers that will unite and strengthen our iwi now and into the future.

EFFECTIVE GOVERNANCE

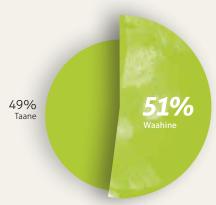
This has been a year of review, reflection and planning for change.

We are leading into the 20th year since the Heads of Agreement was signed in December 1994. It is almost 15

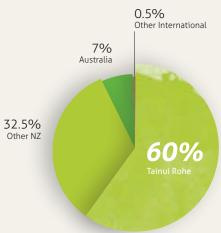




GENDER PIE GRAPH



LOCATIONS PIE GRAPH



years since the inaugural meeting of Te Kauhanganui in September 1999.

It has, therefore, been timely to review the governance structure of Te Kauhanganui – both what works and what doesn't. The Governance and Representation Review has the support of Te Kauhanganui.

The key to the review is not necessarily a structural change alone, but a clarification of roles and responsibilities and endorsement by our iwi via your marae based Te Kauhanganui representatives. The new structure will be an expression and articulation of the people's will and voice.

Te Kauhanganui has also approved the establishment of an Appointments Committee who will identify appropriately skilled individuals to represent Waikato-Tainui on different Boards, Committees and Forum.

We are preparing for the next phase: constantly evolving, becoming resilient, innovative and prepared for the challenges that come with new opportunities.

RELATIONSHIPS

The Tainui Waka Alliance, traditionally those iwi of Maniapoto, Hauraki, Raukawa and Waikato, were able to collaborate on the successful Tainui Exhibition at Te Papa and together marked its closing in March this year.

The Tainui Waka Alliance and the Iwi Leaders Forum are two of many opportunities to build relationships, promote our objectives, support pan iwi goals, and work collaboratively for collective benefit. We continue to take an active role in these influential leadership groups.

CLAIMS

Work continues with outstanding claims. Significantly this year saw the first payment under the Relativity Clause that the late Sir Robert Mahuta ingeniously negotiated 20 years ago as a legacy to the future generations.

We acknowledge those hapuu and marae within Te Kauhanganui who have reached settlement of their non-Raupatu Waitangi Claims and congratulate Ngaati Hauaa, Korokii Kahukura and Te Kawerau a Maki.

THE BUSINESS

A little closer to home we recognise the efforts of those entities which make up Waikato-Tainui. Among the many successes during the year, of particular note are:

- · the release of the Waikato-Tainui Environmental Plan,
- · the growth of our asset base to \$1 billion; and
- the graduation of our first cohort of graduates from the Waikato-Tainui College of Research and Development

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The level of commitment required to implement our ambitious strategic goals is not underestimated and I offer my sincere thanks to all those in governance, management and staff roles for their continued commitment and support. I pay special acknowledgement to my Deputy Chairman Te Whakahawea Rapana, Secretary Ani Capper, Te Arataura Chairman Rahui Papa, Tainui Group Holdings Chairman Sir Henry van der Heyden, Waikato-Tainui College of Research and Development Chairman John Heremia and Ururangi Limited Chairman Sir John Goulter, for their support.

Heoi anoo e te iwi. Ko teenei taku ripoata me te wawata, kia haere whakamua ai taatou i roto i te whakaaro kotahi.

Maxine Moana-Tuwhangai
Chairman, Waikato-Tainui Te

Kauhanganui Inc



TAA TE HEAMANA O TE ARATAURA O WAIKATO-TAINUI

Kia amo ake taku reo whakamoemiti ki te rangi hei pou okioki moo taatou Kia haupuu ngaa manaaki ki a Kiingi Tuheitia hei korowai moona Aue e te whiu o mate e kaikini nei, e ngau kino i ahau e E te iti, e te rahi, nei noa ake te mihi o te ngaakau Teenaa koutou, teenaa taatou katoa.

This has been a year characterised by progress, consultation, and opportunity.

In 2014 we have seen the continued performance of our commercial strategy, the growth of our asset value to achieve a new national milestone for tribal entities, the advancement of social, economic and capacity-building programmes that benefit tribal members, and the ongoing development of future-focused strategies aimed at driving ever stronger returns.

We continue to implement a targeted strategy to grow a prosperous, healthy, vibrant, innovative and culturally strong iwi.

HE PAE TATA KUA TATUU MILESTONE ACHIEVED

This year's standout achievement of having surpassed the \$1 billion mark in total asset value is a milestone of which we can be proud. It is the result of two decades of targeted asset growth and value creation, beginning in 1995 with a Treaty of Waitangi settlement of \$170 million. We have had our share of challenges through the years however these we have overcome by remaining focused and committed to building a prosperous, high performing iwi entity.

Me mihi ka tika ki te hunga arahi i roto i ngaa tau. This milestone warrants that we acknowledge those leaders, governors, directors, managers and staff who have contributed in some way over the past 19 years.

TE AHUNGA O TE RAUTAKI PROGRESS AGAINST STRATEGY

Our strategic plan for the social, cultural, economic and environmental development of Waikato-Tainui is underpinned by the goals of Whakatupuranga 2050. Empowering our marae and people, fostering tribal pride, and strengthening relationships encompass the outcomes that we are seeking.

A strategic framework published in last year's Annual Report provided members with information about our long and immediate term goals and priorities. This included a set of strategic initiatives and it is pleasing to report that all targets have either been achieved or are close to completion. An updated strategic framework and initiatives for 2015 can be found within this report.

MAHIA KIA KOTAHI ONE TEAM ONE DIRECTION

The implementation of our internal strategy to foster a cohesive, integrated approach throughout our organisation has been a core focus. Aimed at maximising efficiency and effectiveness, One Team One Direction has provided focus for the team on strategic priorities and successful implementation. It is truly a whaanau approach to all of the challenges that we faced over the year. The results we have achieved are in large part an outcome of that united focus in a period which required we move out of the consolidation phase of 2013.

KO TE MONI HEI UTU MOO TE HARA FINANCIAL

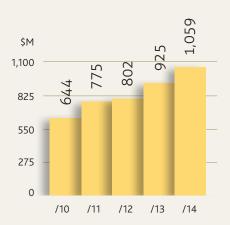
Our financial performance in 2014 has been strong with all areas of our business recording growth.

Consolidated revenue is up 18 percent to \$74 million, with operating profit up 27 percent to \$23 million. Consolidated net profit is \$71 million. This compares to \$111 million in 2013 however that result included the relativity payment of \$70 million. Total asset value is \$1.1 billion, up from \$925 million.

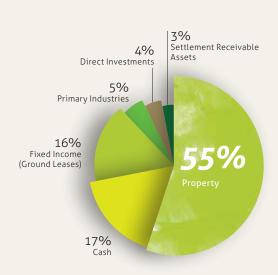
These results have been driven by a solid performance from Tainui Group Holdings which has recorded revenue of \$73 million to return a net profit of \$47 million, up 5% percent on 2013.



TOTAL ASSETS



ASSETS BY SECTOR



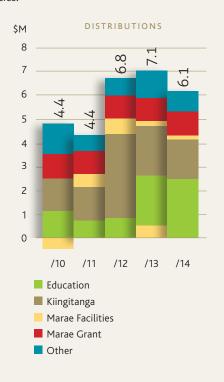
Our financial performance in 2014 has been strong with all areas of our business recording growth.

TUKUA KIA ORA, TUKUA KIA WHANAKE

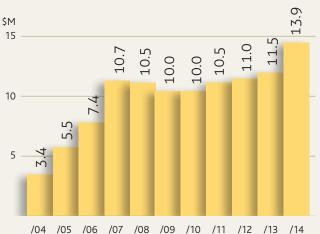
GRANT EXPENSE DISTRIBUTIONS

Our ability to return benefits to our people is dependent upon positive, sustainable performance. Since 2004 revenue growth has resulted in dividend returns totaling \$104.5 million. In those 11 years 53 percent of all dividends – the equivalent of \$55 million – has been distributed back to our people to support education, health, sports, marae, kaumaatua, poukai, cultural events and community programmes.

In 2014 \$2.5 million has been distributed for education, \$1.2 million for marae grants and facilities, \$1.7 million for Kiingitanga, and \$0.7 million towards a range of cultural activities.







KIINGITANGA

TE KOROWAI WHAKAARO

Our kaitiakitanga of the Kiingitanga is a proud and intrinsic aspect of who we are as Waikato-Tainui. We continue to hold forth the mana of Kiingitanga in recognition of the responsibility bestowed on us 156 years ago. The Kiingitanga instils our values as a people and as the tribal entity our ongoing and steadfast support to Kiingitanga is enduring.

KOORERO MAI, KOORERO ATU

CONSULTATION

Consultation with our people is a fundamental element of our decision-making process. This year has seen kanohi ki te kanohi consultation on important kaupapa, in particular the governance and representation structure review and options for tribal funds investment. We also hit the road speaking about Paimaarire and education. In addition, members have been updated on tribal development activities via hui, roadshows and poukai.

There has also been a marked increase in communications activity with our proactive use of social media, an increase in the number of editions of Te Hookioi coupled with the magazine's revamp, and the launch of our refreshed website.

Te Arataura is committed to maintaining lines of communication to ensure our decisions reflect the will of the people.

HE WHAKAKITENGA

LOOKING AHEAD

Among the priorities ahead are finalisation of the governance and representation review, diversification of our investment portfolio, settlement of our relativity dispute with the Crown, progress of outstanding claims, launch of a home ownership and savings scheme, extension of the education scholarships policy, and an array of social development initiatives. We will continue to support our people in a range of ways; we will continue to support our kaumaatua and rangatahi alike.

Within the next financial year we will also hold triennial elections for both Te Kauhanganui and Te Arataura. These elections are opportunities for tribal members to participate in governance and to have a say. This is democracy in action and I encourage you to get involved with your marae and to vote.

NGAA MIHI

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

A mark of our success is in the quality of our relationships, whether those are at the iwi, local and central government, business, or community levels. This year we have worked to strengthen existing relationships and to create new sustainable partnerships to ensure mutual benefits to both parties. Social development initiatives with Crown entities, internships with business, education programmes with tertiary providers, and environmental projects with funding agencies all contribute to achieving the goals we have for our people. I acknowledge and thank our partners.

I humbly acknowledge Kiingi Tuheitia and the loyalty and commitment of the members of Te Kauhanganui who continue to strive for tribal prosperity.

And finally, I acknowledge the contribution of my fellow executive committee members, directors of Tainui Group Holdings, trustees of the Waikato-Tainui College for Research and Development, the members of Te Ope Koiora, and all management and staff throughout the Group. Each of us is privileged to be directly involved in the development and success of Waikato-Tainui.

Takahia atu raa te ara ihirangi i para e ngaa tuupuna i te waa i a raatou. E tuu toou wae ki te huarahi oranga e horapaa nei i te aroaro o te lwi Waihotia mai ko te huarahi rauora ki ngaa whakatupuranga

Kaupapatia te kaupapa, haere ake nei, haere ake nei

Rahui Papa

Chairman, Te Arataura o Waikato-Tainui



TOO GOD TO PASS UP



「AANE NGAKETE Cadet. Aurecon

Taane Ngakete is keen to make his mark on the field of engineering and with our recent partnership with Aurecon New Zealand Limited we're helping him get there.

In 2013, Waikato-Tainui joined with Aurecon to support the career developmen of rangatahi in the construction and infrastructure sectors through a paid, two-year cadetship programme Taane, 18, is one of two rangatahi taking part.

"The opportunity to do a cadetship was an opportunity too good to pass up," says Taane, of Ngaati Hine and Ngaati Pou. "I'm interested in becoming a drafter or mechanical engineer and what I've been learning so far has been really beneficial."

Based in Hamilton, Taane has been learning about 2D and 3D blueprint drawing, an essential skill for budding drafters. "As a drafter your role is to come up with solutions and following or interpreting designs made by the engineer."

He says our cadetship has given him the opportunity to meet with people in the industry that he otherwise wouldn't have met. "I've been sent to Christchurch to meet and work with other drafters as I'm the only one in Hamilton and I also went to Wellington to take part in Aurecon's Emerging Professionals Programme."

Now halfway through his first year,
Taane's enthusiasm is still strong.
"I'm really enjoying it. You get a lot
of support and I'm learning heaps.
After my cadetship I can definitely
see myself continuing to work in
the engineering industry."

Bobby Mahara of Ngaati Te Wehi is our other cadet. He is based in Aurecon's Auckland office.

TAA TE TUMU WHAKARAE O WAIKATO-TAINUI

WAIKATO-TAINUI TE KAUHANGANUI INCORPORATED CEO'S REPORT

It is an honour to be working for an organisation with an empowering mission inspired by Te Puea Herangi of "Kia tupu, kia hua, kia puawai" – to grow, to prosper, to sustain. While simple, these words challenge us to deliver social, cultural, environmental and economic outcomes that will improve the wellbeing of our people.

Whakatupuranga 2050 remains the overarching strategic blueprint for our tribal organisation. It is the task and responsibility of management and staff to make it meaningful and real for the people whom we work for, and on behalf of.

Over the 2013-2014 year, we have continued to steadily build on the strategic framework that has taken a set of high level goals from Whakatupuranga 2050 to specific deliverables. Much of the work requires a dedicated focus on empowering our people to succeed, thought leadership and quality service. It also requires we have strong working relationships with both tribal and external stakeholders so that our drive to build capacity is supported at all levels. In these areas alone, positive progress continues to be made as highlighted in this year's Annual Report through the Chairs of Te Kauhanganui and Te Arataura overviews and through the entity reports.

While pleased with the achievement of a number of key milestones including the completion of our Iwi Environmental Management Plan – Tai Tumu, Tai Pari Tai Ao and the Pai Maarire resource, the successful Waikato-Tainui Rangatahi Summit and the Waikato-Tainui Games, the

events associated with Nga Pae
Maumahara, the critical work that
has been initiated to improve our
tribal structure and the development
of a tribal investment framework
going forward, I am particularly proud
of our commitment to better inform
and consult our tribal members on a
range of kaupapa.

The launch of our Facebook Page — Ko Waikato Te Awa, Ko Waikato Te Iwi, increased editions of Te Hookioi, our revamped website and face-to-face hui are testament to the approach Te Kauhanganui and Te Arataura expect of an engaged and attuned tribal organisation. This concerted effort will continue.

We are also an organisation that is fully committed to the tongikura by Kiingi Taawhiao "Ki te kotahi te kaakaho ka whati, ki te kaapuia, e kore e whati — when reeds stand alone, they are vulnerable, but bound together they are unbreakable". Our organisational mantra of 'One team, One direction' is a modern expression which in the simple words of one of my colleagues is about 'united we stand, divided we fall'.

On this note, my sincere appreciation goes to management and staff from the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust, Waikato Raupatu River Trust, Tainui Group Holdings and the Waikato-Tainui College for Research and Development for their unswerving dedication and commitment. Last but not least, we remain grateful for the ongoing support and guidance of Kiingi Tuheitia, Te Kauhanganui and Te Arataura.

Pai marire ki a koutou katoa.

E te Iwi
Kia hora te marino
Kia whakapapapounamu te moana
Kia tere te kaarohirohi i mua i too huarahi
May the calm be widespread
May the ocean glisten as greenstone
May the shimmer of light
Ever dance across your pathway



Parekawhia McLean Chief Executive Officer

WAIKATO RAUPATU LANDS TRUST

NURTURING THE POTENTIAL OF WAIKATO-TAINUI IS AT THE HEART OF WHAKATUPURANGA 2050 AND THIS POTENTIAL

IS THE DRIVING FORCE BEHIND ALL OUR EFFORTS.

THE WAIKATO RAUPATU LANDS TRUST IS COMMITTED TO BUILDING THE CAPACITY OF THE TRIBE THROUGH INITIATIVES THAT SUPPORT EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT, EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES, HEALTH AND WELLBEING, MARAE DEVELOPMENT, AND OVERALL TRIBAL IDENTITY AND CULTURAL INTEGRITY.

EDUCATION

Early Childhood

Waikato-Tainui is involved in a number of initiatives which support tamariki and their whaanau in early childhood education. In October 2013, Waikato-Tainui, alongside the Ministry of Education and Te Puni Kōkiri, launched Poukai Pēpi. The Poukai Pēpi programme promotes the value of early learning and encourages our parents to give their tamariki a strong start through quality early childhood education.

Waikato-Tainui has also started work on establishing a puna reo (early childhood centre) in Manurewa, Auckland. Manurewa has been identified as an area where a high proportion of our tamariki are not participating in early childhood education. Working closely with whaanau from Manurewa Marae, the puna reo aims to boost access to early childhood education for our tamariki and their whaanau.

Construction of the puna reo is expected to be completed in October and be fully operational by January 2015. The puna reo will be a modern, Maaori teaching facility for approximately 65 children aged up to five years.

Secondary

Waikato-Tainui, together with Te Puni Kōkiri, launched Steps to Success – a kit of interactive and practical education resources for rangatahi and their whaanau. The resource kit was developed with input from tribal members and complements the tribe's efforts in encouraging and supporting our whaanau to succeed in education and beyond.

Tertiary

The distribution of education grants and scholarships aim to boost the qualifications and skill levels of our iwi. In 2013, Waikato-Tainui redefined its education strategy to support the completion of qualifications and development of skills required to meet the needs of in-demand industries and sectors.



This focus resulted in more than \$0.9 million of tertiary education grants and scholarships being awarded, giving 688 tribal members a financial boost towards their tertiary studies. The majority of recipients are studying at undergraduate level while 116 are completing masters degrees or higher.

Priority was given to those studying in the areas of health and medical science, engineering, business management, early childhood education and environmental science.

Supporting educational achievement in maatauranga Maaori and Te Reo Maaori education is also a key area of focus for Waikato-Tainui so \$0.1 million was distributed to tribal members studying specifically in this area.

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING

Apprenticeships

Three placements were offered to Waikato-Tainui rangatahi to take part in the Electricity Supply Apprentice Programme, delivered by Mighty River Power and Contact Energy. The three year programme offers two specialisations, mechanical or electrical engineering, and is designed to prepare rangatahi for a successful career in the electricity supply industry as an electrician, fitter or operator.

Cadetships

Waikato-Tainui is committed to creating and fostering sustainable employment opportunities. This commitment has resulted in partnerships with engineering specialists, Aurecon New Zealand Limited, and world-leading seafood supplier, Sealord.

From these partnerships two cadet programmes aimed at rangatahi have been established. Both programmes fully equip and prepare them for a career in the relevant industry and upon successful completion of the programme also offer the opportunity of full-time employment.

Taster Courses

In association with ESITO (Electrical Supply Industry Training Organisation), Waikato-Tainui offers an annual five-day taster course for secondary school students. Held at Hopuhopu, the taster course provides rangatahi with the opportunity to find out about the wide range of exciting and varied careers involved in making, distributing and selling electricity to homes and businesses around the country.

HEALTH AND WELLBEING

Tamariki Ora

Waikato-Tainui is working with Child, Youth and Family to help reduce the number of tamariki in state care. Both organisations are developing a plan that will be based on finding local solutions for local tamariki and ensure the best possible care and protection is achieved.

Waikato-Tainui Games

Held every two years, the Waikato-Tainui Games is by far the tribe's largest and most popular event. This year's event attracted more than 13,000 competitors and spectators who turned out to support their marae and enhance the kaupapa of kotahitanga, whanaungatanga and Tainuitanga. Turangawaewae Marae was crowned the overall winner with Motakotako and Tokanganui-a-noho Marae being placed second equal.



Whaanau Ora – Te Ope Koiora o Waikato-Tainui

In its second year of Programme of Action – Te Ope Koiora o Waikato-Tainui has strengthened its support for whaanau through advocacy, preparing whaanau plans and linking services and opportunities. The whaanau centred delivery model continues to ensure there are immediate and responsive services and support. Te Ope Koiora continues to focus in identifying those areas where the whaanau need assistance and wherever possible use the skills and expertise within the provider network to address and overcome barriers and succeed.

LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT

Waikato-Tainui Rangatahi Summit

He piko, he rangatahi! He piko, he rangatira! acknowledges the talents and expertise of our rangatahi and was the overarching theme of the 2013 Waikato-Tainui Rangatahi Summit. Held over three days, the Summit was an opportunity for rangatahi to come together to engage, learn and share knowledge and experiences to strengthen their connection to the iwi.

Rangatahi Leadership Camps

Waikato-Tainui rangatahi were given the opportunity to take part in a pilot leadership programme aboard waka hourua, Haunui. More than 40 rangatahi took part in the programme designed to develop the capacity of Tainui leadership by teaching rangatahi about voyaging and the journey made by the Tainui Waka on its migration from Hawaiki to Aotearoa. Five of the rangatahi also spent seven days out at sea on board Haunui as it sailed from Auckland to Kaawhia.





Reo and Tikanga

Enhancing tribal member knowledge and understanding of Pai Maarie was the motivation behind the completion of a tribal resource kit. Produced for all Waikato raupatu marae, the kit informs tribal members about the history and intricacies of Pai Maarire to ensure its survival well into the future.

Pai Maarire Waananga

To encourage the dissemination of tribal knowledge a series of Pai Maarire Waananga have been held at various marae. The purpose of these waananga is to promote and inform our tribal members about the significance of Pai Maarire so its history is maintained for current and future generations.

