

Office of Management/Procurement

RFP Number:	SOL-306-14-0099
Issuance Date:	February 10, 2014
Questions Date:	February 12, 2014
Closing Date:	February 19, 2014

SUBJECT: Request for Price/Technical proposal under RFP No. SOL-306-14-0099: Photography of USAID's Projects

Dear Sir/Madam:

Enclosed you will find the Statement of Work for services/works to be performed under the subject RFP No. 306-14-0099 for Photography of USAID's Project. USAID/Afghanistan anticipates issuing one purchase order with a firm fixed-price, as a result of this request; however, USAID reserves the right to make no award from this request. Please provide a price and technical proposal for accomplishing these services/works no later than the aforementioned closing date.

We look forward to receiving your proposal. If you should choose not to submit a proposal to this request, please confirm via email as soon as possible.

This letter does not obligate USAID to award you a contract nor does it commit the U.S. Government to pay any cost incurred in the preparation and submission of the foregoing. Do not incur any expense or begin work until notified to do so, in writing, by the Contracting Officer.

Please submit your technical and price proposal by email as a response to this RFP no later than the date indicated above as follow:

ATTN: Procurement Division USAID Office Kabul, Afghanistan Email: KabulAIDEXO-procurement@state.gov

Should you have any questions regarding the subject request, please submit them in writing no later than the date indicated above. All correspondence should be sent to the following email address: <u>KabulAIDEXO-procurement@state.gov</u> and the subject line should indicate the Solicitation number 306-14-0099.

Sincerely

Procurement Division USAID Office Kabul, Afghanistan

# Scope of Work

# Photography of USAID Projects by a Local Company or individual for the Development, Outreach and Communications Office

Title: Scope of work, Contract Photography for USAID/Afghanistan DOC

**Estimated Period of Performance:** 3 months trial (90 days) with possibility of extension to one year (365 days)

#### Background:

Timely, attractive visual images are a key element of any modern social media. In Afghanistan negative images flood both social and conventional media with little counter. This makes fresh, regularly-updated photographs of USAID work in country critical for effective social media messaging. Fresh, professional-quality photographs are a critical feature of the USAID Afghanistan public outreach program, particularly for the mission website, Facebook page, Twitter feed and Flicker photograph feed.

USAID is executing the most massive US international assistance campaign ever, and the gains in particularly health and education have been impressive, yet the overwhelming majority of pictures recording that effort are negative and at least to some extent misleading.

This is because professional photographers working for news agencies are the prime source of high-quality images of USAID work in Afghanistan. News photographs by their very nature focus on the negative.

Implementing partners and USAID staff are unable to compete with professional, Afghanistanbased photographers, because of lack of skill and security limitations. As a result, photographs of USAID work in Afghanistan, as extensive and positive as it is, are relatively rare compared to news photographs. Images that do exist are almost without exception inferior to photographs shot by news professionals, both in technical and creative terms.

The US and Afghan publics require accurate, well-balanced information about USAID work abroad. Visual images are a key part of that information stream. Currently, this requirement is not being met in Afghanistan.

Wide distribution of evidence of the good work done by USAID in cooperation with the Afghan government is, moreover, important to the United States foreign policy goal of an Afghan public confident in effective governance, redress of social and economic problems and a rising standard of living. Because of a lack of high-quality images of positive USG development work in Afghanistan, this is not taking place.

## **Objectives:**

- Counter negative visual images coming from Afghanistan with high-quality, positive images
- Aggressively distribute those positive images via USAID/Afghanistan-managed social media
- Make USAID/Afghanistan social media more attractive and informative by publishing photo profiles of past and ongoing development projects
- Test selected photographic agencies or individual photographers for quality, reliability and skill with a view of contracting for long-term, continuous supply of field photographs to USAID DOC, for distribution on social media, to conventional media and directly to the US public.
- Test commercial photographers hired on contract to improve attractiveness for USAID/Afghanistan social media, for their potential as an oversight and monitoring tool for USAID projects.

# **Principal Duties and Responsibilities:**

Once selected on a three-month trial basis, the photographic agency or photographer will

- Send a photographer to USAID project site or other locations selected by USAID DOC to shoot photographs of project staff, equipment, materials, work and surroundings; or travel to the site and perform the work personally.
- Provide photographs to USAID DOC per international news standards including resolution, composition, accuracy and timeliness.