MANA MARAE

Protecting the future of Waikato-Tainui is a key focus of Whakatupuranga 2050 and this focus is evident in what we offer.

Marae

Waikato-Tainui marae are the lifeblood of our iwi and so their care and maintenance is essential. In 2014, \$1 million was distributed to marae as part of their annual dividend which further supports marae development and sustainability. Waikato-Tainui also allocated \$0.2 million for marae facilities funds, a fund available to marae for development and improvement projects. Hopuhopu Site Maintenance team also provides support offering marquees and tents to marae for poukai.

Poukai

Poukai, which was established by Kiingi Tawhiao the second Maaori King, is a significant event for many Waikato-Tainui marae. To assist marae who hold poukai events and activities every year, a poukai grant is now being offered. The aim of the grant is to help relieve pressure some marae may face.

MANA MAAORI MOTUHAKE

Koroneihana

The Koroneihana is a call for people throughout the world to gather and discuss important local, national and international issues. It is an open invitation to join and to celebrate the unique and important customs and traditions of Kiingitanga and Maaori. In the past many world leaders have attended the Koroneihana such as Queen Elizabeth II and the late Nelson Mandela. Thousands of people gather at Turangawaewae Marae to take part in this cultural and sporting festival. The event allows Waikato-Tainui to display tribal unity and pride, and exercise the principles of manaakitanga (caring), mahitahi (collaboration) and aroha (love).



Turangawaewae Regatta

Celebrating its 119th year, the Turangawaewae Regatta is a key fixture on the tribal events calendar and we are proud to be regular supporters of the event. The Turangawaewae Regatta, which features traditional waka kopapa and a full ceremonial parade of waka taua, supports the preservation of tribal customs and traditions.



Ngaa Pae Maumahara

A series of events were held to commemorate 150 years since the Waikato Land Wars. The events, which began in July 2013, drew thousands of people and were held at various battle sites including Mangataawhiri, Rangiriri, Waiari, Rangiaowhia and Ooraakau. The Waikato Wars caused mass devastation and the raupatu of millions of acres of tribal land and these commemoration events served as a way to highlight our history and its relevance to all New Zealanders.

Pou Tuupuna and Koru Design

In December 2013 the 12.3km Ngaaruawahia section of the Waikato Expressway opened to the public. Waikato-Tainui and New Zealand Transport Authority collaborated on two design aspects of a newly constructed bridge - Te Rehu o Waikato. Input from Waikato-Tainui was led by master carver Inia Te Wiata. Four pou were carved and positioned on the corners of the bridge and refer to tuupuna from hapuu in the surrounding area. The concrete supporting arches under the bridge were cast with a unique koru pattern representing the migration of tuna, which long ago travelled across the land in this area of the Waikato River. It was considered appropriate to symbolise the tuna migration with a unique tuna koru design in a contemporary construction context.



The closing of the Tainui Waka Exhibition at Te Papa Museum

A ceremony to close the Tai timu, Tai pari, Tainui: Journey of a People exhibition at Te Papa was conducted on 2 March 2014 with Kiingi Tuheitia in attendance. The exhibition developed in conjunction with the five iwi of the Tainui Waka Alliance: Hauraki, Ngaati Maniapoto, Ngaati Raukawa, Te Kawerau-a-Maki and Waikato recounted the journey and people of the Tainui waka from East Polynesia to present day Aotearoa. Visitors to the museum young, old, locally and from around the world were able to hear the stories of Tainui people and see the ancient taonga (cultural treasures). Once the exhibition closed all taonga were returned and now reside with their respective iwi.

MANA KAUPAPA

Strengthening our bonds as a people and encouraging the growth of Waikato-Tainui is reinforced by Whakatupuranga 2050.

Governance and Representation Struture Review

Since the raupatu settlement in 1995 Waikato-Tainui has amassed an asset base that offers the potential for tribal members to achieve prosperity and success. Capitalising on that asset base requires a structure that enables greater leadership, stability, decision-making, communication and accountability. Research and consultation during the reporting period has identified two model options, which are expected to be put to tribal vote in the next financial year.

Hopuhopu Redevelopment

Over the next decade, Waikato-Tainui will be redeveloping facilities at Hopuhopu with the intent of establishing a multipurpose facility that serves the needs of the people. Hopuhopu is a significant site for Waikato-Tainui and work to create a 'tribal hub' is underway. Demolition and removal of buildings started in 2014 and repairs to the Te Kauhanganui Debating Chambers are expected to be completed by August 2014.



Communication

Waikato-Tainui has begun implementing its communications strategy which aims to boost engagement with tribal members. In the past year we launched our tribal Facebook page, Ko Waikato te awa, Ko Waikato te iwi, and also refreshed the organisation's website. To date, the tribal Facebook page has 3,695 'Likes'. Tribal magazine Te Hookioi has also undergone a transformation and now features Te Reo Taiohi o Waikato-Tainui — a section dedicated to all things rangatahi.

Strengthening our bonds as a people and encouraging the growth of Waikato-Tainui is reinforced by Whakatupuranga 2050.



TAMOKO ORMSBY

Beca Consultancy, Hamilton Internship

Tamoko Ormsby was in his first year of studies when he thought about building "some kind" of energy generating device for marae. That was four years ago and it was a dream he came close to realising recently when he was judged along with his classmates, on a project they completed as part of his Bachelor of Engineering course at the University of Auckland.

"We got to build miniature wind turbines which we then had to present to a panel. And you know what, we actually generated real energy. My group placed third overall. Making the real thing and seeing it work on an actual marae... well, that would be something."

Tamoko was one of 15 rangatahi who received a scholarship or internship last year through the Waikato Raupatu River Trust programme. Over the summer he was placed with Hamilton-based consultancy Beca so he could get an insight into his field of study in practice.

"I learnt so much from the guys at Beca and they inspired me to keep my dream alive and do as well as I can with my studies. I made some great networks and maybe one day they'll help me build the real thing."

2014 Waikato Raupatu River Trust schlorships and internships listed on page 28.

WAIKATO RAUPATU RIVER TRUST

WITH A STRONG
FOCUS ON THE TRIBE'S
MISSION STATEMENT
KIA TUPU, KIA HUA,
KIA PUAWAI, THIS AND
SUCCESSIVE YEARS IS
ABOUT DELIVERING
ON THE MECHANISMS
NEGOTIATED IN OUR
RIVER SETTLEMENT.

We've created an ambition founded upon the tribal philosophy he piko he taniwha which we have applied the meaning – at every bend our people. Through growing and supporting ground initiatives, our whaanau are empowered to care for 'their place'.

Over the last reporting period, we've achieved this through delivering Te Tira Hoe, the tribal nursery, business and funding workshops, Taupiri Maunga restoration, river bylaws, and certification of 18 environmental commissioners. In August we launched the tribe's Environmental Plan Tai Tumu Tai Pari Tai Ao — a river settlement provision that will support our people in their respective communities. We also completed initial phases to progress whitebait restoration, the Report Card — a river cultural health index, and river island restoration.

Through all of these priorities we've been able to provide employment and training opportunities. We acknowledge that without the support of our people, any progress would be short term.

We are heartened by the number of rangatahi now training in key areas that align with the mahi of the tribe. We will continue to promote and encourage pathways and opportunities that nurture and inspire our rangatahi into our roles.

A great quote this year was from Nanny Mere Davis who said, "we have to keep the rewena bug alive". If you associate this with succession planning, if we do it right then one rewena bug will produce limitless gifts for our people.



Taipu PakiActing General Manager

TE TIRA HOE O WAIKATO — HONOURING OUR ANCESTRAL RIVER

Hosted every two years, Te Tira Hoe is an opportunity for tribal members to journey on the Waikato River to learn history and participate in a range of hands-on experiences aimed at enhancing the relationship our people have with their ancestral awa.

In April last year, around 60 tribal members young and old, travelled the length of the Waikato River – 125kms by river and 300kms by road.

The journey commenced at the river's source Waikato Iti under the canopy of Mount Ruapehu, and concluded at Port Waikato where the river flows into the Tasman Sea.

The tira hoe included three marae stays with historical koorero at significant stops along the way. The roopu were hosted by:

- · Ngaati Rangi at Mount Ruapehu;
- Tuuwharetoa at Motuoapa Bay near Turangi;
- Ngaati Tahu Ngaati Whaoa overnight at Te Ohaaki Marae in Reporoa for Kai hakari at Orakei Koorako;
- Ngaati Korooki Kahukura at the Karaapiro Domain;
- Ngaa Whaanau o Turangawaewae Marae overnight in Ngaaruawaahia;
- · Ngaa Whaanau o Waahi Paa;
- Ngaa Whaanau o Rangiriri Paa and battle site;
- Ngaa Whaanau o Ngaa Tai E Rua Marae overnight in Tuakau;
- Ngaa Whaanau o Te Puuaha o Waikato at the Elbow at Aka Aka; and
- Ngaa Whaanau o Te Puuaha o Waikato at Maraetai Bay.



Te Tira Hoe is an opportunity for tribal members to journey on the Waikato River to learn history and participate in a range of hands-on experiences.



Seventeen-year-old **Te Amorangi** Flavell-Heremaia is in her final year at Waikato Diocesan School for Girls, and has been supporting her mum Donna to host tira hoe since she was 13. An avid waka ama enthusiast and regional representative, 'Amo' says Te Tira Hoe o Waikato is "a mean way to get our people onto the awa".

"Paddling is one of my favourite things to do. The tira hoe should be available to Waikato schools as a camp option. I think heaps of kids would like to do something like this and learn about why our awa is so important."



WAIKATO RIVER FISHERIES — NEW BYLAWS BY MAAORI, FIRST OF THEIR KIND

Fisheries in the lower Waikato River catchment are now comanaged by Waikato-Tainui and the Crown under regulations introduced in 2011.

As part of a new era of co-management, the groundbreaking approach includes six recently established bylaws that focus on sustainable fishing practices, support for native eel migration, and recognition of traditional management practices.

A collaborative effort between Waikato-Tainui, the commercial eel sector, and the wider community, the bylaws came into effect in early April and apply only to the Waikato-Tainui Fisheries Area. This area covers the Waikato River, its lakes and its tributaries from Port Waikato to Karaapiro, and part of the Waipaa River from its junction with the Waikato River at Ngaaruawaahia, to Puuniu Stream.

Appointed in 2012 as a Waikato-Tainui Fisheries Kaitiaki, Matthew Brown is one of 18 tribal members who can issue authorisations for customary food gathering purposes within the Waikato River Fisheries Area. He says if we want to see sustainable fisheries return to our waters, regulations and bylaws are necessary.

"The bylaws released this year place restrictions mostly on commercial fishers. It goes some way to help replenish numbers but I'd also like to see restrictions placed on recreational fishers particularly to protect our elvers and glass eels. This type of mahi is done for the benefit of everyone."

As river communities,
we need to take responsibility
and support efforts to sustain and
restore our fisheries, not look to the
tribe to do it all for us.

WAIKATO-TAINUI FISHERIES KAITIAKI

Clifford Moana, Horahora Marae Edward Kingi, Horahora Marae Taipu Paki, Kaitumutumu Marae Carlson Wirihana, Maungatautari Marae David Taka, Maungatautari Marae Matthew Timi Brown, Maurea Marae Te Ewe Herangi, Ngaa Tai E Rua Marae Sharon Thompson, Ooraeroa Marae Jack Te Aho Minhinick, Rereteewhioi Marae William Tipene, Taniwha Marae Wayne Harris, Tauhei Marae Tukukino George, Taupiri Marae Thomas Taua, Tauranganui Marae George Katipa, Te Awamaarahi Marae Paki Peters, Te Kotahitanga Marae Robert Clarke, Te Kotahitanga Marae Te Ariki John Pihama, Te Papaorotu Marae Charles Haggie, Turangawaewae Marae

TAI TUMU TAI PARI TAI AO — OUR PLAN, OUR ENVIRONMENT, OUR FUTURE

TALTUMU TALPARI TALAO

In 1863 the Crown confiscated over 1.2 million acres of

Waikato-Tainui land and resources spanning from Taamaki Makaurau, through the Waikato Valley to north of the Mokau River.

This confiscation resulted in the Waikato Land Wars and led to significant loss of life and property, crippling the welfare, economy, and development of Waikato-Tainui.

Launched at Koroneihana last year, *Tai Tumu Tai Pari Tai Ao* is the tribe's environmental planning document.

The vision of the plan is taken from a maimai aroha of the second Maaori King, Taawhiao, where he laments with a heavy heart his longing for and adoration of the natural resources of his homeland. An extract from the lament is included on the inside cover of this year's Annual Report.

The maimai aroha of Kiingi Taawhiao is the key driver and indicator of environmental health and wellbeing of the *Tai Tumu Tai Pari Tai Ao* plan.

2014 WAIKATO RAUPATU RIVER TRUST SCHOLARSHIP RECIPIENTS AND INTERNS

Waikato Raupatu River Trust scholarships and internships are intended to support participants in their chosen areas of study, or to give them an insight into study and development pathways, that lead to careers that contribute to the work of the tribe.

- Beca Consultancy, Hamilton Internship Tamoko Ormsby, Maungatapu, Turangawaewae, and Te Tokanganui-a-Noho Marae
- Beca Consultancy, Christchurch Internship Christine Morehu, Turangawaewae Marae
- Mighty River Power Internship Sjaak Verstappen, Turangawaewae Marae
- Ministry for Culture & Heritage Internship Rhea Waretini, Te Tokanganui a noho Marae
- Waikato DHB Population Health Internship Kendal Evitts, Poihaakena Marae
- Waikato Regional Council Internship Macky Horotini, Te Tihi o Moerangi Marae
- Waikato-Tainui College Research Internship Sada Charlie, Taupiri Marae
- WRRT Claims Team Internship Te Tuanui Paki, Kaitumutumu Marae
- WRRT Conservation & Strategy Internship Jaedyn Falwasser, Taniwha Marae
- WRRT Engineering Scholarship Janei Leota, Horahora Marae
- WRRT Environment Team Internship Te Puia Wirihana, Maungatautari Marae
- WRRT/Niwa Whitebait Restoration internship Rimutere Wharakura, Turangawaewae Marae
- WRRT Rangatahi Internship Hinerangi Mahara, Ookapu Marae
- WRRT Wetland Cultural Indicator Internship Yvonne Taura, Kai-a-te-Mata and Rukumoana Marae
- WRRT Wetland Research Scholarship Parani Hopa, Tauhei Marae

Waikato-Tainui aspires to the restoration of the environment to the state that Kiingi Taawhiao observed when he composed his 'maimai aroha.'

TRIBAL NURSERY — SUPPORTING WIDER TRIBAL INITIATIVES

For Nursery Manager Miriama Turner or 'Tilly' as she is affectionately known, the last six months have been a busy time for the facility which only commenced activities in April last year.

"This last reporting period was supposed to be an opportunity for us to set ourselves up. We weren't expected to be fully operational until year two. But, the stars aligned and we found ourselves fulfilling a whole host of unanticipated demands."

The closure of a native nursery in Miranda saw more than 80,000 plants transported to the Hopuhopu facility with the help of Tilly's whaanau, tribal staff and volunteers from marae and surrounding communities.

Whilst it was totally unexpected, Tilly says management has been given a real insight into just how valuable the nursery is to the tribe in terms of its capacity to support wider initiatives.

"Even before we received the plants from Miranda, we were already supplying plants to tribal projects including Matariki celebrations and restoration activities along the Waikato River. More recently we've been able to meet demands for marae-based programmes and Taupiri Maunga priorities. My real passion is providing a facility that encourages training and development opportunities for our rangatahi and also marae people who are keen to pursue a career in this industry – somewhat like an outdoor classroom. The kids love it here and with a bit more infrastructure in place, we'll be able to receive more participants and on a more frequent basis."

River Trust Business Analyst Ashleigh Turner says the priority is to make sure that the nursery is able to sustain its own operational costs so it can focus on supporting wider tribal initiatives rather than concern itself entirely with "spinning a profit so it can exist".

"The nursery concept came about as a result of the river settlement and it was intended to support river initiatives," said Ashleigh. "So we are working hard to make sure that we are taking opportunities that support the nursery to contribute to other projects. It has been a busy time and the potential is exciting. I congratulate Tilly, her husband Barm and their whaanau for what they have been able to achieve in just a short timeframe. It's been amazing to watch this operation progress from the concept phase."



TAUPIRI MAUNGA RESTORATION PROJECT — WORKS IN PROGRESS

Works to support the stabilisation of 'at risk' subsidence areas on Taupiri Maunga commenced over this reporting period including the erection of retaining walls east and west of the kuao, and near the main entrance of the urupaa. Other initiatives undertaken are grave digging waananga, rubbish clearance and planting projects to manage topsoil erosion in areas where ponding of water occurs, and also where burials are not appropriate.

Engineering and infrastructure experts, Beca, have undertaken three stages of geotechnical research to provide proposals to fully stabilise soils. The total cost is estimated at \$7 million and \$12 million.

In this reporting period hui also commenced with landowners of properties adjacent to the maunga, to consider proposals to extend urupaa boundaries as alternative areas for burial.

MORE WAIKATO-TAINUI ENVIRONMENTAL COMMISSIONERS

A further group of tribal members have become commissioners over this reporting period. Including new and recertified commissioners, the tribe now has 29 registered Environmental Commissioners.

Environmental Commissioners are suitably qualified to advise local authorities, applicants, and other resource users, and to sit on Local Authority Hearings Panels. In the past the necessity of having access to tangata whenua expertise compared to specialists of other disciplines, has not been considered a priority. This is the second year the tribe has resourced and supported the training of tribal members to ensure there is a team of qualified commissioners available to provide technical advice and make good decisions on environmental and resource management matters within the region.

Maree Pene, Hukanui Marae Lorraine Dixon, Kaitumutumu Marae Maxine Moana-Tuwhangai, Mookai Kainga Marae Tahi Rangiawha, Mootakotako Marae Makere Rika-Heke, Ngaa Hau E Whaa Marae Malibu (Michael) Hamilton, Ookapu Marae Angeline Greensill, Poihaakena Marae Linda Te Aho, Poohara Marae Tipene (Stephen) Wilson, Poohara Marae Ashleigh Turner, Puurekireki Marae Haupai Puke, Puurekireki Marae Lee Tane, Rakaunui Marae Marshall Tuhakaraina, Raungaiti Marae Hinemoa Dixon, Rukumoana Marae John Te Maru, Rukumoana Marae Jackie Colliar, Taniwha Marae Wayne Harris, Tauhei Marae Donald Turner, Taupiri Marae Erina Watene, Te Papaorotu Marae James Whetu, Te Papaorotu Marae Terina Rakena, Te Kaharoa Marae Michelle Ormsby, Tokanganui a Noho Marae Mamae Takerei, Tikirahi Marae Jodi Bell-Wymer, Turangawaewae Marae Marae Tukere, Turangawaewae Marae Marama Muru-Lanning, Turangawaewae Marae Nicholas Manukau, Waahi Paa Timothy Manukau, Waahi Paa Julian Williams, Waiti Marae

TO BE SUCCESSFUL WE SHOULD ALWAYS SEEK CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT

TRACEY HOOK

Group Accountant, Tainui Group Holdings.

Tracey Hook is the Group Accountant of TGH.

Like many Maaori women Tracey's preference has been to stand in the background and just get on with the job. "I have always felt whakamaa (shy) about showcasing myself or my achievements."

However, Tracey is one of just a few Maaori women who are fully qualified chartered accountants, with Maaori representing less than 2% of the membership at the New Zealand Institute of Chartered Accountants (NZICA) and Maaori women less than 1%. She has been an accountant for 16 years and worked for the tribe since 2002. She is a member of the Audit and Risk Committee for her iwi Ngaati Apa, and previously was an executive member of Ngaa Kaitatau Maaori o Aotearoa – the National Maori Accountants Network.

"During my career there have been many changes of direction, roles and responsibilities." She believes to be successful we should always seek continuous improvement of not only ourselves but also the work we do, "become part of the solution and not the problem." Her advice to young Maaori is: "Consider accounting as a profession. We do need more Maaori in our industry."

A career highlight has been overseeing the production of the Tainui Group Holdings annual report, which for the past three years has been a finalist for best

corporate annual report at the NZICA Awards.

"I am very proud that TGH had produced
an annual report that rated alongside the
country's best for the way we reported back
to our people and other key stakeholders."

Another highlight was being selected for the year-long Breakthrough Leaders programme run by the Global Women's network. The course is designed for women who are on the verge of breaking into senior management, executive or governance roles. "I have certainly become aware of my leadership capabilities and this course provides me with the confidence to develop further.

"I was raised in a very humble environment which has encouraged me to strive to succeed. These are values that I hope to emulate with my three children." Tracey also enjoys keeping fit, which maintains focus and energy levels.



The Kawenata framework will define the obligations and roles of both organisations and describe how they will work together and support each other.

TAINUI GROUP HOLDINGS



OVER THE PAST YEAR
TE ARATAURA AND TAINUI
GROUP HOLDINGS (TGH)
HAVE ENGAGED TO ACHIEVE
GREATER ALIGNMENT
BETWEEN THE VISION,
MISSION, VALUES AND
OBJECTIVES OF
WAIKATO-TAINUI AND
THOSE OF THE COMPANY.

This has seen joint strategy sessions and regular, scheduled attendance at each other's governance meetings.

In addition, a Group Investment

Committee has been established which had its inaugural meeting toward the end of the financial year.

The increased interaction has led to the signing of an overarching Kawenata (Covenant) between Te Arataura and TGH to fully embrace the 'One Team, One Direction' philosophy. It is a framework, defining the obligations and roles of both organisations and describing how they will work together and support each other. There are some shared obligations under the Kawenata

that relate
specifically to TGH, such
as provisions requiring the company
to help meet the wider social needs of
tribal members, provided the costs of
doing so are explicit.

The next step will be for Te Arataura and TGH to agree the content of a more specific 'Statement of Expectations.'
This will set out a joint approach to investment policies and objectives as well as matters deemed to be of tribal significance. It will be reviewed every five years, with the first review coming five years after the adoption of the Kawenata.

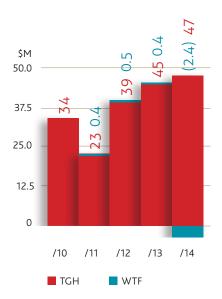
These steps are significant. The company has spent the last several years consolidating its commercial position, and the more recent engagement has enabled the Waikato-Tainui group, including TGH to reinvigorate relationships in a very open and transparent way. While work is still required to fully embed the new approach, there is a real determination to do so.

Mike Pohio – Chief Executive Officer

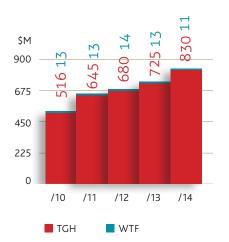
Sir Henry van der Heyden – Chairman

NET OPERATING PROFIT - TGH + WTF \$M 30 N 0 Ö. 20 20 23 Ö. 14 15 8 0 /10 /11 /12 /13 /14 ■ TGH WTF





TOTAL ASSETS - TGH + WTF



2014 FINANCIAL RESULTS

Tainui Group Holdings (TGH) and Waikato-Tainui Fisheries (WTF) made good financial progress over the past year.

The combined net operating profit for the two companies was \$27.0 million, a rise of 30%. This reflected strong growth in income, which increased 27% to \$79.7 million, due to good trading conditions at the Novotel Auckland Airport hotel and recognising additional income from TGH's investment in Hamilton Riverview Hotel (HRH), being the Novotel Tainui and Ibis Tainui, a result of the purchase of shares in this business from Hamilton City Council (HCC).

The net profit for TGH and WTF was \$44.3 million, down 2% from 2013. Net profit is a combination of net operating profit plus unrealised gains or losses, including asset revaluations. Unrealised gains in investment properties this year were not repeated at 2013 levels.

TGH and WTF paid a combined dividend of \$13.9 million this year, a 21% increase. This is a big step up from 2013 (\$11.5 million), and is designed to enable Te Arataura to facilitate tribal objectives for Waikato-Tainui.

The value of total assets at 31 March was \$841 million, up \$103 million from the same time last year. This reflects new assets purchased during the year and unrealised growth in investment property.

The return on shareholder funds was 8%, down from 9% in 2013. Investments made right on balance date diluted this return as did the purchase of HCC shares in HRH for which only five and a half months results have been reported.

Total bank debt (excluding the hotels and Waikato Milking Systems) sits at \$182 million, with approved but unused facilities of \$68 million. Total debt currently represents 27% of total assets. The company's policy is that debt cannot exceed more than 30%.

TAINUI GROUP HOLDINGS

AND WAIKATO-TAINUI FISHERIES
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

AT A GLANCE 2013 / 2014

Net operating profit

\$27.0m

Net profit

\$44.3m

Revenue growth

14%

15%

Total Assets

\$841m

Dividend

\$13.9m

Return on Shareholders Funds

9% 8%

Bank debt to total assets

27%

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

In 2014, TGH began to implement the diversified investment strategy it announced last year.

The strategy builds on and gives life to the 'grow, prosper and sustain' mission laid down in the Waikato-Tainui Strategic Plan, Whakatupuranga 2050, and is now encapsulated in the Kawenata. TGH must not only deliver higher dividends in the short term, but as an intergenerational investor it also needs to provide substantial, sustainable returns over the long run.

One key facet of the new strategy is to invest directly in medium to large private businesses that have strong growth potential and good management. A filtering process has been established to evaluate potential investments in suitable sectors and sub-sectors.

A number of potential targets were identified during the year. The first to come to fruition was Waikato Milking Systems (WMS), a specialist dairy systems and technology manufacturer. TGH purchased the company in March 2014 in partnership with Ngāi Tahu Capital and Pioneer Capital. The three institutional investors each hold a third of the equity with senior management holding a minority stake. TGH has a long-standing co-investment agreement with Ngāi Tahu, and the latter has significant dairy investments. With Pioneer, TGH is already an investor in their two funds along with others such as the Guardians of New Zealand Superannuation.

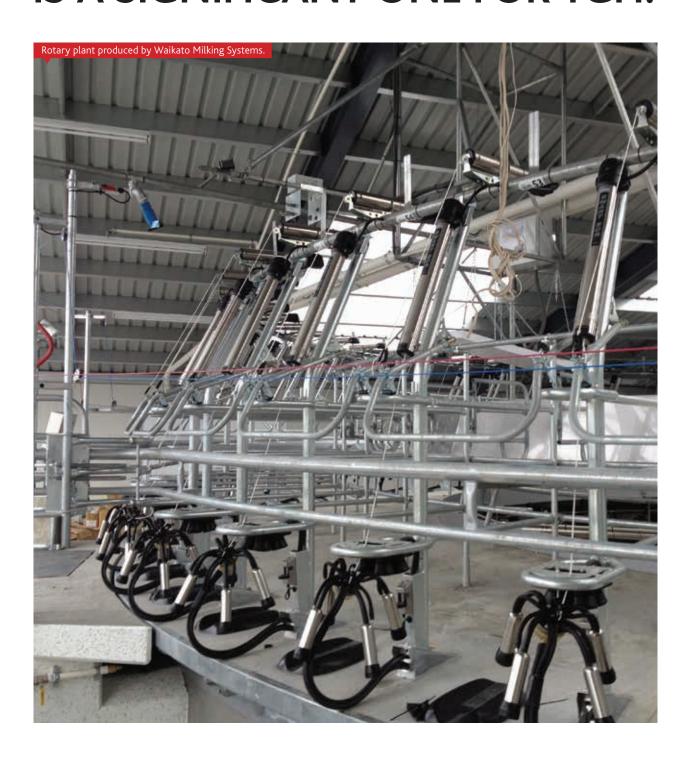
Based in Hamilton, with 120 staff, WMS has developed a range of innovative products, including composite rotary platforms and a range of sensing technologies, and it now exports to more than 30 countries.

The investment is a significant one for TGH. It has relevant primary sector expertise through its management of Waikato-Tainui farms and in the skills of its Board and management team. It also brings its experience in governance to complement the make-up of the WMS Board.

WMS HAS DEVELOPED A RANGE OF INNOVATIVE PRODUCTS...

THE INVESTMENT

IS A SIGNIFICANT ONE FOR TGH.



In April 2014, TGH purchased 5.4 million shares in Genesis Energy when the Government sold down 49% of its stake in the company. The holding satisfied TGH's requirement for liquidity, and in-depth analysis suggested it was a sound commercial investment. Waikato-Tainui has a long history with Genesis as several of the latter's assets are located within the rohe, or tribal area. TGH manages the ground lease on the Huntly power station and the old Meremere power station site.

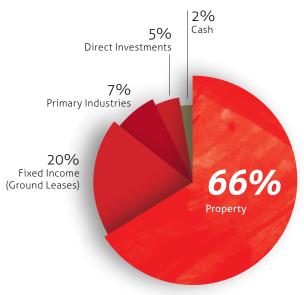


TGH has commenced a review of its existing assets to reflect its revolving strategy. Independent experts were brought in during the year to review the performance of the portfolio. Over the 10 years from 2003 to 2013, they found it had out-performed the NZX 50, the ASX 200, the New Zealand Property Index and the New Zealand Super Fund. However, they did identify the need to further improve returns, reduce concentration risk through diversification, to review the company's capital structure and to optimise its debt strategy.

The next steps, in 2015, will be to finalise a target portfolio, identify the actions needed to achieve it and determine timeframes. The new portfolio will include both active and passive participation in equities as well as fixed income holdings. TGH's \$150 million ground lease portfolio has already been reclassified in the fixed income category.

Consistent with its skill set and experience in the successful Huntington subdivision, a new residential development is underway in Rotokauri. The consenting and development phase has commenced, and 49 sections will come on stream in the new financial year.

TGH AND WTF - PORTFOLIO VALUE BY SECTOR



For the remainder of the property portfolio the company will allocate sufficient resources to ensure it performs to the required standards. What will change is that the level of additional spend in this segment will remain subdued in the near term.



RUAKURA

The proposed Ruakura development remains the single most important long-term project for TGH in terms of its ability to deliver intergenerational shareholder returns.

Good progress was made in 2013 on the Regional Policy Statement and Hamilton City's Proposed District Plan. However, there was still a significant amount of uncertainty around the timing of the district plan change, especially in the context of the 2019 completion of the Waikato Expressway.

TGH therefore made a decision to lodge an application with the Environmental Protection Agency, along with partners Chedworth Properties, for a Private Plan Change for the proposed Ruakura development. The decision was not taken lightly as the applicants must bear the costs of the process.

The Private Plan Change was accepted for review by the Agency after both it and HCC agreed that it was a project of national significance. The EPA referred the plan change to the Minister for the Environment who in September 2013 appointed a Board of Inquiry to hear the application. At the time of writing the hearing was set down for May 2014, with a decision by the Board expected in September 2014.

TGH and Chedworth Properties have made major investments of time and resources for the hearing, commissioning expert reports on all economic, environmental, social and cultural aspects of the project.

TGH is committed to seeing that the benefits of the Ruakura development are shared by the widest possible cross-section of the community. If the Board of Inquiry approves the plan, and resource consents can be readily obtained for the initial stages, Ruakura will be able to create up to 740 new, permanent jobs within the first five years. Longer term it is expected that Ruakura could provide between 6,000 and 12,000 jobs which would establish Ruakura as a significant employment area for Hamilton and the Waikato region. Importantly, about 75 percent of these jobs would be new to the area.

It is expected that Ruakura could provide between 6,000 and 12,000 jobs.



OTHER INVESTMENTS

The focus at The Base and Te AWA during the year was on consolidation of the retail centre's leading position in the wider Waikato region. Particular attention was paid to meeting target customer requirements, improving operational efficiencies and undertaking business continuity planning. Foot traffic and retail spend were higher than the national average. There were successive store openings in the homewares' precinct during the year, and 2015 will see the completion of this development.

In October 2013, TGH acquired HCC's 41% share in HRH, the owner of the Novotel Tainui and Ibis Tainui. As the economy has gradually improved, so has the performance of the hotels. The Novotel Auckland Airport has had a very good year. Accor's team has worked hard to secure additional business in the conferencing sector, and occupancy rates have continued to exceed expectations.

In regard to fishing, the new joint venture with Sealord to manage the tribe's deep-sea quota has seen improved returns, and the relationship with that company continues to strengthen.

TGH has also commenced a review of its agricultural strategy. The company will have a more direct involvement in this area from the 2015 financial year onwards.

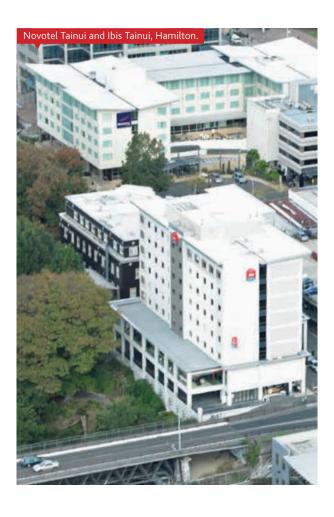
STAFF

To enable the diversication of its portfolio, TGH has recruited additional staff in the investment area. The company also continues to operate a graduate recruitment programme for Waikato-Tainui tertiary students. It has proven to be a very successful and mutually beneficial scheme.

The Board and senior management of the company would like to thank all staff for their contribution in 2014, and their commitment to and passion for the company's mission.

OUTLOOK

TGH expects trading conditions to remain stable in the coming financial year. The company's focus will remain very much on deepening its relationship with the tribe, accelerating its new investment strategy and progressing with the Ruakura Board of Inquiry.



A THREAD IN THE TAPESTRY OF WAIKATO-TAINUI

TAHI-O-HURAE TE AO MARAMA RANGIAWHA Taahuhu Maatauranga Maaori graduate

Haruru kau ana te Hau-a-uru
Ngaawha kau ana a Taane Maahuta
Waahi rua ana ngaa ngaru pukepuke a Tangaroa
Ko Tangaroa a mua
Ko Tangaroa a roto
Ko Tangaroa keokeo he tapuwae tapu
Tukua mai kia piri
Tukua mai kia tata
Tukua mai ki runga i te Kareti o Waikato-Tainui
Eke panuku
Eke Tangaroa
Hara mai te toki
Haumi e, hui e
Taiki e

Tahi-o-Hurae Te Ao Marama Rangiawha graduated with a Taahuhu Maatauranga Maaori (Master in Maatauranga Maaori) in 2013 and was pleased to complete his studies having learned more than he had expected to. Three areas of the masters degree stood out in particular.

"I enjoyed learning in the waananga-environment of the College – living and learning with my fellow masters cohort in the beautiful surrounds of the College, appreciating and sharing our different iwi perspectives and experiences of te ao Maaori - helped to enrich my studies."

He also found great value in Maatauranga Maaori as a tool for learning. "We didn't analyse Maatauranga Maaori, we learnt from it which I found refreshing." Tikanga is a key element in the learning — karakia, waerea, mihimihi are all performed before and after class.

"Growing up with the values of the Kiingitanga that were embedded in me by my father and his views of the many tongi of Taawhiao and Te Puea helped me to write up my master's thesis." Tahi states. He is eternally grateful for the teachings that he had and for the sense of belonging that he hold, feeling strongly that he is "but a thread in the tapestry of Waikato-Tainui".

"Whilst my masters was a significant part of my recent appointment to the Pou Tairangahau position (Strategic Iwi Relations and Partnerships Manager) for the Department of Conservation, I know that I have a lot more learning to do so that I can one day return to work for the tribe — mahi ngaa mahi hei painga moo te iwi."



WAIKATO-TAINUI COLLEGE FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

BEEN THE CONTROL OF A THE THINK IN THE THINK IN THE SIGN IN THE SI

THIS PAST YEAR HAS ALSO
BEEN A BUSY ONE FOR
THE COLLEGE, ENDING
WITH TWO GRADUATION
CELEBRATIONS, THE RELEASE
OF AN ONLINE RESOURCE ON
THE WAIKATO RIVER AND
THE DEVELOPMENT OF A

NEW ENVIRONMENTAL
LEADERSHIP PROGRAMME
FOR RANGATAHI IN
COLLABORATION WITH
THE WAIKATO RAUPATU
RIVER TRUST: TAI TUMU,
TAI PARI, TAI AO.

The past 12 months has seen significant progress for the College, most notably with the graduation of our first cohorts of students from the MBA programme (in partnership with the University of Waikato) and the Taahuhu Maatauranga Maaori programme (in partnership with Te Waananga o Raukawa) in November and December

last year. These two occasions were celebrated in front of distinguished guests, tribal members and importantly whaanau, who have played such a huge role in our graduates' success. These graduates now form part of the College's alumni and have already contributed back to the growth of the College – in supporting our new intake of MBA graduates to facilitating on our new environmental leadership programme.

The College was excited to launch the online Waikato River resource: Tooku Awa Koiora. The web-based resource was created in partnership with the Science Learning Hub and with support from the Waikato River Clean Up Trust, the University of Waikato and the Waikato Raupatu River Trust. This is a small but significant piece of work, ensuring alignment with the intent of the Sir Robert Mahuta Endowment Fund and contributing to the College's growing focus in undertaking work pertaining to the Waikato River.

This focus has been further enhanced in the new environmental leadership programme, Tai Tumu Tai Pari Tai Ao.

John Heremia – Chairperson

Dr. Sarah-Jane Tiakiwai – Academic Director

Working together with the Waikato Raupatu River Trust, the programme began in the first school holidays, drawing together primary and then secondary school students from across the rohe to engage them in the tribe's environmental plan as well as provide opportunities for them to consider further learning around environmental and resource management. A pilot programme this year, it is intended to build a cohort of young leaders who can take this important kaupapa forward into the future.

As we move forward into the next phase of the College's development, we are always mindful of and grateful for the support we receive from our Patron, Kiingi Tuheitia, our trustees Te Kauhanganui and Te Arataura and our relationships across the wider tribal organisation. We are constantly striving to achieve the aspirations outlined in Whakatupuranga 2050 and we remain humbled to serve.

A SPECIAL DAY OF CELEBRATION

Whaanau across the motu gathered together with the College and the University of Waikato to celebrate the graduation of the College's inaugural cohort of MBA graduates in November 2013.

In a special day witnessed by College Patron, Kiingi Tuheitia, 19 students who began the programme when it first started at the College in 2011 graduated with their MBA programme, three with distinction.

Graduation marked a milestone in the College's history, bringing it closer to the realisation of Sir Robert's original vision that the College would help develop our future cadre of Maaori leaders, and contribute to establishing a network of scholars not just for Waikato-Tainui but for the motu.

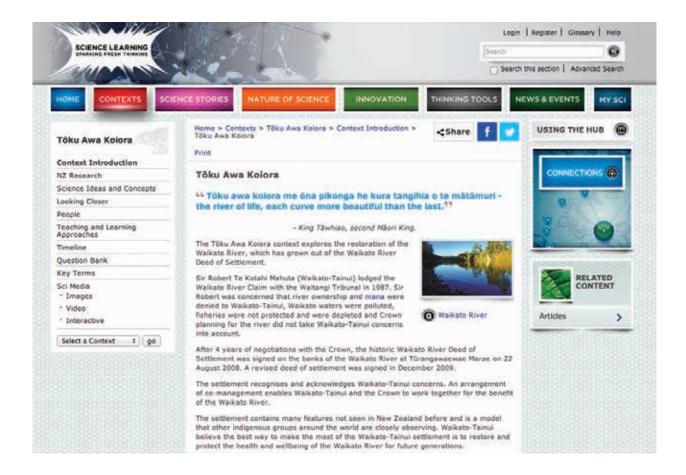
Special guest speaker, Professor Sir Mason Durie emphasised this point and acknowledged that our graduates were well prepared for their futures and encouraged them to consider the ways in which they might give back to their communities. The graduates chose two of their cohort – Brad Totorewa and Yvonne O'Brien – to speak on their behalf about their experiences through the programme.

Since finishing, the College has been fortunate to continue drawing on the cohort, providing support for the 2014 MBA intake as well as promotional and academic activities offered through the College. They have been great exemplars for Maaori educational success and the College has been privileged to have been a part of their journey.









DIGITAL RESOURCE DRAWS ON WAIKATO-TAINUI TRADITIONS, HISTORIES AND KNOWLEDGE

The College has created a digital resource which enhances school students' access to tribal knowledge.

The web-based resource (www.sciencelearn.org) was created in partnership with the University of Waikato, which manages the Science Learning Hub (and is funded by the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment).

The resource, titled Tooku Awa Koiora, reflects the tribe's connection to the Waikato River and its surrounding environments and features information about the history of raupatu and the Waikato-Tainui settlements, information on tikanga and kaitiakitanga as well as video interviews with tribal members and iwi scientists.

Intended to be a repository of Waikato-Tainui traditions, histories and practices pertaining to the Waikato River, the resource was created primarily to enable and further school students and their teachers' knowledge and understanding of the river through a multimedia platform. As it is available online, it is seen as a valuable resource for all tribal whaanau who would like access to information about the Waikato River, its history and the tribe's relationship and connection to the river.

The production of Tooku Awa Koiora would not have been possible without funding support from the Waikato River Authority and technical advice and support from the Waikato Raupatu River Trust.



COLLEGE DELIVERING PILOT TAI TUMU, TAI PARI, TAI AO LEADERSHIP PROGRAMME

A pilot leadership programme for primary and secondary school students during the 2014 school holidays has been developed and is being delivered by the College and the Waikato Raupatu River Trust.

Tai Tumu, Tai Pari, Tai Ao is the name of the Waikato-Tainui Environmental Plan which was launched by Kiingi Tuheitia to the iwi in August 2013. The vision of the plan is taken from a maimai aroha of the second Maaori King Taawhiao, where he laments with a heavy heart his longing for and adoration of the taonga and natural resources of his homeland.

The maimai aroha of Kiingi Taawhiao is the key driver and indicator of environmental health and wellbeing. Waikato-Tainui aspires to the restoration of the environment to the state that Kiingi Taawhiao observed when he composed his maimai aroha.