**Deliverables:** One hundred draft photographs per month of which USAID DOC would select 20 - 25 for publication. Under normal circumstances the 20 - 25 photographs would profile two or three separate locations and/or USAID projects, or 6 - 8 selected photographs would be published to profile a single project.

**Job Qualifications:** Working photographic agency, preferably in the news industry, or individual photographer with at least one years' continuous experience working in visual news images in Afghanistan.

Preference given to photographic agencies or individual photographers capable of:

- Recording video images in an international-standard news format
- Editing video to international news standards
- Continuing to supply images to USAID DOC beyond the three-month trial period
- Unlimited travel in country
- Unique access to region or project that would produce superior images

**Reporting:** The contract photographic agency or photographer will report to the senior information specialist of USAID/Afghanistan DOC. The DOC office's photo/video specialist will act as the primary reviewer/editor of photographs produced and the senior DOC officer will act as the final reviewer/editor.

The senior information specialist will provide the contract photographic agency or photographer assignments and, as necessary, organize assistance to the photographer at sites from USAID personnel and/or implementing partners.

Photographs will be delivered in a conventional digital format (.jpg, .tif or similar) no more than three working days after photographic assignment is complete. Under normal circumstances a single site should produce 20 - 50 draft photographs of which USAID DOC would select 5 - 10 images for publication.

**Working Conditions/Special Conditions:** This scope of work proposes nation-wide photographic cover of selected USAID projects in country past and present, within security limitations.

- Both USAID/Afghanistan and hired photographic agencies and/or photographers will retain the right to refuse or cancel work based on security concerns.
- Payment is based only on photographs accepted by USAID DOC for publishing. On average this shall be 5 10 very high quality photographs per project.
- On average, a photographer/photo agency should submit five photographs to USAID DOC for every photograph published. This is to give USAID DOC a variety of photographs to select from.
- Payment will be by set fee per photograph accepted for publishing by USAID.
- An increase to the set fee for photographs delivered from distant or difficult provinces might be negotiated on a case-by-case basis.

# **Evaluation Criteria:**

## Photographer or Photographic agency:

- At least one year professional experience providing news-style photographs
- Possesses all equipment necessary to perform shoots at USAID project sites

- Has prior experience with and understands well privacy law and photographic fair use standards
- Capable of travel to USAID projects sites
- Capable of delivering photographs in digital format
- Capable of delivering photographs via internet, i.e., e-mail, Dropbox or similar
- Capable of delivering finished, edited photographs within three working days of shoot's completion

# Photograph technical quality standards:

- Minimum acceptable resolution is an image 2610 x 3900 pixels at 300DPI, except in rare cases where subject matter is so compelling/interesting so as to make lower resolution acceptable.
- Suitable for publishing digitally or large format color printing
- Correct exposure Image area is neither "blacked in" nor "blown out"
- Correct focus Image is sharp. Blurring is absent unless as a creative tool, for instance to enhance the key portion of the image.
- Correct color balance Colors are vivid and hues are true-to-life
- Unless prevented by security considerations, photographer identifies persons and activities in photographs with a news-style caption, to be delivered at the same time the photograph is filed.

# Photograph creative quality standards:

- Subject matter is eye-catching, for instance children, animals, sport, families or natural beauty; or scenes where the image catches unique emotion, color or dynamic movement.
- Image is framed and composed in an attractive manner
- Image content is germane to the project being profiled

Photographs are imaginatively linked to the project and to real individuals where possible. (For instance, a profile of a power station and regional electricity infrastructure project would avoid static shots of transformers, and emphasize people in well-lit homes and shops."

#### 52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items.

(a) Inspection/Acceptance. The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or re-performance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. If repair/replacement or performance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its post-acceptance rights—

(1) Within a reasonable time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and

(2) Before any substantial change occurs in the condition of the item, unless the change is due to the defect in the item.

(b) Assignment. The Contractor or its assignee may assign its rights to receive payment due as a result of performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency in accordance with the Assignment of Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3727). However, when a third party makes payment (*e.g.*, use of the Government wide commercial purchase card), the Contractor may not assign its rights to receive payment under this contract.

(c) *Changes*. Changes in the terms and conditions of this contract may be made only by written agreement of the parties.

(d) *Disputes*. This contract is subject to the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, as amended (41 U.S.C. 601-613). Failure of the parties to this contract to reach agreement on any request for equitable adjustment, claim, appeal or action arising under or relating to this contract shall be a dispute to be resolved in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.233-1, Disputes, which is incorporated herein by reference. The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any dispute arising under the contract.

(e) Definitions. The clause at FAR 52.202-1, Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference.

(f) *Excusable delays*. The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence such as, acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth the full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, and shall promptly give written notice to the Contracting Officer of the cessation of such occurrence.

(g) *Invoice*.(1) The Contractor shall submit an original invoice and three copies (or electronic invoice, if authorized) to the address designated in the contract to receive invoices. An invoice must include—

(i) Name and address of the Contractor;

(ii) Invoice date and number;

(iii) Contract number, contract line item number and, if applicable, the order number;

(iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price and extended price of the items delivered;

(v) Shipping number and date of shipment, including the bill of lading number and weight of shipment if shipped on Government bill of lading;

(vi) Terms of any discount for prompt payment offered;

(vii) Name and address of official to whom payment is to be sent;

(viii) Name, title, and phone number of person to notify in event of defective invoice; and

(ix) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.

(x) Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.

(A) The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.

(B) If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision, contract clause (*e.g.*, 52.232-33, Payment

by Electronic Funds Transfer—Central Contractor Registration, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer— Other Than Central Contractor Registration), or applicable agency procedures.

(C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.

(2) Invoices will be handled in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.

(h) *Patent indemnity*. The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, employees and agents against liability, including costs, for actual or alleged direct or contributory infringement of, or inducement to infringe, any United States or foreign patent, trademark or copyright, arising out of the performance of this contract, provided the Contractor is reasonably notified of such claims and proceedings.

(i) *Payment.*—(1) *Items accepted*. Payment shall be made for items accepted by the Government that have been delivered to the delivery destinations set forth in this contract.

(2) *Prompt payment*. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.

(3) *Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)*. If the Government makes payment by EFT, see 52.212-5(b) for the appropriate EFT clause.

(4) *Discount*. In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date which appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment is made.

(5) Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall—

(i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the—

(A) Circumstances of the overpayment (*e.g.*, duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);

(B) Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;

(C) Affected contract line item or subline item, if applicable; and

(D) Contractor point of contact.

(ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.

(6) Interest. (i) All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in Section 611 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-563), which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in (i)(6)(v) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.

(ii) The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.

(iii) *Final decisions*. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by 33.211 if—

(A) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt within 30 days;

(B) The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or

(C) The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see <u>32.607-2</u>).

(iv) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.

(v) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:

(A) The date fixed under this contract.

(B) The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.

(vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on—

(A) The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;

(B) The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or

(C) The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.

(vii) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in 32.608-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.

(j) *Risk of loss*. Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss or damage to the supplies provided under this contract shall remain with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon:

(1) Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or

(2) Delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified in the contract, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.

(k) Taxes. The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties.

(I) Termination for the Government's convenience. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work hereunder and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred which reasonably could have been avoided.

(m) *Termination for cause*. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

(n) *Title*. Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, title to items furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon acceptance, regardless of when or where the

(A) Government takes physical possession.

(o) *Warranty*. The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.

(p) *Limitation of liability*. Except as otherwise provided by an express warranty, the Contractor will not be liable to the Government for consequential damages resulting from any defect or deficiencies in accepted items.

(q) *Other compliances*. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, executive orders, rules and regulations applicable to its performance under this contract.

(r) Compliance with laws unique to Government contracts. The Contractor agrees to comply with 31 U.S.C. 1352 relating to limitations on the use of appropriated funds to influence certain Federal contracts; 18 U.S.C. 431 relating to officials not to benefit; 40 U.S.C. 3701, et seq., Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act; 41 U.S.C. 51-58, Anti-Kickback Act of 1986; 41 U.S.C. 265 and 10 U.S.C. 2409 relating to whistleblower protections; 49 U.S.C. 40118, Fly American; and 41 U.S.C. 423 relating to procurement integrity.

(s) Order of precedence. Any inconsistencies in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:

(1) The schedule of supplies/services.

(2) The Assignments, Disputes, Payments, Invoice, Other Compliances, and Compliance with Laws Unique to Government Contracts paragraphs of this clause.

(3) The clause at 52.212-5.

(4) Addenda to this solicitation or contract, including any license agreements for computer software.

(5) Solicitation provisions if this is a solicitation.

(6) Other paragraphs of this clause.

(7) The Standard Form 1449.

(8) Other documents, exhibits, and attachments.

(9) The specification.