The College and the Waikato Raupatu River Trust have developed an environmental leadership programme for rangatahi (between 8 years – 18 years) drawing directly from Tai Tumu, Tai Pari, Tai Ao.

The programme aims to build awareness among our rangatahi of the importance of protecting and restoring the

environment and to stimulate their interest into learning more about resource and environmental management. The programme is designed to complement the science curriculum already offered in schools and aims to ensure students progress through the programme to build leadership skills to restore and protect their local environment. The programme will be delivered over two days (for primary school students between Year 5 to Year 8) and three days (for secondary school students between Year 9 to Year 13) during the April, July and October school holidays.

The aims of the programme are:

- To gain a basic understanding of the Waikato-Tainui Environmental Plan;
- · To gain a basic understanding of Waikato-Tainui history;
- To inspire students to pursue resource and environmental management as a pathway of learning; and
- To develop leadership potential amongst participants as champions of the Waikato-Tainui Environmental Plan.





ENDINE DIXON-HARRIS,

MBA GRADUATE

Endine made the decision to undertake the MBA programme to achieve a higher level of education for her personal and professional growth. She has worked fulltime within a social service organisation for the past six years and dealing with whaanau who have issues of low or poor education, employment, housing and health also provided the impetus for her to lead by example. Furthermore, the programme delivered at the Waikato-Tainui College of Research and Development also provided a historical connection because her first real job was at Hopuhopu in the early 1990s pre and post Treaty Settlement. "The College facility was also like a home away from home as I was able to seek guidance and support on a daily basis from the Late Sir Robert Mahuta, when challenges were tough. The ability to live on site during our weekends with our cohort enabled a sharing learning environment."

"On reflection, the MBA programme was very intense and at times a pressure cooker to ensure the endless assignments and presentations were completed in a timely manner which, like life, is relentless. However our cohort, lecturers and the College administration support was flawless and much appreciated."

"My advice to aspiring MBA students is that this tohu is worth every cent of personal and professional investment and it is up to you to make sure you go from an ordinary person to an extraordinary person. The MBA is what you make of it!"

Endine is currently working as a Senior Adviser at the Ministry of Education.







MAXINE MOANA-TUWHANGAI Chairman – Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Inc

Confirmed as Chairman of Te Kauhanganui in August 2013, Maxine is a Chartered Accountant, an accredited Environmental Commissioner and a recently confirmed Life Member of the Maori Women's Welfare League. She is a member of both the New Zealand Institute of Chartered Accountants and the Institute of Directors.



RAHUI PAPA Chairman – Te Arataura o Waikato-Tainui

Rahui was appointed Chairman of
Te Arataura in September 2013 and has
been a member of Te Kauhanganui since
its inception. He has a background in
education and is a former Director of
Tainui Group Holdings Limited. Rahui is
a Kiingitanga spokesperson, linguist and
historian.





SIR JOHN GOULTER KNZM, JP Chairman – Ururangi Limited

Packard House Ltd

Appointed Chairman of Ururangi in April 2013, Sir John was NZ Herald Business Leader of the Year (1999), Deloitte/
Management Executive of the Year (2002), NBR New Zealander of the Year (2003) and inducted as a laureate into the New Zealand Business Hall of Fame (2003). In 2003 he was appointed a Distinguished Companion of the New Zealand Order of Merit, then redesignated a Knight Companion of the New Zealand Order of Merit in 2009.



SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN Chairman – Tainui Group Holdings Limited

A founding Director of Fonterra Cooperative Group in September 2002, Sir Henry contributed to dairy industry governance for nearly 20 years both as Director and Chairman.

In 2009, he was honoured with a
Distinguished Companion of the New
Zealand Order of Merit for his extensive
services to agriculture.



JOHN HEREMIA Chairman – Waikato Endowed Colleges Trust

John is the Tumuaki of Te Wharekura o Raakaumangamanga, the largest kura kaupapa Maaori in New Zealand.

Chairman Ururangi Limited Tainui Group Holdings Limited Waikato-Tainui College for Research and Development Chairman Chairman **New Zealand Business** Auckland International Airport Ltd & Parliament Trust Chairman Manuka SA Ltd Northland Deepwater GP Ltd Pascaro Investments Limited Northland Port Corporation (NZ) Ltd Rabobank New Zealand Limited Northport Ltd Rabobank Australia Limited Opua Commercial Estate Ltd Foodstuffs North Island

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The day-to-day operations of Waikato-Tainui are guided by a team of senior managers who work to bring tribal aspirations to fruition.

POKAIA NEPIA Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust Kaumaatua MICHELLE NATHAN
Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust
Group Manager
- Tribal Development

TAIPU PAKI Waikato Raupatu River Trust Acting General Manager JULIAN WILLIAMS Waikato Raupatu River Trust Acting General Manager

PAREKAWHIA MCLEAN Waikato-Tainui

Te Kauhanganui Inc Chief Executive Officer RITIHIA HAMIORA-KAHU Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust

Manager – Governance and Executive Support RICK MURU Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust

Maintenance Manager
- Hopuhopu Site



SARAH-JANE TIAKIWAI Waikato-Tainui College for Research and Development Academic Director CHRIS JOBLIN
Tainui Group Holdings
Chief Financial Officer

NATHAN YORK Tainui Group Holdings General Manager Property

CRAIG STEPHEN
Tainui Group Holdings
Chief Investment Officer

TAMA POTAKA
Tainui Group Holdings
General Manager
Corporate Services

MIKE POHIO Tainui Group Holdings Chief Executive Officer



MEETING ATTENDANCE

	MEMBER	воа	RD	GROUP AUI	DIT & RISK	OUTSTANDING CLAIMS		HUMAN RESOURCE		DISTRIBUTIONS	
-		ATTENDED	POSSIBLE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
z	RAHUI PAPA	11	12	-	-	6	7	3	3	-	-
-TAI	TIPA MAHUTA	12	12	4	4	5	7	3	3	-	-
АТО	TOM ROA	9	12	-	-	7	7	2	3	-	-
\sim	HEMI RAU	12	12	-	-	7	7	2	3	12	12
W A L	KINGI PORIMA	10	12	-	-	-	-	4	6	-	-
0	RUKUMOANA SCHAAFHAUSEN	12	12	4	4	-	-	1	1	-	-
URA	SONNY WILSON	10	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	12
R A	MARAE TUKERE	11	12	-	-	-	-	6	6	12	12
R A	PAKI RAWIRI	8	12	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
E A	HOKI-MAI CHONG	7	8	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
۲	TUKOROIRANGI MORGAN	11	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	JOANNA PERRY (BOARD ADVISOR)	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-

MEMBER	BOARD		AUDIT		REMUNERATIO	NOITANIMON & NO	INVESTMENT		
	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE	
SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN	10	11	1	1	2	2	5	5	
MIKE ALLEN	8	11	1	1	2	2	5	5	
MATTHEW COCKRAM	10	11	1	1	2	2	5	5	
HEMI RAU	10	11	1	1	-	-	3	5	
PAKI RAWIRI	6	11	-	1	-	-	-	5	
JOANNA PERRY (BOARD ADVISOR)	10	11	1	1	-	-	4	5	
1	MIKE ALLEN MATTHEW COCKRAM HEMI RAU PAKI RAWIRI	SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN 10 MIKE ALLEN 8 MATTHEW COCKRAM 10 HEMI RAU 10 PAKI RAWIRI 6	SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN	SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN 10 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN 10 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN 10 11 1 1 2 MIKE ALLEN 8 11 1 1 2 MATTHEW COCKRAM 10 11 1 1 2 HEMI RAU 10 11 1 1 1 - PAKI RAWIRI 6 11 - 1 1 -	SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN 10 11 1 1 2 2 2 MIKE ALLEN 8 11 1 1 2 2 2 MATTHEW COCKRAM 10 11 1 1 2 2 4 MIKE ALLEN 10 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SIR HENRY VAN DER HEYDEN 10 11 1 1 2 2 5 5 MIKE ALLEN 8 11 1 1 2 2 5 5 MATTHEW COCKRAM 10 11 1 1 2 2 5 5 MIKE ALLEN 10 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

WAIKATO-TAINUI TE KAUHANGANUI INCORPORATED

AARUKA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JACKIE TUAUPIKI	0	5
MORRIS TUAUPIKI	2	5
ТОМ МОКЕ	1	5
AOTEAROA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JOHN NAMANA KOPA	2	5
KURAIARANGI KATENE KOPA	3	5
MOTUNAU JOHN KATENE KOPA	3	5
HIIONA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
DONNA LEE KATIPA	3	5
RODNEY WHANGA-KATIPA	3	5
VACANT	0	0
HORAHORA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
CHARLES TUMAI	5	5
DAVE TUMAI	2	2
KAREN MCRAE	5	5
TAIPU ERIC MOANA	1	1
HUKANUI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
KAHU SORENSON	2	5
NGAPARE HOPA	0	1
SONNY WILSON	4	5

KAHOTEA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
DANNY MOANA-WHARENUI	0	5
PETER KAA	5	5
PETULA TE AURIMA	5	5
KAI A TE MATA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
MICHAEL ROSS	4	5
TE AO MARAMA MAAKA	3	5
TE HERENGA WIRIHANA	2	5
KAITIMUTIMU MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
HORI AWA	4	5
NORMAN HILL	4	5
RORE PAKI	2	5
MAKAURAU MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
ANYA TAHERE	1	4
CHRISTOPHER WHAANGA	1	2
MARYANNE RAPATA TUWHA	0	1
MAKETUU MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
KIMBERLEY KING	0	1
MAEA MARSHALL	4	5
SHIRLEY TUTEAO	3	5
WILLIAM KERR	2	2

MANGATANGI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
GINA HOHAIA	1	1
JANET COOPER	3	5
TAMARA TAKA	4	4
WARAHI PAKI	5	5
MANGATOATOA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
HARRIET CHASE	5	5
KATHRYN MCCLINTOCK	4	5
GERALDINE MARAKU	4	5
MATAHURU MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
LEEANNE WAIRUAITI NIKAU	3	5
TAWERA NIKAU	4	5
TIAMANGU RAKENA	4	5
MAUNGATAUTARI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
KARLENA WIRIHANA	1	1
MARY KARA	5	5
TIM KARA	4	5
MAUREA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
BRAD TOTOREWA	3	5
MAJOR HEREWINI-TAHAPEEHI	5	5
RAYMOND KUMAR	4	5
MOOKAI KAINGA	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
CLINTON RICKARDS	4	5
GLEN TOOTILL	5	5
MAXINE MOANA-TUWHANGAI	5	5
MOOTAKOTAKO MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
CLAUDINE WAITERE	5	5
JACKIE RANGIAWHA	2	5
RANGIWEU ADAM	2	5
NGAA TAI E RUA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
MARANGAI TUPAEA	1	5
ROY THOMPSON	1	5
TE RANGIMARIE KUKUTAI NGAATIRA MARAE	3 ATTENDED	5 POSSIBLE
DAVE THOMPSON	1	1
JENNY HOOK	3	5
JOHN TAWHI-AMOPIU	0	2
RACHAEL O'CONNOR	5	5
NGA HAU E WHAA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
KIRI WAITAI WILSON	4	5
ROSEMARY WALKER	0	5
SONNY PARATA	3	5
OOKAPU MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JAMES MAHARA	5	5
MARGARET HUNAPO	5	5
PEARL COMERFORD	2	5
OOKAREA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
DAWN HOROMONA	5	5
ELSIE DAVIS	5	5
RICHARD RATU	0	5
OOMAERO MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
LAD KIHI	5	5
MAADI KING	0	5
MORRIS RUA	3	5
OORAEROA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
ROSALIE ELLIS	4	5
SALLY KOIA	5	5
TE WAHAPU PAORA RAPANA	3	5
OOWAIRAKA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
NYRA MARSHALL	4	5
RAEHA TAINGAHUE	3	5
REREMOANA TAINGAHUE	4	5

PAARAAWERA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
PUHI MAURIOHOOHO	4	5
RIPEKA SPRINGER	2	5
WARREN MCGRATH	4	5
POIHAKENA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
MARLEINA TE KANAWA	4	4
PAPAKURA KAA	3	4
RANGIMONEHU KEREOPA	0	1
VICKI MOKE-GHARBAL	4	5
POOHARA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
AROHA WOODS	1	1
NORMA TAUTE	4	5
RAHUI PAPA	5	5
PUKEREWA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
ERUERA WHARE	2	5
MARY THOMPSON	5	5
NGAPAKI WHARE	2	5
PUUKAKI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
DAVID WILSON	3	5
KAREN TAKAANINI WILSON	3	5
PARE RAUWHERO	0	5
PUUREKIREKI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
GEORGINA PAIKEA	4	5
RUA TANIWHA	2	5
THOMAS ROA	5	5
RAAKAUNUI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
FRED HERBERT	4	5
LEWIN TAKIARI	3	5
PAULA MCQUEEN	3	5
RAUNGAITI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
AMANDA EMERY	3	5
RANGITIONGA KAUKAU		5
RAYMOND TUHAKARAINA	3	1
RERETEEWHIOI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
HOKI-MAI CHONG		
NGAIRE SCHMIDT	3	5
RANGIMARIA EDWARDS	3	5
	4	5
RUKUMOANA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
AMIRIA WIKAIRA	2	5
JOHN TE MARU	5	5
RUAKUMOANA SCHAAFHAUSEN	4	5
TANIWHA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JACKIE COLLIAR	4	5
KURAMAIRANGI TOKA	5	5
SAMUEL TOKA	5	5
TAUHEI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
RATAUHINGA TURNER	5	5
RAEWYN HOPA	4	5
TE KARAHAU TE AMO	3	4
TAUPIRI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
CHRISTOPHER GEORGE	5	5
DONALD TURNER	4	5
JACINDA TE NGOU NGOU GEORGE	4	5
TAURANGANUI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
BRADEN TE AO	2	5
PATIENCE TE AO	2	5
WIREMU KIHI	5	5
TE AAKAU MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JULIANA MATENGA	5	5
QUINTIN HAPUKU	1	5
RUHE MATENGA	5	5

TE AWAMAARAHI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
ELAINE PRESTON	5	5
RAYMOND COOPER	1	2
PAKI RAWIRI	2	5
TE HOE O TAINUI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
MICK WILSON	5	5
VACANT	0	0
- 		
MICHAEL WILSON	4	5
TE ITI O HAUAA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
DAVID REWI RAPANA	1	5
DELANEY TERIAKI	0	5
LANCE RAPANA	2	5
TE KAHAROA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
ANDREW WANIHI	0	5
MAKARETA TURINUI	4	5
VACANT	0	0
TE KAURI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
BILL TAKEREI	4	5
LEON WHAREKURA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	3	5
PATARA BERRYMAN	3	5
TE KOORAHA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JUNE COOPER	0	5
ROY WILLISON	0	5
SANDRA GRANT	5	5
TE KOTAHITANGA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
DENIS HOLLAND	5	5
HEMI RAU	4	5
ROBERT CLARK	3	5
TE OHAAKI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JOYCE MAIPI		
·	3	5
TAITIMU MAIPI	3	5
TOKOROA WAIKATO	4	5
TE PAPA O ROTU MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
ERINA WATENE-RAWIRI	4	5
ROBERT HAMIORA	5	5
VACANT	0	0
TE PAPATAPU MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
DAVID HUTI WAITERE	3	5
VACANT		
	0	0
	-	0
VACANT	0	0
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE	O ATTENDED	O O POSSIBLE
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL	O ATTENDED 5	O O POSSIBLE
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL	O ATTENDED 5	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL	0 ATTENDED 5 1	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE	O ATTENDED 5	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL	0 ATTENDED 5 1	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED	O O POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3	O O POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 7
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 ATTENDED 0 ATTENDED	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0 ATTENDED 4 4	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 ATTENDED 4 4 3	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 ATTENDED 4 4 3 ATTENDED	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 ATTENDED 4 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 ATTENDED 4 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 ATTENDED 4 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 ATTENDED 4 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE MICHELLE ORMSBY	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0 ATTENDED 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5 5 5	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE MICHELLE ORMSBY TIKIRAHI MARAE	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0 ATTENDED 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5 5 ATTENDED	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE MICHELLE ORMSBY TIKIRAHI MARAE AROHA WARA	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0 ATTENDED 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5 5 ATTENDED 2	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 FOSSIBLE 5 FOSSIBLE 5 FOSSIBLE 5 FOSSIBLE 5 FOSSIBLE 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE MICHELLE ORMSBY TIKIRAHI MARAE AROHA WARA NELSON MINHINNICK	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0 ATTENDED 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5 5 ATTENDED 2 0	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE MICHELLE ORMSBY TIKIRAHI MARAE AROHA WARA NELSON MINHINNICK TIMI TAHAPEHI	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0 ATTENDED 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5 ATTENDED 2 ATTENDED 2 ATTENDED	0 0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE MICHELLE ORMSBY TIKIRAHI MARAE AROHA WARA NELSON MINHINNICK TIMI TAHAPEHI TURANGAWAEWAE MARAE ANI CAPPER	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0 ATTENDED 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5 ATTENDED 2 0 2 ATTENDED 5	0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE 5 POSSIBLE 5 5 FOSSIBLE FOS
VACANT TE POHO O TANIKENA MARAE ALLAN MARSHALL HUHAANA MARSHALL LIANNE MARSHALL-BOVILL TE PUEA MARAE ALBERT RIVERS TE KORE KAUMOANA VIOLETE RAKETE TE TIHI O MOERANGI MARAE MACKY HOROTINI MICKEY HOROTINI NGAWAITANGIRUA HOROTINI TE TOKANGANUI A NOHO MARAE EDWIN ORMSBY KORO WETERE MICHELLE ORMSBY TIKIRAHI MARAE AROHA WARA NELSON MINHINNICK TIMI TAHAPEHI TURANGAWAEWAE MARAE	0 ATTENDED 5 1 3 ATTENDED 3 1 0 ATTENDED 4 4 3 ATTENDED 1 5 ATTENDED 2 ATTENDED 2 ATTENDED	0 0 0 POSSIBLE 5 5 5 POSSIBLE

UMUPUIA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
CARMEN KIRKWOOD	1	5
LUCY STEEL	0	5
NORA KINGI	1	5
WAAHI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
TE WHAKAHAWEA RAPANA	5	5
TIPA MAHUTA	5	5
TUKAROTO MAHUTA	5	5
WAIKARE MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JACK DE THIERRY	0	5
ROBERT TUKIRI	5	5
VIVIENNE DE THIERRY-PINNY	5	5
WAIKERI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
JAMES MOKE	5	5
MERE RAIHA ROBERTS	2	3
TAHI ROBERTS	5	5
WAIMAKARIRI MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
CHARLIE RAUPITA	0	5
JENNIFER HETA	5	5
LINDA RAUPITA	4	5
WAINGARO MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
HONE TAHANA	5	5
JEFFREY GREEN	4	5
RANGIMARIE TAHANA	4	5
WAIPAPA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
HINGA WHIU	2	5
KINGI PORIMA	2	5
МЕТО НОРА	4	5
WAITII MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
ARLIN DEAN RANDELL	2	5
CORA NAHU	0	2
THOMAS THOMPSON	3	5
WERAROA MARAE	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
SALLY MARSHALL	4	5
TINA HAWKINS	2	5
WITUKOREHE MARSHALL	2	5
WHATAAPAKA	ATTENDED	POSSIBLE
TE AWAMARAHI KINGI	5	5
TED NGATAKI	5	5
VINNY KINGI	5	5

WAIKATO RAUPATU LANDS TRUST

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WAIKATO RAUPATU LANDS TRUST DIRECTORY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Date of establishment 10 November 1995

Trustee Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Incorporated

Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers

Private Bag 92162, Auckland 1142

Banks Bank of New Zealand

Westpac Banking Corporation

Postal address P O Box 648, Hamilton 3240

Telephone +64 7 858 0430

Facsimile +64 7 858 0431

Website www.waikatotainui.com

WAIKATO RAUPATU LANDS TRUST STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

		Consolidated			Parent			
Note	es	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	
Revenue	4	74,531		63,432	2,127		2,533	
Other income	4	3,627		558	11,500		11,000	
Total income	4	78,158		63,990	13,627		13,533	
Expenses	5	(48,996)		(37,319)	(7,279)		(6,665)	
Finance costs - bank loans		(13,594)		(13,628)	(40)		(52)	
Finance income - short term deposits		6,581		4,089	3,196		1,013	
Share of net profit of associates	6	474		316	-		-	
Net operating profit for the year		22,623		17,448	9,504		7,829	
Other gains – net	8	31,862		30,383	10,372		3,563	
Settlement		20,943		70,039	19,000		70,039	
Grant expense	9	(6,136)		(7,109)	(5,145)		(5,968)	
Net profit before tax		69,292		110,761	33,731		75,463	
Tax credit	7	1,582		-	1,924		-	
Net profit for the year		70,874		110,761	35,655		75,463	
Other comprehensive income for the year								
Gain/(loss) on revaluation of farm and other properties	0	3,070		(698)	-		-	
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		73,944		110,063	35,655		75,463	
Profit is attributable to:								
Equity holders of Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust		69,453		110,047				
Non-controlling interest		1,421		714				
		70,874		110,761				
Total comprehensive income for the year is attributable t	to:							
Equity holders of Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust		72,523		109,349				
Non-controlling interest		1,421		714				
		73,944		110,063				

WAIKATO RAUPATU LANDS TRUST STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

		Consolidated			Parent		
	Notes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
EQUITY							
Retained earnings	10	755,012		678,337	296,623	260,968	
Revaluation reserves	10	13,523		17,675	_	-	
		768,535		696,012	296,623	260,968	
Non-controlling interest		15,189		8,675	-	-	
Total equity		783,724		704,687	296,623	260,968	
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		172,099		156,858	83,146	76,512	
Trade and other receivables	11	12,684		7,591	768	466	
Inventories	12	13,769		3,949	9	8	
Biological assets - livestock	13	824		835	_	-	
Total current assets		199,376		169,233	83,923	76,986	
Non-current assets							
Other receivables	15	29,871		18,283	19,018	19	
Other financial assets	16	24,008		22,940	_	-	
Investments in associates	6	_		13,594	_	-	
Investments in subsidiaries		_		_	140,253	140,253	
Intangible assets	17	45,339		20,690	407	251	
Biological assets - trees	13	4,733		4,467	_	-	
Property, plant and equipment	18	140,187		90,361	8,428	8,614	
Investment properties	19	564,914		545,288	9,108	4,177	
Te Wherowhero title properties	20	50,083		40,262	50,083	40,262	
Total non-current assets		859,135		755,885	227,297	193,576	
Total assets		1,058,511		925,118	311,220	270,562	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Trade and other payables	21	40,850		19,715	8,314	3,589	
Interest bearing liabilities	23	124		30,342	_	6	
Advances - subsidiaries	14	-		-	6,283	5,993	
Other financial liabilities	24	1,355		162	_	-	
Total current liabilities		42,329		50,219	14,597	9,588	
Non-current liabilities							
Other payables	22	452		1,131	_	-	
Interest bearing liabilities	23	225,130		156,341	-	6	
Deferred tax liabilities	7	3,183		_	-	_	
Other financial liabilities	24	3,693		12,740	-	_	
Total non-current liabilities		232,458		170,212	-	6	
Total liabilities		274,787		220,431	14,597	9,594	
Total net assets		783,724		704,687	296,623	260,968	

Rahui Papa Chairman

Date: 20 June 2014

Tipa Mahuta Deputy Chairman

Date: 20 June 2014

WAIKATO RAUPATU LANDS TRUST STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

		Revaluation reserves	Retained earnings	 Total	Non-controlling al interest			Total Equity
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		\$'000		\$'000
CONSOLIDATION								
Balance as at 1 April 2012		18,373	568,290	586,663		8,921		595,584
Comprehensive income								
Net profit for the year		-	110,047	110,047		714		110,761
Other comprehensive income								
Loss on revaluation of farm and other properties	10	(698)	-	(698)		-		(698)
Total other comprehensive income		(698)	-	(698)		-		(698)
Total comprehensive income		(698)	110,047	109,349		714		110,063
Partnership return of capital		-	-	-		(960)		(960)
Balance as at 31 March 2013		17,675	678,337	696,012		8,675		704,687
Balance as at 1 April 2013		17,675	678,337	696,012		8,675		704,687
Comprehensive income								
Net profit for the year		-	69,453	69,453		1,421		70,874
Other comprehensive income								
Gain on revaluation of farm and other properties	10	3,070	-	3,070		-		3,070
Total other comprehensive income		3,070	-	3,070	Т	-		3,070
Total comprehensive income		3,070	69,453	72,523		1,421		73,944
Partnership return of capital		-	-	-		(821)		(821)
Acquisition of subsidiary	27	-	-	-		5,914		5,914
Transfer from associate to subsidiary		(7,222)	7,222	-		-		-
Balance as at 31 March 2014		13,523	755,012	768,535		15,189		783,724
PARENT								
Balance as at 1 April 2012		-	185,505	185,505		_		185,505
Comprehensive income								
Net profit for the year		-	75,463	75,463		_		75,463
Total comprehensive income		-	75,463	75,463		-		75,463
Balance as at 31 March 2013		-	260,968	260,968		-		260,968
Balance as at 1 April 2013		-	260,968	260,968		-		260,968
Comprehensive income							+	
Net profit for the year		-	35,655	35,655		-		35,655
Total comprehensive income		-	35,655	35,655		-		35,655
Balance as at 31 March 2014		-	296,623	296,623		-		296,623

WAIKATO RAUPATU LANDS TRUST STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

		Consolidated			Parent		
No	otes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Cash flows from operating activities							
Receipts from customers		75,235		61,806	3,750	2,909	
Proceeds from settlement		11,000		71,039	-	70,039	
Payments to suppliers and employees		(48,079)		(27,783)	(2,436)	(5,976)	
Payments to grant recipients		(5,806)		(7,335)	(4,815)	(6,194)	
Interest received		6,579		4,089	3,196	1,013	
Dividends received		240		646	11,500	11,000	
Interest paid		(13,594)		(13,628)	(40)	(52)	
Net cash generated from operating activities	25	25,575		88,834	11,155	72,739	
Cash flows from investing activities							
Payments for investments in unlisted companies		(3,917)		(2,372)	-	-	
Receipts for investments in unlisted companies		108		8	-	-	
Amounts (paid to)/received from related parties		(821)		(960)	(4,096)	(687)	
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(2,414)		(4,495)	(320)	(108)	
Net payment for investment in joint venture partnership		(13,059)		-	-	-	
Acquisition of subsidiary net cash acquired	27	2,293		-	-	-	
Payments for intangible assets		(278)		(268)	(99)	(157)	
Payments for investment properties		(10,769)		(16,785)	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of investment properties		2,984		2,755	-	-	
Net cash used in investing activities		(25,873)		(22,117)	(4515)	(952)	
Net cash used in investing activities							
Proceeds from borrowings		21,281		8,800	-	-	
Repayment of borrowings		(5,742)		(1,805)	(6)	(5)	
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		15,539		6,995	(6)	(5)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		15,241		73,712	6,634	71,782	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		156,858		83,146	76,512	4,730	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		172,099		156,858	83,146	76,512	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust ('Trust' or 'Parent') and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the 'Group') have the following principal activities in New Zealand:

- · grant distribution;
- · property investment;
- · property development;
- · agriculture;
- · hotels;
- · fishing; and
- · investments.

The Parent is a trust incorporated and domiciled in New Zealand.

These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Trustees (the 'Board') on 20 June 2014.

The Group's Trustees do not have the power to amend the financial statements once they have been issued.

Waikato Raupatu Land Settlement

On 22 May 1995, Waikato-Tainui signed the Deed of Settlement with the Crown's representatives for a full and final settlement of its Raupatu claim to be made to the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust. This agreement formed the basis for the Waikato Raupatu Claims Settlement Act 1995.

The settlement, being the redress value, is specified as \$170 million. The settlement was realised as follows:

- (a) Te Rapa Airforce Base transferred to Waikato-Tainui in 1993 as an advance on the Settlement (at agreed 1993 market value);
- (b) Crown reimbursement of negotiation and research costs incurred by Tainui Maaori Trust Board being amounts paid from 21 September 1992 totalling \$2.6 million;
- (c) Lands situated in the Waikato-Tainui claim area which were owned by the Crown and selected by Waikato-Tainui (the process is outlined in the Deed of Settlement) at values agreed between the parties using the valuation methodology stated in the Deed of Settlement; and
- (d) Any balance remaining was paid in cash to the Waikato Land Acquisition Trust which transferred the cash to the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust as and when required to fund the purchase of other lands.

The Lands referred to in (c) above were identified, transfer dates agreed upon and transfer values determined by both parties by 30 November 1996. These Lands were to be returned over a five year period from 22 May 1995. In addition, interest was paid by the Crown on the outstanding balance of the redress value.

As part of the Deed of Settlement, a relativity clause is provided, which allows for further settlement redress. The payment of further settlement from the Crown was triggered in the financial year ended 31 March 2013, once all Treaty settlements since 1994 exceeded \$1 billion. No settlement is payable after 2044. The next claim will be received in 2017 and the five yearly thereafter (see also notes 15 and 29).

Waikato Raupatu River Settlement

On 17 December 2009, a Deed of Settlement (the "Settlement") was made between the Crown and Waikato-Tainui to settle the claim by Waikato-Tainui for the Waikato River.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1.General Information (continued)

The Settlement, being the redress value, is specified as \$70m plus \$30m over a period of 28 years. The Settlement is to be realised as follows:

- (a) The Sir Robert Mahuta Endowment (\$20m) is to be applied to support the vision of Sir Robert Mahuta for the Waikato Endowed College at Hopuhopu as an educational centre providing leadership, innovation, research and scholarship in indigenous development and practices and support research management practices on improving the health and well-being of the Waikato River and Waikato-Tainui's tribal histories associated with the Waikato River;
- (b) The River Initiatives fund (\$50m) is to be applied for the purposes of cultural and environment development projects related to the Waikato River, enhancing the restoration and protection of the relationship of Waikato-Tainui with the Waikato River and protecting and enhancing sites of significance, fisheries, flora and fauna; and
- (c) Co-Management Fund shall be received for the purpose of assisting Waikato-Tainui engage in new co-management arrangements under the Settlement. The Co-Management funding of \$3m shall be received on settlement date with an annuity of \$1m per year for 27 years. In 2014, \$10m was advanced, reducing the annuity receipt from 27 years to 17 years (see also note 15).

Included in the Waikato Raupatu River Settlement, but excluded from these financial statements is the settlement funding for the Waikato River clean up. The Waikato River Clean Up Trust was established with the Waikato River Authority being the Trustee. The Waikato River Clean Up Trust's objective is the restoration and protection of the health and wellbeing of the Waikato River. \$21m was paid with an annuity payable to the Waikato River Authority of \$7m per year for 27 years.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP). They comply with the New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS), International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate for public benefit entities (PBE). A new Accounting Standards Framework (incorporating a Tier structure and a separate suite of accounting standards for PBEs) has been issued by the External Reporting Board (XRB).

Under the new Accounting Standards Framework, the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust and its subsidiaries (the Group) will have to transition to the new Not-for-Profit Public Benefit Entities (NFP PBE) Standards that will be based mainly on International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS). The effective date for the new NFP PBE Standards is for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2015. Therefore the Group will have to prepare its financial statements in accordance with the new NFP PBE Standards for the first time for the annual period ending 31 March 2016. The Group has not been able to determine the impact of this transition as the new NFP PBE Standards are currently being developed by the XRB. Due to the change in the Accounting Standards Framework for PBEs, all new NZ IFRS and amendments to existing NZ IFRS will not be applicable to PBEs as the XRB has effectively frozen the financial reporting requirements for PBEs until PBEs transition to the PBE Standards. Accordingly, no disclosure has been made about new or amended NZ IFRS that exclude PBEs from their scope.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements include separate financial statements for the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust as an individual entity and the consolidated Group consisting of the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust and its subsidiaries. The Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Incorporated is the ultimate controlling party of the Group.

Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of farm and other properties, investment properties, Te Wherowhero investment properties, biological assets, financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss which are carried at fair value.

2.2 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

(a) Accounting standards framework

The Minister of Commerce has approved a new Accounting Standards Framework developed by the XRB. The Group is in the process of working through the impact of this to the Group financial statements, along with a number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2014.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not effective for the financial year beginning 1 April 2013 and not early adopted

The following standard was published and is for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The Group has not early adopted this standard:

- NZ IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments': NZ IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (effective from 1 January 2017) replaces part of NZ IAS 39 and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost and fair value, with classification depending on an entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The Group is currently in the process of evaluating the potential effect of this standard on its financial assets. There will be no impact on the Group's accounting for financial liabilities, as the new requirements only affect the accounting for financial liabilities that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss and the Group does not have any such liabilities.
- Comparatives: Where necessary, certain comparative information has been reclassified in order to conform to changes in presentation in the current year

(c) New standards first applied in the period

The Group has adopted External Reporting Board Standard A1 Accounting Standards Framework (For-profit Entities Update) (XRB A1). XRB A1 outlines which suite of accounting standards public benefit entities must follow. The Group is required to report in accordance with NZ IFRS PBE. There is no impact on the current or prior year financial statements of transitioning to the new Accounting Standards Framework.

2.3 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with NZ IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The estimates and judgements are reviewed by management on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised. The following are the critical estimates and judgements management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant impact on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

(a) Fair value of assets and liabilities

The Group records certain assets and liabilities at fair value in the statement of financial position as follows:

Other receivables (note 15) are valued using discounted cash flow techniques to determine fair value.

Farm and other properties (note 18), investment properties (note 19) and Te Wherowhero title properties (note 20) have been valued by independent valuers as at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013 using a mixture of market evidence of transactional prices for similar properties, direct comparison, capitalisation and discounted cash flow approaches.

Biological assets (note 13) comprise livestock and forests. Both are valued by independent valuers using current market prices less point of sale costs (livestock) and expectation value method less point of sale costs (forests).

Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 16) include shares in unlisted companies held at fair value and call option agreements for property. The fair value of these shares and call option agreements, in the absence of quoted prices, has been determined using valuation techniques.

Interest rate swaps (note 24) are valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

The determination of fair value for each of the assets and liabilities above requires significant estimation and judgement which have a material impact on the statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Impairment testing

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives being goodwill and quota (note 17) are required to be tested for impairment at least annually. This requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the quota based on the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell. The determination of the recoverable amount of the quota requires significant estimation and judgement.

(c) Investments in joint ventures and associates

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's accounts and all other entities in which the Group has a controlling financial interest, except where the control over the operations is limited by significant participating interests held by another investor in such operations. Where the Group does not have control, either because of significant participating interests by other parties or the presence of only significant influence or where there is joint control over an entity, the entity is accounted for using the equity method for associates, or proportionate consolidation for joint ventures. Controlling financial interest in an entity is evaluated first by considering whether the entity is a special purpose entity (SPE), a joint venture or an associate under IFRS.

Judgements and uncertainties

There are a number of areas where significant judgement is exercised to establish whether an entity needs to be consolidated or reported under the equity method of accounting or proportionate consolidation. In order to establish whether an entity is a consolidated subsidiary, a joint venture or an associate, key areas of judgement include:

- Qualitative analysis of an entity including review of, among other factors, its capital structure, contractual terms, which interests create or absorb variability, related party relationships and design of the entity;
- · Rights of partners regarding significant business decisions, including disposals and acquisitions of assets;
- · Board and management representation;
- · Ability to make financing decisions; and
- Operating and capital budget approvals and contractual rights of other parties.

The exercise of judgement on these areas determines whether a particular entity is consolidated or accounted for under the equity method.

2.4 Principles of consolidation

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group uses the acquisition method of accounting to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost is adjusted to reflect changes in consideration arising from contingent consideration amendments. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the statement of comprehensive income.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(b) Transactions with non-controlling interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

(c) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally evidenced by holding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition (refer to note 6).

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, and the Group's share of post-acquisition revaluation in property, plant and equipment is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Dividends receivable from associates are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(d) Joint ventures

The Group's interests in jointly controlled entities are accounted for by proportionate consolidation. The Group combines its share of joint ventures' individual income and expenses, assets and liabilities on a line by line basis with similar items in the Group's financial statements.

The proportionate interests in income of a jointly controlled operation have been incorporated in the financial statements under the appropriate headings.

The Group recognises the portion of gains or losses on the sale of assets by the Group to the joint venture that is attributable to the other venturers. The Group does not recognise its share of the profits or losses in the joint venture that result from the Group's purchase of assets from the joint venture until it sells the assets to an independent party. However, a loss on the transaction is recognised immediately if the loss provides evidence of a reduction in the net realisable value of current assets, or an impairment loss.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Joint ventures' accounting policies have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

2.5 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the subsidiaries' operations are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, which is the Parent's functional currency and the Group's presentation currency.

2.6 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the sale of goods and services, net of Goods and Services Tax (GST), rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group. Revenue is recognised as follows:

(a) Hotel income

Revenue from hotels comprises amounts earned in respect to services, facilities and goods supplied. Any revenue not recognised, but received by the reporting date, is treated as deposits in advance and shown as a liability in the statement of financial position.

(b) Rental income

Rental income is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives which are offered to tenants as an inducement to enter into non-cancellable operating leases are recognised as current prepayment and non-current lease fitout contribution and are subsequently amortised over the term of the lease as a reduction of rental income.

(c) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when the Group has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods sold. For sections, recognition is on the sale contract becoming unconditional and the title passing. The recorded revenue is the gross amount of the sale.

(d) Quota lease income

Quota lease income is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(e) Dairy income

Dairy income is recognised when the Group has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods sold.

(f) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

(g) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(h) Emission Trading Scheme Allocation

Emission Trading Scheme allocation is the assistance provided by the Government in the form of transfers of resources to the Group in return for past or future compliance with certain conditions relating to operating activities of the Group. The Group was eligible for and has received units under the New Zealand Emission Trading Scheme as part of the fisheries allocation for quota owned. The fair value of units received is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on allocation by the Government to the Group.

2.7 Employee benefits

Liabilities are recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, and sick leave where it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities in respect of employee benefits expected to be settled within 12 months, are measured at their nominal values using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.

Liabilities in respect of employee benefits which are not expected to be settled within 12 months are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses based on a formula that takes into consideration the achievements of agreed key performance indicators, including the achievement of financial budget targets. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2.8 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Property interests held by a lessee under an operating lease are recognised as part of the carrying amount of the investment property with a corresponding liability at fair value through profit or loss being recorded.

2.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

The capitalisation rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs to be capitalised is the rate associated with project related borrowings or the weighted average interest rate applicable to the Group's outstanding borrowings during the year.

2.10 Relativity settlement

Initial receipts derived from the relativity settlement had been recognised on a cash-basis. Subsequent relativity income is recognised at the amount receivable under the relativity mechanism based on total treaty settlements as notified by the Government. These amounts are recognised on an accruals basis when the amounts receivable are able to be reliably measured, as this will be the lowest amount receivable from the Government to the Trust (see note 29).

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

2.12 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within expenses.

When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of comprehensive income.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2.13 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory is comprised of section costs and other direct costs using the weighted average cost basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.14 Biological assets - livestock and trees

Biological assets are measured at fair value less estimated point of sale costs. The fair value of livestock is determined based on market prices of livestock of similar age, breed and genetic merit. The fair value of trees is determined annually by independent valuers by calculating the crop expectation and future value discounted back to the present value, based on the rotation age of the crop and the current market prices of the logs. The valuation of Redwood trees is based on the current replacement cost method used for young trees.

2.15 Financial assets and liabilities

Recognition and measurement

A financial asset or liability is recognised if the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset or liability. A financial asset or liability is recognised initially at its fair value and in the case of a financial asset or liability measured at amortised cost includes transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value through the profit and loss are designated at initial recognition.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are non-derivative financial assets and liabilities which meet the following criteria:

- a) held within a business model whose objective is to hold an instrument in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the instrument gives rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A gain or loss on a financial asset and liability that is measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit and loss when the instrument is de-recognised, impaired or reclassified and through the amortisation process.

Trade and other receivables are classified as financial assets measured at amortised cost. Trade and other payables and debt instruments are classified as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value unless measured at amortised cost. At initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument within the scope of NZ IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' that is not held for trading. If the Group makes this election, it shall recognise in profit or loss dividends from that investment when the Group's right to receive payment of the dividend is established in accordance with NZ IAS 18 'Revenue'. The Group may also at initial recognition, designate an instrument as measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring the instruments or recognising gains and losses on them on different bases.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transaction pricing models refined to reflect the Group's specific circumstances.

A gain or loss on a financial asset or liability that is measured at fair value and is not part of a hedging relationship shall be recognised in profit and loss unless the financial asset is an investment in an equity instrument and the Group has made an

irrevocable election to present gains and losses on that investment in other comprehensive income.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are de-recognised if the Group's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Investment property liabilities are classified as financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are classified as either financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

2.16 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are valued at cost less impairment in the Parent.

2.17 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and represents the excess of the consideration transferred over the Group's interest in net fair value of the net identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree and the fair value of the non-controlling interest in the acquiree.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash generating units (CGUs), or groups of CGUs, which are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

(b) Computer software

Separately acquired computer software and licenses at a cost greater than \$10,000 are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific asset. These costs are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives of two years.

Costs under \$10,000 associated with maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense as incurred.

(c) Quota

Separately acquired fishing quota has an indefinite useful life and will generate economic benefits beyond one year. Fishing quota is tested annually for impairment and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment. The useful life is assessed annually to determine whether the indefinite useful life assessment continues to be supportable.

(d) Carbon credits

Intangible assets include carbon credits acquired by way of a Government grant and are initially recognised at fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, these intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

The carbon Group is able to either hold the New Zealand Units (NZU) within the carbon register or alternatively trade the NZU's in domestic and international carbon markets.

Carbon credits are not consumed in the production and are therefore not amortised. The NZU are not amortised but are tested for impairment on an annual basis or when indicators of impairment exist.