(t) Central Contractor Registration (CCR). (1) Unless exempted by an addendum to this contract, the Contractor is responsible during performance and through final payment of any contract for the accuracy and completeness of the data within the CCR database, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in the CCR database after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates its information in the CCR database to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in the CCR does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

(2)(i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name, "doing business as" name, or division name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in FAR Subpart 42.12, the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to (A) change the name in the CCR database; (B) comply with the requirements of Subpart 42.12; and (C) agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer.

The Contractor must provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.

(ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (t)(2)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (t)(2)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change of name agreement, the CCR information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.

(3) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the CCR record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see Subpart 32.8, Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the CCR database. Information provided to the Contractor's CCR record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

(4) Offerors and Contractors may obtain information on registration and annual confirmation requirements via CCR accessed through *https://www.acquisition.gov* or by calling 1-888-227-2423 or 269-961-5757.

[End of clause]

# CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS REQUIRED TO IMPLEMENT STATUTES OR EXECUTIVE ORDERS— COMMERCIAL ITEMS (MAR 2012):

(a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

(1) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (FEB 2009) (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)).

\_\_Alternate I (AUG 2007) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)).

(2) 52.233-3, Protest After Award (AUG 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).

(3) 52.233-4, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004) (Pub. L. 108-77, 108-78).

(b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

\_\_\_(1) 52.203-6, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (SEPT 2006), with Alternate I (OCT 1995) (41 U.S.C. 253g and 10 U.S.C. 2402).

\_x\_ (2) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (APR 2010) (Pub. L. 110-252, Title VI, Chapter 1 (41 U.S.C. 251 note)).

\_\_\_\_(3) 52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (JUNE 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5). (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.)

\_\_\_\_(4) 52.204-10, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (FEB 2012) (Pub. L. 109- 282) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

\_\_\_ (5) 52.204-11, American Recovery and Reinvestment Act—Reporting Requirements (JUL 2010) (Pub. L. 111-5).

\_x\_ (6) 52.209-6, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment. (DEC 2010) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

\_\_\_(7) 52.209-9, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (JAN 2012) (41 U.S.C. 2313).

\_\_\_\_(8) 52.209-10, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (section 740 of Division C of Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Division D of Pub. L. 111-8, and section 745 of Division D of Pub. L. 110-161).

\_\_\_ (9) 52.219-3, Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole- Source Award (NOV 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657a).

\_\_\_ (10) 52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (JAN 2011) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer) (15 U.S.C. 657a).

\_\_\_(11) [Reserved]

\_\_\_ (12)(i) 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside (NOV 2011) (15 U.S.C. 644). \_\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (NOV 2011).

(iii) Alternate II (NOV 2011).

\_\_\_ (13)(i) 52.219-7, Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (JUNE 2003) (15 U.S.C. 644). \_\_ (ii) Alternate I (OCT 1995) of 52.219-7.

\_\_\_ (iii) Alternate II (MAR 2004) of 52.219-7.

\_\_\_(14) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (JAN 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)).

\_\_\_ (15)(i) 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (JAN 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)).

\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (OCT 2001) of 52.219-9.

\_\_\_ (iii) Alternate II (OCT 2001) of 52.219-9.

\_\_\_ (iv) Alternate III (JUL 2010) of 52.219-9.

\_\_\_ (16) 52.219-13, Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (NOV 2011)(15 U.S.C. 644(r)).

(17) 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting (NOV 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(14)).

(18) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (JAN 1999) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).

\_\_ (19)(i) 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns (OCT 2008) (10 U.S.C. 2323) (if the offeror elects to waive the adjustment, it shall so indicate in its offer).

\_\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (JUNE 2003) of 52.219-23.

\_\_ (20) 52.219-25, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program—Disadvantaged Status and Reporting (DEC 2010) (Pub. L. 103-355, section 7102, and 10 U.S.C. 2323).

\_\_\_ (21) 52.219-26, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program— Incentive Subcontracting (OCT 2000) (Pub. L. 103-355, section 7102, and 10 U.S.C. 2323).

\_\_\_ (22) 52.219-27, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran- Owned Small Business Set-Aside (NOV 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657 f).

\_\_ (23) 52.219-28, Post Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation (APR 2009) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)).

\_\_\_ (24) 52.219-29 Notice of Set-Aside for Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (NOV 2011).

\_\_\_ (25) 52.219-30 Notice of Set-Aside for Women- Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women- Owned Small Business Program (NOV 2011).

\_\_\_ (26) 52.222-3, Convict Labor (JUNE 2003) (E.O. 11755).

\_\_\_ (27) 52.222-19, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (MAR 2012) (E.O. 13126).

\_\_\_ (28) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (FEB 1999).

\_\_\_ (29) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (MAR 2007) (E.O. 11246).

\_\_\_\_(30) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (SEP 2010)(38 U.S.C. 4212).

\_\_\_ (31) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (OCT 2010) (29 U.S.C. 793).

\_\_\_\_(32) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (SEP 2010) (38 U.S.C. 4212).

\_\_\_ (33) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496).

\_\_\_\_(34) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (JAN 2009). (Executive Order 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in 22.1803.)

\_\_\_ (35)(i) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA– Designated Items

(MAY 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)

(ii) Alternate I (MAY 2008) of 52.223-9 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)

\_\_\_ (36) 52.223-15, Energy Efficiency in Energy- Consuming Products (DEC 2007) (42 U.S.C. 8259b).

\_\_\_ (37)(i) 52.223-16, IEEE 1680 Standard for the Environmental Assessment of Personal Computer Products

(DEC 2007) (E.O. 13423).

\_\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (DEC 2007) of 52.223-16.

\_\_\_ (38) 52.223-18, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving (AUG 2011) (E.O. 13513).

\_\_\_ (39) 52.225-1, Buy American Act—Supplies (FEB 2009) (41 U.S.C. 10a-10d).

\_\_\_ (40)(i)52.225-3, Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act (MAR 2012) (41 U.S.C.

chapter 83, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note, 19 U.S.C. 2112 note, 19 U.S.C. 3805 note, 19 U.S.C. 4001 note, Pub. L. 103-182,

Pub. L. 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, and Pub. L. 112-41).

\_\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2012) of 52.225-3.

\_\_\_ (iii) Alternate II (MAR 2012) of 52.225-3.

\_\_\_ (iv) Alternate III (MAR 2012) of 52.225-3.

\_\_\_ (41) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (MAR 2012) (19 U.S.C. 2501, *et seq.*, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note).

\_X\_ (42) 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (JUNE 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).

\_\_\_ (43) 52.226-4, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (NOV 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).

\_\_\_ (44) 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (NOV 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).

\_X\_ (45) 52.232-29, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Items (FEB 2002) (41 U.S.C. 255(f),

10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).

\_\_\_ (46) 52.232-30, Installment Payments for Commercial Items (OCT 1995) (41 U.S.C. 255(f), 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)).

\_\_\_ (47) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Central Contractor Registration (OCT 2003)

(31 U.S.C. 3332).

\_X\_ (48) 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other than Central Contractor Registration (MAY 1999) (31 U.S.C. 3332).

\_X\_ (49) 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party (FEB 2010) (31 U.S.C. 3332).

\_X\_ (50) 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (AUG 1996) (5 U.S.C. 552a).

\_\_\_ (51)(i) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (FEB 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631).

\_\_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of 52.247-64.

(c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

### [Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

\_\_\_(1) 52.222-41, Service Contract Act of 1965 (Nov 2007) (41 U.S.C. 351, et seq.).

\_\_\_ (2) 52.222-42, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (MAY 1989) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. 351, et seq.).

\_\_\_\_(3) 52.222-43, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Act—Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (SEP 2009) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. 351, *et seq.*).

\_\_\_\_(4) 52.222-44, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Act—Price Adjustment (SEP 2009) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. 351, et seq.).

\_\_\_ (5) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Maintenance,

Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment—Requirements (NOV 2007) (41 351, et seq.). (6) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for

Certain Services—Requirements (FEB 2009) (41 U.S.C. 351, et seq.).

\_\_\_ (7) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (MAR 2009) (Pub. L. 110-247).

(8) 52.237-11, Accepting and Dispensing of \$1 Coin (SEPT 2008) (31 U.S.C. 5112(p)(1)).
(d) Comptroller General Examination of Record. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records—Negotiation.

(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

(3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(e)(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—

(i) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (APR 2010) (Pub. L. 110-252, Title VI, Chapter 1 (41 U.S.C. 251 note)).

(ii) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (DEC 2010) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$650,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any

public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

(iii) [Reserved]

(iv) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (MAR 2007) (E.O. 11246).

(v) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (SEP 2010) (38 U.S.C. 4212).

(vi) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (OCT 2010) (29 U.S.C. 793).

(vii) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.

(viii) 52.222-41, Service Contract Act of 1965 (NOV 2007) (41 U.S.C. 351, et seq.).

(ix) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (FEB 2009) (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)). \_\_\_\_Alternate I (AUG 2007) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)).