2.18 Property, plant and equipment

Farm and other properties are comprised of land, buildings and plant held on the farms as well as buildings occupied by the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust and Tainui Group Holdings Limited, a Group subsidiary, and are shown at fair value, based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Land, hotels, development properties, trust and other properties, vehicles, equipment, fixtures and fittings are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Trust and other perperties comprise of buildings located at Hopuhopu and reserve lands.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of farm and other properties are credited to the revaluation reserve in equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a revaluation decrease previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, the increase is first recognised in statements of comprehensive income. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

Development property and land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

 Computers 2-6 years · Farm buildings 50 years · Hotels (buildings) 50-100 years · Hotels (other assets) 3-33 years · Office equipment, furniture and fittings 1-17 years · Other buildings 100 years · Plant and equipment 1-14 years · Vehicles 2-11 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, it is Group policy to transfer the amounts included in revaluation reserves in respect of those assets to retained earnings.

2.19 Investment properties

Investment properties include properties held to earn rental income, and/or for capital appreciation as well as investment properties under construction. A property is also classified as an investment property if it does not have an operating lease in place, but is held with the intention of attaining an operating lease.

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open-market value determined annually by external valuers. Changes in fair value are recorded in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.20 Te Wherowhero properties

Te Wherowhero title is the mechanism set up to protect the title of lands in the tribal estate. The benefits and the land in Te Wherowhero title are for all Waikato-Tainui and the land cannot be succeeded to, sold, alienated, mortgaged or gifted without adherence to a process to obtain the mandate of the voting beneficiaries or their representatives and unanimous consent of the Custodial Trustees.

Custodians of Te Wherowhero title are the Head of the Kaahui Ariki and two successors who are yet to be elected.

As at 31 March 2014 (and 31 March 2013), the title is protected by the Custodial Trustee - Kiingi Tuheitia. Lands under this title are separately disclosed in note 20.

Te Wherowhero investment property is carried at fair value, representing open-market value determined by external valuers. Changes in fair value are recorded in the statements of comprehensive income.

Te Wherowhero property that is not investment land is not leased and is recorded at historical cost.

2.21 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life - for example goodwill or intangible assets not ready to use - are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised when the asset's carrying amount exceed its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Impairment losses are recognised first against the revaluation reserves in respect of the impaired asset, and second as an expense in the statements of comprehensive income.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at fair value, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered impairment, with the exception of fishing quota, are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.22 Trade and other payables

Trade payables and other accounts payable are recognised when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments resulting from the purchase of goods and services. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Non-current other payables are usually paid between one and two years. Trade and other accounts payable are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.23 Interest bearing liabilities

Interest bearing liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date.

2.24 Current and deferred income tax

The Inland Revenue Department approved the Trust as charitable for the purposes of the Income Tax Act 1994. Accordingly, no income tax is payable.

However some subsidiary and associate entities are taxable. In the instances where an entity is taxable, current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The Group is not liable for tax on profits or losses from joint ventures as all entities within the Group that are partners of a joint venture through a joint venture agreement have charitable tax status. See note 3 for details of entities that have charitable status.

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax in respect of property, plant and equipment has been assessed on the basis of the asset value being realised through sale.

2.25 Statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows are prepared exclusive of GST. For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Operating activities include all transactions and other events that are not investing or financing activities.

Investing activities are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of current and non-current investments and any other non-current assets.

Financing activities are those activities relating to changes in the equity and debt capital structure of the Trust and Group and those activities relating to the cost of servicing the Trust's and Group's equity capital.

2.26 Goods and services tax (GST)

The profit and loss component of the statement of comprehensive income has been prepared so that all components are stated exclusive of GST. All items in the statement of financial position are stated net of GST, with the exception of receivables and payables, which include GST invoiced.

3. CONSOLIDATION

	Charitable status	Operating division	Ownership and voting interest 2014 2013		Balance date
Boat Harbour Ventures Limited	No	Investment	_	100%	31-Mar
Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited	No	Investment	82%	_	31-Dec
Raukura Moana Seafoods Limited	Yes	Fisheries	100%	100%	31-Mar
Raukura Whare Limited	Yes	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
Ruakura Fee Simple Limited	No	Property	100%	100%	31-Mar
Ruakura Limited	No	Property	100%	100%	31-Mar
Tainui Auckland Airport Hotel LP	No	Investment	70%	70%	31-Mar
Tainui Auckland Airport Hotel GP Limited	No	Investment	70%	70%	31-Mar
Tainui Corporation Limited	Yes	Property	100%	100%	31-Mar
Tainui Development Limited	Yes	Property	100%	100%	31-Mar
Tainui Group Holdings Limited	Yes	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
TDL No. 1 Limited	Yes	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
TDL No. 2 Limited	Yes	Investment	100%	-	31-Mar
Te Rapa 2002 Limited	Yes	Property	-	100%	31-Mar
TGH No. 1 Limited	No	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
The Base Limited	Yes	Property	100%	100%	31-Mar
Waikato-Tainui Distributions Limited	No	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
Waikato-Tainui Fisheries Limited	No	Fisheries	100%	100%	31-Mar
Waikato-Tainui Koiora Collective LP	No	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
Waikato-Tainui Koiora Limited	No	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Incorporated	Yes	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
Waikato-Tainui Tribal Authority LP	No	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
Waikato Raupatu River Trust	No	Investment	100%	100%	31-Mar
Associates: Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited	Charitable status	Operating division	Ownership at 2014	nd voting interest 2013	Balance date
Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited	No	Investment	-	41%	3 I-Dec
	Charitable status	Operating division	Ownership ai 2014	nd voting interest 2013	Balance date
Unicorporated Joint Ventures:					
Callum Brae Tainui	No	Property	50%	50%	31-Mar
Raukura Moana Sealord Limited Partnership	No	Investment	50%	-	31-Mar
Rotokauri Development Limited	No	Property	70%	70%	31-Mar
TAG Forestry Joint Venture	No	Property	50%	50%	31-Mar
Waikato Milking Systems Limited Partnership	No	Investment	33%	-	31-Mar

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

3. Consolidation (continued)

The subsidiaries, interest in associates and joint ventures with reporting dates other than 31 March have been included based on their actual results and balances as at 31 March and not the results and balances at their respective reporting dates. Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited has a balance date of 31 December to align with its other shareholders operations.

The country of incorporation for all subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures is New Zealand.

Forty hectares of land at Rotokauri, Hamilton, was sold from Tainui Development Limited to Rotokauri Development Limited joint venture in 2013 for the purposes of residential sub-division. The sale transaction resulted in a gain on sale of \$7m of which \$2m or 30% was recognised in 2013, representing the external joint ventures partners proportion of the gain. The balance of \$5m of the gain on sale will be recognised in future financial years when the land is sub-divided and sold to external parties and will be based on the proportional share of the land (see notes 11 and 14). No such gains were recognised and no sales to external parties were made in 2014.

The Group's interest in the joint ventures had the following effect on the financial statements:

	Consolidated		
	2014	2013	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Statement of financial position			
Current assets	8,762	1,638	
Non-current assets	30,833	5,908	
Total assets	39,595	7,546	
Current liabilities	3,584	1,885	
Non-current liabilities	13,832	-	
Total liabilities	17,416	1,885	
Net assets	22,179	5,661	
Statement of comprehensive income			
Revenues	4,719	1,407	
Expenses	(4,189)	(1,111)	
Profit before income tax	530	296	

Acquisition of Waikato Milking Systems Limited Partnership

On 31 March 2014, Tainui Development Limited invested \$13.38m for a 33% equity share of WMS GP Limited. WMS GP Limited acquired 100% of the shares in Waikato Milking Systems Limited. The acquisition has been classified as a joint venture and has been proportionally consolidated. The following assets and liabilities were recognised at balance date based on the Groups proportional share. Acquisition costs of \$0.2m were incurred. Included in non-current assets is goodwill of \$24.4m (see note 17).

The following amounts have been recognised on a provisional basis subject to determination of the fair value of the assets and liabilities of WMS GP Limited:

Consolidated

	Consolidated		
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Statement of financial position			
Current assets	6,100	-	
Non-current assets	25,095	-	
Total assets	31,195	-	
Current liabilities	4,297	-	
Non-current liabilities	13,708	-	
Total liabilities	18,005	-	
Net assets	13,190	-	

4. TOTAL INCOME

4. TOTAL INCOME		Cons	olida	P	Parent		
	Notes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Revenue							
Rental income		35,483		33,845	5	5	
Amortisation of capitalised lease incentives		(297)		(167)	-	-	
Hotel income		27,946		19,237	-	-	
Sale of sections		1,392		3,781	-	-	
Quota leasing income		4,530		1,708	-	-	
Dairy income		1,408		840	-	-	
Other revenue		3,945		3,970	1,896	2,159	
Revenue from the rendering of services		124		218	226	369	
		74,531		63,432	2,127	2,533	
Other income							
Dividends from listed investments		32		-	-	-	
Dividends from unlisted investments		1		439	-	-	
Dividends from subsidiary		-		-	11,500	11,000	
Other operating gains - livestock	13	545		119	-	-	
Other gains	27	3,049		-	-	-	
		3,627		558	11,500	11,000	
Total income		78,158		63,990	13,627	13,533	

5. EXPENSES

Other fees paid to auditor Audit fees paid to other auditors Bad debt written off 162 72 20 4 20 20	
Other fees paid to auditor Audit fees paid to other auditors Bad debt written off 162 72 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 4 20 20	
Audit fees paid to other auditors 22 9 - Bad debt written off 32 85 - 2	34
Bad debt written off 32 85 - 2	4
	-
C 1 1 200 1000 742	2
Consultancy fees 4,700 1,989 742 302	02
Cost of sales 4,825 2,237 39 65	65
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment 4,025 3,727 404 856	56
Direct costs from hotel operation 10,194 6,968 -	-
Direct costs from rental income 3,279 2,917 -	-
Direct costs from investment properties (non-income generating) 51 180	-
Director and trustee fees 14 1,051 1,159 768 854	54
Doubtful debts and movement in provision 43 159 26 -	-
Employee benefits 15,107 11,978 2,468 1,997	97
Other operating lease expenses 132 119 37 33	33
Other expenses 5,258 5,603 2,738 2,518	18
48,996 37,319 7,279 6,665	65

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

5. Expenses (continued)

Other fees paid to the auditor consists of treasury and taxation services for the Group, and due diligence associated with acquisitions.

		Cons	olida	Parent			
	Notes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Depreciation							
Amortisation and impairment of intangibles	17	85		410	-	277	
Impairment reversal	17	(62)		-	(57)	-	
Depreciation and impairment of:							
Computer, office equipment, furniture and fittings	18	504		424	94	77	
Farm and other properties	18	174		107	-	-	
Hotel	18	2,900		2,241	-	-	
Motor vehicles	18	68		120	24	89	
Plant and equipment	18	44		82	40	79	
Trust and other properties	18	312		343	303	334	
Total depreciation		4,025		3,727	404	856	

6. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES Consolidated Parent 2014 2013 2014 2013 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 Shares in associates 13,594 Carrying value of associates Carrying value at beginning of year 13,594 13,485 Share of net profit of associates 474 316 Dividend received (207)(207)Transfer associate balance to subsidiary (13,861)Carrying value at end of year 13,594

On 16 October 2013, Tainui Development Limited purchased a further 41% shares in Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited, taking its total shareholding to 82% resulting in this company being reclassified from an associate to a subsidiary (see note 27).

The Group's share of the results of its principal associates, all of which are unlisted and its aggregated assets (including goodwill) and liabilities, are as follow:

	Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000	Revenues \$'000	Profit \$'000	Interest held %
2014					
Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited	-	-	8,488	1,178	-
2013					
Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited	43,908	11,056	14,342	760	41

7. INCOME TAX

(a) Income tax expense

()	Conso	olidated	Paren	t
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Profit subject to income tax	1,221	-	-	-
Income tax at 28%	342	-	-	-
Tax refund on bonus issue	(1,924)	-	(1,924)	-
Income tax credit	(1,582)	-	(1,924)	-

(b) Tax credits available for use in subsequent reporting periods

Maori authority tax credits	32	1,956	-	-
	32	1,956	-	-
Movements				
Balance at 1 April	1,956	221	-	-
Tax payments net of refunds	-	1,735	-	-
Bonus issue distribution	(1,924)	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March	32	1,956	-	-

The tax credit account represents the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust consolidated income tax group. The Maori authority tax credits were surrendered and cash was paid in 2014.

(c) Unrecognised deferred tax balances

Unused tax losses	2,043	2,076	-	-
Unrecognised deferred tax balances	2,043	2,076	-	-

The taxable members of the Group have sufficient losses to carry forward to met any potential income tax liability. The taxable losses are not recorded in the financial statements due to the lack of probability that the losses will be recovered.

(d) Deferred tax liabilities

The balance comprises temporary difference attributable to:

Property, plant and equipment	3,183	-	-	-
Net deferred tax liability	3,183	-	-	-

Deferred tax in respect of property, plant and equipment has been assessed on the basis of the asset value being realised through sale.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

8. OTHER GAINS - NET

o. other dams wer	Cons	solidated	Parent			
Notes	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000		
Biological assets fair value gains unrealised 13	218	1,276	-	-		
Other debtors gain on fair value measurement 15	3,808	2,452	-	-		
Investment properties fair value gains/(losses) unrealised 19	12,706	21,828	551	(128)		
Gain on revaluation of Te Wherowhero title properties 20	9,821	3,690	9,821	3,690		
Interest rate swaps fair value gain/(losses) unrealised	8,214	(1,140)	-	-		
Investment properties realised gain/(loss) on sale	(130)	28	-	-		
Shares in listed companies fair value gains/(losses) unrealised	(469)	964	-	-		
Shares in unlisted companies - fair value gains	(2,306)	1,284	-	-		
Property, plant and equipment gain on disposal	-	1	-	1		
	31,862	30,383	10,372	3,563		

9. GRANT EXPENSE

9. GRANT EXPENSE	Consolidated				Parent			
	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000		2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	
Grant expenses during the year comprise of the following:								
Kiingitanga								
- Ururangi Trust	1,558		1,321		1,558		1,321	
- Mahinarangi and Turongo House	-		680		-		680	
- Koroneihana	100		100		100		100	
Education	1,267		1,212		1,198		1,207	
Waikato Endowed Colleges Trust	1,209		1,399		402		567	
Marae	1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000	
Marae facilities	164		233		164		233	
Other	838		1,164		723		860	
	6,136		7,109		5,145		5,968	

10. RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS

Consolidate Parent 2014 \$'000 2013 \$'000 2014 \$'000 2014 \$'000 2013 \$'000 5'000

Revaluation reserve (farm and other properties)		olid	Pa	Parent			
	Notes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000
Balance at beginning of year		10,453		11,151	-		-
Revaluation gain/(loss) during the year	18	3,070		(698)	-		-
Balance at end of year		13,523		10,453	-		-

Revaluation reserve (associates)		Conse	olid	ated	Pare	nt
Not	tes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Balance at beginning of year		7,222		7,222	-	-
Derecognition of associate reserve	27	(7,222)		-	-	-
Balance at end of year		-		7,222	-	-

Nature and purpose of reserves

Farm and other properties recognises the change in fair value of properties held in this category. Associates reserves comprises of the Group's share of revaluation of property, plant and equipment in associate entity, Hamilton Riverview Hotel. On October 2013, Tainui Development Limited purchased an additional 41% shares in Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited, taking its total shareholding to 82%, and as a result, this company has been reclassified from an associate to a subsidiary. Accordingly, the associate reserve balance has been derecognised and transferred to retained earnings.

b) Retained earnings

Movements in retained earnings were as follows:

		Consolidated			Parent			
	Notes	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000		2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	
Balance at beginning of year		678,337	568,290		260,968		185,505	
Net profit for the year		69,453	110,047		35,655		75,463	
Derecognition of associate reserve	27	7,222	-		-		-	
Balance at end of year		755,012	678,337		296,623		260,968	

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11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		Cons	olida	ated	Parent			
	Notes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	
Trade receivables		9,196		2,475	625		191	
Property settlements	14	217		2,219	-		-	
Less provision for impairment		(289)		(211)	(31)		(5)	
Trade receivables from related parties	14	-		-	8		158	
Prepayments		1,386		944	23		16	
GST		10		-	10		-	
Other receivables		2,164		2,164	133		106	
		12,684		7,591	768		466	

Property settlements in 2013 included \$1.2m owing by the joint venture partners of Rotokauri Development Limited, which was received during 2014 (see note 14).

Movements in the provision for impairment of receivables are as follows:

	Cons	olidated	Pa	rent
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Balance at beginning of the year	211	75	5	7
Additional provisions	203	183	28	-
Provision reversals	(125)	(47)	(2)	(2)
	289	211	31	5

12. INVENTORIES

	Consolidated			Parent		
	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000
Production supplies at cost	2,793		-	-		-
Land - sections for sale	10,757		3,905	-		-
Inventories at cost - raw materials	127		-	-		-
Inventories at cost - food and beverage	92		44	9		8
	13,769		3,949	9		8

13. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

		Cons	olida	ated	Parent		
No	tes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Livestock							
Balance at beginning of year		835		1,082	-	-	
Additions		144		200	-	-	
Decreases due to sales		(700)		(566)	-	-	
Changes in fair value	4	545		119	-	-	
Balance at end of year		824		835	-	-	
Trees							
Balance at beginning of year		4,467		3,191	-	-	
Additions		48		-	-	-	
Changes in fair value	8	218		1,276	-	-	
Balance at end of year		4,733		4,467	-	-	

The livestock consists of mixed age sheep, cattle and cows, which are held for dairy and dry stock farming. M Gaustad from PGG Wrightson determined the fair value of sheep, cattle and cows at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013. The valuation is based on reference to market evidence of current market prices less point-of-sale costs. At balance date there were 2,971 sheep, 105 cattle, 282 cows and 234 calves (2013: 2,486 sheep, 471 cattle and 197 cows).

The trees are comprised of a 374 hectare Pinus Radiata (2013: 374 hectares) forest planted from 1996 to 1997, 150 hectares Pinus Radiata (2013: 150 hectares) forest planted from 2001 to 2002 and 270 hectares of Californian Coast Redwoods (2013: 270 hectares) planted from 2005 to 2007. It is expected that the rotation age for the Pinus Radiata crop will be 26 years and 35 years for the Californian Coast Redwoods, at which time the crop will be harvested. The 374 hectares and 150 hectares of Pinus Radiata was valued using the Crop Expectation Value method at a 7.0% post-tax discount rate to determine fair value, less point-of-sale costs. The 270 hectares of Californian Coast Redwoods was valued using the Crop Expectation Value method at a 6.5% post-tax discount rate to determine fair value, less point-of-sale costs. The non-current biological assets are held for investment. All non-current biological assets were valued by P Silcock from NZ Forestry Limited at 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013.

All valuers are independent registered valuers not related to the Trust or Group. All valuers hold recognised and relevant professional qualifications and have recent experience in the categories of biological assets they have valued.

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14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Parent entity

The Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust is the Parent entity of the Group. Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Incorporated is the ultimate controlling party. All members of the Group are considered to be related parties of the Trust.

Amounts outstanding between the Parent and the Group are:

8	[Cons	olidated	Parent		
N	otes	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Advances owing (to)/from related parties:						
Tainui Group Holdings Limited and subsidiaries		-	-	5,044	4,377	
Waikato Raupatu River Trust		-	-	(218)	1	
Waikato-Tainui Distributions Limited		-	-	1,200	1,200	
Waikato-Tainui Koiora Limited Collective LP		-	-	257	415	
		-	-	6,283	5,993	
Trade and other recievable owing from related parties:						
Tainui Group Holdings Limited	11	-	-	8	158	
Rotokauri Development Limited	11	-	1,185	-	-	
		-	1,185	8	158	
Trade and other payables owing to related parties:						
Tainui Group Holdings Limited and subsidiaries	21	-	-	4,380	125	
Waikato-Tainui Distributions Limited	21	-	16	34	16	
Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust	21	-	26	-	26	
		-	42	4,414	167	

Transactions between related entities include loans and advances to and from the Parent, certain subsidiaries and associates.

All amounts owing by and to the Trust and Group are repayable on demand and are interest free, other than the advance owing by the Trust to Waikato-Tainui Distributions Limited for which interest is charged daily based on the 90 day bank bill rate. There is no impairment of any related party balances. The amount owing by Tainui Group Holdings Limited and subsidiaries to the Parent is subordinated to the Westpac and BNZ bank loans (see note 23).

Tainui Group Holdings Limited charged the Trust and Waikato Raupatu River Trust \$0.6m and \$0.3m respectively (2013: the Trust and Waikato Raupatu River Trust \$0.5m and \$0.3m respectively) for administration services and financial charges, which is classified as other income (see note 4). There were no purchases of goods or services from the Group's subsidiaries.

Tainui Group Holdings Limited and Waikato-Tainui Fisheries Limited declared a dividend of \$11.1m (8.5c per share) and \$0.4m (\$3,700 per share) respectively during the year for the year ended 31 March 2014 to Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Incorporated (2013: Tainui Group Holdings Limited \$10.0m (7.7c per share) and Waikato-Tainui Fisheries Limited \$0.9m (\$9,000 per share)). A dividend of \$12m (9.2c per share) from Tainui Group Holdings Limited was declared on 20 June 2014 in relation to the year ended 31 March 2014, of which \$8.4m was prepaid at balance date (see note 31).