(x) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (NOV 2007) (41 U.S.C. 351, *et seq.*).

(xi) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (FEB 2009) (41 U.S.C. 351, *et seq.*).

(xii) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (JAN 2009).

(xiii) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (MAR 2009) (Pub. L. 110-247). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.

(xiv) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (FEB 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

(2) While not required, the contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

## EXECUTIVE ORDER ON TERRORISM FINANCING (FEB 2002)

The contractor is reminded that US Executive Orders and US law prohibit transactions with, and the provision of resources and support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. It is the legal responsibility of the contractor to ensure compliance with these Executive Orders and laws. This provision must be included in all subcontracts or sub-awards, if any.

## SERIOUS INCIDENT REPORTING IN AFGHANISTAN (DECEMBER 2010)

The implementing partner is responsible for reporting all serious incidents during performance of the award.

This reporting shall apply to the prime implementing partner and all sub-awardees regardless of the tier (Subs of subs and lower, etc). In addition to reporting, the prime is responsible for ensuring timely investigation of all serious incidents and maintaining on file all records of reported serious incidents.

A serious incident is defined as any of the following against an employee paid for with US Government funding or on a USAID funded worksite regardless of the tier of the employee:

1. Death of an individual.

2. Discharge of a firearm with the intent to cause bodily injury or the use of an instrument with the intent of causing serious bodily harm to an employee

3. The detention of an employee against their will.

Implementing partners shall provide initial notification to the USAID Safety and Security Office (SSO), either orally or by email, of any serious incident – as soon as practical if it cannot be done immediately. The emails shall be sent to: <u>KabulAIDSSO@usaid.gov</u>. This notification must provide as many details as are known at the time about of the incident. Within 24 hours of the incident, the implementing partner shall submit a more formal written incident report.

The prime partner shall provide the report to the SSO and will concurrently send a copy to the USAID Cognizant Contracting/Agreement Officer's Technical Representative (C/AOTR) and the Contracting/Agreement Officer (C/AO).

The initial written report shall include the award number, the name of the company, location where the incident occurred (Lat/Lon or MGRS), time when the incident occurred, a brief

description of the events of the incident, details about any known casualties and a point of contact for the company.

The implementing partner shall provide a follow-up comprehensive written report of events surrounding the incident within 96 hours when greater details are known. Additionally, if a serious incident which involves an employee wounded in action (WIA) who later succumbs of the wound (s), the partner shall notify the SSO within 24 hours of the death of the individual.

### {End of Provision}

## **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION**

(a) Contractors are reminded that information furnished under this solicitation may be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). Therefore, all items that are confidential to business, or contain trade secrets, proprietary or personnel information must be clearly marked. Marking of items will not necessarily preclude disclosure when the U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM or the Government) determines disclosure is warranted by FOIA. However, if such items are not marked, all information contained within the submitted documents will be deemed to be releasable.

(b) Any information made available to the Contractor by the Government must be used only for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this contract and must not be divulged or made known in any manner to any person except as may be necessary in the performance of the contract.

(c) In performance of this contract, the Contractor assumes responsibility for the protection of the confidentiality of Government records and must ensure that all work performed by its subcontractors shall be under the supervision of the Contractor or the Contractor's responsible employees.

(d) Each officer or employee of the Contractor or any of its subcontractors to whom any Government record may be made available or disclosed must be notified in writing by the Contractor that information disclosed to such officer or employee can be used only for a purpose and to the extent authorized herein, and that further disclosure of any such information, by any means, for a purpose or to an extent unauthorized herein, may subject the offender to criminal sanctions imposed by 19 U.S.C. 641. That section provides, in pertinent part, that whoever knowingly converts to their use or the use of another, or without authority, sells, conveys, or disposes of any record of the United States or whoever receives the same with intent to convert it to their use or gain, knowing it to have been converted, shall be guilty of a crime punishable by a fine of up to \$10,000, or imprisoned up to ten years, or both.

## **PROHIBITION OF ASSISTANCE TO DRUG TRAFFICKERS (ADS 206)**

USAID reserves the right to terminate this contract, to demand a refund or take other appropriate measures if the Contractor has been convicted of a narcotics offense or to have been engaged in drug trafficking as defined in 22 CFR Part 140.

Note: All vendors dealing with United States Government are required to have DUNS number and fully register at <u>www.sam.gov</u>. Please include your DUNS number and NCAGE code on your quotation and confirm registration at <u>www.sam.gov</u>.