On 21 February 2013, Tainui Group Holdings Limited issued 70,000,000 shares at \$1 per share to the Trust. No cash was paid for the shares, however payment of the shares were offset by the advance that Tainui Group Holdings Limited owed the Trust.

There are operating leases in place between the Trust and Tainui Group Holdings Limited for land owned by the Trust where the Tainui Group Holdings Limited has developed and leased properties at The Base and the University of Waikato respectively.

In 2014 the Parent moved into the premises located at 4 Bryce Street, Hamilton. This property is classified as property plant and equipment (see note 18). No rent is charged. The Waikato Raupatu River Trust occupy the premises at 20 Alma Street, Hamilton. The property is classified as investment property. Rental of \$0.1m was charged during the year (2013: \$0.1m).

During the course of the year, Rotokauri Development Limited sold a property in Rotokauri, Hamilton to an employee of Tainui Group Holdings Limited. The property was sold at auction for \$0.5m and was on an arms length basis.

In 2013, Tainui Development Limited sold 42 hectares of land at Rotokauri to the joint venture partnership, Rotokauri Development Limited for residential sub-division. As at 31 March 2013, \$1.2m was outstanding and has since been paid (see note 11).

During the year, Raukura Moana Seafoods Limited transferred quota valued at \$0.6m to Raukura Moana Sealord Limited Partnership which was priced at market rates.

(b) Key management and personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation for the years ended 31 March 2014 and 31 March 2013 is as follows:

	Consoli	idated	Paren	Parent		
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000		
Short term employee benefits	2,227	1,894	263	256		
	2,227	1,894	263	256		

There are no post employment, other long term employment, termination or share based payment benefits (2013: nil).

(c) Directors and trustees fees	Consolidated			Parent			
	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	
Tainui Group Holdings Limited:							
M Allen	43		55	-		-	
M Cockram	40		40	-		-	
R Papa*	-		3	-		-	
J Perry (Board advisor)	40		40	-		-	
H W Rau*	40		37	-		-	
P Rawiri*	40		37	-		-	
R Schaafhausen*	-		3	-		-	
J Spencer	-		20	-		-	
H van der Heyden	80		60	-		-	
K Wetere	-		10	-		-	
Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Inc.:							
A Capper	30		30	30		30	
H Chong	25		-	25		-	
T T A S Mahuta	48		40	48		40	
T Martin	-		60	-		60	
G Miller	-		31	-		31	
M Moana-Tuwhangai	29		-	29		-	
T B Morgan	45		14	45		14	
R Papa*	53		40	53		40	
K M Porima	40		40	40		40	
W Rapana	24		-	24		-	
H W Rau*	48		55	48		55	
P Rawiri*	40		40	40		40	
T Roa	69		107	69		107	
R Schaafhausen*	40		40	40		40	
B Takerei	1		20	1		20	
T P T M Tukere	40		40	40		40	
J Wilson	40		40	40		40	
Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Inc Representatives	196		257	196		257	
	1,051		1,159	768		854	

^{*}Directors and Trustees who are represented with both Tainui Group Holdings Limited and Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Inc.

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15. TRADE AND OTHER RECIEVABLES (NON CURRENT)

	Cons	olidated	Parent		
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Co-Management Settlement receivable	9,455	16,647	-	-	
Relativity settlement receivable	19,000	-	19,000	-	
Other receivables	708	927	468	469	
Provision for doubtful receivable	(450)	(450)	(450)	(450)	
Lease fitout contribution	1,158	1,159	-	-	
	29,871	18,283	19,018	19	

Other receivables is comprised of the Waikato Raupatu River Trust Co-management settlement receivable. The Co-Management funding has been valued based on a discounted cash flow method using the annual swap rates for the relative term. The swap rates applied range from 3.63% to 5.08% (2013: 3.16%). The Co-Management funding settlement provided that an annuity of \$1m be provided for 27 years. During the 2014 year, \$11m was received for the Co-management debtor, which included the annuity of \$1m plus an advance of \$10m, reducing the settlement period by 10 years.

The Crown treaty settlement allows for a special mechanism - a 'relativity settlement' as set out in note 1 and note 29. A relativity settlement receivable of \$19m has been recognised at 31 March 2014 based on the value of Treaty settlements confirmed by the Government on 30 June 2013. The Relatiity settlement receivable calculates an amount receivable from the Government in 1995 dollars of \$12.7m, based on the Government confirmed settlements, adjusted for inflation to present value in accordance with the Deed of Settlement mechanism.

16. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

	Consolidated			Parent		
	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
At fair value through profit or loss:						
Call option agreement - property	647		-	-	-	
Listed companies	1,957		2,426	-	-	
Unlisted companies	10,883		7,579	-	-	
Unlisted company - AFL income shares	10,521		12,935	-	-	
	24,008		22,940	-	-	

(a) Listed companies

The fair value of shares in listed companies is the investment in Fonterra Co-operative Group Limited.

(b) Unlisted companies

The fair value of shares in unlisted companies is represented by the investment in Pioneer Capital Partners LP.

(c) Unlisted companies - Aotearoa Fisheries Limited (AFL) income shares

The fair value of the AFL income shares is based a valuation undertaken by Toroa Strategy Limited. The valuation methodology uses a mixture of historical performance, multiple earnings over a three year period, dividend streams and liquidity. Toroa Strategy Limited is not related to the Trust or Group and holds recognised and relevant professional qualifications having had recent experience and knowledge in the assets they have valued.

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Software \$'000	Quota \$'000	NZ Units ETS \$'000	Total \$'000
CONSOLIDATED				
Year ended 31 March 2013				
Opening net book amount	117	20,340	402	20,859
Additions	268	-	-	268
Disposals	(27)	-	-	(27)
Amortisation and Impairment	(110)	-	(300)	(410)
Closing balance	248	20,340	102	20,690
At 31 March 2013				
Cost	615	20,340	476	21,431
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(367)	-	(374)	(741)
Net book value	248	20,340	102	20,690

	Goodwill \$'000	Software \$'000	Quota \$'000	NZ Units ETS \$'000		Total \$'000
CONSOLIDATED						
Year ended 31 March 2014						
Opening net book amount	-	248	20,340		102	20,690
Additions	-	278	-		-	278
Acquisition of joint venture	24,410	-	-		-	24,410
Disposals	-	(16)	-		-	(16)
Amortisation and impairment	-	(85)	-		62	(23)
Closing balance	24,410	425	20,340		164	45,339
At 31 March 2014						
Cost	24,410	875	20,340		256	45,881
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(450)	-		(92)	(542)
Net book value	24,410	425	20,340		164	45,339

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17. Intangible assets (continued)

	Software \$'000	NZ Units ETS \$'000	Total \$'000
PARENT			
Year ended 31 March 2013			
Opening net book amount	-	371	371
Additions	157	-	157
Amortisation and impairment	-	(277)	(277)
Closing balance	157	94	251
At 31 March 2013			
Cost	157	371	528
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	-	(277)	(277)
Net book value	157	94	251
Year ended 31 March 2014			
Opening net book amount	157	94	251
Additions	99	-	99
Amortisation and impairment	-	57	57
Closing value	256	151	407
Cost	256	151	407
Net book value	256	151	407

Tainui Group Holdings Limited is deemed a participant in the New Zealand Emission Trading Scheme (ETS) as it is an owner of fishing quota. NZUs for 2014 and 2013 relate to 4,191 units that were allocated to Tainui Group Holdings Limited by the Ministry for the Environment as part of the fisheries allocation for quota owned. The units were valued at \$3.05 per unit (2013: \$1.90) resulting in an impairment reversal of \$4,820 (2013: impairment of \$23,470).

The Parent is deemed a participant in the ETS as it is an owner of forestry land. NZUs relate to 49,511 units that were allocated to the Parent by the Ministry for the Environment as part of the forestry allocation for land owned. The units were valued at \$3.05 per unit (2013: \$1.90) resulting in an impairment reversal of \$56,938 (2013: impairment of \$277,262).

Quota Management Systems Limited were contracted as an independent valuer to perform an impairment assessment of the quota assets. Fair value has been assessed with reference to individual fish stock, the valuers knowledge of the market and the Ministry of Fisheries Quota Monitoring System reports.

Quota benefits are expected to be received in perpetuity, therefore the useful life has been assessed as indefinite.

The Group recognises goodwill on acquisition of Waikato Milking Systems Limited Partnership (see note 3). Management have assessed goodwill and determined that no impairment should be recognised based on an assessment of the fair value less cost to sell of Waikato Milking Systems Limited by reference to its acquisition by the partnership on 31 March 2014.

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Notes	Farm & other properties \$'000	Develop- ment properties \$'000	Land at cost \$'000	Trust & other properties \$'000	Plant & equipment \$'000	Motor Vehicles \$'000	Computer, office equipment, furniture & fittings \$'000	Hotels \$'000	Total \$'000
CONSOLIDATED										
Year ended 31 March 2013										
Opening net book value		21,787	1,622	3,240	9,122	447	223	1,137	57,323	94,901
Additions		3,000	-	-	-	34	123	923	415	4,495
Disposals		(43)	-	-	(36)	(3)	(5)	(71)	-	(158)
Net revaluation	10	(698)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(698)
Reclassification		1,536	(1,622)	-	-	4	44	38	-	-
Transfer to investment propertie	es 19	(1,622)	-	(3,240)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,862)
Depreciation	5	(107)	-	-	(343)	(82)	(120)	(424)	(2,241)	(3,317)
Closing net book value		23,853	-	-	8,743	400	265	1,603	55,497	90,361
At 31 March 2013										
Cost		27	-	-	15,986	956	1,117	3,121	59,585	80,792
Valuation		23,849	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,849
Accumulated depreciation		(23)	-	-	(7,243)	(556)	(852)	(1,518)	(4,088)	(14,280)
Closing net book value		23,853	-	-	8,743	400	265	1,603	55,497	90,361

	Notes	Farm & other properties \$'000	Trust & other properties \$'000	Plant & equipment \$'000	Motor Vehicles \$'000	equipment, furniture & fittings \$'000	Hotels \$'000	Total \$'000
Year ended 31 March 2014								
Opening net book value		23,853	8,743	400	265	1,603	55,497	90,361
Additions		370	204	64	45	807	951	2,441
Disposals		(4)	-	-	-	(23)	-	(27)
Acquisition of subsidiary/ joint ventures		35	-	405	163	83	44,040	44,726
Net revaluation	10	3,070	-	-	-	-	-	3,070
Settlement		-	1,943	-	-	-	-	1,943
Transfer from investment properties	19	1,675	-	-	-	-	-	1,675
Depreciation	5	(174)	(312)	(44)	(68)	(504)	(2,900)	(4,002)
Closing net book value		28,825	10,578	825	405	1,966	97,588	140,187
At 31 March 2014								
Cost		62	18,088	1,425	1,325	3,895	104,576	129,371
Valuation		28,786	-	-	-	-	-	28,786
Accumulated depreciation		(23)	(7,510)	(600)	(920)	(1,929)	(6,988)	(17,970)
Closing net book value		28,825	10,578	825	405	1,966	97,588	140,187

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18. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Trust & other	Plant &	Motor	Computer, office equipment, furniture	
Notes	properties \$'000	equipment \$'000	Vehicles \$'000	& fittings \$'000	Total \$'000
PARENT					
Year ended 31 March 2013					
Opening net book value	8,366	447	139	210	9,162
Additions	-	34	-	74	108
Disposals	(35)	(6)	-	(36)	(77)
Depreciation charge 5	(334)	(79)	(89)	(77)	(579)
Closing net book value	7,997	396	50	171	8,614
At 31 March 2013					
Cost	15,121	939	684	753	17,497
Accumulated depreciation	(7,124)	(543)	(634)	(582)	(8,883)
Closing net book value	7,997	396	50	171	8,614
Year ended 31 March 2014					
Opening net book value	7,997	396	50	171	8,614
Additions	203	32	-	85	320
Disposals	-	-	-	(45)	(45)
Depreciation charge 5	(303)	(40)	(24)	(94)	(461)
Closing net book value	7,897	388	26	117	8,428
At 31 March 2014					
Cost	15,280	971	683	779	17,713
Accumulated depreciation	(7,383)	(583)	(657)	(662)	(9,285)
Closing net book value	7,897	388	26	117	8,428

Development properties and land at cost

In 2013, Tainui Group Holdings Limited developed new offices which had been reclassified from development to farm and other properties. The prior office property occupied by Tainui Group Holdings Limited is now occupied by the Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust and has been transferred from investment properties to farm and other properties.

Valuation of farm and other properties

Telfer Young (Waikato) Limited and Curnow Tizard were contracted as independent valuers to value farm and other properties. Fair value has been assessed as the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arms length transaction.

The significant methods and assumptions applied in estimating the fair value were:

- the direct comparison approach (based on analysis of sales of vacant property. This analysis includes determination of land value, other improvements and residual value for principal improvements);
- the traditional capitalisation approach (focusing on the net maintainable income and the level of investment return);
- the discounted cash flow approach (based on establishing a cash flow budget for the property having particular regard to the length of lease term and nature of the leasehold interest and the following factors; discount rate, land inflation and rental rates); and
- comparing market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

The total value of farm properties valued by Telfer Young (Waikato) Limited at 31 March 2014 is \$22.4m (2013: \$19.3m). The carrying amount that would have been reported for farm properties under the historical cost method is \$9.3m (2013:

\$9.3m). The total value of other properties valued by Curnow Tizard Limited at 31 March 2014 is \$4.7m (2013: \$4.6m). The carrying amount that would have been reported for other properties under the historical cost method is \$4.5m (2013: \$4.5m).

All valuers are independent registered valuers not related to the Parent or Group. All valuers hold recognised and relevant professional qualifications and have recent experience in the locations and categories of farm and other properties they have valued.

Hotel assets pledged as security

The ASB Bank and the Bank of New Zealand have security agreements over the assets owned by the Novotel Auckland Airport hotel and the Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited respectively, refer to note 23.

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		Cons	solidated	Parent		
	Notes	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Balance at beginning of year		545,288	504,437	4,177	4,305	
Development		11,709	16,785	-	-	
Net gain/(loss) from fair value adjustment	8	12,706	21,828	551	(128)	
Acquisition from subsidiary		-	-	4,380	-	
Transfer (to)/from property, plant and equipment	18	(1,675)	4,862	-	-	
Disposals		(3,114)	(2,624)	-	-	
Balance at end of year		564,914	545,288	9,108	4,177	

Valuation basis of investment properties

Investment property valuations were completed as follows:

- D.J. Saunders from Telfer Young (Waikato) Limited valued properties at fair value of \$72m and Parent \$5.8m on 31 March 2014 (31 March 2013: \$69m and Parent: \$0.9m) using a mixture of market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, direct comparison, capitalisation and discounted cash flow approaches.
- T. Arnott from CB Richard Ellis Limited valued properties at fair value of \$298m on 31 March 2014 (31 March 2013: \$286m) using a mixture of market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, capitalisation and discounted cash flow approaches.
- K. Sweetman from Colliers International NZ Limited valued properties at fair value of \$80m on 31 March 2014 (31 March 2013: \$75m) using a mixture of market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, direct comparison, capitalisation and discounted cash flows approaches.
- P.A. Curnow from Curnow Tizard Limited valued properties at fair value of \$112m and Parent \$3.3m on 31 March 2014 (31 March 2013: \$112m and Parent: \$3.3m) using a mixture of market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, direct comparison, capitalisation and discounted cash flow approaches.

All valuers are independent registered valuers not related to the Parent or Group. All valuers hold recognised and relevant professional qualifications and have recent experience in the locations and categories of the investment property they

Tainui Group Holdings Limited also incurred work in progress, which is held at cost, as at 31 March 2014 of \$3m (2013: \$3m) in relation to the property located at The Base.

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20. TE WHEROWHERO TITLE PROPERTIES

		Cons	olida	ated	Parent		
	Notes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Investment Property							
Balance at beginning of the year		38,546		34,856	38,546	34,856	
Net gain from fair value adjustments	8	9,821		3,690	9,821	3,690	
		48,367		38,546	48,367	38,546	
Other land							
At cost		1,716		1,716	1,716	1,716	
Closing balance		50,083		40,262	50,083	40,262	

For Te Wherowhero title properties held at fair value amounting to \$48m (2013: \$39m), valuations were completed as follows:

- T. Arnott from CB Richard Ellis Limited valued properties at fair value of \$32m (Parent: \$32m) as at 31 March 2014 (31 March 2013: \$24m and Parent \$24m) using a mixture of market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, capitalisation and discounted cash flow approaches.
- D.J. Saunders from Telfer Young (Waikato) Limited valued properties at fair value of \$11m (Parent: \$11m) as at 31 March 2014 (31 March 2013: \$9m and Parent \$9m) using a mixture of market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, direct comparison, capitalisation and discounted cash flow approaches.
- P. A. Curnow from Curnow Tizard Limited valued properties at fair value of \$6m (Parent: \$6m) as at 31 March 2014 (31 March 2013: \$6m and Parent \$6m) using a mixture of market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, direct comparison, capitalisation and discounted cash flow approaches.

All valuers are independent registered valuers not related to the Group. All valuers hold recognised and relevant professional qualifications and have recent experience in the locations and categories of the investment property they have valued.

Te Wherowhero land title is subject to an operating lease with Tainui Group Holdings Limited. The sub-lessor interest is held within investment properties (see note 19).

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Consolidated				Parent		
Notes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000		2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000
Inventory acquisition - land	3,582		-		-		-
Trade payables	4,773		1,559		71		87
Grants payable	2,850		2,520		2,840		2,520
Subsidiary acquisition 27	10,505		-		-		-
Trade payables to related parties 14	-		42		4,414		167
Income received in advance	3,241		1,590		-		-
Accrued expenses	14,406		12,155		876		550
Employee entitlements	865		799		113		257
Other payables	468		404		-		-
GST	160		646		-		8
	40,850		19,715		8,314		3,589

22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (NON-CURRENT)

	Consoli	dated	Parent		
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Income received in advance	452	1,131	-	-	
	452	1,131	-	-	

23. INTEREST BEARING LIABILITES

	Cons	olidated	Parent		
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Secured					
Bank loans	124	30,336	-	-	
Housing Corporation of New Zealand	-	6	-	6	
Total current interest bearing borrowings	124	30,342	-	6	
Bank loans	225,130	156,335	-	-	
Housing Corporation of New Zealand	-	6	-	6	
Total non-current interest bearing liabilities	225,130	156,341	-	6	
Total interest bearing liabilities	225,254	186,683	-	12	

Total interest bearing liabilities for the Group is net of prepaid borrowing costs of \$0.3m (2013: \$0.5m).

Tainui Group Holdings Limited holds a multi-option credit line facility agreement with Westpac New Zealand Limited for \$50.0m (2013: \$50.0m) which matures on 31 March 2019. Borrowings of \$40.9m of the available facility had been drawn at balance date (2013: \$30.4m).

Tainui Group Holdings Limited holds a multi-option credit line facility agreement with Westpac New Zealand Limited for \$25.0m (2013: \$25.0m) which matures on 16 June 2015. No borrowings had been drawn at balance date (2013: nil).

Tainui Group Holdings Limited holds a Wholesale Term Loan Facility with Westpac New Zealand Limited for \$50.0m (2013: \$50.0m) which matures on 27 July 2015. Borrowings of \$50.0m had been drawn at balance date (2013: \$50.0m).

Tainui Group Holdings Limited holds a Committed Cash Advances Facility Tranche A Agreement with the Bank of New Zealand for \$75.0m (2013: \$75.0m) which matures on 31 July 2016. Borrowings of \$58.9m of this facility had been drawn at balance date (2013: \$48.3m).

Tainui Group Holdings Limited holds a Committed Cash Advances Facility Tranche B Agreement with the Bank of New Zealand for \$50.0m (2013: \$50.0m) which matures on 30 November 2017. Borrowings of \$32.1m of the available facility had been drawn at balance date (2013: \$32.1m).

Tainui Auckland Airport Hotel holds a Committed Cash Advance Facility with ASB Bank Limited for \$32.5m (2013: \$32.5m) which matures 31 March 2019. Borrowings of \$22.9m of the available facility had been drawn at balance date (2013: \$26.4m). The ASB Bank has a first and exclusive security agreement over the assets and undertakings of Tainui Auckland Airport Hotel LP and Tainui Auckland Airport Hotel GP Limited.

Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited holds a term loan with the Bank of New Zealand for \$10.0m which matures on 31 March 2018. Borrowings of \$7.0m of the available facility had been drawn at balance date. The Bank of New Zealand holds a first and preferential security interest over all property owned by Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited. In 2013 Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited was an associate investment, and as a result the term loans were not reported within the Group.

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23. Interest bearing liabilites (continued)

Waikato Milkings Systems Limited Partnership holds a multi-currency term loan with the ANZ Bank of New Zealand for \$41.1m (2013: nil) which matures on 24 February 2017 and a revolving cash advance facility of \$7.0m for a term of 90 days for which the Groups share of the available facilities are \$13.6m and \$2.3m respectively, of which \$13.6m and \$0.1m had been drawn at balance date (2013: nil). The ANZ Bank of New Zealand holds a first and preferential security interest over all property owned by Waikato Milking Sytems Limited.

Tainui Group Holdings Limited and guaranteeing subsidiaries (Tainui Corporation Limited, Tainui Development Limited, TGH No.1 Limited, Raukura Moana Seafoods Limited and The Base Limited) have granted to Westpac New Zealand Limited and Bank of New Zealand a charge in and over all present and future assets and present and future rights and interest in any asset as security for the finance facilities.

The following borrowing costs were capitalised as components of investment properties:

	Consc	olidated	Parent		
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Investment properties	927	722	-	-	
Weighted average capitalisation rate on funds borrowed generally	7.64%	8.20%	-	-	

24. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	Parent		
	2013 \$'000		
-	-		
-	-		
-	-		
-	-		
-	-		
_	-		

The notional amount of interest rate swaps is \$144m with maturity dates that range from 1-8 years (2013: \$150m, maturing between 1-9 years).

25. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE YEAR TO NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

		Consolidated				Parent		
	Notes	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000		2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000
Net profit for the year		70,874		110,761		35,655		75,463
Non-cash items:								
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	5	4,025		3,727		404		856
Bad debts written off	5	32		85		-		2
Movement in doubtful debt provision	5	43		159		26		-
Amortisation of capitalised lease incentives		297		167		-		-
Share of total profits of associates	6	(474)		(316)		-		-
Other gains - net		(31,884)		(30,438)		(10,372)		(3,563)
Relativity Settlements	15	(20,943)		-		(19,000)		-
Other non-cash items in relation to investing and financing activities		(621)		(352)		19		76
Other gains on acquisition of subsidiary		(3,049)		-		-		-
(Increase)/decrease in current assets (excluding subsidiary and joint venture acquisition):								
Trade and other receivables		6,321		(3,876)		(302)		376
Trade and other receivables - non-cash fair value gain		3,808		2,452		-		-
Inventories		(6,860)		261		-		-
Biological assets		(255)		247		-		-
Biological assets - non-cash fair value gain		545		119		-		-
Increase/(decrease) in current liabilities (excluding subsidiary and joint venture acquisition):								
Trade and other payables		3,509		5,631		4,725		(471)
Other								
Dividend received from associate	6	207		207		-		-
Net cash inflow from operating activities		25,575		88,834		11,155		72,739

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

26.1 Financial risk factors

Exposure to credit, liquidity and market (currency, interest and price) risks arise in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group has various financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk.

Senior management are required to identify and report major risks affecting the business and develop strategies to mitigate these risks. The board reviews and approves overall risk management strategies covering specific areas.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a third party will default on its obligations to the Trust or Group, causing the Trust or Group to incur a loss. The Trust and Group do not have any significant concentrations of credit risk, other than the Co-Management debtor expected from the Crown (see also note 15). The maximum exposure to credit risk at reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown in the statement of financial position. The Trust and Group do not require any collateral or security to support financial instruments as it only deposits with, or lends to, banks and other financial institutions with high credit ratings except for funds lent to a related party and an external entity for which the Trust and Group have appropriate security and guarantees. The Trust and Group further minimise credit exposure by limiting the amount of surplus funds placed with any one financial institution. The cash and cash equivalents of \$172m are held with bank and financial institution counterparties, which are rated AA- to A+, based on Standards and Poors ratings. The Trust and Group do not expect non-performance of any obligations at balance date. There are no material financial assets held by the Trust and Group at balance date which are past due but not impaired.

(b) Market risk

(i) Currency

The Group has no exposure to currency risk at balance date.

There are no notional principal or forward foreign exchange contracts at 31 March 2014 (2013: nil).

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rate expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

The Group adopts a policy of ensuring that between 25 and 90 per cent of its exposure to changes in interest rates on borrowings is on a fixed rate basis.

The Group manages its cash flow interest rate risk by using floating to fixed interest rate swaps. Such interest rate swaps have the economic effect of converting borrowings from floating rates to fixed rates.

Under interest rate swap contracts, the Group agrees to exchange the difference between fixed contract and floating rate interest amounts calculated by reference to the agreed notional principal amounts. Such contracts enable the Group to mitigate the risk of changing interest rates on the fair value of issued fixed rate debt held and the cash flow exposures on the issued variable rate debt held. The fair value of interest rate swaps at the reporting date is determined by discounting the future cash flows at reporting date and the credit risk inherent in the contract, and are disclosed below. The average interest rate is based on the outstanding balances at the start of the financial year.

Sensitivity analysis

As at 31 March 2014, if the 90 day bank bill rate had been 50 basis points higher or lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit/(loss) for the year and the equity would have been \$506,974 (2013: \$594,149) higher or lower (parent nil for 2014 and 2013). This movement is attributable to an increase or decrease in the interest expense on floating rate loans and in the interest income from deposits. The sensitivity is lower in 2014 due to reduced interest rates.

(iii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk. This arises from investments held by the Group that are classified at fair value through profit or loss. Neither the Group nor the Parent are exposed to commodity price risk.

Sensitivity analysis

The table below summarises the impact of increases/(decreases) of the New Zealand equity index on the Group (Parent for 2014 and 2013: nil) and the Group's profit and equity for the year. The analysis is based on the assumption that should the equity indexes increase/(decrease) by 10% (2013: 10%) with all other variables held constant and all the Group's equity instruments move according to the historical correlation with the index.

	Impact on profit			Impact on equity		
	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000
CONSOLIDATED						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	196		243	196		243
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(196)		(243)	(196)		(243)

Profit for the year would increase/(decrease) as a result of gains/(losses) on shares in listed companies classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Equity would further increase/(decrease) as a result of gains/(losses) on shares in listed companies classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

Price risk in relation to Aotearoa Fisheries Limited (AFL) income shares

A movement in the enterprise value of 1% would result in a gain/(loss) in the Groups equity interest in AFL income shares of \$0.1m (2013: \$0.1m) and a movement in the multiple of 1.0 would result in a gain/(loss) in the Groups equity interest in AFL income shares of \$1.4m (2013: \$1.7m).

The price risk for other unlisted securities is immaterial in terms of the possible impact on profit or loss or total equity. It has therefore not been included in the sensitivity analysis.

(c) Financial risk management strategies relating to agricultural activities

The Group undertakes agricultural activities through its farm operations and forestry land. These operations are exposed to business risks, including the volatility of revenue and valuation of its assets.

The Group utilises the skills of appropriately qualified and experienced farm consultants, farm managers and sharemilkers to mitigate the financial risk relating to farming activities.

The Group utilises the skills of appropriately qualified and experienced forestry consultants and forestry contractors to mitigate the financial risk relating to forestry activities.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Trust and Group will encounter difficulty raising liquid funds to meet commitments as they fall due. The Trust and Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

26. Financial risk management (continued)

The table below analyses the Trust and Group's financial liabilities that will be settled based on the remaining period at balance date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Group and Parent financial liabilities, net settled derivative financial instruments into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Notes	Less than 1 year \$'000	Between 1 and 2 years \$'000	Between 2 and 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$'000	Total contractual cash flows \$'000	Carrying amount liabilities \$'000
CONSOLIDATED - At 31 March 2014 Non-derivatives							
Trade and other payables	21	36,585	-	-	-	36,585	36,585
Borrowings	23	9,373	59,249	187,337	-	255,959	225,588
Total non-derivatives		45,958	59,249	187,337	-	292,544	262,173
Derivatives							
Derivative financial instrument (outflows)		2,012	2,052	2,474	390	6,928	5,048
Total derivatives	24	2,012	2,052	2,474	390	6,928	5,048
CONSOLIDATED - At 31 March 2013							
Non-derivatives							
Trade and other payables	21	16,680	-	-	-	16,680	16,680
Borrowings	23	37,823	31,519	137,984	-	207,326	187,163
Total non-derivatives		54,503	31,519	137,984	-	224,006	203,843
Derivatives							
Derivative financial instrument (outflows)		3,106	2,712	5,340	1,744	12,902	12,902
Total derivatives	24	3,106	2,712	5,340	1,744	12,902	12,902
PARENT - At 31 March 2014							
Non-derivatives							
Trade and other payables	21	3,821	-	-	-	3,821	3,821
Advances from subsidiaries		6,283	-	-	-	6,283	6,283
Total non-derivatives		10,104	-	-	-	10,104	10,104
PARENT - At 31 March 2013							
Non-derivatives							
Trade and other payables	21	3,324	_	-	-	3,324	3,324
Borrowings	23	6	7	-	-	13	12
Advances from subsidiaries		5,993	-	-	-	5,993	5,993
Total non-derivatives		9,323	7	-	-	9,330	9,329

(e) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at balance date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price, with the exception of investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates.

Investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates do not have a quoted market price in an active market and the fair value cannot be reliably measured.

The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short term nature. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

There are no financial liabilities with a carrying value different to their fair value.

Disclosure of fair value measurements is made by the level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total balance \$'000
CONSOLIDATED - as at 31 March 2014				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
– Investments in listed companies	1,957	-	-	1,957
– Investments in unlisted companies	-	10,883	-	10,883
– Investments in unlisted company (AFL income shares)	-	-	10,521	10,521
Derivatives - call option agreement for property	-	647	-	647
Total assets	1,957	11,530	10,521	24,008
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
– Interest rate swaps	-	5,048	-	5,048
Total liabilities	-	5,048	-	5,048
CONSOLIDATED - as at 31 March 2013				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
– Investments in listed companies	2,426	-	-	2,426
– Investments in unlisted companies	-	7,579	-	7,579
– Investments in unlisted company (AFL income shares)	-	-	12,935	12,935
Total assets	2,426	7,579	12,935	22,940
Liabilities				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
– Interest rate swaps	-	12,902	-	12,902
Total liabilities	-	12,902	-	12,902

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

26. Financial risk management (continued)

(f) Financial instruments by category

FINANCIAL ASSETS AS PER STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION CONSOLIDATED

At 31 March 2014

Available for sale financial assets

Derivative - call option agreement for property

Trade and other receivables

Cash and cash equivalents

At 31 March 2013

Available for sale financial assets Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents

Assets at fair value through profit or loss \$'000	Assets at amoritised cost \$'000	Total \$'000
23,361	-	23,361
647	-	647
-	40,001	40,001
-	172,098	172,098
24,008	212,099	236,107
22,940	-	22,940
-	23,771	23,771
-	156,858	156,858
22,940	180,629	203,569

PARENT

At 31 March 2014

Trade and other receivables

Cash and cash equivalents

At 31 March 2013

Trade and other receivables

Cash and cash equivalents

-	76,981	76,981
-	76,512	76,512
-	469	469
-	102,899	102,899
-	83,146	83,146
-	19,753	19,753
Assets at fair value through profit or loss \$'000	Assets at amoritised cost \$'000	Total \$'000

	abilities at fair value through profit or loss \$'000	Liabilities amoritised cost \$'000	Total \$'000
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AS PER STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION			
CONSOLIDATED			
At 31 March 2014			
Borrowings	-	225,587	225,587
Derivative financial instruments	5,048	-	5,048
Trade and other payables	-	36,584	36,584
	5,048	262,171	267,219
At 31 March 2013			
Borrowings	-	187,163	187,163
Derivative financial instruments	12,902	-	12,902
Trade and other payables	-	16,680	16,680
	12,902	203,843	216,745
PARENT			
At 31 March 2014			
Trade and other payables	-	3,821	3,821
Advances from subsidiaries	-	10,663	10,663
	-	14,484	14,484
At 31 March 2013			
Borrowings	-	12	12
Trade and other payables	-	3,324	3,324
Advances from subsidiaries	-	5,993	5,993
	-	9,329	9,329

26.2 Capital risk management

The Group's capital is its equity plus debt, which is comprised of retained earnings and other reserves. Equity is represented by net assets. The Trust is subject to the financial management and accountability provisions of the Charities Act 2005, Waikato Raupatu Claims Settlement Act 1995 and the Waikato-Tainui Raupatu Claims (Waikato River) Settlement Act 2010. The Group manages its revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments and general financial dealings prudently. The Group's equity is largely managed as a by-product of managing revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments and general financial dealings. The objective of managing the Group's equity is to ensure the Group effectively achieves its objectives and purpose, whilst remaining a going concern in order to provide returns for the Parent and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group has not breached any bank covenants as required by the Bank of New Zealand and Westpac New Zealand Limited during the reporting period (see note 23) (2013: no breach). There are no externally imposed capital requirements at balance date (2013: nil).

		Consolidated		
	Notes	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Total borrowings	23	225,254	186,683	
Less: cash and cash equivalents		(172,099)	(156,858)	
Net debt		53,155	29,825	
Total equity		783,724	704,687	
Total capital		836,879	734,512	
Gearing ratio		6%	4%	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

27. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Summary of acquisition

On 16 October 2013, Tainui Development Limited acquired 41% of the share capital of Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited taking its total shareholding to 82%. Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited owns and operates the Novotel Tainui and Ibis Tainui in Hamilton.

Details of the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired determined on a provisional basis are as follows:

Proviso	onal accounting
	2014 \$'000
Total acquisition comprises:	7 555
Cash paid	1,000
Trade and other payables (discounted at 7.5%)	10,505
,	
Total net acquisition	11,505
Fair value of equity interest in Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited held before the business combination	14,191
Total consideration	25,696
Recognised amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value:	
Cash and cash equivalents	3,293
Property, plant and equipment	44,040
Inventories	40
Trade and other receivables	881
Trade and other payables	(1,219)
Other financial liabilities	(358)
Borrowings	(9,200)
Deferred tax liability	(3,183)
Total identifiable net assets	34,294
Non-controlling interest based on the proportionate interests of the recognised amounts of the net assets and liabilities	(5,912)
	· · /
Gain on purchase	(2,686)
	25,696

Property, plant and equipment was valued by an independent valuer based on discounted cash flow models.

The Group recognised a gain of \$0.3m as a result of measuring at fair value its 41% equity instrument in Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited held before the business combination. The gain is included in other income in the Group's statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: nil).

The revenue included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income since 16 October 2013 contributed by Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited was \$6.5m. Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited also contributed profit of \$0.5m over the same period.

Had Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited been consolidated from 1 April 2013, the consolidated statement of income would show pro-forma revenue \$15m and profit of \$1.6m, excluding the impact of gains arising from measurement on acquisition. The gain on purchase is classified within other income (see note 4).

The gain on purchase of \$2.7m has been reported and is the result of the restatement of control due to both the majority shareholding being assumed as well as significant influence. In addition to this, a premium adjustment has been received on the non-controlling interest on purchase.

28. LEASES

Commitments for minimum lease payments/receipts in relation to non-cancellable operating leases are payable/receivable as follows:

(a) Group and Parent as lessee

	Consolidated			Parent		
	2014 \$'000		2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Within one year	456		179	37	37	
Later than one year but not later than five years	1,061		365	55	55	
Later than five years	1,839		210	-	-	
Commitments not recognised in the financial statements	3,356		754	92	92	

There are no options to purchase attached to any lease agreements.

The operating leases that exist between the Parent and Tainui Group Holdings Limited for land owned by the Parent that are rent free until the first rent review date which is in 2019 and 2022.

(b) Group and Parent as lessor

The lease payments receivable from leasees are as follows:

	Cons	olidated	Parent		
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Within one year	32,915	32,820	-	-	
Later than one year and not later than five years	86,729	96,984	-	-	
Later than five years	101,607	117,269	42,420	32,010	
	221,251	247,073	42,420	32,010	

Operating leases (with Parent and Group as lessor) relate to the investment properties owned by the Parent and Group with a range of lease terms from less than one year through to ninety-nine years. Some of the longer term leases have perpetual rights of renewal. All operating lease contracts contain market review clauses and the lessee will usually have an option to renew. The lessees do not have any options to purchase the properties at the expiry of their lease period.

29. CONTINGENCIES

(a) Contingent assets

The Trust and Group had contingent assets at 31 March 2014 in respect of:

There is a contingent asset at balance date in respect of the Crown Treaty settlement which allows for a special mechanism if the value of all Treaty settlements between 1996 and 2044 is more than \$1 billion. During the financial year ended 31 March 2013, the Crown confirmed that all Treaty settlements had exceeded \$1 billion and as a result, the Trust received a \$70m settlement (see also note 15).

No further claim shall be paid until 2017 and five yearly thereafter. Whilst the claims are paid on a five yearly basis, all future relativity settlement amounts will be recognised based on total Treaty settlements as confirmed annually by the Government (see note 15). No claim shall be made after 2044.

There are no other contingent assets at 31 March 2014 (2013: nil).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

29. Contingencies (continued)

(b) Contingent liabilities

Guarantees

The Trust and Group had contingent liabilities at 31 March 2014 in respect of:

Raukura Whare Limited has agreed to underwrite certain Housing Corporation of New Zealand mortgages. Raukura Whare Limited is liable for any mortgages which default if total claims exceed \$23.3m. The life of the loan is 20 years. The Trustees believe that the expectation of defaulting mortgages exceeding \$23.3m is remote.

Tainui Group Holdings Limited and guaranteeing subsidiaries (Tainui Corporation Limited, Tainui Development Limited, TGH No.1 Limited, Raukura Moana Seafoods Limited, and The Base Limited) have granted to Westpac New Zealand Limited and the Bank of New Zealand a charge in and over all present and future assets and present and future rights and interest in any asset as security for the finance facilities (see note 23).

The Trust has first priority security of \$15m over the present and future undertakings, property, assets, revenues and capital of Raukura Moana Seafoods Limited, Tainui Corporation Limited, Tainui Development Limited and Tainui Group Holdings Limited. Each company jointly and severally, unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees to the Trust all secured monies.

The Trustees believe that the expectation of a liability arising due to the guarantees and mortgages in place is remote.

30. COMMITMENTS

Expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000
Inventories - sections for sale	894	-	-	-
Investment properties	1,742	-	-	-
	2,636	-	-	-
Other	17,854	583	-	-
	17,854	583	-	-

Other commitments are for Tainui Group Holdings Limited and include the capital call commitment for investment in Pioneer Capital for \$8.2m (2013: \$0.6m), Genesis Energy shares purchased in April 2014 for \$8.3m and livestock purchased for \$1.4m.

31. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

In May 2014, Tainui Development Limited purchased the remaining 17% non-controlling interest share in Hamilton Riverview Hotel Limited for \$5m.

In May 2014, Waikato-Tainui Te Kauhanganui Inc. resolved to distribute \$15m in Marae grants.

On 20 June 2014 Tainui Group Holdings Limited declared a dividend of \$12m (9.2c per share) in relation to the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: Tainui Group Holdings Limited \$11.1m (8.5c per share) and Waikato-Tainui Fisheries Limited \$0.4m (\$3,700 per share)), of which \$8.4m has been advanced by Tainui Group Holdings at balance date.



Independent Auditors' Report

to the Trustees of Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust on pages 53 to 98, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 March 2014, the statements of comprehensive income and statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements that include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

Trustees' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Trustees are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand and that give a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate and for such internal controls as the Trustees determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) and International Standards on Auditing. These standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider the internal controls relevant to the Trust and the Group's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust and the Group's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditors and advisors we have no relationship with, or interests in, Waikato Raupatu Lands Trust and Waikato-Tainui Te-Kauhanganui Incorporated and their wholly-owned subsidiaries in New Zealand. These services have not impaired our independence as auditors of the Group.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 53 to 98:

- (i) comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand; and
- (ii) comply with International Financial Reporting Standards; and
- (iii) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Trust and the Group as at 31 March 2014, and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

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We also report in accordance with Sections 16(1)(d) and 16(1)(e) of the Financial Reporting Act 1993. In relation to our audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014:

- (i) we have obtained all the information and explanations that we have required; and
- (ii) in our opinion, proper accounting records have been kept by the Trust and the Group as far as appears from an examination of those records.

Restriction on Distribution or Use

This report is made solely to the Trustees, as a body, in accordance with Section 205(1) of the Companies Act 1993. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trustee those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trust and the Trustee, as a body, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

Chartered Accountants

Auckland 20 June 2014

Annual report design and concept

Maaori design direction for the annual report was provided by Wikuki Kingi, Renata Te Wiata and overseen by Waikato-Tainui master carver Inia Te Wiata. The puuhoro design which surrounds the images on the front and rear cover represents kotahitanga (unity) and is symbolic of moving as one team, in one direction. Puuhoro is often seen on the hull of a waka.

The takarangi (spiral pattern) design which features throughout the document is a variation on the commonly seen version. Takarangi characterises the doorway to the universe or star constellations. This pattern represents our constant endeavour to achieve the goals we have set, for example, the strategic objectives in Whakatupuranga 2050.

Commencing from the image on the left of the front cover: Kendall and Lauryn at the Tai Tumu, Tai Pari, Tai Ao leadership programme and our constant affinity with the environment.

Maketu Marae with Haunui waka anchored in Kaawhia harbour representing Mana Marae.

Koroua and mokopuna paddling on the Waikato River at the 2014 Waikato-Tainui Games.

Kaumaatua at the launch of Tai Tumu, Tai Tai Pari, Tai Ao the tribal environmental plan – Koroneihana 2013.





